

THIS PRODUCT MUST NOT - BE USED J FARMS ON GOLF COURSES AND \ DIAZINONAGEDO Sector the Federal Insecticide INSECTICADE 1888

For Control of Insects on Fruits, Nuts, Vegetables, merculous, and Chromortals, 4 lbs. Diazinon per Galina

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Diazinon [0,0-diethyl 0- (2-isopropyl-6-methyl-4-pyrimidinyll

phosphoratrioatel Xylene Range Aromatic Solvent INERT INGREDIENTS: TOTAL

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING

Precaucion al usario: Si ustedno ee ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta haya

SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL WARNING STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT
IMPORTANT: Read the entire Directions for Use and Notice before using this product.

E.P.A. Reg. No. 6720-193

NET CONTENTS: ONE GALLON

E.P.A. Est. No. 6720-FL-1

Manufactured by
SOUTHERN MILL CREEK PRODUCTS COMPANY, INC.
P.O. BOX 16706
TAMPA, FLORIDA 33687

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Hazards To Humans and Domestic Animals PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS DO HOT USE, PUUR, OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.

DAZNON AGSOD is an emuschable solution which when bruned with water, according to seed, is intended for the control of insect pesss of agricultural crops, be not on which when bruned is according to a seed, is mentioned to the prescriptors for this equation. Best control is observed when application is mape at first sign of insects. Application should be received as increasely to mannain control.

NOTE the manners of the agricultural commissions having received any younge software permitted interactions, which is no endinces have been set and bearing received with any accounted to the when set in the solution of the permitted for the

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a vicinizar of Federal raw in use this product in a manner inconsistent with its Tabeling

Complete directions for use at UAZNOW ASSIGN for insert control on those crops have below are contained in a booklet attached to this container. Also included are purections for use of DIAZINON ASSIGN for Control and Lawn insert Control

Analysis Sweet Carn
Sweet Potatoes
Swest Chard
Totaco
Totacoe:
Wahuss Peas Pecans Pecans Pingappie Piums Potatues Prunes Pagashes

		C2: 1002:150	KB:::BC::P::>	A P	621.53
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		Caurilloss	Endive (Escardie)	Lemons	Granges
		ໃນອີດ	Freig Carn	l.especeza	ปักละกอกไ
		Chernes	Figs	Lettyce	Parsnips
		Se. es	F-(5ert)	Lima Beans	& aruse?
٠		Collards	Grapefru 1	Melons	Forage
	Brussels Spronts	Carron	543565	Mushroom, Houses	Feaches
		\$ 5.455 5	87	Mestames	Peanuts

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RE-ENTRY STATEMENT

Bis alsock are states may require more restrictive re entry interest for various cross breatch with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information De not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dired

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O'NAMENTAL INSECT CONTROL

insects	Rate Per 3 Gals. of Water	Rate Per Rate Per 3 Gals. of Water
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Strawbernes

Addidge Two Switzer Shope Mayor Approving the 100 ppg of warpenger programmed Madige Editorets Between 11 ppg of the service of the programmed Mayor Special Strandbright California Mayor Special Strandbright California Mayor Special Speci

China Fours. Brapethal, Lemons, Umes, Oranges, Tangethees, Citrus Citros, Kumbats, and nybrids of these.

China Apids, Fruit Tee Leaf Notes, Control Cash Cash Crawlers, and Soft Scale Crawlers, Soft Scale Crawl

Do not use on certain Ferns, Poinsettia, Hibiscus, Papaya, Pilea, and Gardenia, since injury to the plants may occur.

Minosa Webworms. Mai lastings of water (yr.) pr. in 160 gast, of water) and apily as a bibrough bolar spray when adults first appear. Male a second and thud aphication at 410 filmerek indenviss.

LAWN INSECT CONTROL
To grant in needs abled below, adoing recommended rates, for control of lants, Brown Dog
To grant of insects beloaded below, adoing recommended Schwolgs, and Colembia Schwing
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of son around the house, as well as the house should an wait to a height of 2 to 3 ft. Appear ap
of son around the house, as well as the house toundarion wait to a height of 2 to 3 ft. Appear ap

