

Rates differ from BRAVO® 500 AGRICULTURAL FUNGICIDE



BRAVO® S

Agricultural Fungicide/Miticide with Adjuvants

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS	BY WT
Sulphur	27.25%
Chlorothalonil (tetrachloroisophthalonitrile)**	19.15%
INERT INGREDIENTS	53.60%
TOTAL	100.00%

Contains 2.96 pounds Sulphur and 2.08 pounds Chlorothalonil per gallon
 BRAVO is a registered trademark of Diamond Shamrock Corporation.
 **Covered under U.S. Patent No. 3,290,353, No. 3,331,735 and No. 3,948,636

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

See side panel for additional precautionary statements.

EPA EST. NO. 5905-GA-1
 EPA REG. NO. 5905-472

NET CONTENTS
 2.5 gallons (9.46 liters)



**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
 HAZARDS TO HUMANS
 (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS)
 CAUTION**

CAUSES EYE IRRITATION, SKIN SENSITIZER. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear goggles or eye shield when handling this product. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing spray mist. May cause irritation of nose, throat, or skin. Do not store near feed or food stuffs.

IF SWALLOWED: Give one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching finger to the back of throat.

IF ON SKIN: Wash thoroughly with soap and water.

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with plenty of water immediately for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

May produce temporary allergic side effects characterized by redness of the eyes, mild bronchial irritation and redness or rash on exposed skin areas. Persons having allergic reaction should contact a physician. Affected persons respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroids.

Note to physician: Persons having an allergic reaction respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroids.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

"This product is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and marine/estuarine organisms. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas."

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Store in cool place. Protect from excessive heat. If frozen may generally be restored after thawing and mixing. Repeated freezing/thawing cycles may impair utility.

Container Disposal: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, pesticide spray or mist is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

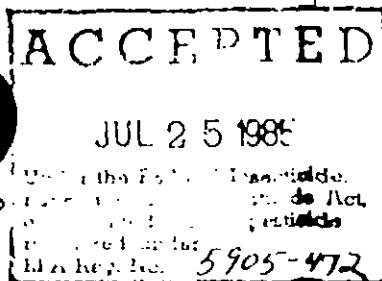
GENERAL DIRECTIONS

Note to User: This product may produce temporary allergic side effects characterized by redness of the eyes, mild bronchial irritation and redness or rash on exposed skin areas. Persons having allergic reaction should contact a physician.

Note to User: Wear long sleeve shirt, long pants, and gloves while mixing, loading, and applying this product.

Note to User: Do not enter treated area to perform hand labor within 24 hours of application unless protective clothing is worn.

Note to User: Do not rotate to crops other than those listed on labels within 12 months of the last treatment. After 12 months from the last application, leafy vegetables (e.g. spinach, lettuce, kale, etc.) may also be rotated.



Application and Calibration Techniques for Sprinkler Irrigation: 5905-472 PM 21 1061

A. Center Pivot and Traveling Gun Irrigation Equipment -
 Operate system and injection equipment at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used. Fill tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete circle for center pivot or one complete run for traveling gun equipment, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage contained in circle or run. Mix recommended amount of Bravo S for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until Bravo S has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

B. Solid Set and Portable (Wheel Move) Irrigation Equipment -
 Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a 15 to forty-five minute period. Mix desired amount of Bravo S for acreage to be covered into quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used. Amount of time established during calibration. Bravo S can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until Bravo S has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

Chemical injection pumps and water pumps must have interlocking controls to insure simultaneous shut-off.
 DO NOT operate irrigation system without safety valves or other devices to prevent back-siphoning of Bravo S into water source. Irrigation water treated with Bravo S should be maintained on the treated area until the water is absorbed by the soil. Tank containing Bravo S should be connected to the discharge side of irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to irrigation line.

DIRECTIONS FOR MIXING

Slowly invert container several times to assure uniform mixture. Pour recommended amount in partially filled spray tank. Keep agitator running during filling and spraying operation. DO NOT ALLOW MIXTURE TO STAND. Failure to maintain agitation will cause the sulphur in Bravo S to settle and may necessitate manual stirring to redisperse.

DO NOT USE WITHIN FOUR (4) WEEKS OF AN OIL SPRAYING
 SULPHUR IS HIGHLY CORROSIVE AND EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE CLEANED THOROUGHLY AFTER EACH DAY'S SPRAYING

RECOMMENDATIONS

When growing crops for processing, consult the processor before applying Bravo S.

