

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive: Causes irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe dust, vapor or spray mist. Wear goggles, face shield or safety glasses. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

FIRST AID:

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor

Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a manner inconsistent with its labeling. poison control center or doctor for treatment advice

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is taxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact pool

your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS: STRONG Concentrated Granules should be added daily or as OXIDIZING AGENT. Mix only with water. Use clean dry needed at the rate of 1/4 to 1/2 oz. per 1,000 gallons of utensils. Do not add this product to any dispensing device containing remnants of any other product. Such use may cause a violent reaction leading to fire or explosion. Contamination with moisture, organic matter or other

of heat, liberation of hazardous gasses and possible during hot weather or after heavy rains. Less frequent veration of fire and explosion

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS PLEASE READ BEFORE OPENING CONTAINER PREVENTION OF PHYSICAL INJURY

1. This product emits a powerful chlorine gas. Do not open container indoors:

-Hold away from face when opening to avoid breathing fumes.

2. This product is dangerous when not used properly MISUSE MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY REQUIRING HOSPITALIZATION RELATED COMPLICATIONS MAY LEAD TO DEATH

Do not mix with any other chemicals Mixing with other chemicals may cause a violent and instantaneous chemical reaction Do not add water to this product Do not add this product to water in a pail Do not take advice from others.

On not experiment-Follow label instructions exactly. PREVENTION OF PROPERTY DAMAGE: Contact between this product in its undissolved state and vinyl liners. painted surfaces or other property in or around the pool will result in permanent bleaching of the color.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE SUPERCHLORINATION

When starting up a new pool superchlorinate to satisfy chlorine demand and to establish a chlorine residual of 1.0 ppm to 1.5 ppm available chlorine. Add 2 oz. of this product per 1,000 gallons which will provide 8.7 ppm available chlorine. Test with a reliable chlorine test kit. Bathers should not be allowed to enter the pool until the chlorine residual has dropped to 3.0 ppm or less. The next morning add Conditioner and Stabilizer (Cyanuric Acid) according to the directions on the label to stabilize the

pool water to maintain a chlorine residual at all times of 1.0 ppm to 1.6 ppm as determined by a suitable test kit. The pH should be maintained between 7.2-7.6. SHOCK TREATMENT

shock treatments may be made during cool weather, for the shock treatment, add 2 oz. of Concentrated Granules per 1,000 gallers of pool water. Swimmers should not be permitted in the pool after the shock treatment until the chlorine residual falls to 3.0 ppm or less. Keep in mind that a slight flexibility must be maintained in the event of heavy accumulations of dust and dirt caused by storms or super heavy bathing loads which require additional desages as needed to maintain the chlorine residual between 1.0 and 1.5 porn. Pool should not be entered until the chlorine residual is below 3.0 ppm. WINTER USE

Adjust pH to 7.2-7.6. Introduce this winter shock at the rate of 1 lb. per 7.500 gallons of water. This product rapidly provides the elevated levels of available chlorine necessary for winterizing. Superchlorination disinfects the water and kills bacteria and algae to prevent their multiplication during the winter when the filter is shut off and the pool is covered

Application should be made using one of the following

SKIMMER METHOD: Use this method to avoid bleaching vinyl liner or paint. Empty skimmer of all chemicals and/or debris. Make sure that filter is on and properly recirculating through skimmer. Remove any chemicals that may be in an in-line automatic chemical dispensing device. Pour this product slowly into skimmer. making sure that the material is drawn into the system at the same rate: do not allow this material to accumulate s generated may cause an explosion.

DOSE DIRECTLY INTO POOL: Broadcast across surface of water. To prevent liner damage, use skimmer method

This product is a highly concentrated stabilized disinfectant developed to establish an initial chlorine residual through super chlorination and to maintain proper levels of available chlorine through normal daily maintenance. This product is quick dissolving, easy to dispense and 100% soluble.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN SPA CARE

When starting up a new spa superchlorinate to satisfy chlorine demand and to establish a chlorine residual of 1.0 ppm to 1.5 ppm available chlorine. Add 1 oz. of this chemicals may start a chemical reaction with generation. A shock treatment should be maintained every week product per 500 gallons of water. Test with a reliable

chlorine test kit. Bathers should not be allowed to enter the spa until the chlorine residual has dropped to 3 p.p.m. or less. The next morning add Conditioner and Stabilizer (cyanuric acid), according to the directions on the label, to stabilize the spa

SHOCK TREATMENT: A shock treatment should be made every week by adding 1 oz. of this product per 500 gallons of water. Bathers should not be permitted in the spa after the shock treatment until the chlorine residual falls to 3 p.p.m. or less. Keep in mind that a slight flexibility must be maintained in the event of super heavy-bathing loads which require additional desages as needed to maintain the chlorine residual between 1.0

p.p.m. and 1.5 p.p.m.

DAILY CHLORINATION: This product should be added daily or as needed at the rate of 1/8 to 1/4 oz. per 500 gallons of spa water to maintain a chlorine residual at all times of 1.0 p.p.m. to 1.5 p.p.m. as determined by a suitable test kit. The pH should be maintained between 7.2 and 7.6

DOSE DIRECTLY INTO SPA: Proper dosage should be broadcast directly into circulating spa water. Apply dosage directly to spa water. Oo not mix in a pail.

CONVERTING OUNCES TO TABLESPOONS/TEASPOONS 1 ounce = 3 tablespoons - 1 ounce = 9 teaspoons

POOL GALLON CALCULATOR (all dimensions in feet) Square or Rectangular:

Length x Width x Average Depth x 7.5 = Gallons Round or Oval: Length x Width x Average Depth x 5.9 = Gallons

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL: Keep product dry in tightly closed container when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from heat or open flame. In case of decomposition isolate container, if possible, and flood with large amounts of water to dissolve all material before discarding. Place in trash collection or dispose in approved landfill area. Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash.

> E.P.A, REG. NO. 7124-31 E.P.A. EST. NO. 7124-NJ-1

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