

7138-21

05/14/2009

1/13



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF
PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND
TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Rebecca M. Horton, Agent for
Southern States Cooperative, Inc.
Registration by Design, Inc.
118 ½ East Main Street, Suite 1
Salem, VA 24153—3805

MAY 14 2009

SUBJECT: Application for Pesticide Notification (PRN 98-10)
Request General Label Change (Comply with Florida State Requirements)
EPA Reg. No. 7138-21
Application Dated April 10, 2009

Dear Ms. Horton:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated 04/10/09 for the above product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action(s) requested fall within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions, please call me directly at 703-305-6249 or Owen F. Beeder of my staff at 703-308-8899.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "Linda Arrington".

Linda Arrington
Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader
Registration Division (7505P)
Office of Pesticide Programs

Please read instructions on reverse before completing form.

Form Approved, OMB No. 2070-0080, Approval expires 2-28-95



United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC 20460

<input type="checkbox"/>	Registration
<input type="checkbox"/>	Amendment
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide - Section I

1. Company/Product Number 7138-21	2. EPA Product Manager Eric Kraft	3. Proposed Classification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted
4. Company/Product (Name) Carpetmaker X-X-X with 1.50% Ronstar Herbicide	PM# 23	
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Southern States Cooperative, Inc. P.O. Box 26234 Richmond, VA 23260 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address	6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. _____ MAY 14 2009 Product Name _____	

Section - II

<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment - Explain below.	<input type="checkbox"/> Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____	<input type="checkbox"/> "Me Too" Application.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notification - Explain below.	<input type="checkbox"/> Other - Explain below.

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.)

NOTIFICATION of: (1) to add non-FIFRA related text for compliance with Florida Urban Turf Rule requirements for commercial fertilizer use.

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and the requirements of EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46. No other changes have been made to the labeling or the Confidential Statement of Formula for this product. Southern States Cooperative, Inc. understands that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA, and further understands that if the amended label is not consistent with the requirements of 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and Southern States Cooperative, Inc. may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Section - III

1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:				2. Type of Container	
Child-Resistant Packaging <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Unit Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No		<input type="checkbox"/> Metal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plastic
* Certification must be submitted	If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.	No. per container	If "Yes" Package wgt.	No. per container	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Glass
					<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Paper
					Other (Specify) _____
3. Location of Net Contents Information <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container		4. Size(s) Retail Container 50 lbs.		5. Location of Label Directions <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> on label	
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lithograph <input type="checkbox"/> Paper glued <input type="checkbox"/> Stenciled			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other plastic sleeve insert		

Section - IV

1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)		
Name Rebecca M. Horton	Title Consultant/Agent for Southern States Cooperative, Inc.	Telephone No. (Include Area Code) 540-75-8825
Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.		6. Date Application Received (Stamped)
2. Signature <i>Rebecca M. Horton</i>	3. Title Consultant/Agent for Southern States Cooperative, Inc.	
4. Typed Name Rebecca M. Horton	5. Date 4-10-09	

NOTIFICATION

MAY 14 2009

APR - 9 2009

Carpetmaker® X-X-X with 1.50% Ronstar® Herbicide

FOR SALE TO, USE AND STORAGE BY COMMERCIAL NURSERY, TURF MANAGEMENT AND LANDSCAPE PERSONNEL. *NOT FOR USE ON HOME LAWNS.* FOR USE ON GOLF COURSES, NURSERIES, PARKS, SOD FARMS, ATHLETIC FIELDS, AND OTHER RECREATIONAL AND ORNAMENTAL TURFGRASS.

A Turf Fertilizer plus Pre-emergent Weed Control Product. For use on varieties of Perennial Bluegrass, Bentgrass, Bermudagrass, Buffalograss, Perennial Ryegrass, St. Augustinegrass, Seashore Paspalum, Tall Fescue and Zoysiagrass. Also For Use Around Ornamental Shrubs, Vines, Trees & Ground Covers, as listed on this label.

EPA Reg. No. 7138-21

EPA Est. No. 7138-GA-1

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Oxadiazon* - - - - -	1.50%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: - - - - -	98.50%
	100.00%

CAS* [19666-30-9] Contains RONSTAR® Herbicide. A Reg. T.M. of Bayer Environ. Science.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
WARNING – AVISO+**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES- Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING- Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED- Call a Poison Control Center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED- Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have this product container or label with you when calling a poison control center, or doctor, or when going for treatment.

