

MALATHION ULV* CONCENTRATE INSECTICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Malathion (0,0-dimethyl phosphorodithioate of diethyl mercaptosuccinate) 95.0% INERT INGREDIENTS: 5.0%

TOTAL

One Gallon Contains 9.7 Pounds of Malathion.

*Trademark of American Cyanamid Company

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

SEE SIDE PANELS FOR OTHER PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

E.P.A. Reg. No. 6720-207

E . A. E. . No. 8720-FL 1:

NET CONTENTS:

Manufactured by SOUTHERN MILL CREEK PRODUCTS COMPANY, INC.
P.O. BOX 16706
TAMPA, FLORIDA 33687

ACCEPTEI

MAR 15 1989

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If swallowed: Call a physician or Poison Colif or Genter in which at word the income of the income of two grasses of water and induce viction of the color will be used to grasses of water and induce viction of the color will be used to grasses.

If inhaled — Remove victim to fresh air. Apply artifula respiration tindicated

If on skin — Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected aleas with map is it wash

If in ayes — Flush with plenty of water. Car a physician immediate ,

Note to Physician — MALATHION is a chol nesterase inhibitor if symptoms of the resterate inhibitor are deleted attropine suffate is antidotal. 2 PAM is also antidotal and may be administered in continuous with an upine

Before using, read the directions for the proper methods and procedures which must be followed to achieve effective insect control and avoid permanent damage to automobile and other paint finishes.

PRECAUCION — CAUTION

AL USUARIO: Si usted no lee ingres indiuse este producto hasta que la etiqueta le hayan di lexo indivandi amente (TO THE USER: if you cannot read English ido not use this product until the label has been to yield a led to your.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Animals KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Harmful by swallowing linhalation or skin contact. Avoid breathing spray in $(1,A_{2,2})$ into two (1,0) is thoroughly after handling. Change contaminated cluthing

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of taxes, stream, septinds (0), of apply while when weather conditions favor or fit from are a cheated Constitution at a most waster to the apply and crab may be killed at apply at inhightening in the next taxes. Apply this production years specified on this fate.

MALATHION, LIQUID

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NA 2783

Lot No.:

IMPORTANT

Undiluted spray droplets of CYTHION or MALATHION ULV will permanently damage automobile paint. If accidental exposure does occur, the vehicle should be washed immediately.

Consult your state experiment station or state extension service for proper timing of sprays.

These products are highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

All applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on the EPA registered labels are to be followed.

Operator should inspect and calibrate equipment to assure that the proper amounts of pesticide are being applied, and that uniform coverage is obtained.

This label must be in the possession of the user at time of pasticide application.

· Lower rates should be used only with close field supervision and lov pest numbers.

MOSQUITO CONTROL IN POPULATED AND RURAL AREAS

AERIAL APPLICATION

ADULT MOSQUITO CONTROL OVER CITIES, TOWNS, AND OTHER AREAS WHERE AUTOMOBILES, TRAILERS, TRUCKS AND PLEASURE BOATS ARE PRESENT: Apply 2.6 to 3.0 fluid ounces of CYTHION or MALATHION ULV per acre. Apply only when weather conditions are tavorable. Wind and rising air currents may cause undesirable agray drift and reduce insect control.

MIPORTANT—Undituted spray droplets of CYTHION or MA-LATHION ULV will permanently damage vehicle permit finishes unless the airc aft used for the ultra low volume application meets all of the specifications listed below.

FIXED WING AIRCRAFT

- 1. Aircraft is operated at 150 mph or more.
- There are no leaks in the ultra low volume spray system.
- Nozzles are placed on the boom at a 45* angle down and into the wind.
- Diaphragm check valves are used on all nozzles to insure positive cut-off of the spray.
- Dosage of CYTHION or MALATHION ULV does not exceed 3 fluid ounces per acre.
- 6. The apray system produces droplets of this product in the 50 to 60 mass median diameter (MMO) micron range, with no more than 10% of the droplets exceeding 100 microns, as determined by readings made from microecope slides coated with DRI-FILM* or TEFLON*

HELICOPTER

Equipment specifications

- 1, Rotary nozzle equivalent to Beecomist Spray Head Assembly Model No. 350 equipped with:
 - a. a direct reading RPM tachometer or low RPM signal light readily visible to operator;
 - b. a stainless steel porous metal sleev. 20 micron pore size, dynamically belenced to the nozzle;
 - c. a disphysigm check valve as near to the rotary nozzle as possible to insure positive cut off of the spray;
 - d. nozzle gn-off switch separate from main switch and pump switch.

