# RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE DUE TO ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY OF HIGHLY TOXIC HYDROGEN PHOSPHIDE (PHOSPHINE, PH.) GAS

for retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators for those uses covered by the applicators certification or persons trained in accordance with the attached product manual working under the direct supervision and in the previocal presence of the Certified Applicator Physical presence means onsite union the previocal previocal presence of the Certified Applicator Physical presence means onsite union the premises. Refer to Pestcon Systems Inc. Applicator's Manual for complete instructions for the safe use of this product.



FOR US TO STEE US TS-WHICH INFES STORED

ACTIVE INGREPHENT — Aluminum Pribabilitie Inert Ingredients

-55% 45% 100%



REEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER : T.LIGRO - POISON





5511 Capital Center Drive., Ste. 302 Raleigh, N.C. 27606

Raleigh, N.C. 27606 Telephone: 800-548-2778 or 919-859-2500

Fax: 919-859-2155 EAP EST. NO. 46060-CI-04

## INDEX

	Page
Chemical & Physical Properties of	_
FUMITOXIN* Fumigants	. 1-3
Storage of Furnitoxin Aluminum	
Phosphide Products	3
Pricautionary Statements.	. 4.7
Summary of Good Safety Practices	7-10
Respiratory Protection	10-11
Gas Detection Equipment	12
Applicator and Worker Exposure	. 12-15
Directions Conuse	16-20
Commodities Which May Re Furnicated	
with FUMITOXIN	20.21
Processed Foods Which May Be Fumigat	ed
with FUMITOXIN	21.23
with FUMITOXIN	24.25
Recommended Dosage Rates	25-31
Using Tablets or Pellets	32.33
Comparison Chart	34
Comparison Chart	35-52
Placarding of Fumigated Areas	52.54
Aeration of Fumigated Commodities	54.55
Disposal Instructions	55-57
Directions for Disposal of Spent	33 31
Residual Dust	57
Directions for Deactivation and	3,
Disposal of "Green" Partially	
Spent Residual Dust	58-60
Spill and Leak Procedure	60 63
Note to Physician	64 66
- yoranan	04 00

AVAILABLE COPY

## CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF FUMITOXIN® FUMIGANTS

- A. Chemical formula for hydrogen phosphide is PH<sub>3</sub> or H<sub>3</sub>P.
- B. FUMITOXIN fumigant's active ingredient pure, finely ground aluminum phosphide, liberates hydrogen phosphide (phosphine) gas via the following chemical reaction: AIP + 3H<sub>2</sub>O···→AI (OH)<sub>3</sub> + PH<sub>3</sub>.
- D. FUMITOXIN is prepared in the form of tablets, pellets and bags. For use directions of bags, see the FUMITOXIN aluminum phosphide bag instruction labeling.
- E. Upon exposure to air, FUMITOXIN fumigants begin to react slowly with atmospheric moisture to produce small quantities of hydrogen phosphide (phosphine) gas. This reaction gradually accelerates and then tapers off again as the aluminum phosphide decomposes.

WAST AVAILABLE COPY

- F. The rate of decomposition of the tablets and pellets varies depending on the moisture and temperature. For example, when moisture and temperature of the fumigated commodity are high, decomposition may be complete in less than 3 days. However, with ambient temperatures lower than 15 degrees € (60 degrees €), grain moisture lower than 10% or relative humidity lower than 25%, decomposition may require 5 days or more.
- G. The tablets weigh approximately 3 grams and release 1 gram of gaseous hydrogen physphide. They are spherical in shape, approximately 50 of an inch in diameter, and are packaged in bulk in resealable, seamless aluminum flasks which contain approximately 100, or larger flask of approximately 500 tablets each.
- H. Pelicts are spherical in shape, approximately 3/8 of an inch in diameter, weigh approximately 0.6 grams, and release 0.2 grams of hydrogen phosphide. They are packaged in resealable aluminum flasks containing approximately 1,660 pellets, or larger flasks containing approximately 2,490 pellets each.
- I. After decomposition FUMITOXIN\* leaves

**— 2** —

a grey-white powder composed almost entirely of non-poisonous aluminum hydroxide and a small amount of unreacted aluminum phosphide. This is not considered a hazardous waste. The slight trace of aluminum phosphide decomposes when raw commodities are moved. Following space fumigation and fumigation of processed foods, this powder may be disposed of as outlined in "Direction For Disposal of Spent Residual Dust."

