6834-280

06/18/2001



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

JUN 18 2001

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES 115

Wendy A. McCombie, Agent for Lonza, Inc. Lewis & Harrison 122 C Street N.W., Suite 740 Washington, D.C. 20001

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SUBJECT: April 3, 2001 Dantochlor RW Granular EPA Registration 6836-280 *

Dear Ms. McCombie:

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The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) section 3(c)(7)(B) is being accepted on a time limited basis. The registration for the use of this product in the manufacture of food contact paper and paperboard expires on November 22, 2002. During this time the Agency will continue its efforts to completing its determination under FIFRA section 2(bb)(2) that this use will not result in unreasonable adverse effects.

Please revise the Environmental Hazards section by amending the first sentence to read "This pesticide is toxic to fish and other aquatic organisms." In accordance with PR Notice 2001 please revise the Statement of Practical Treatment to read:

First Aid		
If in Eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. 	
If on Skin or Clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. 	

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If Inhaled	 If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
lf Swallowed	 Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1 (800) xxx-xxxx for emergency medical treatment information. For information on this pesticide (including health concerns, medical emergencies, or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Telecommunications Network at 1 (800) 858-7378.

Note to Physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression and convulsion may be needed.

Submit and/or cite all data required for the registration /reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 3(c)(5) and section 4 when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

A stamped copy of the label with any necessary corrections and or changes is enclosed. Submit one copy of the final printed label before you release the product for shipment bearing the amended label.

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact Tom Luminello of my staff at (703) 308-8075.

Sincerely yours

Robert S. Brennis Product Manager (32) Regulatory Management Branch II Antimicrobial Division (7510-C)

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Enclosure

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARD TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER

CORROSIVE. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. 'Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to nose and throat. Avoid breathing dust. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not get into eyes, on skin or clothing. Wear protective clothing, chemical resistant gloves, and protective evewear. (goggles, face shield or safety glasses) Immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. aquatic

- and other

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS $\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{O}}(\mathcal{O})$ This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

MICAL HAZARD: STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT. Mix only with water. Use clean dry utensils. Do not add this product to any dispensing device containing remnants of any other product. Such use may cause a violent reaction leading to fire or explosion. Contamination with moisture, organic matter, or other chemicals may start a chemical reaction with generation of heat, liberation of hazardous gases, and possible generation of fire and explosion. In case of contamination or decomposition, do not reseal container. If possible, isolate container in open air or well-ventilated area. Flood with large volumes of water, if necessary,

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER, FOOD OR FEED BY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Keep container tightly closed. Store in a dry place. Do not store at elevated temperatures,

F TICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazdrdous and/or toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to the label instructions, contact your State pesticide or environmental control agent or the hazardous waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

(METAL AND PLASTIC CONTAINERS): Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incinerate or burn if allowed by State and local authorities. If burned, stay out of smoke.

(FIBER DRUMS AND LINERS): Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Then dispose of liner and drum in a sanitary landfill or incinerate if allowed by State and local authorities. Do not reuse empty drum or liner.

DANTOCHLOR RW GRANULAR

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER

Active Ingredients

LNISMS.

1,3-dichloro-5,5-dimethylhydantoin	81.1%
1,3-dichloro-5-ethyl-5-methylhydantoin	16.1%
Inert Ingredients	2.8%
Total	100.0%
Minimum available chlorine - 68,0%	

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMEN

IF IN EYES: flush eves with large amounts of running water for at least 15 minutes. Hold evelids apart to ensure rinsing of the entire surface of the eye and lids with water. If physician not available, flush for additional 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

IF INHALED: remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration preferably mouth to mouth. Get medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a doctor or get medical attention. DO NOT induce vomiting, or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution or if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

(Emergency Contact Number:

EPA Reg. No. 6836-280-(customer's EPA Reg.No.) Est. No. 6836-PA 1

Net Weight(as indicated on container)

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated: JUN: 1.8, 2001

Under the Federal Insections, Pungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 68367280

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with the labeling. For industrial use only.

RECIRCULATING COOLING WATER SYSTEMS AND SEWER SYSTEMS

DANTOCHLOR RW GRANULAR aids in the control of bacterial, fungal and algal slimes in evaporative condensers, heat exchange water towers, influent systems such as flow through filters, industrial water scrubbing systems, brewery pasteurizers, and sewage systems (septic tanks, leach fields, tank lines, sewers, lagoons, and sewage effluent water).

This product may be added to the systems either continuously or intermittently or as needed. The frequency of feeding and duration of the treatment will depend upon the severity of the problem.