- 2. Minimum no-load nozzle speed of 10,500 RPM.
- 3. A continuous nonpulsating metered flow must be maintained by a variable speed metering pump equipped with:
- a, a positive cut off valve between tank and pump;
- b. a flow gauge or tachometer visible to operator:
- c, a pump on-off switch separate from main switch and nozzle
- 4. Maximum flow rate of 0.5 gallon per minute per nozzle.
- 5. Rotary nozzle must be mounted behind and below the boom with the sieeve directed toward the rear of the aircraft and parallel to the ground during flight, Nozzle must be positioned to minimize air turbulence and the collection of CYTHION or MALATHION ULV droplets on mounting brackets, feed lines, fittings, etc., or any part of the aircraft.

Operating Procedures

- 1. CYTHION or MALATHION ULV must be prefiltered through a 10 micron filter prior to transfer into helicopter tank. A 50 mesh stainless steel line strainer must be installed in the pump feed line.
- Entire system, including tank, pump, nozzle and feed lines, to be used only for application of CYTHION or MALATHION ULV.
- Entire system must be inspected daily to insure that there are no leaks.
- Sleeve must be removed and cleaned immediately after each use by washing with hot water and blowing dry from outside in with clean air.
- Rotating nozzle must be turned con- and operating before turning on pump. For shut off, pump mast be shut off and lines cleared prior to stopping nozzle rotation.
- 8. Dosage of CYTHION or MARATHAON UI; tipes not exceed 3 fluid ounces per scre.
- 7. The spray system must produce droplets of OPTHION or MALA-THION ULV with a mass multiplin transler (MMD) of lecs than 50 microns, with no more than 25% of the droplets exceeding 100 microns, as determined by readings made from microecope slides coated with DRI-FILM or TEFLON.

GROUND APPLICATION

Thermal Aerosels or Fags

For control of adult mosquitoes with thermal aerosols or logs, apply CYTHION or MALATHION ULV at the rate of 6-8 oz. actual/gallon (3.9-5.2 gallons CYTHION or MALATHION ULV in 100 gallons finished solution*) by ground equipment delivering 40 gallons per hour at a vehicle speed of 5 miles per hour to treat a swath width of 300-400 feet.

*There is a great variation in the chemical composition of fuel oils which may be used as thermal fog solvents. These differences may cause studge and/or affect the solubility of the CYTHION or

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-BALLATHION LILV. For more complete details on tests for studge formation and exhabity in Starmal top exhibitors, with American Cyanamid Company, One Cyanamid Places, Wayne, New Jersey 07470.

Manthemat Accessio

Over a 200-fest swell can be produced using the non-thermal ultra low volume across method with GYTHION or MALATHION ULV.

Vehicle Speed Rate per Heur	Flow Rate of MALATHION Pluid Outcoo per Minute	Mexicum Plow Rule per Hour	
5	1.0 to 2.1 Ruid ounces	1 gallion	
10	2.0 to 4.3 fluid ounces	2 gellons	
15	3 to 6.45 fluid ounces	3 gallons	
20	4 to 8.6 fluid ounces	4 gallons	

For control of adult stable fly in gopulated and rural areas with non-thermal aerosols of CYTHION or MALATHION ULV using the ultra low volume method, use the following flow rates at the indicated vehicle speeds:

Vehicle Speed. Miles per Hour	Flow Rate of MALATHION Fluid Ounces per Minute	Maximum Flow Rate per Heur	
5	2.1 fluid ounces	1 gallon	
10	4.3 fluid ounces	2 gallons	