READ ENTIRE LABEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS and DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING: Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield or safety glasses). Causes skin irritation. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through the skin, or inhaled. Avoid breathing dust, or contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Do not allow domestic animals to graze treated areas. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs.

Net Weight 50 Pounds

EPA Reg. No. 7138-21
April 10, 2009 - notification

EPA Est. No. 7138-GA-1
Page 1 of 11 pages

Southern States Cooperative, Inc.
P.O. Box 26234 Richmond, VA 23260

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and Handlers must wear: coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants; chemical resistant gloves, chemical resistant footwear plus socks; protective eyewear; headgear for overhead exposure; chemical resistant apron when cleaning equipment. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separate from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigations system. Apply only as specified on this label.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests and nurseries, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) notification to workers, and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, chemical resistant (Barrier Laminate) gloves, chemical resistant footwear plus socks, and protective eyewear.

Controls Crabgrass, Goosegrass, Poa Annuua, Annual Sedge and other weeds as listed, on Golf Courses, Commercial Lawns, Parks and Recreational and Ornamental Turf.

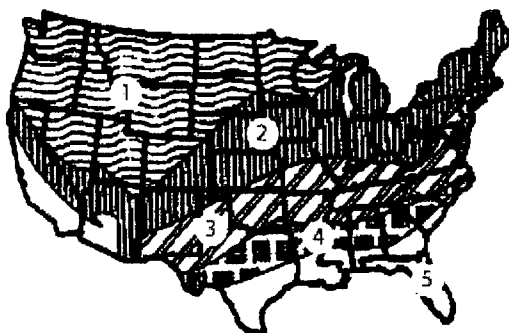
WHERE, HOW MUCH AND WHEN TO USE ON TURFGRASS

This product may be used at full rate or as a ****split application** in established perennial Bluegrass, Bentgrass (see restrictions), Bermudagrass, Buffalograss, Perennial Ryegrass, St. Augustinegrass, Seashore Paspalum, Tall Fescue, and Zoysiagrass turf, at apartment/condominium complexes, corporate and public parks, golf courses, sod farms, athletic fields, playgrounds, cemeteries and other ornamental and recreational turfgrass area. Not for use on home lawns. The turf should be free of leaves and thatch and in condition to allow granules to reach the soil surface. Know the square footage of the area to be treated and uniformly apply using a granule spreader. Do not apply to turf when it is wet. When using at full rate do not overlap spreader applications, especially on St. Augustinegrass because discoloration "streaking" damage may temporarily occur from the "doubled-up rate".

See section on this label entitled, PRECAUTIONS IN USING ON TURFGRASS for the maximum rate for St. Augustinegrass and Bentgrass of 3 lbs. a.i. per acre which is equiv. to 4.6 lbs. of this product per 1,000 sq. ft. After applications if rain is not expected within 24 hours, sprinkle irrigate the treated turf with up to a ¼ inch of water to release the herbicide for maximum weed control and quicker response from the fertilizer nutrients. This product is a pre-emergence herbicide and must be applied prior to weed seed germination. It will not control growing weeds. ****For a SPLIT APPLICATION.** See the see **"FOR SPRING APPLICATION ON GOLF COURSES"** section for instructions on how to apply the 3 lb. or 4 lb. a.i. per acre rate as a split application.

