UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

MAR 20 2002

Mr. Fred Nichols Brenntag Mid-South, Inc. P.O. Box 20 Henderson, KY 42419-0020

Subject: Sodium Hypochlorite 12.5%

EPA Registration Number 6785-4

Application Date: 01/18/02 Receipt Date: 01/30/02

Dear Mr. Nichols:

The following amendment, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable:

to revise the "first aid" per PR Notice 2001-1

Conditions

Revise the label as follows:

- 1. Place the signal word "DANGER" underneath "Keep Out of Reach of Children".
- 2. Under the "First Aid" Statement revise as follow:
 - "If Contact With Eyes Occurs" to read: "If in Eyes"
 - "If Contact With Skin" to read: "If on Skin or Clothing"
- 3. Revise the "If Swallowed" to read:
 - Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
 - Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor
 - Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

CONCURRENCES								
SYMBOL					************			
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General Comments

A stamped copy of the accepted labeling is enclosed. Submit three (3) copies of your final printed labeling before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

Should you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, please contact Delores Williams at (703) 308-6372.

Sincerely,

Robert S. Brennis Product Manager 32

Regulatory Management Branch II Antimicrobials Division (7510C)

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

NOTE: This product degrades with age. Use a chlorine test kit and increase dosage, as necessary, to obtain the required level of available chlorine.

DILUTION CONVERSION CHART FOR SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION 12.5% Public Systems: Disinfection of drinking water: Mix a ratio of 1 oz. to 2000 gallons of water to provide at least 0.2 ppm and no more than 0.8 ppm. Individual water system: Emergency disinfection: 8 drops to 20 gallons of water.

Amount of Water	Available Chlorine	12.5%
2000 Gallons	0.2 to 0.6 ppm	1 oz.
20 Gallons	0.2 to 0.6 ppm	8 drops

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store this product in a cool dry area, away from direct sunlight and heat to avoid deterioration. In case of spill, flood areas with large quantities of water. Product or ritinates that cannot be used should be distingt in water before disposal in a seniatery sewer. Do not reuse container. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

COMMERCIAL LAUNDRY SANITIZERS

Wet fabrics or clothes should be spun dry prior to sanitization. Thoroughly mix 2 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water to yield 200 ppm available chlorine. Promptly after mixing the santizer, and the solution into the pre-wash prior to washing fabrics/clothes in the regular wash cycle with a good detergent. Test the level of available chlorine, if solution has been allowed to stand. Add more of this product if the available chlorine level has dropped below 200 ppm.

SEWAGE AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT

EFFLUENT SLIME CONTROL: Apply a 100 to 1000 ppm available chlorine solution at a location which will allow complete mixing. Prepare this solution by mixing 10 to 100 oz. of this solution. Prepare this solution by mixing 3 oz. of this product with 100 gallons of wa-

FILTER BEDS - SLIME CONTROL: Remove fater from service, drain to a depth of 1 ft. above filter sand, and add 80 oz. of product per 20 sq/ff evenly over the surface. Walt 30 minutes before draining water to a level that is even with the top of the filter. Wait for 4 to 6 hours before completely draining and backwashing filter.

PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

RESERVOIRS-ALGAE CONTROL: Hypochlorinate streams feeding the reservoir. Suitable feeding points should be selected on each stream at least 50 yards upstream from the points of entry into the reservoir

MAINS: Thoroughly flush section to be sanitized by discharging from hydrants. Permit a water flow of at least 2.5 feet per minute to continue under pressure while injecting this product by means of a hypochlorinator. Stop water flow when a chlorine residual test of 50 ppm is obtained at the low pressure end of the new main section after a 24 hour retention time. When chloringtion is completed, the system must be flushed free of all heavily chlorinated water.

NEW TANKS, BASINS, ETC.: Remove all physical soil from surfaces. Place 20 oz. of this product for each 5 cubic feet of working capacity (500 ppm available chlorine). Fill to working capacity and allow to stand for at least 4 hours. Drain and flush with potable water and return to

NEW FILTER SAND: Apply 8 oz. of this product for each 150 to 200 cubic feet of sand. The action of the product dissolving as the water passes through the bed will aid in sanitizing the

NEW WELLS: Flush the casing with a 50 ppm available chlorine solution of water containing 5 oz. of this product for each 100 gallons of water. The solution should be pumped or fed by gravity into the well after thorough mixing with agataion. The well should stand for several hours or overnight under chlorination. It may then be pumped until a representative raw water sample is obtained. Bacterial examination of the water will indicate whether further treatment is neces-

PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Remove equipment from service, thoroughly clean surfaces of all placing 21 oz. of this product for each 5 cubic feet capacity (approxi-EXISTING EQUIL physical soil. Sar. mately 500 ppm as a comple chlorine). Fill to working capacity and let stand at least 4 hours. Drain and place in service. If the previous treatment is not practical, surfaces may be sprayed with a solution containing 5 oz. of this product for each 5 gallons of water (approximately 1000 ppm available chlorine). After drying, flush with water and return to service.

DISINFECTION OF DRINKING WATER (EMERGENCY/PUBLIC/INDIVIDUAL SYSTEMS)

PUBLIC SYSTEMS: Mix a ratio of 1 oz. of this product to 100 gallons of water. Begin teeding this solution with a hypochlorinator until a free available chlorine residual of at least revuering this solution with a hypochiorinator until a rise available chloring residual of at least 0.2 ppm and no more than 0.6 ppm is attained throughout the distribution system. Check water frequently with a chlorine test kil. Bacteriological sampling must be conducted at a frequency no less than that prescribed by the National Interim Primary Drinking Water Regulations. Contact your local Health Department for further details.