DROPLET SIZE

- 1. The Mess Median Diameter (MMD) of the droplets should not exceed 17 microns. The MMD is the drop diameter which divides the eprsy volume into two equal parts; i.e., 50% of the volume is in the drop sizes below the MMD and 50% is above the MMD.
- 2. Spray droplets should not exceed 32 microns in size. Three percent of the spray droplets (6 droplets out of 200) can exceed 32 microns providing the MMD does not exceed 17 microns and no droplets exceed a maximum of 48 microns. Larger droplets, when transported by natural air currents, impinge more readily off objects in their pathway and will permanently damage automobile-type paints.
- More then one-half of the total spray mass must consist of droplets in the 6 to 18 micron range to achieve adequate dispersal of insecticide over a 300-foot swath,
- 4. A minimum of two-thirds, preferably four-fifths of the total spray mass must consist of droplets not exceeding 24 microns in range.

OPERATING EQUIPMENT

Each Nonthermal Aerosol Generator used for dispersal of CYTHION or MALATHION ULV to control adult mosquitoes must have min.mum capability of producing the droplet spectrum described under DROP-LET SIZE. The Initial determination of droplet size is made after the unit is installed in a vehicle and prior to its use in mosquito control operations. The unit should be rechecked as frequently as necessary to insure that proper droplet size is maintained for each operation. Determination of droplet size every two months is usually sufficient if the unit has been maintained in good operating condition. Equipment manufacturer's instructions satting forth cleaning and maintenance of the unit must be followed. The unit must be inspected before each operation to correct any lesks or obstructions in the spray system; to detect whether the nozzle, hoses, or other parts are worn and need replacement; to insure that the flow meter is properly calibrated; and to determine that the pressure recommended by "e-manufacturer is being maintained.

Flow Plate—must be regulated by accurate flow mater
—not greater then 1 gallon per hour at 5 mph, 2 gallons per hour at 10 mph, 3 gallons per hour at 15 mph, or 4 gallons per hour at 20 mph

Neggie Direction—rear of the vehicle, —upward at an angle of 45° or more.

Valida Speed—not greater than 20 miles per hour—shut off spray equipment when vehicle is stopped

IMPORTANT—Spray droplets of undiluted CYTHION or MALATHION ULV will permanently damage automobile point unless all the conditions described and recommended in this leaflet are met.

Streetens for Betermining the droptet also of GYTHIGH OF MALATHIGH ULY

Permanent records of each draptet also determination must be kept and made evallable to American Oyanamid upon request.

1. Preparation of Stides with DRI-FILM

CYTHON or M. LATHION ULV droplet sizes are determined by depositing a sample of the serceoi on a secoid glass slide and measuring the dreplets under a high-power microscope. Ordinary 3" x 1" glass slides must be coaled with allieune (General Electric SC-87 D/3-FILM) prior to sampling to prevent excessive spreading or coalescance of the droplets. The slides are dipped into a 10 percent solution of DMI-FILM in toluene, drained and dried at about 200"F. for 30 minufes, after which they are dipped in actions, allowed to dry and stored in a tight slide box. Coating solution must be freshly prepared. Do not store coating solution because it will deteriorate. Slides are lightly polished with a soft tiesue before using to remove any foreign particles.

2. Deposition of CYTHION or MALATHION ULY Droplets on Sildes

Oroplets should be collected under ideal operating conditions to insure representative sampling of droplets in the serceol. A sample of the CYTHION or MALATHION ULV serceol is deposited on a slide by waving the slide as rapidly as possible perpendicular through the serceol cloud at a distance of 25 feet from the point of discharge. The slide velocity may be increased by attaching it to a 3 or 4 foot stick by means of a spring paper clip. At least two slides should be exposed to insure an adequate sample. Store slides in a tight slide box for transfer to a location where measurements can be made. Avoid excessive heat during transit and store in a cool place until measurements can be made.

Although label specifications require the serosol nozzle to be angled upward at 45° or more during operation, it is more convenient to position the nozzle parallel to the ground for droplet sampling. If this is not possible it will be necessary to be positioned at a sufficient height to obtain a representative sample of the serosol.

3. Determination of CYTHION or MALATHION ULV Droplet Sizes

A microscope with mechanical stage and an eyeplece micrometer are used to determine the size of the individual serosol droplets. Prior to taking measurements, the divisions of the eyeplece micrometer must be calibrated into microns by means of a stage micrometer. In the example represented in Table 1, droplets were measured at 400x magnification. At that magnification each division of the eyeplece was calibrated to equal 3.5 microns.

