PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear protective clothing, eyewear (goggles, face shield or safety glasses) and protective gloves (rubber, chemical resistant). Harmful if swallowed. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. **IF ON SKIN:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression and convulsion may be needed.

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have the product container or label with you when calling poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

(Note to reviewer: If the container size is 5 gallons or greater, the following Environmental Hazards will be added:)

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

ACCEPTED

MAY 1 8 2004

Under the Federal Inesoticide, Funglicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pasticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 6836-83

LONZA CS-201

Multi-Purpose

No-Rinse Acid Cleaner - Sanitizer

Food Contact Surface Sanitizer

For Food, Dairy, Beverage, Meat, Poultry, Egg and Seafood Processing and Farm Use

Removes Milkstone

DANGER

See [side] [back] [left] [right] panel for Precautionary
Statements and First Aid

EPA Reg. No. 6836-83

EPA Est. No. <u>(as indicated on container)</u> Net Contents: (<u>as indicated on container)</u>

Manufactured by LONZA INC.
17-17 Route 208, Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

FOR INSTITUTIONAL AND INDUSTRIAL USE

Lonza CS-201 is a multi-purpose no-rinse acid cleaner and food contact surface sanitizer for dairies, dairy barns, cheese factories, breweries, food, meat, poultry, egg and seafood processing, farms, wineries, beverage plants, food handling and process areas, restaurants, bars and institutional kitchen use.

Milkstone and scale can build up on pipelines, storage tanks, tank trucks, silos and processing equipment in the dairy industry. Use of this product will remove milkstone and scale from dairy and cheese making equipment and help maintain the efficiency of the operation as well as eliminate bacterial growth.

Use Lonza CS-201:

- as a food contact sanitizer at a concentration of 150
 400 ppm active.
- as a sanitizer in bottling, pre-mix and beverage dispensing equipment.
- as a sanitizer in sanitary filling of bottles and cans.
- as a sanitizer in beer fermentation and holding tanks.
- for cleaning and sanitizing of stainless steel and other hard surfaces found in restaurant and cafeteria kitchens for the removal of smut, soil, scale and rust from these surfaces.
- in sanitizing bottles or cans in the final rinse application and for external spraying of filling and closing machines.
- in restaurants, food service operations, dairies, breweries, beverage and food processing plants.
- in food processing plants, [federally] [USDA] inspected food processing facilities, dairy farms, egg processing plants, meat and poultry processing plants, meat and poultry producing establishments.
- · on udders, flanks and teats of dairy cows.
- in federally inspected Meat & Poultry Plants as a food contact sanitizer. This product was authorized by USDA as category D2 under the prior authorization program and its formula has not been changed – a sanitizer for all surfaces not always requiring a rinse.

Lonza CS-201 not only sanitizes but also removes lime and scale in breweries and bottle washing.

Lonza CS-201 meets AOAC Germicidal & Detergent standards for previously cleaned food-contact surfaces.

Lonza CS-201 has been cleared by the FDA in 21 CFR §178.1010 for use on food processing equipment, utensils and other food-contact articles.

Use as a sanitizer on conveyor belts and equipment to reduce or eliminate odors in the processing area.

Use on filling equipment to reduce bacteria associated with condensation on equipment and pipes.

LONZA CS-201 is an effective food contact sanitizer at 1 oz. per 4 gallons of water (*or insert equivalent dilution*) (150 ppm active quat when evaluated by the AOAC Germicidal and Detergent Sanitizer Method in 500 ppm hard water (calculated as CaCO₃) against:

Escherichia coli

Escherichia coli 0157:H7 (pathogenic strain)

Listeria monocytogenes

Salmonella choleraesuis

Shigella sonneii

Staphylococcus aureus

Vibrio cholerae

Yersinia enterocolitica

LONZA CS-201 is an effective food contact sanitizer at 2 oz. per 4 gallons of water (or insert equivalent dilution) (300 ppm active quat) when evaluated by the AOAC Germicidal and Detergent Sanitizer Method in 500 ppm hard water (calculated as CaCO₃) against:

