SMCP

SOR CHLORDANE

Emulsifiable Insecticide

MCTIVE INGREDIENTS::	
Technical Chlordane	50.0%
Aliphatic Solvent	45.0%
NERT INGREDIENTS	
TOTAL	100.0%

*Equivalent to 30.0% Octachloro-4 7-mothanotetrahydroindene and 20.0% related compounds.

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION

See Side Panels for Additional Precautionary Statements

E.P.A. Reg. No. 6720-71

E.P.A. Est. No. 6720-FL-1

MANUFACTURED BY

SOUTHERN MILL CREEK PRODUCTS COMPANY, INC.

Tampa, Florida 33601

in EPA Letter Date

OCT 1 41982

Under the Federal Inserticida, Françoide tha Underticate Act to municipal, are the proficide torogrand under EPA Reg. No.

SHOTERRANEAN TERMITE CONTROL DIRECTIONS FOR USE ONLY FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE AND STORAGE BY CONMERCIAL PEST CONTROL OPERATORS

"It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling."

Chemicals for soil treatment are used to establish a harrier which is repellent to termites. The chemical emulsion must be adequately dispersed in the soil to provide a barrier between the wood in the structure and the termite colonies in the soil.

It is necessary for the effective use of this product that the service technician be familiar with current control practices including trenching, rodding, subslab injection, and low pressure spray applications. These techniques must be correctly employed to prevent or control infestations by subterranean termite species of Reticulitermes, Zootermopsis, Heterotermes, and Coptotermes. Choice of appropriate procedures includes consideration of such variable factors as the design of the structure, water table, soil type, soil compaction, grade conditions, and the location and type of domestic water supplies. The biology and behavior of the involved termite species are important factors to be known as all as suspected location of the colony and severity of the infestation within the structure be protected. For advice concerning current control practices for specific local conditions, consult resources in structural pest control.

Contamination of public and private water supplies must be avoided by following these precautions: Use antiback-flow equipment or procedures to prevent siphonage of pesticide back into water supplies. Do not treat structures that contain disterns or wells. Do not treat soil that is water saturated or frozen. Consult state and local specifications for recommended distances of treatment areas from wells, and refer to Federal Housing Administrations Specifications for further guidance.

All nonessential wood and cellulose containing materials, including scrap wood and form boards, should be removed from around foundations walls, crawl spaces, and porches. This does not include existing structural soil contact wood that either has been or needs to be treated.

PRECONSTRUCTION SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE TREATMENT

Effective preconstruction subterranean termite control requires the establishment of an unbroken vertical and/or horizontal chemical barrier between wood in the structure and the termite colonies in the soil. To meet F.H.A. termite proofing requirements, follow the latest edition of the Housing and Urban Development (H.U.D.) Minimum Property Standards.

Use a .1% water emulsion for subterranean termites. Add 2 gallons of SNCP 50% Chlordane in 96 gallons of water to produce a .1% water emulsion.

After grading is completed and prior to the pouring of the slab, slab supporced/constructed porches or entrance platforms, make the following treatments. Applications shall be made by a low pressure spray for horizontal barriers over areas intended for covering floors, porches and other critical areas.

Establish a vertical harrier in areas such as around the base of foundations, plumbing back-filled soil against foundation walls and other critical areas.

SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE CONTROL DIRECTIONS FOR USE ONLY FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE AND STORAGE BY COMMERCIAL PEST CONTROL OPERATORS

"It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling."

Chemicals for soil treatment are used to establish a barrier which is repellent to termites. The chemical emulsion must be adequately dispersed in the soil to provide a barrier between the wood in the structure and the termite colonies in the soil.

It is necessary for the effective use of this product that the service technician be familiar with current control practices including trenching, rodding, subslab injection, and low pressure spray applications. These techniques must be correctly employed to prevent or control infestations by subterranean termite species of Reticulitermes, Zootermopsis, Heterotermes, and Coptotermes. Choice of appropriate procedures includes consideration of such variable factors as the design of the structure, water table, soil type, soil compaction, grade conditions, and the location and type of domestic water supplies. The biology and behavior of the involved termite species are important factors to be known as all as suspected location of the colony and severity of the infestation within the structure, be protected. For advice concerning current control practices for specific local conditions, consult resources in structural pest control.