	Rate/ 1,000 sq. ft.	i i	
Insects	DIAZINDN AG500 Water	Water	Remarks
	2-3 fl. oz.	ł	Use higher rate for longer resid
Lawn Chinch Bugs		25 gals.	control and in sawing of dents
	3.6 11 02.		growth, such as St. Augustine
			lawns. Spot spray ant hirls and wasp
Aris Army worms.			Qroond nest openings.
Claver Mites.			
Collembols			For Lawn Billougs, impate the
(Seringtark) Onckers	70 4 7	5 Tals	Tayle Majerpally illumediates, after
Cutworms, Digger			treastment
Wasps, Earwigs, Frij 1			For Fruit Flies, mow grass and
Files Lawn Bild.gs.			water well before treatment but de-
Sad Webworms (Lavin			lay apprication until grass is dry. Do
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10.00			For Stage 2 (Mg - Cast vigor, when
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IMPORTANT: Read the entire Directions for Use and the Notice before using this product. NOTICE: Seller's guaranty shall be limited to the terms of the label and subject thereto. The buyer assumes any risk to persons or property arise, out of the use and handling and accepts the luct

WARNING

on these conditions.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
May be fatal if swallowed. May be absorbed
through skin. Do not breathe spray mist. Do not
get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash
thoroughly after handling. Avoid contamination of
food. Do not use on humans or permit children to
go on to sprayed grass until spray has completely

Fish and Wildlife Caution: This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds feeding on treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated or where runoff is likely to occur. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

Do not reuse empty container. Destroy by perforating or crushing and burying in a safe, e.c. CAUTION: INFLAMMABLE MIXTURE. DC. OT USE, POUR, SPILL OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME. Minimum Flush Point 82°F.

General Information

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Diazinon AG500 is an emulsifiable solution which when diluted with water according to the directions below is intended for the control of insect pests of agricultural crops. Do not use in barns or dwellings. Do not use on livestock.

In the directions for use given below, best control is obtained when application is made at first sign of insects. Application should be repeated as necessary to maintain control.

NOTE: The marketing of raw agricultural commodities having residues in excess of their permitted tolerances, or marketing those for which no tolerances have been set and bearing residues, will violate Federal Law when shipped in interstate commerce and may violate State Law.



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Fruit and Nut Crops



Almonds

Mites, Twig Borers: Apply 1 - 11/2 pts. per 100 gals. of water.

Parlatoria Scales, San Jose Scales: Mix 1 - 11/2 pts. Diazinon plus 2 - 3 gals, dormant oil per 100 gals, of water and apply as a dormant spray.

Almond hulls may be used for feed for livestock.

Apricots

Aphids, Brown Mies (Clover Mites), Two-Spotted Spider Mites, Olive Scale Crawlers, San Jose Scale Crawlers: Mix 1 pt. per 11/2 gals, of light medium horticultural oil per 100 gals, of water, Apply when scale crawlers are present.

Apricot Mealybugs: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals, of water, Apply as a cover spray from petal fall to June.

Do not apply within 10 days of harvest.

Blueberries

Cranberry Fruitworms, Cherry Fruit ns. Blueberry Maggots, Aphids, Thrips, Two-Spotted Mites: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals, of water, Apply up to

Fruit and Nut Crops

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200 gals, of spray per acre. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

Caneberries

Blackberries, Boysenberries, Dewberries, Loganberries, Raspberries

Leafhoppers, Thrips, Aphids, Two-Spotted Mites. Raspberry Sawflies: Apply 2 pts. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals of water.

Raspberry Fruitworms: Apply at the above rates when blossom buds separate and repeat application immediately before blossoms open.

Dryberry Mites: Apply 1 - 2 qts. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals. of water. Apply as a dormant spray in early spring, when canes are still on the ground and buds are closed. Make a second application when the buds are well developed, but still closed.

Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

Raspberry Crown Borers (Raspberry Root Borers): Apply 2 qts. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals. of walk is a drench to the crown area and to the lower canes. Apply either in the spring before berries begin to form, or in the fall after harvest.

Fruit and Nut Crops



Cherries:

Eye-Spotted Bud Moths, Fruit-Tree Leaf Rollers: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals, of water, Apply in cover sprays as necessary, beginning with petal fall.

Leafhoppers: Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals, of water in 3 - 5 applications beginning at petal fall and continuing through the growing season, or apply as infestations develop.

Cherry Fruit Flies: $Mix^{-1}/2 = 1$ pt. per 100 gals, of water. Make 3 or 4 applications, beginning when adult cherry fruit flies begin to emerge and repeat at 10-day intervals.

Black Cherry Aphids: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply as a cover spray when aphids appear and repeat after 10 days.

San Jose Scales Crawlers: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply during the pre-pink stage or when crawlers first appear.

Do not apply within 10 days of harvest.

Cherry Rust Mites: Mix 1/2 pt. per 100 gals of the Apply as a supplemental spray after harvest.