Campylobacter jejuni

Escherichia coli

Escherichia coli 0157:H7 (pathogenic strain)

Listeria monocytogenes

Salmonella choleraesuis

Shigella sonneii

Staphylococcus aureus

Vibrio cholerae

Yersinia enterocolitica

Regular, effective cleaning and sanitizing of equipment, utensils, and work or dining surfaces which could harbor hazardous microorganisms minimizes the probability of contaminating food during preparation, storage or service. Effective cleaning will remove soil and prevent the accumulation of food residues, which may decompose or support the rapid development of food poisoning organisms or toxins. Application of effective sanitizing procedures reduces the number of those disease organisms which may be present on equipment and utensils after cleaning, and reduces the potential for the transfer, either directly through tableware such as glasses, cups and flatware or indirectly through food.

To prevent cross-contamination, kitchenware and foodcontact surfaces of equipment must be washed, rinsed with potable water and sanitized after each use and following any interruption of operation during which time contamination may have occurred.

Where equipment and utensils are used for the preparation of foods on a continuous or production-line basis, utensils and the food-contact surfaces of equipment must be washed, rinsed with potable water and sanitized at intervals throughout the day on a schedule based on food temperature, type of food, and amount of food particle accumulation.

Articles that can be immersed in solution must remain in solution for 60 seconds.

Articles or surfaces too large for immersing should be thoroughly wetted or flooded by rinsing, spraying or swabbing.

Allow all sanitized surfaces to drain thoroughly (and air dry).

GRADE A PASTEURIZED MILK ORDINANCE:

At 1 – 2 oz. per 4 gallons of water (150 – 300 ppm active quat), **LONZA CS-201** fulfills the criteria of Appendix F of the Grade "A" Pasteurized Milk Ordinance revised 1999 of the U.S. Public Health Services.

(Note to reviewer: The following is considered optional marketing language.)

(AREAS OF USE:)
Use Lonza CS-201 in:

Kitchens Day care centers Nurseries

Bagel Stores
Bars
Beer fermentation and holding tanks
Bottling or pre-mix dispensing
equipment

Bottle Washing
Cafeterias
Cheese factories
Citrus processing plants

Coffee Shops Convenience stores Dairies

Dairy Farms

Dairy product dispensing equipment.

Donut shops Drinking fountains Egg Processing plants Fast food operations Fisheries

Fish processing plants
Food establishments
Food processing plants
Food preparation areas

Food storage areas Ice cream processing plants

Institutional facilities Institutional kitchens

Liquor stores
Meat processi

Meat processing plants Meat producing facilities Milk processing plants

Milk storage and handling systems

Milk tanks [bulk]

Milk pail inflations and tubing, Pizza parlors

Poultry processing plants Poultry producing facilities

Processing Plants [Milk, Citrus Ice Cream]

Restaurants

USDA inspected food processing

facilities Wineries

(TYPES OF SURFACES:)

Use Lonza CS-201 on washable hard,

nonporous surfaces of:

Appliances

Beer fermentation and holding tanks

Blenders

Bottling or premix dispensing equipment

Citrus processing equipment and holding

tanks
Coffee Pots
Coffee Urns
Cooking utensils
Coolers

Counters (countertops)
Countertop laminates

Chopping blocks, plastic and other

nonporous

Cutlery

Cutting Boards, plastic and other

nonporous

Dishes

Drinking fountains Eating Utensils Exhaust fans Food processors

Glassware [glasses]

Highchairs Ice Chests Ice Machines

Kitchen equipment

Microwave ovens

Refrigerators

Refrigerator bins used for meat, fruit,

vegetables and eggs

Refrigerated storage and display

equipment Silverware

Sinks

Slurpy® Machines

Stoves [stovetops]

Tables [picnic tables]

Tableware
Tea dispensers
Tupperware®

Utensils

Water dispensers [hot]

Other hard nonporous surfaces made of:

Chrome Enamel

Fiberglass sinks

Formica®
Glass

Glazed ceramic

Glazed enameled surfaces

Glazed porcelain Laminated surfaces

Metal

Plastic [such as polystyrene or

polypropylene]
Sealed granite
Sealed marble
Sealed stone
Stainless steel
Woodwork, finished

