MAR 1 7 1999

Richey Industries, Inc. P.O. Box 928 Medina, OH 44258-0928

Attention: Alan G. Sprague

Gentlemen:

Subject: 2-Inch Fast Dissolving 2-1/2 oz Shock Tabs

EPA Registration No. 6284-46

Lithochlor Shock

RPA Registration No. 6284-50

Your Amendments Dated June 24, 1988

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, is acceptable subject to the comment listed below. Five copies of the finished labeling must be submitted.

- Delete the words "General Classification" from under the "Directions for Use" heading.

incersly yours,

Jeff Kempter

Froduct Manager (32)

Antimicrobial Program Branch

√ Registration Division (H7504C)

57072:I:Prin, 10:11k-17:EEECO:03/15/89:04/26/89:ew:VO:8G:ew

(FRONT PANEL)

Completely Soluble

Lithochlor Shock

For Swimming Pools

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated:

MAR-17 1989

Available Chlorine . . . 35%

Keep Out Of Reach Of Children

DANGER

See First Aid and Additional Precautions On Side Panel

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EPA Reg. No. 6284-50

Precentionary Statements

Hagards to Humans & Domestic Animals Keep Out Of Reach Of Children

Bighly corrosive. Causes skin and eye damage. May be fatal if awallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. When handling, wear rubber gloves and goggles or face shield and use only thoroughly clean dry utensils. Irritating to nose and throat. Avoid breathing dust and fumes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds, or public waterways unless in accordance with a NPDES permit. For guidance, contact the regional office of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS:

STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT

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Mix only into water. Use clean dry utenails. Do not add this product to any dispensing device containing the remains of any other product. Such use may cause a violent reaction leading to fire or explosion. Contamination with moisture, organic matter or other chemicals will start a chemical reaction and generate heat, chlorine gas (and possible fire and explosion). In case of contamination or decomposition, do not reseal container. If possible, isolate container in open air or well ventilated area. Flood with large volumes of water, if necessary.

PRACTICAL TREATMENT (FIRST AID)

IF SWALLOWED: 'Promptly drink large quantities of water. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Avoid alcohol.

IF ON SKIN: Brush off excess chemical and flush skin with cold water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Flush with cold water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

(Side Panel)

(6284-50)

EASY TO USE - JUST BROADCAST ONTO FOOL - COMPLETELY SOLUBLE HIGHLY EFFECTIVE BACTERICIDE AND DISINFECTANT - SIMPLIFIES MAINTENANCE

DIRECTIONS FOR USE General Classification

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

POOL START-UP--INITIAL TREATMENT

- 1. Backwash your filter.
- Brand pool water pH within a range of 7.2 to 7.6.
 Add dry acid to reduce pH or soda ash to increase pH as prescribed on labels.
- Add 15 ounces of this product per 5,000 gallons of water.
- Add water conditioner (cyanuric acid) as recommended on label.
- 5. Start maintenance program.

MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

The chlorine residual should be maintained between 1 to 3 ppm available chlorine as determined by a chlorine test kit. Under normal conditions, this residual can be maintained by the daily addition of approximately 3 ounces of this product for each 5,000 gallons of pool water—if the pool water is properly stabilized with 30 to 50 ppm of cyanuric acid. Severe conditions such as high temperature or continued use by many people, will require higher daily dosage, whereas smaller doses may suffice in spring and fall or when the pool is not being subjected to normal bathing loads.

SHOCK TREAT

Shock you pool ever two weeks, and after a rain or at the first sight of green or cloudy water. Extremes in temperature, swimmer loads, wind and dust can cause bacteria, algae and debris to accumulate in pool water and can require weekly shock treatment. To shock, add 10 times the normal daily addition, or a minimum of 15 ounces per 5.000 gallons of pool water. Treat pool at night—do not allow swimmers to enter the pool until the chlorine level has dropped to 3 ppm.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Feep this product dry in a tightly closed container when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from heat or open flame. In case of decomposition, isolate container (if possible) and flood area with large amounts of water to dissolve all materials before discarding this container. Do not reuse empty container but place in trash collection. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment.

Sold Ry: Richey Industries, Inc. Medina, OH 44256

EFA Est. No. 6284-0H-2 EFA Reg. No. 6284-50