Fruit and Nut Crops





Citrus Fruits

Grapefruit, Lemons, Limes, Oranges, Tangelos, Tangerines, Citrus Citron, Kumquats, and hybrids of these

Citrus Aphids, Fruit-Tree Leaf Rollers, Cottony-Cushion Scale Crawlers, and Soft Scale Crawlers: Apply 1/2 - 1 pt. per 100 gals, of water (maximum 1000 gals, per acre) as a thorough cover spray when aphids and crawler stages of scale insects first appear.

Fruit-Tree Leaf Rollers: Use 1/2 - 1 pt. per 100 gals, of spray (maximum 1000 gals, per acre) when an average of 50 percent of eggs in egg masses have hatched in the spring.

Citrus Thrips: Apply 1 pt. in 100 gals. of water (maximum 1000 gals. per acre) when thrips first appear.

Citrus Snow Scales: Apply 1 - 2 pts. per 100 gals. of water (maximum 1000 gals. per acre) as a post-bloom språy and again as a summer spray. For his snow scale infestations use the higher dosage rate. Thorough coverage of tree trunks, limbs, and twigs is essential.



Do not apply during bloom. Do not apply to citrus within 21 days of harvest. Shrimp and crab may be killed at application rates recommended on this label. Do not apply where these are important resources.

Cranberries

Black Headed Fireworms (Spargonothis sultureana): Apply 2 qts. in 400 gals. of water per acre.

Cranberry Fruitworms: Apply 3 qts. in 400 gals. of water per acre.

Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

Figs

Vinegar Files (Drosophila spp.), Dried Fruit Beetles: Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals of water. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

Filberts

Filbert Leat Rollers, Aphids: Apply 1 - 2 qts, in 250 - 400 gals, of water per acre, as a thorough cover spray.

Grapes

Pacific Spider Mites, Leathoppers, Grape Moths, Grope Leaf Folders: Apply 1 - 2 pts. per dore

Fruit and Nut Crops

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in a minimum of 100 gats, of water as a thorough cover spray. Do not apply within 18 days of harvest. Drosophila spp.: Apply 12 - 18 ft. oz. per acre in a minimum of 100 gats, of water as a thorough cover spray, or apply when insects first appear. Make additional applications at weekly intervals as

Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

Olivar

necessary.

Offive Scales: Mix 3/4 - 1 pt. of Diazinon AG500 plus 11/2 gals. of light medium summer horticultural oil per 100 gals. of water. Apply as a cover spray in June or July. Do not apply during bloom to avoid injury to pollinating insects or within 75 days of harvest.

Peaches and Nectarines

Aphids, Brown Mites (Clover Mites), Two-Spotted Spider Mites, Olive Scale Crawlers, San Jose Scale Crawlers: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals, of water. Apply when aphids, mites, and scale crawlers first appearance.

Olive Scale Crawlers: Mix 1/2 pt. of Diazinon AG500 plus 11/2 gals, light medium horticultural oil per 100



gals, of water. Apply when scale crawlers are present.

Oriental Fruit Moths: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water and apply at 100% petal fail. Make 2 additional applications at 10 - 15 day intervals. Time the last application to peak adult oriental fruit moth flight, if

Peach Twig Borers: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gats, of water and apply to peaches in May and June.

Leafhoppers (Peaches only): Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals, of water in 3 - 5 applications beginning at petal fall and continuing through the growing season, or apply as infestations develop.

White Peach Scale (Peaches only): As a postharvest spray apply 11/2 - 2 pts. per 100 gals. of water timed to coincide with peak crawler and immature scale activity. Under conditions of heavy infestations 2 applications may be necessary.

Do not apply to peaches within 20 days, or to nectarines within 10 days of harvest.

Pecans

Aphids, Mites, Pecan Nut Case-bearers, Walnut

Fruit and Nut Crops ...

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Caterpillars: Apply 1 - 3 qts. per acre per as a toliage spray in a minimum of 100 gals. of water. Do not apply after husks crack.

Pineapples

Scales: Apply 5 qts. of Diazinon AG500 plus 2 gals. of light or medium horticultural oil in 500 gals. of water per acre to the vegetative slips on the plants following harvest of pineapple.

Mealybugs: Apply 2 qts. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals, of water. May be applied on day of harvest.

Pineapple forage and refuse may be fed to livestock 7 days following last application.

Plums and Prunes

Brown Mites (Clover Mites), European Red Mites: Apply 1 pt. per 100 gais, of water.

Leaf Curl Plum Aphids, Mealy Plum Aphids, Thistle Aphids: Apply 1/2 - 1 pt. per 100 gals, of water.

ect apply within 10 days of harvest. Do

erries

Aphids, Two-Spotted Spider Mites: Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals, of water per acre.