Contamination of public and private water supplies must be avoided by following these precautions: Use antiback-flow equipment or procedures to prevent siphonage of pesticide back into water supplies. Do not treat structures that contain eisterns or wells. Do not treat soil that is water saturated or frozen. Consult state and local specifications for recommended distances of treatment areas from wells, and refer to Federal Housing Administrations Specifications for further guidance.

All nonessential wood and cellulose containing materials, including scrap wood and form boards, should be removed from around foundations walls, crawl spaces, and porches. This does not include existing structural soil contact wood that either has been or needs to be treated.

PRECONSTRUCTION SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE TREATMENT

Effective preconstruction subterranean termite control requires the establishment of an unbroken vertical and/or horizontal chemical barrier between wood in the structure and the termite colonies in the soil. To meet F.H.A. termite proofing requirements, follow the latest edition of the Housing and Urban Development (H.U.D.) Minimum Property Standards.

Use a .1% water emulsion for subterranean termites. Add 2 gallons of SMCP 50% Chlordane in 96 gallons of water to produce a .1% water emulsion.

After grading is completed and prior to the pouring of the slab, slab supporced/constructed porches or entrance platforms, make the following treatments. Applications shall be made by a low pressure spray for horizontal barriers over areas intended for covering floors, porches and other critical areas.

Establish a vertical barrier in areas such as around the base of foundations, plumbing back-filled soil against foundation walls and other critical areas.

- 1. Where it is necessary to produce a horizontal barrier, apply the emulsion at the rate of 1 pullon per 10 square feet to fill dirt. If fill is wished gravel or other coarse material, apply at 15 gallons per 10 square feet. It is important that the emulsion reaches the soil substrate.
 - a. If concrete slabs cannot be poured over the soil the same day it has been treated, a water-proof cover, such as polyethylene sheeting, should be placed over the soil. This is not necessary if foundation walls have been installed around the treated soil.
- To produce a vertical barrier, apply the emulsion at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth.
 - a. Rodding and/or trenching applications should not be made below the top of the footing.
 - b. Trench need not be wider than 6 inches.
 - c. Rod holes should extend from the base of the trench to the top of the footing, and should be spaced (about a foot) to provide a continuous barrier.
- d. Emulsion should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench. Cover treated soil with a layer of untreated soil, or other suitable barrier such as polyethylene sheeting.
- 3. Hollow block foundations or voids of masoury should be treated to make a continuous chemical barrier in voids. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet so it will reach the footing.
- 4. For crawl spaces apply at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet and foot of depth from grade to bottom of foundations. Application may be made by rodding and/or trenching (utilizing low pressure spray). Treat both sides of foundation and around all piers and pipes.
 - a. Rod holes should be spaced (about 1 foot) to provide a continuous chemical barrier.
- b. Trench need not be wider than 6 inches nor below the foundation. The emulsion should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench. Cover the treated soil with a layer of untreated soil or other suitable barrier such as polyethylene sheeting.

POSTCONSTRUCTION TREATMENTS

Use a 15 water emulsion for subterranean termites. Add 2 gallons of SMCP 50% Chlordage in 96 gallons of water to produce a 18 water emulsion.

Postconstruction applications shall be made by injection, rodding, and/or trenching (using low pressure spray).

Do not apply emulsion until location of heat or air conditioning ducts, vents, water and sewer lines and electrical conduits are known and identified. Extreme caution must be taken to avoid contamination of these structural elements and airways.

1. For slab-on-ground construction apply at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet. Applications may be made by sub-slab injection and/or trenching. Injectors should not extend beyond the tops of the footings. Treat along the outside of the foundation and where necessary just beneath the slab on the inside of foundation walls. Treatment may also be required just beneath the slab along one side of interior partitions and along all cracks and expansion joints.

- a. Drill hores in the slab to provide a continuous chemical barrier.
- b. Where necessary, drill through the foundation walls from the outside and force the emulsion just beneath the slab either along the inside of the foundation or along all the cracks and expansion joints and other critical areas.
- c. For shallow foundations, I foot or less, dig a narrow trench approximately six inches wide along the outside of the foundation walls. Do not dig below the bottom of the foundation. The emulsion should be applied to the trench and the soil at 4 gallons per 10 linear feet as the soil is replaced in the trench. Cover the treated soil with a layer of untreated soil.
- d. For foundations deeper than 1 foot follow rates for basements.
- Hollow block foundations or voids of masonry should be treated to make a continuous chemical barrier in voids. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet.
- 3. For basements apply at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet. Where footings are greater than 1 foot of depth from the grade to the bottom of the foundation application may be made by trenching and/or rodding at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet per foot of depth. Treat outside of foundation walls, and if necessary beneath the basement floor along inside of foundation walls, along cracks in basement floors, along interior load bearing walls, round sewer pipes, conduits, and piers.
- 4. In crawl spaces apply at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from grade to bottom of foundation. Application may be made by rodding and/or trenching (utilizing low pressure spray). Treat both sides of foundation and around all piers and pipes.
 - a. Rod holes should be spaced (about 1 foot) to provide a continuous chemical barrier.
 - b. Trench need not be wider than 6 inches nor <u>below</u> the foundation. The emulsion should be mixed with the soil as it is replaced in the trench. Cover the treated soil with a layer of untreated soil or other suitable barrier such as polyethylene sheeting.
- c. For inaccessible crawl spaces, treat soil by an alternate method such as drilling and rodding through foundation walls from the outside.

All treatment holes drilled in construction elements of living areas of homes should be securely plugged.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans & Homestic Animals

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Contact with skin can cause toxic symptons Avoid breathing spray mist. In case of contact with skin, wash with soap and water. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs.

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish, birds, and other wildlife. Birds feeding on treated areas may be killed. Keep out of lakes, streams, and ponds. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather favors drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or open flame.

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STATEMENT OF PRATICAL TREATMENT

If swallowed - Drink one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

If inhaled - Remove victim to fresh air and apply respiration if indicated.

If on skin - Wash promptly with soap and water. Rinse thoroughly.

If in eyes - Rinse eyes for at least 15 minutes with soap and water and call a physician immediately.

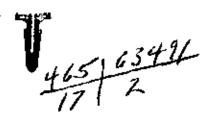
STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not store where water, food, or feed can become contaminated.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide, spray mixture or rinse water than cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to Federal or approved state procedures under Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse(or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration if allowed by state and local authorities.

NOTICE: Seller's guaranty shall be limited to the terms of the label and subject thereto. The buyer assumes any risk to persons or property arising out of use or handling and accepts the product on these conditions.



OCT 1 4 1882

Southern Hill Creek Products Company, Inc. 5414 North 56th Street Tarpa, FL 33010

Attention: Karen Roberts

Gentlemen:

Subject: Termiticide L.I.P. 50% Chlordane Emulsifiable Insecticide EPA Registration No. 6720-71 Your Application of March 4, 1982

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insusticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. A stamped copy is enclosed for your records.

At the next label printing, incorporate the following revisions:

- On the front panel, directly belo, the product's name, there should be a reference to use only by profess; wal applicators which should read: "Only For Sale To And Use And Storage By Commercial Pest Control Applicators. The subheading to the use directions should also read as noted above.
- 2. In the specific use directions, there should be a section on retreatment which should be placed at the end of the use directions. Refer to the statements given in the LIP enclosure provided in the November 9, 1981, mailing.
- 3. In the Precautionary Statements, under the subheading Environmental Bazarda, delete the following centendes which may appears
 - birds feeding on treated areas may be killed.
 - Birds and other wildlife in treated erass may be killed.
 - Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur.
 - Do not apply when weather favors drift from treated areas.

4. Pavise the Statement of Practical Treatment to read:

STATIMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If swallowed - Call a physician on Poison Control Center immediately. Gastric lawage is indicated if paterial was taken internally. DO FOR INDIXE WOMITING: vomiting may cause aspiration penumonia.

If inhaled - Remove victim to fresh mir. Apply artificial respiration if indicated.

If on skin - Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with soap and water.

If in eyes - Flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention immediately.

The National Post Control Association (NPCA) has recommended the attached revisions be used to the commercial applicator use directions of all termiticide products for soil treatment. You should include these revisions in your final printed label where applicable.

Sincerely yours,

George T. LaRocca Product Hanager (15) Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Megistration Division (TM-767)

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