## Storage of FUMITOXIN\* Alumimum Phosphide Products

- A Store in a dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and under lock and key. Keep away from irresponsible people and children Post as a pesticide storage area. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storing pessicides in the same area used to store these commendations.
- B Do not store in buildings where humans or domestic animals reside
- C FUMITOXIN tablets and peliets are supplied in relatively gas tight resealable
  alumingm flasks. Di not expose the proddect to amospheric moisture any longer
  thamis necessary, Reseal tightly before returning flasks to storage, mark the flask
  opened and partially used
- D The shelf life of FUMITOXIN is virtually unlimited as long as the containers are kept lightly sealed.

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### A. Physical and Chemical Hazards

Aluminum phosphide tablets, pellets and partially spent dust will release hydrogen phosphide if exposed to moisture from the air or, it if comes into centact with water, acids, and many other liquids. Pilling of tablets, pellets or dust fund their fragmentation may cause a temperature increase and confine the release of gas so that ignition could equipment to the release of gas so that ignition could equipment to the release of gas so that ignition could equipment to the release of gas so that ignition could equipment to the release of gas so that ignition could equipment to the release of gas so that ignition could equipment to the release of gas so that ignition could equipment to the release of gas so that ignition could equipment to the release of gas so that ignition could equipment to the release of gas so that ignition could equipment to the release of gas so that ignition could equipment to the release of gas so that ignition could expert the release of gas so that ignition could expert the release of gas so that ignition could expert the release of gas so that ignition could expert the release of gas so that ignition could expert the release of gas so that ignition could expert the release of gas so that ignition could expert the release of gas so that ignition could be release of gas so that ignition could expert the release of gas so that ignition could be release of gas so the release of gas so

It is recommended that you open aluminum phesphide products in open air or near a fan which exhausts outside immediately. Never open in a flammable atmosphere because on rare occasions it may flash. When opening point the container away from the face and body. These precautions will also reduce the applicators exposure to hydrogen phosphide (phosphine) gas.

Pure hydrogen phosphide (phosphine) gas is practically insoluble in water, fats and oils and is stable at normal fumigation temperatures. However, it may react with certain metals and cause corrosion, especially at higher temperatures and relative humidities. Metals such as copper, brass, and other copper alloys, and precious metals such as gold and silver are susceptible

to corrosion by phosphine, especially at high temperatures and humidity. Thus items such as small electric motors, smoke detectors, brass sprinkler heads, batteries and battery chargers, forklifts, temperature monitoring systems, electrical switch gear, communication devices, computers, calculators, watches, and other electronic equipment should be protected or removed before fumigation. Hydrogen phosphide will also react with certain metallic salts and, therefore, sensitive items such as photographic filit, copying papers and some inorganic pigments, etc. should not be exposed.

B Hazards to Humans and Domestic Ani-

DANGER: FUMITOXIN' tablets, pellets or dust can be fatallit swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling aluminum phosphidoctimigatis. When a sealed container, is opened, allowing material to come in contact byth typisture, water or acids, toxic phosphine has will be released. If a garlic odor is detected, refer to section on Industrial Hygiene Monitoring for appropriate monitoring procedures. Pure phosphine gas is odorless, the odor is due to a contaminant.

BLE COP

BES!

77

Since an odor may not be detected under certain circumstances, the absence of garlic odor does not mean that phosphine gas is absent. Observe proper application, aeration, reentry and disposal procedures specified elsewhere in the labeling to prevent-owerexposure.

Statement of Practical Treatment

Symptoms of overexposure are headache, dizziness, nausea, difficult breathing, vomiting, and diarrhea. In all cases of overexposure get medical attention immediately. Take victim to a doctor or emergency treatment facility.

ที่ excessive อากังแกร of gas from aluminum phosphide are inhaled:

Get exposed person to fresh air. Keep warm and make sure person can breathe freely. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration by mouth to mouth or other means of resuscitation. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If aluminum phosphide pellets, tablets or powder are swallowed:

Drink or administer one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger, or if available administer syrup of ipecac. Do not give

**-6-**

anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or not alert.