Dilution Chart

Active Quat solution	2 gallons* of water	4 gallons of water	10 gallons of water	20 gallons of water
150 ppm	1∕2 OZ.	1 oz.	2 ½ oz.	5 oz.
200 ppm	¾ oz.	11/3 oz.	3⅓ oz.	6⅔ oz.
300 ppm	. 1 oz.	2 oz.	5 oz.	10 oz.
400 ppm	1⅓ oz.	23/3 oz.	6¾ oz.	13 1/3 oz.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

LONZA CS-201 is an acid cleaner sanitizer for use on food processing and dairy equipment in water up to 500 ppm hardness (as CaCO₃). For all equipment a preliminary cleaning is required before sanitizing.

Before use in federally inspected meat and poultry food processing plants and dairies, food products and packaging materials must be removed from the room or carefully protected.

DIRECTIONS FOR SANITIZING FOOD PROCESSING EQUIPMENT, UTENSILS, AND FOOD CONTACT ARTICLES REGULATAED BY 21 CFR sec. 178.1010: (and / or)

TO SANITIZE FOOD CONTACT SURFACES:

(and / or)

TO SANITIZE BULK MILK TANKS:

(and / or)

TO SANITIZE STORAGE TANKS:

(and / or)

TO SANITIZE HARD, NONPOROUS SURFACES AND EQUIPMENT IN FOOD, DAIRY, BEVERAGE, MEAT, POULTRY, EGG, AND SEAFOOD PROCESSING PLANTS:

Remove gross filth and soil by preflush or prescrape or, when necessary, by presoak. Then wash surfaces with a compatible detergent and rinse with potable water prior to sanitizing. Apply a use-solution of ____ oz. (insert appropriate dilution from dilution chart) of Formulation CS-201 per ___ gallons of water [___ ppm quat] (insert appropriate ppm quat from dilution chart.) to precleaned hard surfaces, thoroughly wetting surfaces with a cloth, sponge, coarse sprayer or by immersion. Treated surfaces must remain wet for at least 60 seconds [one minute] followed by adequate draining [and air drying]. Do not rinse.

Prepare a fresh solution daily or more often if solution becomes visibly diluted, clouded or soiled.

For mechanical application, use-solution may not be reused for sanitizing applications but may be reused for cleaning.

TO SANITIZE DAIRY PRODUCT DISPENSING EQUIPMENT:

(and / or)

TO SANITIZE BEVERAGE DISPENSING EQUIPMENT:

- 1. Remove gross filth and soil by preflush or prescrape or, when necessary, by presoak.
- 2. Wash equipment with a compatible detergent and rinse with potable water prior to sanitizing.
- 3. Fill equipment with a solution of ____ oz. (insert appropriate dilution from dilution chart) of Formulation CS-201 per ___ gallons of water [___ ppm quat] (insert appropriate ppm quat from dilution chart.) Allow solution to remain in equipment for at least 60 seconds.
- 4. Drain thoroughly before reuse (and allow to air dry). Do not rinse.

For removable parts, immerse in use-solution for at least 60 seconds. [Allow to air dry.] Do not rinse.

For items too large to sanitize by immersion, apply usesolution by rinsing, spraying or swabbing until thoroughly wet for at least 60 seconds. Drain thoroughly before reuse. [Allow to air dry.] Do not rinse.

LONZA CS-201 [I EPA NO. 6836-083 EPA DRAFT LABEL 2/17/04

[NOTE TO REVIEWER: LANGUAGE IN [] IS INTERCHANGEABLE OR OPTIONAL]

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TO SANITIZE SANITARY FILLING EQUIPMENT:

Use to sanitize bottles or cans in the final rinse application. Wash surfaces with a compatible detergent and rinse with potable water prior to sanitizing. Prepare a use-solution of (insert appropriate dilution from dilution chart) for final washer and rinser applications. Allow surfaces to remain wet for at least 60 seconds. Drain thoroughly before reuse [and allow to air dry.] Do not rinse.

