

Cu Zn

ACTIVE INGREDIENT	By Weight
Copper (in Basic Copper Sulfate) expressed as metallic	19.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS (Including 19% Zinc as elemental)	81.0%
TOTAL.....	100.0%

CAUTION

**HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. AVOID INHALATION OF DUST OR SPRAY MIST
AVOID CONTAMINATION OF FEED AND FOODSTUFFS.**

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams or ponds. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

Apply this product only as specified on this label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON BACK PANEL

Do not re-use empty container. Destroy by burying with waste or burning. Stay away from smoke or fumes.

CAUTION: Keep Out of Reach of Children

EPA REGISTRATION NO. 5967-111 AA

EPA EST. 5967-CA-1

2.75

NET WEIGHT 12 LBS.

MANUFACTURED BY

MOYER CHEMICAL COMPANY

1310 BAYSHORE HIGHWAY

P. O. BOX 945

SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA

ACCEPTED

331 15

UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
FUNCTIONAL AND POTENTIAL ALL
FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTER
ED UNDER NO. 5967-111

CU ZN

DIRECTIONS FOR MIXING

Mix in water with agitation; agitate while spraying. Use designated amount of product in the following gallons of water per acre, unless otherwise noted: **Vegetable and Field Crops** — 20 to 250 gallons by ground, 5 to 10 gallons by air. **Small Fruits** — 20 to 250 gallons by ground, 7 to 10 gallons by air. **Tree Fruits** — 40 to 800 gallons by ground, 10 to 20 gallons by air. **Citrus** — 100 to 3,000 gallons by ground, 10 to 20 gallons by air. On young fruit trees, use a minimum of 20 gallons by ground per acre.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

ALMONDS: For control of Shothole blight — Use 13.95 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Use in dormant, petal fall and jacket sprays.

APPLES: For control of Fireblight — Use 1. to 1.5 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin at 10% bloom. Repeat at 5-day intervals until late bloom is over.

APRICOTS: For control of Brown rot — Use 11 to 13 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Apply in red bud to pre-jacket fall stages. For control of Shothole — Use 14 to 22 lbs. per 100 gals of water. Apply as a fall or winter dormant spray, applying before the first rains. Repeat in red bud to popcorn stages.

CITRUS: (Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Oranges, Tangerines, Tangelos): For control of Brown rot — Use 1.32 to 4 lbs. plus 3 lbs. Zinc Sulfate and 4 lbs. hydrated lime in 100 gals. of water. In California, for groves to be fumigated or where copper injury is a problem, use the lower rate. Where the groves are not to be fumigated or where copper injury is not a problem, use the higher rate. Apply at first indication of fall rains, or at first sign of disease.

PEACHES, NECTARINES: For control of Leaf curl and shothole — Use 11 to 16 lbs. per 100 gals. of water; or in California, use 34 to 44 lbs. per acre in sufficient water for good coverage; 25 to 50 lbs. per 20 gals. of water per acre by air — apply in dormant season.

PEARS: For control of Fireblight — Use 1.4 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Apply 10% to 20% bloom, full bloom and at 5- to 7-day intervals during bloom. Do not use on Comice, Anjou or Seckel varieties.

STRAWBERRIES: Downy mildew, leaf blight, leaf scorch, leaf spot — Use 6.75 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin after leaves form. Repeat at 10- to 14-day intervals.

BROCCOLI, BRUSSELS SPROUTS, CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWER: For control of Downy Mildew and Leaf spots — Use 6 to 8 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin when plants are above ground in plant bed or before diseases appear. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals in plant bed and field.

CELERY: For control of early blight, late blight, and leaf spots — Use 6 to 13 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin in plant bed or field when plants are 6 inches high or when diseases first appears. Repeat at 5- to 14-day intervals as necessary.

LETTUCE: For control of Downy mildew — Use 6 to 8 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin before disease appears. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals.

ONIONS: For control of Downy mildew — Use 6 to 8 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin when plants are 4 to 6 inches high. Repeat at 7-day intervals.

POTATOES: For control of early and late blight — Use 6 to 13 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin when plants emerge, or when they are 4 to 6 inches high; or when diseases appear. Repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals or more frequently under severe late blight conditions (rainy or foggy periods.)

TOMATOES: For control of Anthracnose, bacterial spot, early or late blight, or septoria — Use 6 to 13 lbs. per 100 gals. of water. Begin in plant bed or field before diseases appear. Repeat at 4- to 14-day intervals. For ground use only.

NOTICE TO BUYER — Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.