Pre-emergence Weed Control			
Weeds Controlled	lbs. a.i. / Acre lbs. product / acre	lbs. of Product per 1,000 sq.ft.	Directions - Refer to Map of U.S.
Crabgrass (<i>Digitaria, spp.</i>) Goosegrass (<i>Eleusine indica</i>) Field Sandbur (<i>Cynchus incertus</i>) Annual Sedge (<i>Cyperus compressus</i>)	2 to 4 lbs. a.i./A 133 to 266 lbs. product / acre	3.1 to 6.2 lbs. per 1,000 sq.ft.	Apply in late winter or early spring prior to weed seed germination. See map. In areas 4 & 5 applications made after April or May, may not be fully effective.
Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua spp.</i>) (See Note Below)	2 to 4 lbs. a.i./A 133 to 266 lbs.	3.1 to 6.2 lbs. per 1,000 sq.ft.	Apply in late summer to early fall prior to weed seed germination.
Virginia Buttonweed (<i>Diodia virginiana</i>) Pigweed (<i>Amaranthus spp.</i>) Florida Pusley (<i>Richardia scabra</i>) Oxalis (<i>Oxalis spp.</i>) Stinging Nettle (<i>Urtica dioica</i>) Carpetgrass (<i>Axonopus offinis</i>)	4 lbs. a.i./A 266 lbs. product / acre	6.2 lbs. per 1,000 sq.ft.	Apply in early spring prior to weed seed germination.
Fall Application for Spring Weed Control in Cool Season Turf			
Crabgrass, Goosegrass and other annual weeds as listed.	3 to 4 lbs. a.i./A 200 to 266 lbs. product / acre	4.6 to 6.2 lbs. per 1,000 sq.ft.	For use in Bluegrass, Bentgrass, perennial Ryegrass and Tall Fescue. Make application in the fall after turf has become dormant. For late fall applications, seeding into treated areas should be delayed until 4 months after greenup
Annual Bluegrass Control in Bermudagrass Fairways Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass only.			
Annual Bluegrass (<i>Poa annua spp.</i>)	2 lbs a.i./A 133 lbs./acre	3.1 lbs./1,000 sq.ft.	Apply in late summer to early fall prior to <i>Poa annua spp.</i> established when this product is applied will not be controlled. It should not be applied closer than 60 days to overseeding. Do not use where <i>poa trivialis</i> is present in the overseed mixture. Apply the full 2 lb. rate in one application.
NOTE: In many areas annual bluegrass exists as at least two biotypes or subspecies of <i>Poa Annua</i> . The true <u>annual</u> biotype, " <i>Poa Annua spp.annua</i> " which germinates from seed every year is <u>controlled</u> , while they biotype, " <i>Poa Annua spp.raptans</i> " which behaves like a <u>perennial</u> and survives through the summer, as an established plant, <u>cannot be controlled</u> . Consult the extension service or University weed specialist in your area for more information concerning your locale.			
Annual Weed Control during establishment from "Sprigs", of Bermudagrass, Zoysiagrass, and Seashore Paspalum			
Crabgrass and Goosegrass, Annual Sedge and other annual weeds as listed above	2 to 3 lbs. a.i./A 133 to 200 lbs. per acre	3.1 to 4.6 lbs. per 1,000 sq.ft.	Directions - Refer to Map of U.S. on this label.
For Bermudagrass make application immediately prior to, or, immediately after sprigging. For Seashore Paspalum and Zoysia make application 10 to 14 days after sprigging. Applications made close to the time of sprigging may cause objectionable injury. Disturbance of the soil surface after application may disrupt the herbicide barrier and reduce effectiveness. For best results sprinkler irrigate the "sprigged" area with up to 1/4 inch water after application.			

U.S.A. Crabgrass Seed Germination Dates



1. Mid-north & northwestern	After May 30
2. Upper/mid-states & northeast	After May 10
3. Lower mid-states	After April 20
4. Upper southern states	After Mar 20
5. Warm seasons states	Jan 1 to Mar 20

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, and nurseries. Thoroughly wash face and hands with soap and water after exposure and before eating or smoking. Wear protective clothing including long-sleeved shirt and impervious gloves when handling. Launder exposed clothing before reuse. Do not allow entry to areas treated areas until dusts have settled or if watering in is required, until treated areas and grass is dry.

FOR SPRING APPLICATION ON GOLF COURSES

The 3 lb. and 4 lb. active ingredient, per acre rates may be applied as a split application. Weed control and better turf management may be programmed by splitting the per acre rate of active ingredient into "two" separate applications. For example to accomplish this in region #5(See map of U.S.). Apply 1.5 lbs. a.i. (for a required 3 lbs. a.i./acre rate) or 2 lbs. a.i. (for a required 4 lb. a.i./acre rate) as the first application 1 to 2 weeks before estimated weed seed germination or in late December or early January. Follow with the second "1/2 rate" in 60 days or the first of March. The timing for these applications should be closely programmed to the geographic region and adjusted to an "early" or "late" spring. Do not split the 2 lb. rate. The 3 lb. rate should not be split if applied to new turf areas first coming under turf management where weed pressure is expected to be heavy.

