



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

March 29, 2021

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Kathryn Rosario
Regulatory Assurance Specialist
Lonza, LLC
412 Mount Kemble Avenue, Suite 200S
Morristown, NJ 07960

Subject: Notification per PRN 98-10 – Modify Storage and Disposal Statement
Product Name: Lonza Low Foam Water Treatment Microbiocide
EPA Registration Number: 6836-60
Application Date: April 29, 2020
Action Case Number: 00219081

Dear Ms. Rosario:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the above referenced product. The Antimicrobials Division (AD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10.

The label submitted with the application has been stamped “Notification” and will be placed in our records.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company’s website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product’s label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA’s Office of Enforcement and Assurance.

Page 2 of 2
EPA Reg. No. 6836-60
Action Case Number: 00219081

If you have any questions, you may contact Joseph Daniels at (703) 347- 8669 or via email at Daniels.joseph@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'J. Hebert', written over a horizontal line.

for

John Hebert, Branch Chief
Regulatory Management Branch 1
Antimicrobials Division (7510P)
Office of Pesticide Programs

NOTIFICATION

6836-60

The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification by letter dated:

03/29/2021

**LONZA LOW FOAM
WATER TREATMENT
MICROBIOCID**

Twin-Chain Quaternary
Ammonium Compound Concentrate
Low Foam Water Treatment Microbicide
For Building and Industrial Cooling Water Systems [and] [Decorative Fountains]

Active Ingredients

Diocetyl dimethyl ammonium chloride.....	50%
<u>Other Ingredients</u>	50%
Total	100%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 – 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferable by mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression and convulsion may be needed.

SEE PANELS FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

EPA Registration No. 6836-60
EPA Establishment No. XXXX-XX-XX
Net Contents: (as indicated on container)
[Country of origin (insert country)]
[Manufactured in (insert country)]
[Barcode]

Manufactured by:

Lonza, LLC

412 Mount Kemble Avenue, Suite 200S
Morristown, NJ 07960

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDOUS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER! CORROSIVE. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, safety glasses), protective clothing and protective gloves (chemical or) rubber. May be fatal if swallowed or inhaled. Do not breathe vapor. Wear a dust/mist filtering respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C) or a NIOSH approved respirator with any N, R, P or HE filter. Harmful if absorbed through the skin. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL HAZARDS

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.

(Note to reviewer: The following is considered optional marketing language:)

The presence of foam in [recirculating cooling towers] [building and industrial cooling water systems] [and] [decorative fountains] impairs the [performance] [and] [aesthetics] of the unit. Loss of heat transfer and pressure fluctuations are two of the problems encountered when foam is present in the recirculating water system.

One of the possible causative agents is the microbiocide added to control algae and [algae slimes] [microbial slimes] [bacterial slimes]. LONZA LOW FOAM WATER TREATMENT MICROBIOCIDE, by design, is a low foaming microbiocide. When used as directed, LONZA LOW FOAM WATER TREATMENT MICROBIOCIDE will control algae and [algae slimes] [microbial slimes] [bacterial slimes] found in [recirculating cooling tower waters] [building and industrial cooling water systems] [and] [decorative fountains] and not introduce a foam problem.

LONZA LOW FOAM WATER TREATMENT MICROBIOCIDE helps clean and loosen slime debris from [cooling system] [and] [decorative fountain] surfaces. When used in slug dose, no other microbiocide is required.

LONZA LOW FOAM WATER TREATMENT MICROBIOCIDE is economical to use because it is concentrated. It should be handled with care.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

When used as directed, LONZA LOW FOAM WATER TREATMENT MICROBIOCIDE helps to control algae and [algae slimes] [microbial slimes] [bacterial slimes] in [industrial recirculating cooling water systems] [and] [decorative fountains]. Product addition must be made with a metering pump. Product may be fed continuously or on an intermittent basis depending on the degree of system fouling and retention time.

[RECIRCULATING COOLING TOWERS] [BUILDING AND INDUSTRIAL COOLING WATER SYSTEMS]

Initial Dose: Add 16 oz. per 1,000 gallons of water (60 ppm active).