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Cyclamen Mites: Apply 1 qt. per 100 gals. of water per acre, directing spray to plant crowns. Plants should be sufficiently agitated to assure thorough coverage of the foliage. Make additional applications, if necessary, after harvest.

Mole Crickets: Broadcast 1 qt. per acre when insects are present. Apply 1 to 2 days before transplanting and mix into the top 1 - 2 inches of soil immediately.

Strawberry Leaf Rollers: Mix 3/4 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply 200 gals. of spray per acre when blossoms show color.

Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

Walnuts

Aphids, Mites: Apply 1 qt. per acre as a foliage spray in a minimum of 100 gals, of water.

Codling Moths, Scale Crawlers, Walnut Caterpillars: Apply 3 qts. per acre as a foliage spr minimum of 100 gats. of water

Do not apply after the husks open.



Unless otherwise stated, foliar applications of Diazinon AG500 should always be applied to vegetable crops as a spray in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre for aerial applications and a minimum of 10 gals. of water per acre for ground applications.

Beans

Pole Beans, Snap Beans, Lima Beans Black Bean Aphids, Mexican Bean Beetles, Leaf Miners: Apply 1 - 11/2 pts. per acre.

Cucumber Beetles: Apply 3/4 pt. in 100 gal. of water per acre.

Do not apply within 7 days of bean harvest. Bean forage or bean hay may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep. Wait 4 days following treatment if forage is to be cut for hay.

Lima Beans

Dipterous Leaf Miners, Leafhoppers, Mites: Apply 1 pt. acre. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Be brage or bean hay may be fed to dairy and beer cattle and sheep. Wait 4 days following treatment if forage is to be cut for hay.

Broccoli, Cabbage, and Cauliflower

Aphids, Diamondback Moths, Imported Cabbageworms: Apply 1/2 - 1 pt. per acre. Applications at 7 - 10 day intervals will usually be required. Do not apply to broccoli or cauliflower within 5 days, or to cabbage within 7 days, of harvest.

Brussels Sprouts

Aphids, Diamondback Moths, Imported Cabbageworms: Apply 1 pt. per acre. Generally, applications at 7 - 10 day intervals will be required.

Do not apply to brussels sprouts within 7 days of harvest.

Carrots

Aphids: Apply 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 10 days of harvest.

Celery

Aphids, Flea Beetles: Apply 1 pt. in 100 gals, of water per acre. Do not apply within 10 days vest. Plants should be market trimmed ps removed) before being shipped or used. Tops should not be used for feed or food.

Vegetable Foliar Insects

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Collards, Kale, Swiss Chard, and Turnip Tops Aphids, Imported Cabbageworms, Diamondback Moths, Harlequin Cabbage Bugs, Corn Earworms: Apply 1/2 - 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply to collards, kale, or turnip tops within 10 days, Swiss Chard within 12 days, of harvest.

Cucumbers

Aphids, Serpentine Leaf Miners, Thrips: Apply 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

Lettuce and Endive

Aphids, Dipterous Leaf Miners: Apply $^{1}\!\!/_{2}$ - 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 10 days of harvest.

Melons and Squash

Cantaloupes, Casabas, Crenshaws, Honeydew Melons, Muskmelons, Persian Melons, and hybrids of these; Watermelons and their hybrids; Summer and Winter Squash

Aphids, Leafhoppers, Mites: Apply 1 - 11/2 pts. per



Serpentine Leaf Miners, Thrips: Apply 1/2 - 1 pt. per acre

Vegetable Foliar Insects



Do not apply to melons and winter squash within 3 days, or to summer squash within 7 days, of harvest.

Mushroom Houses

Mushroom Flies (Phorids and Sciarids): Mix $^{1}/_{2}$ - 1 gal. in 50 gals. of water (0.5% to 1.0% actual Diazinon) and spray on outside and inside walls and ventilators of mushroom houses, after compost in beds has been pasteurized by heating. Do not spray compost in beds or after spawning.

To treat wooden sides of beds, posts, doors and door frames after pasteurizing, mix $^{1}/_{2}$ pt. in 6 gals, of water and apply with a brush.

Do not treat compost.

Onions

Onion Thrips: Apply 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 10 days of harvest.

Peas

Aphids, Leaf Miners: Apply 3/4 - 1 pt. per acre. Peas may be picked immediately. Pea vines and penage hay may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and the wait 4 days following treatment if forage is to be cut for hay.

