

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, clothing. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes and skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

This product is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from the areas treated. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not contaminate water by cleaning equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

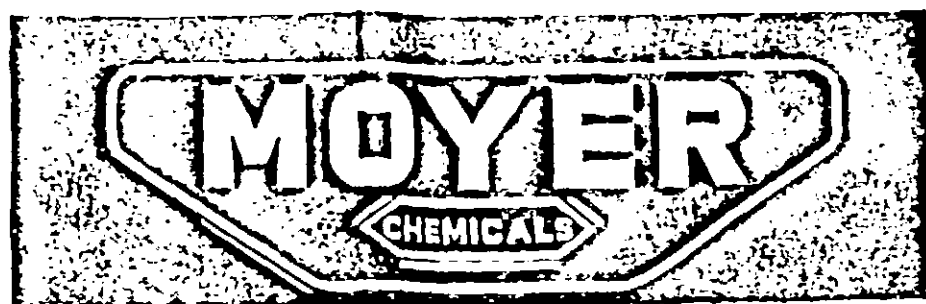
It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Mix in water with agitation, agitate while spraying. Use designated amount of product in the following gallons of water per acre, unless otherwise noted. Vegetable and Field Crops — 20 to 250 gallons by ground, 5 to 10 gallons by air. Small Fruits — 20 to 250 gallons by ground, 7 to 10 gallons by air. Tree Fruits — 40 to 800 gallons by ground, 10 to 20 gallons by air. Citrus — 100 to 3,000 gallons by ground, 10 to 20 gallons by air. On young fruit trees, use a minimum of 20 gallons by ground per acre.

[illegible]

POSITION: The M. ...
this ...
waste ...

On 11/11/11, I received a letter from the State of
California, dated 11/11/11, regarding the State of
California's request for information regarding the
of bars in a restaurant. I will be providing all
all of the State will also be provided. I will be
11/11/11



ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Copper (in Basic Copper Sulfate) expressed as metallic
 INERT INGREDIENTS (including 19% Zinc as elemental)

By the gth

190%

310%

100 0%

HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED, DO NOT SWALLOW OR INHALE

See Additional precautions on side panel

PRACTICAL TREATMENT: (First Aid)

IF SWALLOWED: Administer water freely and induce vomiting by sticking finger down throat. Repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Professional medical assistance should be sought immediately.

IF ON SKIN: Blouse off material and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

IF IN EYES: Wash with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

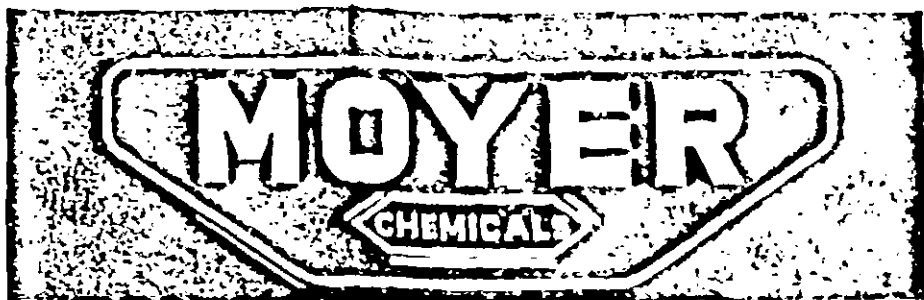
IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air. **IF NOT BREATHING:** give artificial respiration preferably mouth to mouth. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

PRECAUCIÓN

[illegible]

MANUFACTURED BY
MOYER CHEMICAL COMPANY

NET WEIGHT 12 LBS



Cu Zn

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Copper (in Basic Copper Sulfate) expressed as metal
INERT INGREDIENTS (Including 19% Zinc as element)

TOTAL

By weight

100
100
100

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED, DO NOT SWALLOW OR INHALE

See Additional precautions on side panel

PRACTICAL TREATMENT: (First Aid)

- IF SWALLOWED: Administer water freely and induce vomiting by stirring finger down throat. Repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Professional medical attention should be secured immediately.
- IF ON SKIN: Rinse off material and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
- IF IN EYES: Wash with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
- IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air. IF NOT BREATHING, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

PRECAUTION

Do not use on crops or plants which are susceptible to copper poisoning. Do not use on crops or plants which are susceptible to zinc poisoning. Do not use on crops or plants which are susceptible to both copper and zinc poisoning.