CROP	DISEASES/INSECTS	RATE PER ACRE	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Bean (Snap)	Rust	4-8 pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin application during early bloom stage or when disease first threatens and repeat at weekly intervals or as necessary to maintain control. DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest. DO NOT graze treated areas or feed treated plant parts to livestock.
	Botrytis blight (gray mold), Powdery mildew, Red Spider Mite	8 pints	
	Cabbage, Cauliflower, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts	4 1/4 pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin applications after transplants are set in field or shortly after emergence of field seeded crop, or when conditions favor disease development. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as necessary to maintain control.
Peanut	Ring spot (California only)	5 1/2 pints	For field-seeded brussels sprouts, begin applications at time of early sprout development or when conditions favor disease development. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as necessary to maintain control.
	Powdery mildew, Red spider mites	5 1/2 pints	Apply in 8 gallons of water by air. Apply at first sign of infection and repeat at 3 week intervals.
	Early leaf spot (Cercospora), Late leaf spot (Cercosporidium)	3 to 4 1/4 pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Start applications when disease first appears and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals or as necessary to maintain control. Under severe disease conditions, use the 4 1/4 pints per acre rate. DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest. DO NOT allow livestock to graze treated areas. DO NOT feed hay or strawings from treated fields to livestock.
Potato	Rust, Web blight	4 1/4 pints	
	Early blight, Late blight, Botrytis vine rot (Botrytis spp.)	3 to 4 1/4 pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin applications when plants are 6 to 8 inches high or when disease threatens, and continue at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed to maintain disease control. Under severe disease conditions, use 4 1/4 pints per acre on a 7 day schedule. Bravo S may be applied through sprinkler irrigation equipment (solid set, portable wheel move or center pivot systems only). DO NOT exceed a 10 day interval between applications when using this technique. See calibration directions preceding this section.
	Early blight, Late blight (Dryland culture only)	2 1/4 to 4 1/4 pints	
Tomato	Powdery mildew	4 1/2 pints	Apply in 8 gallons of water by air. Apply at first sign of infection and repeat at 3 week intervals.
	Early blight, Late blight, Gray leaf spot, Gray leaf mold, Septoria leaf spot	4 1/2 to 5 1/2 pints	Apply in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin applications when disease threatens and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. Under moderate to severe disease conditions, use the highest rate specified and shorten spray interval.
	Anthracnose	5 1/2 to 8 1/2 pints	
	Rhizoctonia fruit rot, Botrytis gray mold, Tomato russet mite	8 1/4 pints	

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

TREE AND ORCHARD CROPS
 Apply Bravo S in sufficient water and proper calibration to obtain uniform coverage of tree canopy. Application through ground equipment is recommended. When concentrate sprays are used or when treating non-bearing or immature trees, the lower rate of Bravo S listed may be used. The following spray volumes are recommended in gallons of spray per acre:

CROP	SPRAY VOLUME (GALLONS PER ACRE)	
	DILUTE	CONCENTRATE
Peach Nectarine Tart Cherry Plum Prune Apricots	200	80 to 130
Sweet Cherry	400	80 to 200

CROP	DISEASES	BRAVO S RATE PER ACRE		APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
		100 GALL*	150 GALL*	
Peach Nectarine Cherry Plum Prune Apricots	Leaf curl Corymum blight (Shot-hole) on peach nectarine apricot	9-12 pts	3-4 pts	Use only full dilute spray volumes for dormant applications. Make one application in late autumn to early winter before hard freezing occurs. Make one or two additional applications in mid to late winter before buds begin to swell. Where Corymum blight (Shot-hole) occurs, apply once at petal fall and at shuck-split to prevent fruit infections.
	Brown rot bleasim blight Powdery mildew on peaches, nectarines Scab on peaches, nectarines	12-18 pts	3-4 pts	Use 12-18 pints per acre on trees taller than 20 ft and 9-12 pints per acre on smaller trees. Make one application at popcorn (pin, red or early white bud) and a second application at full bloom. If weather conditions favor disease development, make an additional application at petal fall.
	Cherry leafspot Peach Nectarine Apricot Scab	9-12 pts	3-4 pts	In addition to the bloom applications listed above, make one application at shuck split. DO NOT apply Bravo S after shuck split and before harvest. If additional disease control is needed before harvest, use another registered fungicide for control of cherry leafspot after harvest. Make one application to foliage within 7 days after fruit is removed. In orchards with a history of high leafspot

may vary. Do not mix with pesticides, surfactants, or fertilizers, unless you check use has shown the combination physically compatible, effective and noninjurious to the crop under your conditions for use.

The sulphur in Bravo II may cause injury to plants if used improperly or under unfavorable weather conditions. During periods of high temperature sulphur may burn foliage. Do not make Bravo II applications at such times.

NOTE: Sulphur will cause severe fruit and leaf injury to sulphur sensitive crops. Do not apply or allow to drift to apricots, Apples and Comice pears, cranberries, cucurbits (cucumbers, cantaloupes, melons, squash), figs, peaches, plums, pears, walnuts, or other sensitive plants.

Dosage rates on this label indicate pints of Bravo II per acre, unless otherwise stated. Under conditions favoring disease development the high rate specified and shortest application interval should be used. Applications should be made in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage of foliage. Gallonage to be used will vary with crop and amount of plant growth. Spray volume will usually range from 20 to 150 gallons (approximately 80 to 800 liters) per acre for dilute sprays and 5 to 10 gallons (approximately 20 to 40 liters) per acre for concentrate ground sprays and aircraft applications. Both ground and aircraft methods of application are recommended unless specific directions are given for a crop. See application and calibration instructions below.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF DAMAGES

Helena Chemical Company warrants that this material conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale, subject to the inherent risks referred to therein. Helena Chemical Company makes no other expressed or implied warranty, including expressed or implied warranty of FITNESS or MERCHANTABILITY, and no agent of Helena Chemical Company is authorized to do so except in writing with a specific reference to this warranty. Any damages arising from a breach of this warranty shall be limited to direct damages and shall not include consequential commercial damages such as loss of profits or value, etc.