PRECAUTIONS IN USING ON TURFGRASS

For **St. Augustinegrass** and **Bentgrass** turf, DO NOT exceed the rate of 3 lbs. of active ingredient per acre which is equal to 4.6 lbs. of this product per 1,000 sq.ft. DO NOT apply to **Bentgrass** turf mowed less than 3/8 inch. This product may cause discoloration of **Bentgrass**, **Bermudagrass** and **St. Augustinegrass** but this discoloration is temporary and normally outgrown within 2 to 3 weeks. Avoid contact with flowers and shrubs except as recommended elsewhere for ornamental plants on this label. DO NOT apply to newly seeded areas. Seeding into treated areas should be delayed until 4 months after treatment except as noted above. **DO NOT apply to Dichondra or Centipedegrass.** DO NOT use on golf course putting greens or tees because of the varying cultural practices used.

GUARANTEED FERTILIZER ANALYSIS

Total Nitrogen (N).....variable%
 Ammoniacal Nitrogen.....variable%
 Water Soluble Nitrogen.....variable%
 (and/or Urea Nitrogen)
 Water Insoluble Nitrogen.....variable%
 Available Phosphate (P₂O₅).....variable%
 Soluble Potash (K₂O).....variable%

Derived from XXX.
 Chlorine not more thanvariable%

FLORIDA APPLICATIONS: For use on golf courses or other athletic turf in FL, we recommend you follow SL191, "Recommendations for N, P, K & Mg for Golf Course and Athletic Field Fertilization Base on Mehlich I Extractant", available on the internet at <http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/SS404>.

FLORIDA APPLICATIONS: For commercial application to urban turf or lawns in FL, we recommend you follow the Best Management Practices for Protection of Water Resources in Florida, June 2002, Florida Green Industries, available on the internet at <http://www.dep.state.fl.us/central/Home/MeetingsTraining/FLGreen/BMP Book final.pdf>

FOR THE FOLLOWING EMERGENCY, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY
 TRANSPORTATION: CHEMTREC - - - - - 1-800-424-9300

WEEDS CONTROLLED

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Annual Bluegrass | **Jungle Ricegrass |
| Annual Sedge | Lambsquarter |
| *Barnyardgrass | **Liverwort |
| Bittercress | Oxalis |
| Carpetweed | **Panama Paspalum |
| Carpetgrass | Pennsylvania Smartweed |
| Common Groundsel | Redroot Pigweed |
| Common Purslane | Sensitive plant |
| Crabgrass | Shepardspurse |
| *Evening Primrose | Sow Thistle |
| Fall Panicum | Speedwell-Veronica |
| Field Sandbur | Spotted Catsear |
| Fireweed | Spurge; Garden, Petty, |
| Foxtail; Green, Bristly | **Prostrate |
| Florida Pusley | Stinging Nettle |
| *Galinsoga | *Swinecress |
| Golden Ragwort | Virginia Buttonweed |
| *Goosegrass | Yellow Woodsorrel. |

*For the weeds with 1 asterisk above, use 3 to 4 lbs. a.i. per acre (equal to 200 to 266 lbs. of this product per acre or 4.6 lbs. to 6.2 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft.) respectively.

**For the difficult-to-control weeds with 2 asterisks above, use 4 lbs. a.i. / acre (equal to 266 lbs of this product/acre or 6.2 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft.).

NOTE: For newly seeded lawns do not apply this product until after the second cutting. For best turf management, place new grass seed in the fall. Spring pre-emergence weed control can then be applied.

SPREADER SETTINGS

The following spreader settings are for new equipment. Used, or heavily worn equipment may require adjustments. For proper setting calibration refer to the spreader manufacturer's Maintenance Manual. Do not apply this product until equipment is properly calibrated to accurately apply the desired lbs. a.i. per acre, as recommended on this label.