MANUFACTURED FOR

MOYER CHEMICAL COMPANY

NET WEIGHT 12 LBS

ALMONDS: For control of Shot-hole bight — Use 13.95 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Use in dormant, petal fall and pocket sprays.

APPLES: For control of Fire-blight — Use 1.5 to 1.5 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin at 10% bloom. Repeat at 5 day intervals until late bloom is over.

APRICOTS: For control of Brown rot — Use 11 to 13 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Apply in red bud to petal fall stages. For control of Shot-hole — Use 14 to 24 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Apply as a fall or winter dormant spray, applying before the first rains. Repeat in red bud to popcorn stages.

CITRUS: (Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Oranges, Tangerines, Tangarines) For control of Brown rot — Use 1.32 to 4 lbs. plus 3 lbs. Zinc Sulfate and 4 lbs. Hydrated lime per 100 gals. of water. In California, for groves to be fumigated or where copper injury is a problem, use the lower rate. Where the groves are not to be fumigated or where copper injury is not a problem, use the higher rate. Apply at first indication of fall rains, or at first sign of disease.

PEACHES, NECTARINES: For control of Leaf curl and shot-hole — Use 11 to 16 lbs. per 100 gals. of water, or in California, use 34 to 44 lbs. per acre in sufficient water for good coverage, 25 to 50 lbs. per 20 gals. of water per acre by air — apply in dormant season.

PEARS: For control of Fire-blight — Use 1.4 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Apply 10% to 20% bloom, full bloom and at 5- to 7 day intervals during bloom. Do not use on Comice, Anjou or Seckel varieties.

STRAWBERRIES: Downy mildew, leaf blight, leaf scorch, leaf spot — Use 6.75 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin after leaves form. Repeat at 10- to 14 day intervals.

BROCCOLI, BRUSSELS SPROUTS, CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWER: For control of Downy Mildew and Leafy blight — Use 6 to 8 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin when plants are above ground in plant bed or before diseases appear. Repeat at 7- to 10 day intervals in plant bed and field.

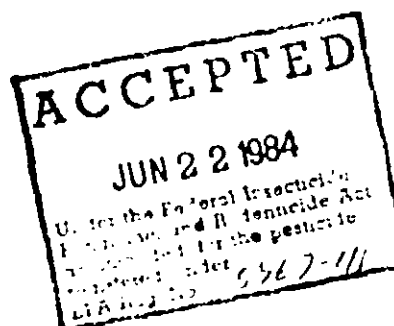
CELERY: For control of early blight, late blight, and leaf spots — Use 6 to 13 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin in plant bed or field when plants are 6 inches high or when diseases first appears. Repeat at 5- to 14-day intervals as necessary.

LETTUCE: For control of Downy mildew — Use 6 to 8 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin before disease appears. Repeat at 7- to 10 day intervals.

ONIONS: For control of Downy mildew — Use 6 to 8 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin when plants are 4 to 6 inches high. Repeat at 7 day intervals.

POTATOES: For control of early and late blight — Use 6 to 13 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin when plants emerge or when they are 4 to 6 inches high; or when blight first appears. Repeat at 7- to 10 day intervals or more frequently under severe blight conditions (rains or foggy periods).

TOMATOES: For control of Anthracnose, bacterial spot, early or late blight, or septoria — Use 11 to 13 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin in plant bed or field before disease appears. Repeat at 4- to 14 day intervals. For ground use only.



No warranty is made or expressed or implied by the use of this product other than that it is for the use and purposes stated on the label and/or directions of use and/or label of this product. When such use and/or label is not followed, the user assumes all liability for any damage or loss.

BEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE