

### DIRECTIONS

#### General:

STA-RITE 14 must be diluted prior to use to make a standard 5 percent treating solution. To each gallon of STA-RITE 14 add 4 gallons of mineral spirits and mix well before application to wood. Measure these liquids accurately to insure the proper strength treating solution.

#### Storage:

STA-RITE 14 becomes thick in cold weather and may be difficult to pour. Therefore, it should be stored in a warm place (above 60° F.) if possible. If this is not possible, roll the drum for a few minutes just prior to dilution to help mix any components that may have layered. In any kind of storage keep the drum closed. This stops evaporation and keeps water out.

#### Type of Diluent:

For most purposes — treating window sash, frames, exterior doors, fence pickets, or any wood to be painted—use mineral spirits. This solvent is sold under a variety of trade names and is sometimes called Stoddard solvent or oleum spirits. Use a product with a flash point above 100° F. and a distillation end point less than 400° F.

For situations where very fast drying is needed, V.M.&P. Naphtha can be used as the diluent. The resulting treating solution will have a flash point well under 100° F, and special care is needed to keep the fire hazard at a minimum.

Where long drying times are acceptable or the treated wood is not to be finished, kerosene can be use as a diluent.

#### Treating Wood:

The solution prepared from STA-RITE 14 is intended primarily for imparting decay and fungus stain protection to wood, water repellency, and protection from powder post beetles and termites. However, the treated wood is meant to be used away from the soil.

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.

## Concentrated Water Repellent

# WOOD PRESERVATIVE

**CONTROLS** Decay, Fungus stain, Powder post beetles, Termites on Wood

**GUARDS** Wood from Checking, Grain raising, Opening of Joints, Absorption of Water, Swelling, and Shrinkage

#### ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

Pentachlorophenol	18.70%
Other Chlorophenols	2.17%
Petroleum Distillate	43.10%

**INERT INGREDIENTS** 36.03%

## WARNING

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Causes skin irritation. Harmful or fatal if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Do not breathe spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not take internally. In case of swallowing induce vomiting by administering warm salt water or emetic. Do not contaminate feed or food stuffs. Do not use on products that will be used in contact with food or feed or contacted by children.

Wear protective clothing and rubber gloves when handling freshly treated lumber.

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Keep out of lakes, streams, or ponds. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

### DIRECTIONS

For easily treated wood such as pine sapwood, gum sapwood, and oak sapwood a 3 minute immersion is sufficient for use where decay hazard is moderate such as siding, door thresholds, window sash, exterior doors, and beverage cases. More difficult to penetrate species such as Douglas fir, hemlock, spruce, maple and elm, to mention a few, will benefit from water repellency standpoint by a 3 minute dip but decay protection will not be as great. For more details on penetrability of other species see STA-RITE Bulletin.

A general rule on time of treatment is that the more severe exposures of the treated wood require longer immersions up to a point where pressure treatment is needed. Outdoor furniture parts require more protection than window sash. Boat dock planking needs up to 24 hours immersion, depending on the kind of wood.

All wood should be dry when treated.

Special care should be taken to see that all machining and sanding are done before treating in STA-RITE.

#### Painting the treated wood:

The diluting solvent must be allowed to evaporate from the treated wood before it can be successfully painted. Treated pieces of wood should be exposed to air on all sides for most rapid drying. During good drying conditions, temperature above 75° F, about 12 hours drying time is needed on ponderosa pine, southern yellow pine, or white pine that has been given a 3 minute dip. Longer immersions, cold weather, and highly absorptive pieces require drying times of 48 to 72 hours.

#### Coverage:

One gallon of STA-RITE treating solution will treat 40 to 45 average single sash of ponderosa pine in a 3 minute dip. One gallon by brush application will cover about 150 square feet.

See STA-RITE 14 bulletin for retentions on lumber.

BUYER ASSUMES ALL RISKS OF USE, STORAGE OR HANDLING OF THIS MATERIAL. NOT IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH DIRECTIONS GIVEN HEREWITH.

Net U. S. Gallons

E.P.A. Registration No. 6651-2

A PRODUCT OF

# SONFORD PRODUCTS CORPORATION

SONFORD

### DIRECTIONS

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**Storage:** STARFEE should be stored in a cool, dry place. Do not store in a hot, humid environment. For best results, apply STARFEE to clean, dry wood. Do not apply to wet or oily wood.

**Type of Diluent:** For best results, use water as the diluent. Do not use oil-based solvents. For best results, use water as the diluent. Do not use oil-based solvents.

**Application:** Apply STARFEE to the wood surface with a brush or spray. For best results, apply STARFEE to the wood surface with a brush or spray.

**Preparation:** Prepare the wood surface by sanding or planing. For best results, prepare the wood surface by sanding or planing.

**Protective Coating:** Apply STARFEE to the wood surface. For best results, apply STARFEE to the wood surface.

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**Painting the treated wood:** The drying time must be allowed to evaporate from the treated wood before it can be sanded or painted. Treated pieces of wood should be allowed to dry on all sides for most rapid drying. Drying in dry conditions should be avoided. Drying in wet conditions should be avoided. Drying in wet conditions should be avoided.

**Coverage:** STARFEE should be applied to the wood surface. For best results, apply STARFEE to the wood surface.

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