Spreader Settings	for 1.5 lb. a.i./Acre	for 2 lb. a.i./Acre	for 3 lb. a.i./Acre	for 4 lb. a.i./Acre
Cyclone B3-Pro	# 2.0	# 2.75	# 3.25	# 3.9
Scotts Pro R-8A	# G	# H	# I+	# J+

Plan on an approximately 3 mph spreader speed to obtain best coverage. Know the exact square footage before application. Incorrect application will result in poor weed control.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store product in its original bag, in a cool, dry, locked place out of reach of children. In case of a spill, sweep up, and use according to directions or dispose of as follows.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this bag. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Offer for recycling, if available. Dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. Stay out of smoke

READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING

Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties, and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the unopened container at once. By using this product, user and buyer accept the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties, and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and should be followed carefully. However it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Southern States Cooperative, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, there are no warranties express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, which extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Southern States Cooperative, Inc. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein.

Southern States Cooperative, Inc. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental, or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price, or at Southern States Cooperative, Inc. option, the replacement of the product.

[Lot no. to be added at production.]

It is important to recognize that this product can be used successfully on the many ground cover plants as here listed, because certain herbicides are not recommended.

For a Wide Variety of listed Woody *Ornamental Shrubs, Vines, Trees, Landscape Plantings and for Container and Field Grown Nursery Plants.

- For use only on these plants that will not bear edible fruit within one year after application.

ESTABLISHED ORNAMENTALS and GROUND COVERS

<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Scientific Name</u>
Abutilon	<i>Abutilon pictum</i>
Acacia	<i>Acacia spp.</i>
Agapanthus	<i>Agapanthus africanis</i>
Allamanda, Common	<i>Allamanda cathartica</i>
Andromeda	<i>Pieris spp.</i>
Aralla	<i>Aralla spinosa</i>
Arborvita	<i>Thuja spp.</i>
Ash, Green	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>
Azalea	<i>Rhododendron</i>
Baby's Breath	<i>Gypsophila paniculata</i>
Bald Cypress	<i>Takodium distichum</i>
Bamboo, Feathery	<i>Bambusa vulgaris</i>
Banyan, Weeping	<i>Ficus benghalensis</i>
Barberry	<i>Berberis spp.</i>
Beefsteak Plant	<i>Acalypha wilkesiana</i>
Bearberry	<i>Arciostaphylosuva-ursl</i>
Beech, European	<i>Fagus Sylvatica</i>
Birch, Paper	<i>Betula papyrifera</i>
Blanket Flower	<i>Gaillardia aristata</i>
Blazing Star	<i>Liatris spicate</i>
Boxwood, Japanese	<i>Buxus microphylla</i>
Boxwood, Common	<i>Buxus sempervirens</i>
Bouganvillea	<i>Bouganvillea spectabilis</i>
Brassala, Dwarf	<i>Brassala actinophylla</i>
Buddiela	<i>Buddical davidl</i>
Bugleflower	<i>Ajuga reptans</i>
Callistemon	<i>Callistemon lancoiata</i>
Camellia, Common, Jap	<i>Camellia japonica</i>
Camellia, Sasanque	<i>Camellia sasanqua</i>
Candytuft	<i>Lberis sempirvions</i>
Carissa	<i>Carissa macrocarpa</i>
Carnation	<i>Dianthus carylphyilus</i>
Ceanothus	<i>Ceanothus americanus</i>
Cedar, Red	<i>Juniperus Virginiana</i>
Cedar, Atlas	<i>Cedrus atlantica</i>
Cistus	<i>Costis purpureus</i>
Citrus, Ornamental*	
Grapefruit	<i>Citrus paradise</i>
Lemon	<i>Citrus limon</i>
Lime	<i>Citnis aurenitifolia Bears</i>
Mandarin	<i>Citrus reticulate</i>
Tangelo	<i>Citrus XTangelo minncola</i>
Tangerine	<i>Citrus reticulate var. tangerine</i>
Temple	<i>Citrus Xnobilis Temple</i>
Cuban Shaddock	<i>Citrus maxima</i>
Valencia	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>
Washington Navel	<i>Citrus sineasis</i>