Copyright Helena Chemical Company 1983

SN-030882-M

ACCEPTED

JUL 25 1985

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 6993-61

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
WARNING**

Do not take internally. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Do not breathe spray mist. Can be irritating to eyes or skin. Skin Sensitizer. Wash thoroughly with soap and warm water after handling.

NOTE: Germain's Lawn and Garden Fungicide may produce temporary allergic side effects characterized by redness or rash on exposed skin areas. Persons having allergic reaction should contact a physician. Affected persons respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroid. There is no evidence of aftereffects or permanent injury.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and marine/estuarine organisms. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in dry place. Do not store near feed or food stuff. Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or open flames. Do not reuse empty container. Wrap container and put in trash collection.

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, pesticide spray or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Keep children and pets away from treated area until it is completely dry.

Note to User: Do not graze treated areas. Do not feed clippings to livestock.

Note to User: This product may produce temporary allergic side effects characterized by redness of the eyes and bronchial irritation and redness or rash on exposed skin areas. Persons having allergic reaction should contact a physician.

Note to User: Wear long sleeve shirt, long pants, and gloves while mixing, loading and applying this product.

Shake Well Before Use

Read entire label and use as directed. Apply only to areas specified on the label. Germain's Lawn and Garden Fungicide is highly effective and widely recommended for the control of a number of important lawn and ornamental commonly occurring diseases. Do not combine this product with pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers unless your prior use has shown the combination physically compatible and noninjurious under your conditions of use.

GRASS LAWNS: For control of Brown Patch, Dollar Spot, Leaf Spot, Blight, Fading Out, Melting Out, Gray Leaf Spot, Stem Rust, Bluegrass, and Copper Spot. Mix 1 pint in 5 to 15 gallons of water and apply to 500 sq. ft. of lawn. Start spray application in spring before disease appears and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals throughout the season. Make application on a 7 day schedule during periods of wet weather or severe disease conditions. Do not mow or water after treatment until lawn is thoroughly dry.

DICHONDRA LAWNS IN CALIFORNIA ONLY: To cure Alternaria Leaf Spot use 1 pint of material in 5 to 10 gallons per 500 sq. ft. Spray on 7 to 14 day intervals of application. Under severe disease conditions spray on a 7 day schedule and use higher rates. Use lower rates when disease conditions are light to moderate.



Lawn & Garden Fungicide

A Broad-Spectrum Fungicide for use on turf grass, dichondra, vegetables & ornamentals.



BROWN PATCH



DOLLAR SPOT



LEAF SPOT

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Chlorothalonil (tetrachlorosophthalonitrile)*

12.5%

INERT INGREDIENTS

87.5%

TOTAL

100.0%

*Daconil 2787 covered under U.S. Pat. No. 3,290,353 and No. 3,331,735. This product contains 1.14 pound Chlorothalonil per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If swallowed, drink one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching the back of the throat with finger. Repeat until fluid is clear. Call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air. Apply respiration if indicated. If on skin, wash thoroughly with soap and warm water after handling. If in eyes, flush with plenty of water immediately for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician. SEE LEFT SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

NET CONTENTS 32 FL. OZ. (1 QT.)

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

Fig. # 69

ORNAMENTALS:
German's Lawn and Garden Fungicide is effective against a number of diseases on 14 day intervals. Obtain adequate coverage per gallon of water.
CHRYSANTHEMUMS: Botrytis Blight
GERANIUMS: Botrytis Blight
IRIS: Botrytis Blight
ROSES: Black Spot
ZINNIAS: Powdery Mildew
PHLODENDRON: Fungus Leaf Spot
9 tablespoons per gallon of water.

VEGETABLES:
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Eggplant, Green Beans, Green Peas, Lettuce, Melons, Onions, Peas, Potatoes, Pumpkins, Squash, Tomatoes, Zucchini.
In Southeastern states, conditions favor downy mildew. Apply 4 to 5 gallons of water and apply to maintain control.
MELONS (Cantaloupe, Honeydew, Watermelon): Apply 4 to 5 gallons of water and apply to maintain control.
PUMPKIN, SQUASH: Apply 4 to 5 gallons of water and apply to maintain control.
TOMATOES: For Alternaria Blight use 4 tablespoons per 5-gallon interval.

Neither Germain's, Inc. nor any kind of express warranty is made by Germain's, Inc. as to MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR LIABILITY FOR ANY INJURY OR DAMAGE, IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE.

GERMAIN'S
Since 1954
Los Angeles

Product of U.S.A.
Litho in U.S.A. • Stock
EPA Reg. No. 6993-61
EPA Est. No. 6993-CA

Agricultural Fungicide/Miticide with Adjuvants

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS	BY WT
Sulphur	27.25%
Chlorothalonil (tetrachloroisophthalonitrile)** ...	19.15%
INERT INGREDIENTS	53.60%
TOTAL	100.00%

Contains 2.96 pounds Sulphur and 2.08 pounds Chlorothalonil per gallon
BRAVO is a registered trademark of Diamond Shamrock Corporation.
 **Covered under U.S. Patent No. 3,290,353, No. 3,331,735 and No. 3,948,636

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION
 See side panel for additional precautionary statements.