Vegetable Foliar Insects

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Peppers

Aphids, Serpentine Leaf Miners: Apply 1/2 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

Potatoes

Aphids, Flea Beetles, Colorado Potato Beetles, Dipterous Leaf Miners: Apply at the rate of 1/2 = 3/4 pt. per acre.

Banded Gucumber Beetles, Leafhoppers, Southern Armyworms: Apply 3/4 - 1 pt. per acre.

Do not apply within 35 days of harvest.

Radishes Parsnips, and Turnips

Aphids, Flea Beetles, Dipterous Leaf Miners: Apply 1/2 - 1 pt per acre. Do not apply within 10 days of harvest,

Spinach and Beets

Aphids, Dipterous Leaf Miners: Apply ½ - 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply to spinach within 10 days, or to beets within 14 days of harvest.

Squash (Summer and Winter)
See Meions and Squash Section.



Sweet Corn

Corn Earworms: Apply 1 - 11/4 qts. per acre when silks first appear. Two or three repeat applications at 2 - 3 day intervels will usually be necessary. Corn may be picked immediately following last application. Corn forage may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep.

Refer also to Corn under Field and Forage Foliar Insects and Field and Forage Soil Insects.

Tomatoes

Aphids, Dipterous Leaf Miners: Apply 1/2 pt. per acre. To control leaf miners weekly applications are usually required.

Banded Cucumber Beetles, Fall Armyworms, Southern Armyworms: Apply 3/4 - 1 pt. per acre. Vinegar Flies (Drosophila spp.); Apply 1/2 - 11/2 pts. per acre. Weekly applications are usually required. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

Watercress (Hawaii only)

Cyclamen Mites: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water and apply to one acre as a thorough cover spray.

Vegetable Foliar Insects

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Spray should be directed into the crowns and growing tips of plants. If infestation is heavy, make a second application no later than 10 days after the first application. Repeat applications as necessary. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.



Unless otherwise stated, soil applications of Diazinon AG500 should always be applied to vegetable crops as a spray in a minimum of 5 gals, of water per acre for ground applications.

Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean)

Broccoli Parsley **Brussels Sprouts** Peas Cabbage Peppers Cantaloupes Potatoes Cauliflower Snap Beans Celery Spinach Collards Summer Squash Cucumbers Sweet Corn Endive (escarole) Swiss Chard Kale Tomatoes Lettuce Watermelons Lima Beans Winter Squash Muskmelons

Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2 - 3 inches for surface cutworms, 3 - 6 inches for subterranea attemption.

Vegetable Soil Insects

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Garden Symphylans (Centipedes)

Cabbage Radishes
Carrots Red Beets
Corn Snap Beans
Lettuce Tomatoes
Peas Turnips
Pole Beans

Broadcast 10 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into soil 4 - 8 inches immediately. This preplant treatment will also control other soil insects such as cutworms (surface and subterranean), mole crickets, root maggots, and wireworms.

Mole Crickets

Broccoli
Brussels Sprouts
Cabbage
Cauliflower
Collards
Endive (escarole)

Lettuce
Mustard
Peppers
Radishes
Tomatoes
Turnips

Broadcast 1 qt. per acre when insects are present. Make application to plant beds or field 1 - 2 days



prior to sowing of seed or transplanting and work into soil 1 - 2 inches immediately.

Onion Maggots

Onions:

Furrow Application: Apply 1 qt. per acre in sufficient water to drench the seed furrow at planting time.

Broadcast Application: Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into soil 3 - 4 inches immediately.

Root Maggots

Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage and Cauliflower:

Broadcast Application: Broadcast 2 - 3 qts. per acre and immediately work into the soil 3 - 4 inches, before seeding, either in the seedbed or in the field, or before transplanting.

Transplant Water (Drench) Application: Mix 1/4 - 1/2 pt. in 50 gals. of translant water, when 200 - 300 gals. of water are used per acre. May be applied at the rate of 1/2 - 1 cupful per plant, either by harder by tractor-mounted sprayer equipped with drop nozzles to direct spray to the base of the plant.

Vegetable Soil insects

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Transplant water treatments may result in stand reduction due to plant stress at time of transplanting.

Radishes: Mix 1 qt. in 50 gals. of water. Apply 80 - 100 gals. per acre (1 - 11/3 gals. per 1,000 linear feet of row) in the seed furrow at planting time.

Wireworms

Broccoii
Brussels Sprouts
Cabbage
Cantaloupes
Carrots
Caudiflower
Celery
Collards
Cucumbers
Endive (escarole)
Kale
Lettuce
Lima Beans
Members

Onions Parsley Peas Peppers Potatoes Snap Beans Spinach Summer Squash Sweet Corn Sweet Potatoes

Summer Squas
Sweet Corn
Sweet Potatoes
Swiss Chard
Tomatoes
Watermelons
Winter Squash

Broadcast 3 - 4 qts: per acre prior to planting, and work into soil 4 - 8 inches immediately.