AUTHORIZED BY USDA FOR USE IN FEDERALLY INSPECTED MEAT AND POULTRY PLANTS

Chlorine may be present in processing water of meat and poultry plants at concentrations up to 5 parts per million (ppm) calculated as available chlorine. Also chlorine may be present in poultry chiller intake water, and in carcass wash water at concentrations up to 50 parts per million calculated as available chlorine. Chlorine must be dispensed at a constant and uniform level and the method or system must be such that a controlled rate is maintained. Thoroughly mix 1 oz. of this product in 200 gallons of water to make a sanitizing solution of 5 pom available chlorine, or 10 oz. in 200 gallons of water for 50 ppm available.

SWIMMING POOL WATER DISINFECTION

For a new pool or spring start-up, superchilorinate with 52 to 104 oz. of product for each 10,000 gallions of water to yield 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine by weight. Check the level of available chlorine with a test kit. Adjust and maintain pool water pH to between 7.2 to 7.8. Adjust and maintain the afkalinity of the pool to between 50 to 100 ppm.

To maintain the pool, add manually or by a feeder device 11 oz. of this product for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield an available chlorine residual between 0.6 to 1.0 ppm by weight. Stabilized pools should maintain a residual of 1.0 to 1.5 ppm available chlorine. Test the pH, available chlorine residual and alikalinity of the water frequently with appropriate test kits. Frequencey of water treatment will depend upon temperature and number of

Every 7 days, or as necessary, superchlorinate the pool with 52 to 104 oz. of product for each 10,000 galons of water to yield 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine by weight. Check the level of available chlorine with a test it. Do not reenter pool until the chlorine residual is between 1.0 to 3.0 com.

At the end of the swimming pool season or when water is to be drained from the pool, chlorine must be allowed to dissipate from treated pool water before discharge. Do not chlorinate the pool within 24 hours prior to discharge.

WINTERIZING POOLS-While water is still cleer and clean, apply 3 oz. of product per 1000 gallons, while filter is running, to obtain a 3 ppm available chlorine residual, as determined by a suitable test kit, cover pool, prepare heater, filter and heater components for writer by following manufacturer's instructions.

Dosage of Spas/Hot-Tubs maintain dosage 5 oz. of product per 1000 gallons of water to provide 5 ppm available childrine. Shock treat dosage 8 oz. of product per 500 gallons of water. Daily use of product 3 oz. per 1000 gallons of water.

DOING HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION 12.5%

BLEACHES AND DISINFECTS

12.5% Active Ingredient - Sodium Hypochlorite 87.5% Inert Ingredients 100%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER

FIRST AID

Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

IF CONTACT WITH EYES OCCURS, hold eyes open, flush with water for at least 15 minutes, remove contact fenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes.

If contact with skin, remove contaminated clothing and rinse immediately with water for 15 - 20 minutes.

IF SWALLOWED, drink large quantities of water. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER: Corrosive, may cause severe skin and eye irritation or chemical burns to broken skin. Causes eye damage. Wear safety glasses or goggles and rubber gloves when handling this product. Wash after handling Avoid breathing vapors. Vacate poorty ventilated areas as soon as possible. Do not return until strong odors have

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into takes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Ellmination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior

Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your state board or regional office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT: Mix only with water according to label directions. Mixing this product with chemicals (e.g. ammonia, acids, detergents, etc.) or organic matter (e.g. unne, feces, etc.) will release chlorine gas which is initiating to eyes, lungs and mucous membranes.

BRENNTAG MID-SOUTH, INC.

P.O. BOX 20 HENDERSON, KY 42419-0026

FPA FST, 6785-

FOR EMERGENCIES PHONE 270-830-1222

KY-1 🔲 FL-2

EPA Reg. No. 6785-4

TN-1 w-1□

NET CONTENTS_ GALLONS TN-2 W-2 🗖

For the following supplemental uses, contact your supplier for descriptive information.

1.Sanitization of nonporous food contact surfaces.

- 2. Sanitization of porous food contact surfaces.
- 3. Sanitization of nonporous non-food contact surfaces.
- 4. Disinfection of nonporous non-food contact surfaces. 5. Sanitization of porous non-food contact surfaces.
- 6.Emergency disinfection after main breaks.
- Cooling tower/evaporate condenser water. 8. Pulp and paper mill process water systems.
- 9. Sanitizing dairy, meat, poultry, shell egg product processing equipment.
- 10 Shell egg sanitizing compounds.
- 11. Disinfection of individual drinking water systems
- 12. Sanitizer for components of paper and paperboard for aqueous and fatty foods.

13. Sewage & wastewater effluent treatment.

	Amount of Water	Available Chlorine	12.5%
	1000 Gallons	3 ppm	3 oz.
Ε	1000 Gallons	5 ppm	5 oz.

SPAS AND HOT-TUBS

Apply 5 oz. of product per 1000 gallons of water to obtain a free available chlorine concentration of-5 ppm, as determined by a suitable chlorine test kit. Adjust and maintain pool water pH to between 7.2 and 7.6. Some oits, tollons, fragrances, cleaners, etc. may cause foaming or cloudy water as well as reduce the efficiency of the product.

To maintain the water, apply 5 oz. of product per 1000 gallons of water over the surface to maintain a chlorine concentration of 5 ppm.

After each use, shock treat with 8 oz, of this product per 500 gallons of water to control

During extended periods of disuse, add 3 cz. of product daity per 1000 gallons of water to maintain a 3 ppm chlorine concentration.

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS EPA Letter Dated:

MAR 2 0 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No.

6785-4



CERTIFIED TO ANSI NSF 60. MAXIMUM USE FOR POTABLE WATER 74 mg/L