EPA EST. NO. 5905-GA-1
 EPA REG. NO. 5905-472

NET CONTENTS
 2.5 gallons (9.46 liters)



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS) CAUTION

CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. SKIN SENSITIZER. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear goggles or eye shield when handling this product. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing spray mist. May cause irritation of nose, throat, or skin. Do not store near food or food-stuffs.

IF SWALLOWED: Give one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching finger to the back of throat.

IF ON SKIN: Wash thoroughly with soap and water.

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with plenty of water immediately for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

May produce temporary allergic side effects characterized by redness of the eyes, mild bronchial irritation and redness or rash on exposed skin area. Persons having allergic reaction should contact a physician. Affected persons respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroids.

Note to physician: Persons having an allergic reaction respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroids.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and marine/estuarine organisms. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in near, riparian areas. Do not apply directly to water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Store in cool place. Protect from excessive heat. If frozen may generally be re-used after thawing and mixing. Repeated freezing/thawing cycles may incur utility.

Container Disposal: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, pesticide spray, or mistle is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS

Note to User: This product may produce temporary allergic side effects characterized by redness of the eyes, mild bronchial irritation and redness or rash on exposed skin areas. Persons having allergic reaction should contact a physician.

Note to User: Wear long sleeve shirt, long pants, and gloves while mixing, loading and applying the product.

Note to User: Do not enter treated area to perform hand labor within 24 hours of application unless protective clothing is worn.

Note to User: Do not rotate to crops other than those listed on labels within 12 months of the last treatment. After 12 months from the last application, leafy vegetables (e.g. spinach, lettuce, kale, etc.) may also be rotated.

Slowly invert container several times to assure uniform mixture. Pour recommended amount in partially filled spray tank. Keep agitator running during filling and spraying operation. DO NOT ALLOW MIXTURE TO STAND. Failure to maintain agitation will cause the sulphur in Bravo 8 to settle and may necessitate manual stirring to redispense.

DO NOT USE WITHIN FOUR (4) WEEKS OF AN OIL SPRAYING
 SULPHUR IS HIGHLY CORROSIVE AND EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE CLEANED THOROUGHLY AFTER EACH DAY'S SPRAYING

RECOMMENDATIONS

When growing crops for processing, consult the processor before applying Bravo 8.

CROP	DISEASE/INSECTS	RATE PER ACRE	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Bean (Snap)	Rust	4-8 pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin application during early bloom stage or when disease first threatens and repeat at weekly intervals or as necessary to maintain control. DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest. DO NOT graze treated areas or feed treated plant parts to livestock.
	Botrytis blight (gray mold) Powdery mildew Red Spider Mites	8 pints	
	Cabbage, Cauliflower, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts	4 1/2 pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin applications after transplants are set in field or shortly after emergence of field seeded crop, or when conditions favor disease development. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as necessary to maintain control.
Peanut	Alternaria leaf spot, Downy mildew	4 1/2 pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin applications at time of early sprout development or when conditions favor disease development. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as necessary to maintain control.
	Ring spot (California only)	5 1/2 pints	
	Powdery mildew, Red spider mites	5 1/2 pints	Apply in 8 gallons of water by air. Apply at first sign of infection and repeat at 3 week intervals.
Potato	Early leaf spot (Carcospora) Late leaf spot (Carcospondium)	3 to 4 1/2 pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Start applications when disease first appears and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals or as necessary to maintain control. Under severe disease conditions, use the 4 1/2 pints per acre rate. DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest. DO NOT allow livestock to graze treated areas. DO NOT feed hay or trashings from treated fields to livestock.
	Rust, Web blotch	4 1/2 pints	
	Early blight, Late blight, Botrytis vine rot (Botrytis spp.)	3 to 4 1/2 pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin applications when plants are 6 to 8 inches high or when disease threatens, and continue at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed to maintain disease control. Under severe disease conditions, use 4 1/2 pints per acre on a 7 day schedule. Insecticide may be applied through sprinkler irrigation equipment (solid set, portable wheel move or center pivot system) only. DO NOT exceed a 10 day interval between applications when using this technique. See calibration directions preceding true section.
Tomato	Early blight, Late blight (Dry rot culture only)	2 1/2 to 4 1/2 pints	Apply in 8 gallons of water by air. Apply at first sign of infection and repeat at 3 week intervals.
	Powdery mildew	4 1/2 pints	
	Early blight, Late blight, Gray leaf spot, Septoria leaf spot	4 1/2 to 5 1/2 pints	Apply in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin applications when disease threatens and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. Under moderate to severe disease conditions, use the highest rate specified and shorten spray interval.
Tree and Orchard Crops	Anthracoese	5 1/2 to 8 1/2 pints	
	Rhizoctonia fruit rot, Botrytis gray mold, Tomato russet mite	8 1/2 pints	

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

TREE AND ORCHARD CROPS

Apply Bravo 8 in sufficient water and proper calibration to obtain uniform coverage of tree canopy. Application through ground equipment is recommended. When concentrate sprays are used or when treating non-bearing or immature trees, the lower rate of Bravo 8 listed may be used. The following spray volumes are recommended as gallons of spray per acre.