Potatoes

Wireworms: Broadcast 3 - 6 qts. per acre prior to planting. Immediately disk or harrow into soil 4 - 8 inches.

Southern Potato Wireworms (Southeastern U.S.): For use to control southern potato wireworms in potatoes grown on mineral soils in the Southeast, apply 2 - 4 qts. per acre as a soil treatment prior to planting, and immediately mixed thoroughly by disking, or other suitable means into the top 3 - 6 inches of soil, depending on location of wireworms.

Field and Forage Foliar Insects

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Unless otherwise stated, foliar applications of Diazinon AG500 should always be applied to field and forage crops as a spray in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre for aerial applications and a minimum of 10 gals. of water per acre for ground applications.

Alfalfa and Clover

Spotted Alfalfa Aphids, Yellow Clover Aphids, Pea Aphids, Leafhoppers, Plant Bug Nymphs, Mites: Apply 3/4 - 1 pt. per acre.

Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt. per acre.

Following the above applications, dairy and beef cattle and sheep (1) may be grazed immediately following application, (2) may be fed green alfalfa or clover immediately following cutting, and (3) may be fed hay provided alfalfa or clover is not cut for hay for 7 days following treatment.

Alfalfa Weevil Larvae: For control in the spring, apply 2 - 3 pts. per acre when feeding damage to grang tips becomes evident. Repeat application, if damage is already extensive, cut the hay and make application to the stubble. Do not



graze dairy and beef animals or sheep for 2 days. Do not cut for hay for 10 days following treatment.

Do not spray livestock directly with either air or ground equipment. Do not treat during bloom to avoid injury to pollinating insects.

Clover

Striped Ground Crickets: Broadcast 1 - 2 pts. per acre following seeding in the fall but prior to clover emergence.

Corn

Use a minimum of 1 gat, of water for aerial applications and 5 gals, of water for ground applications.

Corn Rootworm Adults: Apply ½ - 1 pt. per acre. Corn Leaf Aphids: Apply 1 - 2 pts. per acre. Complete coverage of the upper portions of the plants is essential. Repeat applications as necessary.

Mites: Apply 1 pt. per acre when infestations first appear. Repeat applications as necessary.

Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt. per acre.

Field and Forage Foliar Insects

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Sap Beetles: Apply 2 - 21/2 pts. per acre. Add 1 - 2 gals. of soluble mineral oil per acre to the spray mixture. Consult State Agricultural Experiment Stations or State Extension Service Specialists for proper timing of sprays.

Corn may be picked immediately following last application. Corn forage may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep.

Cotton

Spider Mites, Aphids, Leafhoppers, Lygus, Cotton Leafworms, Cotton Leaf Perforators: Apply 1 - 2 pts. in 5 - 25 gals. of water per acre. Repeat as infestation warrants.

Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not graze treated cotton plants, or feed gin waste to livestock.

Hops

Aphids, Mites: Apply 1 qt. per acre. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

Sorghum

Us minimum of 1 gal. of water for aerial applications and 5 gals. of water for ground applications.



Sorghum Midge: Apply 1/2 - 1 pt. per acre when 90% of heads have emerged from the boot. Repeat application within 4 days.

Mites: Apply 1 pt. per acre when infestation first appears and repeat applications as necessary.

Greenbug: Apply at the rates indicated below when infestation first appears and repeat as necessary.

Texas and Okiahoma—Apply 1/2 - 1 pt. per acre. All Other Areas—Apply 1 pt. per acre.

Crop may be fed to livestock immediately following treatment. Do not apply within 7 days of harvesting for grain.

Sugar Beets

Leafhoppers. Dipterous Leaf Miners, Aphids: Apply ³/₄ - 1 pt. per acre.

Note: Tops may be fed to beef and dairy animals.

Sugarcane

Aphids: Apply 1/2 - 1 pt. per acre. Allow 1 de atween last application and harvest. Bagasse and forage may be fed to livestock.

Field and Forage Foliar Insects

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Tobacco

Aphids, Flea Beetles: Apply ½ - ¾ pt. per acre. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.





Unless otherwise stated, soil applications of Diazinon AG500 should always be applied to field and forage crops as a spray in a minimum of 5 gals, of water per acre for ground applications.