BADLY FOULED SYSTEMS must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

) FOR CONTROL OF BACTERIA AND FUNGI INTERMITTENT OR SLUG METHOD

INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled add 0.1 to 1.0 lbs. to 1000 gallions or 12 to 120 parts per million of the water in the system. Repeat until control is achieved.

SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident add 0.1 to 0.75 pounds to 1000 gallons or 12 to 90 parts per million of water in the system every 3 days or as needed to maintain control.

CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD

INITIAL DOSE: When a system is noticeably fouled, add 0.1 to 1.0 pounds to 1000 gals. Or 12 to 120 parts per million of water in the system.

SUBSEQUENT DOSE: Continuously feed to maintain dosage of 0.1 to 0.75 pounds to 1000 gallons or 12 to 90 parts per million of water in the system.

FOR CONTROL OF ALGAE

INTERMITTENT OR SLUG METHOD

INITIAL DOSE: when the system is noticeably fouled add 0.1 to 1.0 pounds per 1000 gallons or 12 to 120 parts per million of water in the system. Repeat until control is achieved.

SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When algae control is evident add 0.1 to 0.75 pounds to 1000 gallons daily or 12 to 90 parts per million daily or as needed to maintain control.

CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD

INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled add 0.1 to 1.0 pounds to 1000 gallons or 12 to 120 parts per million of water in the system. Repeat until control is achieved.

SUBSEQUENT DOSE: Continuously feed to maintain a dosage of 0.1 to 0.75 pounds to 1000 gallons or 12 to 90 parts per million of water in the system.

AIRWASHERS

For use only in industrial airwasher systems that maintain effective mist eliminating components.

DANTOCHLOR RW GRANULAR controls slime forming bacteria, fungi and algae in industrial airwasher systems. Add this product at the rate of 0.1 to 1.0 pounds (12 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system, depending upon the severity of the contamination. Control the application by measuring the free chlorine residual in the treated water. There is no need to exceed 1.0 ppm as free chlorine.

INTERMITTENT OR SLUG METHOD

INITIAL DOSE: When system is noticeably fouled add to airwasher sump or chill water sump to insure uniform mixing. Add 0.1 to 1.0 pounds to 1000 gallons or 12 to 120 parts per million of water.

SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident add 0.1 to 0.60 pounds to 1000 gals. or 12 to 72 parts per million of water.

CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD

INITIAL DOSE: When system is noticeably fouled add to airwasher sump or chill water sump to insure uniform mixing. Add 0.1 to 1.0 pounds to 1000 gallons or 12 to 120 parts per million of water.

SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident add 0.1 to 0.6 pounds to 1000 gallons or 12 to 72 parts per million of water.

ONCE-THROUGH INDUSTRIAL COOLING WATER SYSTEMS

When used as directed, this product effectively controls algal, bacterial and fungal slimes in open or closed-cycle, fresh or salt water, once-through cooling systems. Treat cooling water with this product at the system intake or other critical areas, where mixing is uniform.

DOSAGE RATES

INITAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add 0.2-0.6 lbs. to 1000 gallons of water contained in the system. Repeat initial does until one to three ppm (mg/L) chlorine residual is established for at least 4 hours.

SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident, add 0.1 to 0.3 lbs. to 1000 gallons of water contained in the system. Repeat as needed to maintain one to three ppm chlorine residual for at least 4 hours.

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated: JUN 1 8 2001

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6836-280

PAPER AND PAPERBOARD PROCESS WATER

DANTOCHLOR RW GRANULAR is a patented biocidal formulation for application in the paper industry.

DANTOCHLOR RW GRANULAR prevents slime formation and deposition through the rapid delivery of an ideal balance of free and combined halogen. When used properly, DANTOCHLOR RW GRANULAR can reduce microbiologically induced corrosion, paper spots, holes, breaks and odors. By limiting microbial growth and slime formation, DANTOCHLOR RW GRANULAR increases machine runnability reducing unscheduled maintenance and lost production.

The patented DANTOCHLOR RW GRANULAR composition provides high solubility, fast dissolution and high halogen content without added binders or inert materials for maximum efficiency and product delivery.

PANTOCHLOR RW GRANULAR can be used in the nufacture of both food and non-food contact paper and paperboard.

APPLICATION:

DANTOCHLOR RW GRANULAR should be added to process water streams at or immediately prior to a point of sufficient mixing such as the fan pump or wire pit.

Standard dissolution feeders can be used for DANTOCHLOR RW GRANULAR applications. Make-up machine white waters and returning clarified dilution waters are examples of acceptable treatment waters *

Apply 0.5-2.0 ibs of DANTOCHLOR RW GRANULAR per ton of paper produced. Repeat treatment as required.

ACCHPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated:

JUN 18 2001

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