CROP	SPRAY VOLUME (GALLONS PER ACRE)	
	DILUTE	CONCENTRATE
Peach Nectarine Tart Cherry Plum Prune Apricots Sweet Cherry	300	30 to 100
	600	60 to 200

CROP	DISEASES	ACRE	100 GAL*	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Peach Nectarine Tart Cherry Plum Prune Apricots	Leaf curl Coryneum blight (Shot-hole) on peach nectarine, apricot	9-12 pts	3-4 pts	Use only full dilute spray volumes for dormant applications. Make one application in late autumn to early winter before hard freezing occurs. Make one or two additional applications in mid to late winter before buds begin to swell. Where Coryneum blight (Shot-hole) occurs, apply once at petal fall or at shuck split to prevent fruit infections.
	Brown rot blossom blight Powdery mildew on peaches, nectarines Scab on peach, nectarines	12-16 pts	3-4 pts	Use 12-16 pints per acre on trees taller than 20 ft. and 9-12 pints per acre on smaller trees. Make one or two applications at popcorn (pin red or early white bud) and a second application at full bloom. If weather conditions favor disease development, make an additional application at petal fall.
	Cherry leafspot Peach, Nectarine Apricot Scab	9-12 pts	3-4 pts	In addition to the bloom applications listed above, make one application at shuck split. DO NOT apply Bravo 8 after shuck split and before harvest. If additional disease control is needed before harvest, use another registered fungicide for control of cherry leafspot after harvest. Make one application to foliage within 7 days after fruit is removed. In orchards with a history of high leafspot

Agricultural Fungicide/Miticide with Adjuvants

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS	BY WT
Sulphur	27.25%
Chlorothalonil (tetrachloroisophthalonitrile)** ..	19.15%
INERT INGREDIENTS	53.60%
TOTAL	100.00%

Contains 2.96 pounds Sulphur and 2.08 pounds Chlorothalonil per gallon
BRavo is a registered trademark of Diamond Shamrock Corporation.
 **Covered under U.S. Patent No. 3,290,353, No. 3,331,735 and No. 3,948,636

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
 CAUTION**

See side panel for additional precautionary statements.

EPA EST. NO. 5905-GA-1
 EPA REG. NO. 5905-472

NET CONTENTS
 2.5 gallons (9.46 liters)



HELENA CHEMICAL COMPANY

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS) CAUTION

CAUSES EYE IRRITATION, SKIN SENSITIZER. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear goggles or eye shield when handling this product. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing spray mist. May cause irritation of nose, throat, or skin. Do not store near food or food-stuffs.

IF SWALLOWED: Give one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching finger to the back of throat.

IF ON SKIN: Wash thoroughly with soap and water.

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with plenty of water immediately for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

May produce temporary allergic side effects characterized by redness of the eyes, mild bronchial irritation and redness or rash on exposed skin areas. Persons having allergic reaction should contact a physician. Affected persons respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroids.

Note to physician: Persons having an allergic reaction respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroids.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and marine/residual organisms. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Store in cool place. Protect from excessive heat. If frozen may generally be restored after thawing and mixing. Repeated freezing-thawing cycles may impair utility.

Container Disposal: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. May not be burned.

*Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, pesticide spray, or mixture is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS

Note to User: This product may produce temporary allergic side effects characterized by redness of the eyes, mild bronchial irritation and redness or rash on exposed skin areas. Persons having allergic reaction should contact a physician.

Note to User: Wear long sleeve shirt, long pants, and gloves while mixing, loading and applying this product.

Note to User: Do not enter treated area to perform hand labor within 24 hours of application unless protective clothing is worn.

Note to User: Do not rotate to crops other than those listed on labels within 12 months of the last treatment. After 12 months from the last application, leafy vegetables (i.e. spinach, lettuce, kale, etc.) may also be rotated.

BRavo from Helena makes an excellent fungicide combination when used according to label directions for control of a broad spectrum of plant diseases.

BRavo can be used effectively in dilute or concentrate sprays. Thorough, uniform coverage is essential for disease control. (X) NOT combine **BRavo** in the spray tank with pesticides, surfactants, or fertilizers, unless you prior use has shown the combination physically compatible, effective and noninjurious to the crop under your conditions for use.

The sulphur in **BRavo** may cause injury to plants if used improperly or under unfavorable weather conditions. During periods of high temperature sulphur may burn foliage. Do not make **BRavo** applications at such times.

NOTE: Sulphur will cause severe fruit and leaf injury to sulphur sensitive crops. Do not apply or allow to drift to apricots, if Apricot and Concord pears, cranberries, cucurbits (cucumbers, pumpkins, melons, squash), filberts, spinach, lung tree, walnuts, or other sensitive plants.

Dosage rates on the label indicate parts of **BRavo** per acre unless otherwise stated. Under conditions favoring disease development the high rate specified and shortest application interval should be used. Applications should be made in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage of foliage. Challenge to be used will vary with crop and growth stage. Spray volume will usually range from 20 to 150 gallons (approximately 80 to 600 liters) per acre for dilute applications and 10 to 40 gallons (approximately 40 to 150 liters) per acre for concentrate applications. Both ground and aerial applications are recommended unless specific directions are given for a crop. See application and calibration instructions.