Alfalfa and Clover

Cutworms (Surface and Subjerranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately 2 - 3 inches for surface cutworms, 3 - 6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

Corn

Corn Rootworm Larvae

Band Application at Planting Time: Apply 1 - 2 qts. per acre. Make application in the seed furrow or apply $2^1/2$ - 5 oz. per 1,000 linear feet of corn row in a 4 - 7 inch band directly behind the planter shoe. For band treatment refer to the row spacing chart for amounts recommended per acre.

Postemergence Basal Treatment: Apply 11/202/202, per 1,000 linear feet of corn row in subant water to thoroughly wet base of corn plant and a narrow band of soil next to the plant. Refer to the row spacing chart for amounts recommended per

Field and Forage Soil Insects

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acre. Cover treated band with 2 - 3 inches of soil using a disk hiller or cultivator immediately after spraying. Application should be made at the first sign of corn rootworm larvae, but not later than June 24 in the Middle Corn Belt, or July 1 in the Northern Corn Belt.

Suggested Rates According to Row Spacing For Corn Rootworm Larvae Control

Row Spacing	Linear feet of Corn row/acre 10,890	Rate per acre Planting time application 28-56 oz.	Postemergence bassi treatment 14-28 oz.
42"	12,455	31-62 oz.	15.5-31 oz.
40"	13,068	32-64 oz.	16-32 oz.
		(1-2 qts.)	(1/2-1 qt.)
38"	13,939	35-70 oz.	17.5-35 oz.
36"	14,250	36-72 oz.	18-36 oz.
30"	17.424	44-88 oz.	22-44 oz
24	21,780	55-110 oz	27.5-55 oz.
20"	26,136	64-128 oz.	32-64 oz
		(2-4 qts)	(1-2 ats.)
15"	34 848	88 176 67	44 00 07

NOTE: For row spacings not listed, calculate the appropriate dosage based on the 40-inch row figure. Second Maggots: Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into soil 2 inches immediately.

Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre. For surface cutworms apply just prior to planting or when larvae first appear and work into soil 1 - 2 inches immediately. Do not apply later than layby. For subterranean cutworms apply just prior to planting and work into soil 3 - 6 inches immediately.

Wireworms: Apply 3 - 4 qts. per acre prior to planting and work into the soil 4 - 8 inches immediately. Corn may be picked immediately following last application. Corn forage may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep.

Cowpeas

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Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qts, per acre, just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2 - 3 inches for surface cutworms, 3 - 6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

Lespedeza

Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broad ast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Wo the soil immediately, 2 - 3 inches for surface cutworms, 3 - 6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

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Peanuts

Cutworms: Apply 2 qts. per acre in a 12-inch band over the row. Thorough coverage of the foliage is essential. Begin application when small larvae appear. Two or three additional applications at three-week intervals may be necessary. Do not apply within 21 days of peanut harvest.

Livestock (1) may be fed peanut hulls, (2) may be fed peanut forage 7 days following treatment and (3) may be fed peanut hay 21 days following treatment.

Sorghum

Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2 - 3 inches for surface cutworms, 3 - 6 inches for subterranean cutworms. Soybeans

Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2 - 3 inches for surface cutworm, 3 - 6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

Surface Surface and Subterranean cutworms.

Will orms: Apply 1 gal. per acre just prior to planting, and work into soil 4 - 8 inches immediately. Tops may be fed to beef and dairy animals.

Wireworms: Apply 1 gal. per acre in a 12-inch band centered over the furrow. Make application directly to seed pieces in open furrow at covering time.

Tobacco

Cutworms: Broadcast 2 - 3 qts. per acre before transplanting and work into the soil 2 - 4 inches immediately.

Green June Beetle Larvae; Mix 1/4 pt. in 50 gals. of water and apply as a drench (100 gals, per 100 sq. .yds.) to uprooted areas of plant beds with sprinkling can.

Mole Crickets: Broadcast 1 qt. per acre, when insects are present. Make application to beds or fields 1 - 2 days prior to sowing of seed or transplanting, and work into soil 1 - 2 inches immediately.

Seed-Corn Maggots: Broadcast 3 pts. per acre, 3 -4 weeks before transplanting. Work into soil 2 inches immediately.

Wireworms: Broadcast 2 - 3 qts. per acre. weeks before transplanting. Work into soil 6 - 9 inches immediately.



Unless otherwise stated, Diazinon AG500 should always be applied as a spray in a minimum of 1 gal. of water per acre for aerial applications and a minimum of 5 gals. of water per acre for ground ap-

Bermudagrass and Forage Grasses (other than Range and Pasture Grasses)

Thrips, Whiteflies, Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt. per

Dairy and beef cattle, and sheep (1) may be grazed immediately following application, (2) may be fed green forage immediately following cutting, and (3) forage grasses may be cut for hay 7 days following treatment. Do not repeat application more often than once every 30 days.