Should the above dosage not give satisfactory results, use 21 fluid ounces per 1,000 gallons of water. Repeat the initial dose every seven days or increase the frequency if needed.

Heavily [contaminated] [fouled] systems must be precleaned.

Maintenance Dose: Once control is achieved, add 6 to 9 oz. per 1,000 gallons of water weekly or as needed to maintain control. Cooling water systems that are inherently low in [algae] [microbial] growth may be adequately controlled by the lower range of these dosages. Slug feed every seven days.

The product must be added at a point in the system where it will be uniformly mixed and distributed such as the [sump of the system] [tower sump].

FOR [ONLY] ALGAECIDAL CONTROL IN [RECIRCULATING COOLING TOWERS] [BUILDING AND INDUSTRIAL COOLING WATER SYSTEMS] AND DECORATIVE FOUNTAINS”

When used as directed, LONZA LOW FOAM WATER TREATMENT MICROBIOCIDE helps to control algae in [industrial recirculating cooling water systems] [building and industrial cooling water systems] [and] [decorative fountains]. Product addition must be made with a metering pump and may be fed continuously or on an intermittent basis depending on the degree of system fouling and retention time. Product must be added at a point in the system where it will be uniformly mixed and distributed throughout the system.

Initial Dose: Add 1.3 to 16 oz. per 1,000 gallons of water (5 to 60 ppm active). Repeat the initial dose every seven days or increase the frequency if needed. Heavily [contaminated] [fouled] systems must be precleaned.

Maintenance Dose: Once control is achieved, add 1.3 to 5.3 oz. per 1,000 gallons of water (5 to 20 ppm active) weekly, or as needed to maintain control.

DECORATIVE FOUNTAINS

When used as directed, LONZA LOW FOAM WATER TREATMENT MICROBIOCIDE controls algae and {algal slimes} [microbial slimes] [bacterial slimes] in decorative fountains. For maximum effectiveness, fountains containing heavy algae growth should be cleaned prior to using LONZA LOW FOAM WATER TREATMENT MICROBIOCIDE. The product must be added at a point in the system where it will be uniformly mixed and distributed throughout the fountain.

Initial Dose: Fountains having visible algae growth require an initial dose of 16 oz. per 1,000 gallons of water (60 ppm active). Should the above dosage not give satisfactory results, use 21 fluid ounces per 1,000 gallons of water. Repeat the initial dose every seven days or increase the frequency if needed.

Maintenance Dose: Once control is achieved, add 6 to 9 oz. per 1,000 gallons of water weekly or as needed to maintain control.

(Note to reviewer: For Nonrefillable Containers, Containers for institutional/industrial/commercial uses)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE:

Open dumping is prohibited. Store in original container in areas inaccessible to children.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING

(For Nonrefillable Plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons)

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Fill container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Follow Pesticide Disposal instructions for rinsate disposal. Repeat procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. If not triple rinsed, these containers are acute hazardous wastes and must be disposed in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

(For Nonrefillable Plastic containers > 5 gallons but ≤ 100 gallons)

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. If not triple rinsed, these containers are acute hazardous wastes and must be disposed in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

(For Nonrefillable Containers > 100 gallons)

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. To clean the container, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or

a mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Return to point of sale or offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate.

(Note to reviewer: For Refillable Containers – all sizes – No Reuse Rinsate Statement for Public Health Use products. Chapter 13, Table 6 of the Label Review Manual states that for “All products in containers that could be burned,” the registrant has the option to “Remain silent on burning;” therefore, no incineration language is provided for plastic containers.)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Pesticide Storage:

Open dumping is prohibited. Store in original container in areas inaccessible to children.

Pesticide Disposal:

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling:

Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container.

(Plastic or Metal Containers:) To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously, and dispose of rinsate consistent with pesticide disposal instructions. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning. If not available, puncture and dispose in sanitary landfill. If not triple rinsed, these containers are acute hazardous wastes and must be disposed in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

(For metal containers only: DO NOT cut or weld metal containers.)