At least 200 droplets should be measured, Usually this is easily accomplished on one slide. An accurate method is to measure all droplets that pass through the micrometer scale as the slide is moved from one edge to the other by using the mechanical stage, Measurements should not be taken along the margins of the slide, it is more convenient to measure in terms of the divisions of the eyepiece micrometer and then convert these divisions into microns.

The measurements converted into microns must then be corrected for the amount of spread that occurred on the slides. The CYTHON or MALATHON ULV spread factor for silicone-coated alides is 0.5. Therafore, in Table 1 each division of the eyeplece actually equals 1.75 microns (3.5 microns times the 0.5 spread factor).

The spread factor for TEFLON-costed eliges is 0.00. The following procedure is given for silicone-costed ulicae, would be the same for TEFLON-costed slides once the value for each eyepiece division has been determined.

The measurements are tabulated and proressed as in Table 1, The Maximum Diameter is calculated by converting the Jiempler of the largest droplet measured into microns. In Table 1, the largest droplet measured had a diameter of 19 elulified, divisions. Therefore, the Maximum Diameter is 33.3 microns (19 x 1.75 \pm 33.3).

To determine the Mass Median Diameter (MMD), the perpumulative percentages from the last column in Table 1 are plotted egoing the eyepiece divisions (D) on semilogarithmic paper as in Figure 1. Directly across from the 50 percent point on the lipe in the median droplet size in eyepiece divisions which must be converted to microns. In Figure 1, 9.2 eyepiece divisions times the conversion factor of 1.75 equats a Mass Median Diameter of 18.1 microns.

Figure 1.

Percentage of the total volume of percent compton below each stated droplet size (from Table 1). The blace Median Dismosor is determined from the 50 percent point on the line. The blace Median Dismotor (MMD) = 0.2 divisions times 1.75 = 16.1 migrans.

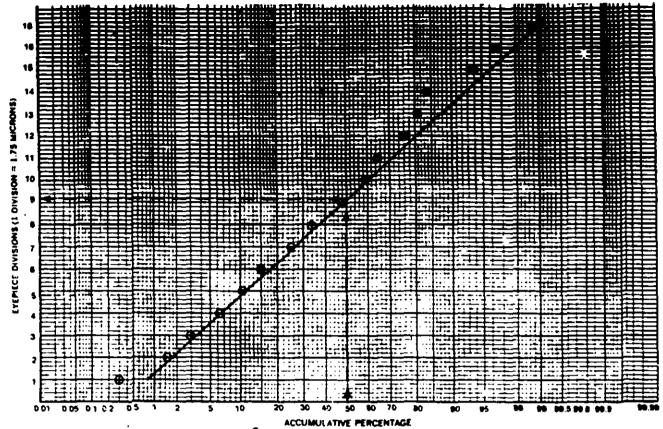


Table 1—Representative Count of CYTHION or MALATHION ULV Aerosol Droplets Impinged on Microscope Slides Coated with DRI-FILM.

Eyepiece Divisions (D)*	Number of Droplets (N)	DxN	% of Total DxN Σ(DxN)	Accumulative Percentages
1	5	5	0 31	0.31
2	10	20	1 22	1,53
3	9	27	1.65	3.18
4	12	. 48	2 93	6.11
5	15	75	4 58	10.69
6	12	72	4.40	15.09
7	25	175	10 70	25.79
8	14	112	6 8 5	32.64
9	28	252	15 40	48.04
10	19	190	11 61	59.65
11	14	154	9 41	65.06
12	10	120	7.33	76.39
13	6	78	4 77	81 16
14	4	56	3 42	: 84.58
15	11	165	10 09	94.67
16	2	32	1 96	96.63
18	2	36	2 2 0	98 83
19	1	19	1 16	99.99
Total	199	1636		

^{**}Measurements were taken at 400x magnification. Each eyepiece division equals 1.75 microns (3.5 microns times the 0.5 spread factor)

Also for use in accordance with the recommendations and instructions issued by the United States Department of Agriculture förfquarantne programs. To be used only by or under the direction of Federal State personnel for quarantne treatments.