Cleyera	<i>Cleyera japonica</i>
Coreopsis	<i>Coreopsis lanceolata</i>
Coromandel	<i>Asystasia gangetica</i>
Cotoneaster	<i>Cotoneaster, spp.</i>
Crabapple	<i>Malus, spp.</i>
Crapemyrtle	<i>Lagerstroemia indica</i>
Chrysanthemum	<i>Chrysanthemum, spp.</i>
Cypress	<i>Cupressus, spp.</i>
Cypress, Leyland	<i>Cupressocyparis icylandii</i>
Dahlia	<i>Dahlia, spp.</i>
Daphne, Fragrant	<i>Daphne odora</i>
Deutzia, Slender	<i>Deutzia gracilis</i>
Dieffenbachia	<i>Dieffenbachia, spp.</i>
Dogwood, Common	<i>Comus florida</i>
Dogwood, Redosier	<i>Comus stolonifera</i>
Dogwood, Kousa	<i>Comus kousa</i>
Douglas fir	<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>
Elm	<i>Ulmus, spp.</i>
Escallonia	<i>Escallonia, spp.</i>
Eucalyptus	<i>Eucalyptus, spp.</i>
Euryops, Gray Leaved	<i>Euryops pectinatus</i>
Euonymus, Spreading	<i>Euonymus klautshavicus</i>
Euonymus, Wintercreeper	<i>Euonymus fortunei</i>
Falsecypress, Hinoki	<i>Chaemeacyparis obtuse</i>
Falsecypress, Japanese	<i>Chaemeacyparis pisifera</i>
Flowering Quince	<i>Chaenomeles speciosa</i>
Forsythia	<i>Forsythia intermedia</i>
Gardenia	<i>Gardenia jazminoides</i>
Gazania Trailing	<i>Gazania uniflora l cuculeana</i>
Ginko	<i>Ginko Biloba</i>
Gladioias	<i>Gladiolus, spp.</i>
Golden Raintree	<i>Koelreuteria paniculata</i>
Heath, Spring	<i>Erica cornea</i>
Heather, Scotch	<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>
Heliotropium	<i>Heliotropium arborescens</i>
Hemlock, Canada	<i>Tsuga Canadensis</i>
Hibiscus	<i>Hibiscus, spp.</i>
Honeysuckle	<i>Lonicera, spp.</i>
Holly	<i>Hex, spp.</i>
Ice Plant	<i>Carpobrotus edule</i>
Llma	<i>Sida fallax</i>
Ivy, Algerian	<i>Lledera canariensis</i>
Ivy, English	<i>Lledera helix</i>
Jasmine, Orange	<i>Murraya paniculata</i>
Jasmine, Primrose	<i>Jasminum mesnyi</i>
Jasmine, Star	<i>Trachelospermum jasminoides</i>
Jasmine, Showy	<i>Jasminum floridum</i>
Juniper	<i>Juniperis, spp.</i>
Justica	<i>Justica brandegeana</i>
Kwanzan Cherry	<i>Prumus serrulara</i>
Lamb's Ear	<i>Stachys byzantina</i>
Lantana, Trailing	<i>Lantana montividentis</i>
Lapalapa	<i>Cheirodendron, spp.</i>
Larch, European	<i>Larix decidua</i>
Laurel, English	<i>Prunus laurocerasus</i>
Leopards - Bane	<i>Doronicum cordatum</i>
Leucothoe, Coast	<i>Leucothoc axillaris</i>
Leucothoe, Drooping	<i>Leucothoc fontanesia (catesbaei)</i>