Rangeland, Pasture, Ditch Banks, Roadsides, Wasteland, Noncrop Area, And Barrier Strips Grasshoppers: Apply 3/4 - 1 pt. per acre in water or oil (minimum of 1 gal. of oil per acre) when insects first appear, preferably in the nymphal stage. gh coverage of the foliage is essential.

Daily and beef cattle and sheep (1) may be grazed immediately following application, (2) may be fed green forage immediately following cutting, and (3)



may be fed hay provided grass is not cut for hay for 21 days if the spray is a water solution, or for 30 days if the spray is an oil solution. Do not spray livestock directly with either air or ground equipment. Do not repeat application for 30 days.



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To control certain insects on Arborvitae, Azalea, Birch, Boxwood, Camellia, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Douglas Fir, Elm, Gladioli, Hawthorn, Holly, Juniper, Lilac, Locust, Mapte, Oak, Pine, Plum, Poplar, Rhododendron, Rose, Spruce, and Willow, apply the recomended rates indicated below.

insects	Rate per 3 gais, water	Rate per 100 gals water
Aphids, Bagworms, Carnation Bud Mites, Carnation Shoot Mites, Clover Mites, Cycleman Mites, Dipterous Leaf Miners, European Pine Shoot Moths, European Red Mites, Flee Beetles, Holly Bud Moths, Leafhoppers, Obscure Root Weevils, Omnivorous Leaf Tiers, Privet Mites, Scale Crawlers (cottony- Cust Lecanium, Pine Need Lean Jose, Soft, Scale), Thrips, Two- Spotted Mites, Webworms, Whitelies	1/2 fl. oz.	1 pt."



Apple-and-Thorn
Skeletonizers, Cotoneaster Webworms, Fall
Webworms, Hemlock
Chermes, Oak Loopers,
Oblique-banded Leat
Rollers, Pear Slugs,
Tent Caterpillars

11 fl. oz. - 2 tablespoons 16 fl. oz. - 1 pint

Do not use on certain Ferns, Poinsettia, Hibiscus, Papaya, Pilea, and Gardenia, since injury to the plants may occur.

Mimosa Webworms: Mix $\frac{1}{2}$ fl. oz. in 3 gals. of water (or 1 pt. in 100 gals. of water) and apply as a thorough foliar spray when adults first appear. Make a second and third application at 4 - 5 week intervals.

Lawn Insect Control

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To control insects listed below, apply recommended rates. For control of Ants, Brown Dog Ticks, Clover Mites, Crickets, Earwigs, Fleas, Millipedes, Sowbugs, and Collembola (Springtails), which are commonly found near the house and may enter the house, spray a 5-ft. band of soil around the house, as well as the house foundation wall to a height of 2 - 3 ft. Repeat application if necessary.

Insects	Rate/1,000 sq. ft.		Remarks
	Diaz- inon AG 500	Water	
Lawn Chinch Bugs	2 - 3 fl. oz. or 3 - 6 fl. oz.	25 gais.	Use higher rate for longer residual control and in lawns of dense growth, such as St. Augustine lawns.





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Lawn Insect Control



Ants. Army- worms. Clover Miles. Collembola (Springfails) Crickets. Cutworms. Digger Wasps. Earwigs. Frit Flies. Lawn Billbugs. Sod Webworms. (Tawn Moths)	4 11 oz.	3 gais.	Spot spray ant hills and wasp ground nest openings. For lawn billbugs, irrigate the lawn thoroughly immediately after treatment. For frit flies, mow grass and water well before treatment but delay application until grass is dry. Do not water again until necessary.
Brown Dog Ticks Bermuda Mites. Chiggers Fleas Leafnoppers	1-1/4 ft oz	3 gals.	Do not apply to animals For brown dog ticks spray grass and under shrubbery, particu- larly near house.
Millipedes	8 ft. oz	3 gals	
Rhodes-grass Scales	5 fl oz	25 gals.	Apply when crawler first emerge.

Lawn Insect Control

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*Alternately, make application in 3 gals. of water per 1,000 sq. ft. and thoroughly water immediately following application.

Boxelder Bugs: Spray bugs outside the home with $1^1/4 - 2^1/2$ fl. oz. $(2^1/2 - 5$ tablespoons) in 1 gal. water. At the same time thoroughly spray around foundation, windows, doors, tree trunks, and into cracks and other places where the insects hide.

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