Slowly invert container several times to assure uniform mixture. Pour recommended amount in partially filled spray tank. Keep agitator running during filling and spraying operation. DO NOT ALLOW MIXTURE TO STAND. Failure to maintain agitation will cause the sulphur in **BRavo** to settle and may necessitate manual stirring to redisperse.

DO NOT USE WITHIN FOLiar (4) WEEKS OF AN OIL SPRAYING
 SULPHUR IS HIGHLY CORROSIVE AND EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE CLEANED THOROUGHLY
 AFTER EACH DAY'S SPRAYING

RECOMMENDATIONS

When growing crops for processing, consult the processor before applying **BRavo**.

CROP	DISEASES/INSECTS	RATE PER ACRE	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Bean (Snap)	Rust	4-8 pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin application during early bloom stage or when disease first threatens and repeat at weekly intervals or as necessary to maintain control. DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest. DO NOT graze treated areas or feed treated plant parts to livestock.
	Botrytis blight (gray mold) Powdery mildew Red Spider Mites	8 pints	
Cabbage, Cauliflower, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts	Atherina leaf spot, Downy mildew	4 1/2 pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin applications after transplants are set in field or shortly after emergence of field seeded crop, or when conditions favor disease development. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as necessary to maintain control.
	Ring spot (California only)	5 1/2 pints	For field-seeded brussels sprouts, begin applications at time of early sprout development or when conditions favor disease development. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as necessary to maintain control.
	Powdery mildew, Red spider mites	5 1/2 pints	Apply in 8 gallons of water by air. Apply at first sign of infection and repeat at 3 week intervals.
Peanut	Early leaf spot (Cercospora) Late leaf spot (Cercosporidium)	3 to 4 1/2 pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Start applications when disease first appears and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals or as necessary to maintain control. Under severe disease conditions, use the 4 1/2 pints per acre rate. DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest. DO NOT allow livestock to graze treated areas. DO NOT feed hay or strawings from treated fields to livestock.
	Rust, Web blotch	4 1/2 pints	
Potato	Early blight, Late blight Botrytis vine rot (Botrytis spp.)	3 to 4 1/2 pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin applications when plants are 6 to 8 inches high or when disease threatens, and continue at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed to maintain disease control. Under severe disease conditions, use 4 1/2 pints per acre on a 7 day schedule. BRavo may be applied through sprinkler irrigation equipment (solid set, portable wheel move or center pivot systems only). DO NOT exceed a 10 day interval between applications when using this technique. See calibration directions preceding this section.
	Early blight, Late blight (Dryland culture only)	2 1/2 to 4 1/2 pints	
	Powdery mildew	4 1/2 pints	Apply in 8 gallons of water by air. Apply at first sign of infection and repeat at 3 week intervals.
Tomato	Early blight, Late blight Gray leaf spot, Gray leaf mold Septoria leaf spot	4 1/2 to 5 1/2 pints	Apply in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin applications when disease threatens and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. Under moderate to severe disease conditions, use the highest rate specified and shorten spray interval.
	Anthracnose	5 1/2 to 8 1/2 pints	
	Phytophthora fruit rot Botrytis gray mold Tomato russet mite	8 1/2 pints	

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

TREE AND ORCHARD CROPS

Apply **BRavo** in sufficient water and proper calibration to obtain uniform coverage of tree canopy. Application through ground equipment is recommended. When concentrate sprays are used or when treating non-bearing or immature trees, the lower rate of **BRavo** listed may be used. The following spray volumes are recommended as gallons of spray per acre.

CROP	SPRAY VOLUME (GALLONS PER ACRE)	
	DILUTE	CONCENTRATE
Peach Nectarine Tart Cherry Plum Prune Apricots Sweet Cherry	200	80 to 150
	400	80 to 200

CROP	DISEASES	BRavo & RATE PER		APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
		ACRE	100 GAL.	
Peach Nectarine Cherry Plum Prune Apricots	Leaf curl Coryneum blight (Shot-hole) on peach nectarine, apricot	8-12 pts	3-4 pts	Use only full dilute spray volumes. In dormant applications, make one application in late autumn to early winter before hard freezing occurs. Make one or two additional applications in mid to late winter before buds begin to swell. Where Coryneum blight (Shot-hole) occurs, apply once at petal fall or at shoot-split to prevent fruit infections.
	Brown rot blossom blight Powdery mildew on peaches, nectarines Scab on peaches, nectarines	12-16 pts	3-4 pts	Use 12-16 pints per acre on trees taller than 20 ft. and 8-12 pints per acre on smaller trees. Make one application at popcorn (pin red or early white bud) and a second application at full bloom. If weather conditions favor disease development, make an additional application at petal fall.
	Cherry leafspot Peach, Nectarine Apricot Scab	8-12 pts	3-4 pts	In addition to the bloom applications listed above, make one application at shoot-split. DO NOT apply BRavo after shoot-split and before harvest. If additional disease control is needed before harvest, use another registered fungicide. For control of cherry leafspot after harvest, make one application to foliage within 7 days after fruit is removed. In orchards with a history of high leafspot, a second application may be made 10-14 days later.