Lily of the Nile	<i>Agapanthus umbellatus</i>
Lilac	<i>Syringa, spp.</i>
Littleleaf Linden	<i>Tilia cordata</i>
Loquat*	<i>Eriobotrya japonica</i>
Magnolia	<i>Magnolia, spp.</i>
Mahonia, Grape Holly	<i>Mahonia aquifolium</i>
Maple	<i>Acer, spp.</i>
Metallic Plant	<i>Hemigraphis colorata</i>
Mexican Orange	<i>Choisya temata</i>
Mock Orange	<i>Philadelphus virginialis</i>
Money Tree	<i>Piceomale marginate</i>
Murraea	<i>Murraea exotica</i>
Murraea	<i>Murraea panicuiata</i>
Myoporum	<i>Myoporum laetum</i>
Myrtle	<i>Myrtus communis</i>
Nandina	<i>Nandina domestics</i>
Oak	<i>Quercus, spp.</i>
Ochana	<i>Ochana serrulata</i>
Ohai	<i>Samanea saman</i>
Oleander	<i>Erium oleander</i>
Orthospiphon	<i>Orthiosiphon stamineus</i>
Osmanthus	<i>Osmanthus heterophyllus</i>
Pachysandra	<i>Pachysandra terminalis</i>
Palm, Bamboo	<i>Rhapi excelsa</i>
Palm, Fishtail	<i>Caryota, spp.</i>
Palm, Licuala	<i>Licualo Thunb., spp.</i>
Palm, Macarthur	<i>Ptychosperma macarthurl</i>
Palm, Mabnee	<i>Euterpe, spp.</i>
Palm, Manila	<i>Veltchia merilli</i>
Palm, Parlor	<i>Callinia elegans</i>
Palm, Rattan	<i>Daemonorops, spp.</i>
Palm, Scaling Wax	<i>Cyrtostachuys lakka</i>
Palm, Sugar	<i>Arengae sacchanifera</i>
Paperbark Tree	<i>Melaleuca leucadendra</i>
Peony	<i>Peonia, spp.</i>
Periwinkle, Common	<i>Vinca minor</i>
Periwinkle, Large	<i>Vinca major</i>
Photinia, Frasers	<i>Photinis frasieri</i>
Polinclana	<i>Dolonix regea</i>
Pine	<i>Pinus spp.</i>
Pittosporum, Japanese	<i>Pittosporum tobira</i>
Plum, Natal	<i>Carissa macrocarpa</i>
Podocarpus, Yew	<i>Podocarpus macrophyllus</i>
Pomegranite	<i>Punica granatum</i>
Poplar	<i>Populus spp.</i>
Potentilla	<i>Potentilla fruitcosa</i>
Potentilla	<i>Potentilla fragiformis</i>
Privet	<i>Ligustrum, spp.</i>
Protea species	<i>Banksis menresil</i>
	<i>Leucodendron discolor</i>
	<i>Leucospermum</i>
	<i>Cordifolium</i>
	<i>Protea exinta</i>
Pyracantha	<i>Pyracantha coccinea</i>
Raphiolepis	<i>Raphiolepis umbeltata</i>
Redwood, Dawn	<i>Metasequota glyptostroboides</i>
Rhododendron	<i>Rhododendron spp.</i>
Rose, spp.	<i>Rose, spp.</i>

Russian Olive	<i>Eleagnus angustifolia</i>
Sargent Cherry	<i>Prunus sergentii</i>
Scotch Broom	<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>
Sedum	<i>Sedum album</i>
Serviceberry, Saskatoon*	<i>Ameiamechir ainifolia</i>
Spruce	<i>Picea, spp.</i>
Statice	<i>Limonium, spp.</i>
St. Johnswort, Golden	<i>Hypericum frondosum</i>
St. Johnswort, Goldencup	<i>Hypericum patulum</i>
Strawberry Tree	<i>Arbutus unedo</i>
Sumac, Staghorn	<i>Rhus typhina</i>
Sweet William	<i>Dianthus barbatus</i>
Syzygium	<i>Syzygium paniculatum</i>
Trailing African Daisy	<i>Osteospermum fruticosum</i>
Viburnum	<i>Viburnum, spp.</i>
Wedella	<i>Wedella trilobata</i>
Wisteria, Chinese	<i>Wisteria sinensis</i>
Witchhazel, common	<i>Hamamelis virginiana</i>
Woadwaxen, common	<i>Genista tinctor</i>
Wooly Thyme	<i>Thymus pseudatanugirosis</i>
Xylosma	<i>Xylosma congestu</i>
Yew	<i>Taxus, spp.</i>

WHERE, HOW MUCH, AND WHEN TO USE AROUND ORNAMENTALS

Can be applied anytime of the year prior to weed seed germination to both newly transplanted and established actively growing or dormant ornamental plants where both weed control and fertilization is desired. Rainfall or over-head irrigation will improve weed control activity. Do not mix into soil. Disturbing or cultivating the soil after treatment may reduce weed control. Do not apply granules to wet foliage or under conditions in which granules will collect on leaves, if so, sprinkler-irrigate the plants to move granules off foliage and down to soil level. Do not apply in greenhouses as plant injury may likely result. Use the higher application rates for areas that have a history of heavy weed pressure. For best weed control around ornamentals first remove any existing weed growth and if possible rake, cultivate and smooth the soil surface by breaking-up clumps. Broadcast the granules evenly over the prepared soil by applying 2 lbs. to 4 lbs. active ingredient per acre, equal to 133 to 266 lbs. of this product/acre or 3.1 to 6.2 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft.

NEWLY TRANSPLANTED ORNAMENTALS AND GROUND COVERS

<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Scientific Name</u>
Blanket Flower	<i>Gaillardia aristata</i>
Brassaia, Dwarf	<i>Brassia actinophylla</i>
Camellia	<i>Camellia japonica</i>
Carnation	<i>Dianthus caryophyllus</i>
Cedar, Red	<i>Juniperus atlantica</i>
Coromandel	<i>Asystesia gangentica</i>
Dogwood, Flowering	<i>Comus florida</i>
Elm	<i>Utmus, spp.</i>
Forsythia	<i>Forsythia Intermedia</i>
Gazanla, Trailing	<i>Gazania uniflora leucoleana</i>
Hackberry	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>
Ivy, Algerian	<i>Hedera canariensis</i>
Ivy, English	<i>Hedera helix</i>
Hemlock, Canada	<i>Tsuga Canadensis</i>
Holly	<i>Liex, spp.</i>
Ice Plant	<i>Carpobrotus edule</i>
Juniper	<i>Juriperus, spp.</i>
Leopards -Bane-	<i>Doronicum cardsium</i>
Metallic plant	<i>Hemigraphis colorata</i>
Oak	<i>Quercus, spp.</i>
Periwinkle, Common	<i>Vinca minor</i>

Periwinkle, Large	<i>Vinca major</i>
Pine	<i>Pinus, spp.</i>
Poplar	<i>Populus, spp.</i>
Privet	<i>Ligustrum, spp.</i>
Protea Species	<i>Banksia menziesii</i>
	<i>Leucadendron discolor</i>
	<i>Leucospermum cordifolium</i>
	<i>Protea eximia</i>
Rhododendron	<i>Rhododendron, spp.</i>
Russian Olive	<i>Eleagnus angustifolia</i>
Spruce	<i>Picea, spp.</i>
Trailing African Daisy	<i>Osteospermum fruitcosum</i>
Wedelia	<i>Wedelia trilobata</i>
Wisteria, Chinese	<i>Wisteria sinensis</i>
Yew	<i>Taxus, spp.</i>

FOREST NURSERY PLANTS

<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Scientific Name</u>
Pine, Loblolly	<i>Pinus, leada</i>
Pine, Eastern White	<i>Pinus, Strobus</i>
Pine, Slash	<i>Pinus, Canbaea</i>

SENSITIVE PLANTS

Under certain growing conditions, the plant varieties listed below may be sensitive to this product. Growers should evaluate usage on a small scale prior to large scale applications.

<u>PLANT SPECIES</u>	<u>VARIETIES</u>
Andromeda (<i>Pieris japonica</i>)	Snowdrift, Temple Bell
Azalea	Pink Champagne, Hershey, (<i>Rhododendron spp.</i>) Leuchienfuer, Memoire John Hearrens, Hino Crimson, Everest, Girard
Cotoneaster	Elchholz, Himalayan, Sasagnta (<i>Cotoneaster spp</i>)
Crapmyrtle (<i>Lagerstroemis indica</i>)	Petite Red Imperial and Seminole Bush
Heath, Spring (<i>Erica cameo</i>)	Mediterranean Pink
Hemlock, Canada (<i>Tsuga Canadensis</i>)	Pendula
Hibiscus (<i>Hibiscus Syriacus</i>)	Red Heart
Rhododendron	<i>Daphnoides, Nova Zembia, (Rhododendron spp),</i> <i>Catawba Album</i>
Spruce, Norway (<i>Picea ables</i>)	<i>Pumilla</i>
Spruce, White	<i>Densata</i>
Vibumum (<i>Vibumum spp</i>)	<i>Davidii</i>

NOTIFICATION

MAY 14 2009