SANITIZING UDDERS, FLANKS AND TEATS OF DAIRY COWS:

The udders, flanks and teats of dairy cows can be sanitized by washing with a solution of 1 oz. **LONZA CS-201** in 4 gallons of warm water (150 ppm active quat) and dried just prior to milking. Use a fresh towel for each cow. Avoid contamination of sanitizing solution by dirt and soil. Do not dip used towel back into sanitizing solution.

WISCONSIN STATE BOARD OF HEALTH DIRECTIONS FOR EATING ESTABLISHMENTS

- Scrape and pre-wash utensils and glasses whenever possible.
- 2. Wash with a good detergent or compatible cleaner.
- 3. Rinse with clean water.
- 4. Sanitize in a use-solution of (insert appropriate dilution from dilution chart).
- 5. Immerse all utensils for at least two minutes or for contact time specified by governing sanitary code.
- 6. Place sanitized utensils on a rack or drain board to air-dry

NOTE: A clean potable water rinse following sanitization is not permitted under Section HFS 196.13 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code.

U.S. PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE FOOD SERVICE SANITZATION RECOMMENDATIONS

CLEANING AND SANITIZING: Equipment and utensils shall be thoroughly pre-flushed or pre-scraped and when necessary, pre-soaked to remove gross food particles and soil.

- 1. Thoroughly wash equipment and utensils in hot detergent solution.
- Rinse utensils and equipment thoroughly with clean water.
- Sanitize equipment and utensils by immersion in a use solution of <u>(insert appropriate dilution from dilution chart)</u> for at least 60 seconds at a temperature of 75°F.
- For equipment and utensils too large to sanitize by immersion, apply a use-solution of <u>(insert appropriate dilution from dilution chart)</u> by rinsing, spraying or swabbing until thoroughly wet.
- Allow sanitized surface to drain [and air dry]. Do not rinse.

(Note to reviewer: If container size is one gallon or less, the following Storage and Disposal Statements will be used:)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in original container in areas inaccessible to children. Do not store on side. Avoid creasing or impacting of side walls. Do not reuse empty container. Discard in trash or recycle.

(Note to reviewer: If container size is greater than one gallon, the following Storage and Disposal Statements will be used:)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage

Do not store on side. Avoid creasing or impacting of side walls.

Pesticide Disposal

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray or mixture of rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal

(Plastic containers): Triple rinse (or equivalent), then offer for recycling or reconditioning or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

(Metal Containers): Triple rinse (or equivalent), then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

1.0 OUNCE PACKET LABEL TO BE USED WITH MASTER CONTAINER LABEL

FOR SANITIZATION

MIX EACH PACKET WITH [4 GALLONS] OF WATER [150 ppm active quat]

LONZA CS-201

EPA. Reg. No. 6836-83 EPA. Est. No. (insert EPA Est. No. here) Net Contents: [1.0 fl. Oz].

Active ingrealents:	
Octyl decyl dimethyl ammonium chloride	2.295%
Dioctyl dimethyl ammonium chloride	0.918%
Didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride	1.377%
Alkyl (C ₁₄ , 50%; C ₁₂ , 40%; C ₁₆ , 10%)	
dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride	3.060%
Other Ingredients	<u>92.350%</u>
Total	100.000%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER

See outer container for Precautionary Statements and Use directions

Disposal: Do not reuse packet. Wrap and put in trash.

Lonza Inc. 17-17 Route 208 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

[IF OTHER PACKET SIZES ARE DESIRED, NEW PACKET LABEL WILL BE IDENTICAL AND THE ONLY THINGS THAT WILL VARY ARE THE NET CONTENTS, AMOUNT OF WATER TO DILUTE WITH AND PPM ACTIVE QUAT. THOSE 3 ITEMS WILL HAVE TO MATCH OR BE EQUIVALENT TO THE DILUTION CHART THAT IS SHOWN ON PAGE 5.]

LONZA CS-201 [I EPA NO. 6836-083 EPA DRAFT LABEL 2/17/04

[NOTE TO REVIEWER: LANGUAGE IN [] IS INTERCHANGEABLE OR OPTIONAL]

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