*Volumetric rates to be used only with full dilute spray volume specified on this label for tree and orchard crops.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF DAMAGES

Helena Chemical Company warrants that this material conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale, subject to the inherent risks referred to herein. Helena Chemical Company makes no other expressed or implied warranty, including expressed or implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY. Any damages arising from a breach of this warranty shall be limited to direct damages, and shall not include consequential commercial damages such as loss of profits or value, etc.

Copyright, Helena Chemical Company, 1983

SN-030882-M

Agricultural Fungicide/Miticide with Adjuvants

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS	BY WT
Sulphur	27.25%
Chlorothalonil (tetrachloroisophthalonitrile)** ...	19.15%
INERT INGREDIENTS	53.60%
TOTAL	100.00%

Contains 2.96 pounds Sulphur and 2.08 pounds Chlorothalonil per gallon
BRAVO is a registered trademark of Diamond Shamrock Corporation.

** Covered under U.S. Patent No. 3,290,353, No. 3,331,735 and No. 3,948,636

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See side panel for additional precautionary statements.

EPA EST. NO. 5905-GA-1
EPA REG. NO. 5905-472

NET CONTENTS
2.5 gallons (9.46 liters)



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS) CAUTION

CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. SKIN SENSITIZER. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear goggles or eye shield when handling this product. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing spray mist. May cause irritation of nose, throat, or skin. Do not store near food or food-stuffs.

IF SWALLOWED: Give one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching finger to the back of throat.

IF ON SKIN: Wash thoroughly with soap and water.

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with plenty of water immediately for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

May produce temporary allergic side effects characterized by redness of the eyes, mild bronchial irritation and redness or rash on exposed skin areas. Persons having allergic reaction should contact a physician. Affected persons respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroids.

Note to physician: Persons having an allergic reaction respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams and/or systemic steroids.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates and marine/estuarine organisms. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Store in cool place. Protect from excessive heat. If frozen may be restored after thawing and mixing. Repeated freezing/thawing cycles may impair utility.

Container Disposal: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, pesticide spray or mist is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS

Note to User: This product may produce temporary allergic side effects characterized by redness of the eyes, mild bronchial irritation and redness or rash on exposed skin areas. Persons having allergic reaction should contact a physician.

Note to User: Wear long sleeve shirt, long pants, and gloves while mixing, loading and applying the product.

Note to User: Do not enter treated area to perform hard labor within 24 hours of application unless protective clothing is worn.

Note to User: Do not rotate to crops other than those listed on labels within 12 months of the last treatment. After 12 months from the last application spray vegetables (i.e. tomato, lettuce, kale, etc.) may also be rotated.

BRAVO 8 from Helena makes an excellent fungicide combination when used according to label directions for control of a broad spectrum of plant diseases.

Bravo 8 can be used effectively in dilute or concentrate sprays. Thorough, uniform coverage is essential for greatest control. DO NOT combine Bravo 8 in the spray tank with pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers, unless your prior use has shown the combination physically compatible, effective and non-toxic to the crop or other plant conditions for use.

The sulphur in Bravo 8 may cause injury to plants if used improperly or under unfavorable weather conditions. During periods of high temperature sulphur may burn foliage. Make Bravo 8 applications at such times.

NOTE: Sulphur will cause severe fruit and leaf injury to sulphur sensitive crops. Do not apply or allow to drift to apricots, ginseng, and Comice pears, cranberries, cucurbits (cucumbers, cantaloupes, melons, squash), hibiscus, spinach, lung trees, walnuts or other sensitive plants.

Dosage rates on this label indicate pints of Bravo 8 per acre, unless otherwise noted. Under conditions favoring disease development the high rate specified and shortest application interval should be used. Application should be made in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage of foliage. (Application to be used will vary with crop and amount of plant growth). Spray volume will usually range from 20 to 150 gallons (approximately 80 to 800 liters) per acre for dilute sprays and 5 to 10 gallons (approximately 20 to 40 liters) per acre for concentrate ground sprays and aerial applications. Both ground and aerial methods of application are recommended unless specific directions are given for a crop. See application and calibration instructions below.

Do not use in areas where there is a high probability of frost damage. Frost damage to plants will cause the sulphur to be more effective.

DO NOT USE WITHIN FOUR (4) WEEKS OF AN OIL SPRAYING.
SULPHUR IS HIGHLY CORROSIVE AND EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE CLEANED THOROUGHLY AFTER EACH DAY'S SPRAYING.

RECOMMENDATIONS

When growing crops for processing, consult the processor before applying Bravo 8.

CROP	DISEASES/INSECTS	RATE PER ACRE	TIME	APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
Bean (Snap)	Rust	4	pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin application during early bloom stage or when disease first threatens and repeat at weekly intervals or as necessary to maintain control. DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest. DO NOT graze treated areas or feed treated plant parts to livestock.
	Botrytis blight (gray mold), Powdery mildew, Red Spider Mite	8	pints	
	Cabbage, Cauliflower, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts	4 1/2	pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin applications after transplants are set in field or shortly after emergence of field seeded crop, or when or without favor disease development. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as necessary to maintain control.
Peanut	Ring spot (California only)	5 1/2	pints	For field-seeded brussels sprouts, begin applications at time of early sprout development or when conditions favor disease development. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or as necessary to maintain control.
	Powdery mildew, Red spider mite	5 1/2	pints	Apply in 8 gallons of water by air. Apply at first sign of infection and repeat at 3 week intervals.
	Early leaf spot (Cercospora), Late leaf spot (Cercosporidium)	3 to 4 1/2	pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Start applications when disease first appears and repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals or as necessary to maintain control. Under severe disease conditions, use the 4 1/2 pints per acre rate. DO NOT apply within 14 days of harvest. DO NOT allow livestock to graze treated areas. DO NOT feed hay or strawings from treated fields to livestock.
Potato	Rust, Web blotch	4 1/2	pints	
	Early blight, Late blight, Botrytis vine rot (Botrytis spp.)	3 to 4 1/2	pints	Use in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin applications when plants are 6 to 8 inches high or when disease threatens, and continue at 7 to 10 day intervals or as needed to maintain disease control. Under severe disease conditions, use 4 1/2 pints per acre on a 7 day schedule. Bravo 8 may be applied through sprinkler irrigation equipment (solid set, portable wheel move or center pivot systems only). DO NOT exceed a 10 day interval between applications when using this technique. See calibration directions preceding this section.
	Early blight, Late blight (Dryland culture only)	2 1/2 to 4 1/2	pints	
Tomato	Powdery mildew	4 1/2	pints	Apply in 8 gallons of water by air. Apply at first sign of infection and repeat at 3 week intervals.
	Early blight, Late blight, Gray leaf spot, Gray leaf mold, Septoria leaf spot	4 1/2 to 5 1/2	pints	Apply in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. Begin applications when disease threatens and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. Under moderate to severe disease conditions, use the highest rate specified and shorten spray interval.
	Anthracnose	5 1/2 to 8 1/2	pints	
	Rhizoctonia fruit rot, Botrytis gray mold, Tomato russet mite	8 1/2	pints	

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

TREE AND ORCHARD CROPS

Apply Bravo 8 in sufficient water and proper calibration to obtain uniform coverage of tree canopy. Application through ground equipment is recommended. When concentrate sprays are used or when treating non-bearing or immature trees, the lower rate of Bravo 8 listed may be used. The following spray volumes are recommended as gallons of spray per acre.

CROP	SPRAY VOLUME (GALLONS PER ACRE)	
	DILUTE	CONCENTRATE
Peach Nectarine Tart Cherry Plum Prune Apricots Sweet Cherry	100	80 to 150
	400	85 to 200

CROP	DISEASES	BRAVO 8 RATE PER ACRE		APPLICATION DIRECTIONS
		100 GALL.	400 GALL.	
Peach Nectarine Cherry Plum Prune Apricots	Leaf curl Coryneum blight (Shot-hole) on peach nectarine apricot	9-12 pts	3-4 pts	Use only full dilute spray volumes for dormant applications. Make one application in late autumn to early winter before hard freezing occurs. Make one or two additional applications in mid to late winter before buds begin to swell. Where Coryneum blight (Shot-hole) occurs, apply once at petal fall or at shuck-split to prevent fruit infections.
	Brown rot blossom blight Powdery mildew on peaches, nectarines Scab on peaches nectarines	12-16 pts	3-4 pts	Use 12-16 pints per acre on trees taller than 20 ft. and 9-12 pints per acre on smaller trees. Make one application at popcorn (petal fall or early white bud) and a second application at full bloom. If weather conditions favor disease development, make an additional application at petal fall.
	Cherry leafspot Peach Nectarine Apricot Scab	9-12 pts	3-4 pts	In addition to the bloom applications listed above, make one application at shuck-split. DO NOT apply Bravo 8 after shuck-split and before harvest. If additional disease control is needed before harvest, use another registered fungicide. For control of cherry leafspot after harvest, make one application to foliage within 7 days after fruit is removed in orchards with a history of high leafspot incidence.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF DAMAGES

Helena Chemical Company warrants that this material conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale, subject to the inherent risks referred to therein. HELENA CHEMICAL COMPANY makes no other expressed or implied warranty, including a warranty of FITNESS or MERCHANTABILITY. Any damages arising from a breach of this warranty shall be limited to direct damages, and shall not include consequential or commercial damages such as loss of profits or value, etc.

Copyright: Helena Chemical Company, 1987

SN-030882-M

W. H. ...
 1025 W. ...
 P.O. Box 400
 Mchenry, Ill. 60150

NOTE: Changes in labeling formats differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above U.S. EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby Registered/Reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.

A copy of the labeling accepted in connection with this Registration/Reregistration is returned herewith. *at 5*

Registration is in no way to be construed as an indorsement or approval of this product by this Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product under FIFRA Sec. 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
2. Make the labeling changes listed below before you release the product for shipment:
 - a. Add the phrase "EPA Registration No. 6697-5."
 - b. For the label size submitted, the STORAGE AND DISPOSAL heading and the Child Hazard Warning "KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN" could require a 12 point type size minimum and the signal word DANGER (front panel only) would require an 18 point type size minimum.
 - c. The statement "FOR SALE FOR USE AND STORAGE BY MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL ONLY" must be at least the same type size as the "KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN" statement (front panel).

BEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

James H. ...
for John H. ...

ATTACHMENT IS APPLICABLE

SIGNATURE OF APPROVING OFFICIAL

DATE