It powder or granules of aluminum phosphide get on skin or clothing:

Brush or shake material off clothes in a well ventilated area. Check that all pockets and cuffs are empty. Allow clothes to aerate in a ventilated area prior to laundering. Do not leave contaminated clothing in occupied and/or confined areas such as automobiles, vans, moter rooms, etc. Wash contaminated skin thorought, with soap and water.

If dust from pellets or tablets gets in eyes. Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention.

## SUMMARY OF GOOD SAFETY PRACTICES

- A Cateuity \*\*\*\* Aft \*\* abeling and follow in structions explicitly
- B. Never work alone when applying fumigant to from សង្គ្រាក់ an enclosed atea.
- 13. Never about untrained personner to apply FUMMOXING fumigants
- D NIOSH/MSHA respiratory protection must be available, the site of application where applying fulliquent from within as enclosed area. Respiratory protection need not be available for uses such as outdoor as

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

- E. Wear dry gloves of crittor or other appropriate material when applying FUMITOXIN\* tablets and pellets.
- Fig. oreferable to open containers in open air or near a fan that cahausts autoide immediately. Never person a flammable aims where
- G Do to allow fundice the to contact liquic water or to pile up.
- H Dispute of empty containers and spent residu. I disse in exercic comanner consistent with a label medications.
- t Rost WARNING signs on fumigated areas
- J Notify appropriate company employees and provide relevant safety information to local officials annually for use in the event of an emergency
- K Hydrogen phosphide fumigants are NOT to be used for vacuum fumigations
- L Exposure to hydrogen phosphide must not exceed the 8 hour TWA of 0.3 ppm during application or a maximum concentration of 0.3 ppm after application is completed.
- M Furnigated areas must be aerated to 0.3 ppm hydrogen phosphide or less, prior to

- 8 --

reentry by unprotected workers.

- N. Finished foods and feeds which have been furnigated with FUMITOXIN® must be aerated 48 hours prior to offering to the end consumer.
- O. Transfer of a treated commodity to another site without aeration, as in railcars, is permissible provided the new site is placarded.
- P. Do not furnigate when commodity temperature is below 40°F (5° C).
- Q. During transfer and processing of unaerated commodities, workers must not be exposed to levels of hydrogen phosphide above 0.3 ppm.
- R. It is recommeded to aerate contaminated clothing in a well ventilated area prior to wasking. Check that all pockets and cuffs are empty.
- S keep containaralightly closed except while removing product for application
- T Protect copper, silver, gold and their alloys, from corrosive exposure to hydrogen phosphide.
- Petiets and/or tablets of their reacted residues must not come into contact with any processed food with the exception that both can be added directly to processed brewers rice, mait, and corn grits used in the manufacture of beer

- V Do not re-use aluminum phosphide containers for any purpose other than recycling or reconditioning.
- W.OSHA recommeds that pre-exposure screening of employees be conducted to detect impaired pulmonary function

## RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

\*A. WHEN RESPIRATORY PROTECTION MUST

NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection must be worn during exposure to concentrations in excess of permitted what so when concentrations are unknown.

B. PERMISSIBLE GAS CONCENTRATION RANGES FOR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION DEVICES

A NIOSH/MSHA approved, fuil face gas mask, hydrogen phosphide canister combination may be used at levels up to 15 ppm or to escape from levels up to 1500 ppm. Above this level or in situations where the hydrogen phosphide concentration is unknown, a NIOSH/MSHA approved, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or its equivalent must be used. The NIOSH/OSHA Pocket Guide, 8-85, DHEW/NIOSH 78-210, lists these and other types of approved respirators and the concentra-

- 10 -

tion limits of which they may be used

## C REQUIREMENTS FOR AVAILABILITY OF RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection must be available at the site of application in case it is needed when applying FUMITOXIN: fablets and pellets from within the structure being fumigated. An approved full face gas mask, phosphine canister combination or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or its equivalent must be available at the site of application. If SCBA or its equivalent is not available at the application site, it must be available locally, for example, at a fire station or rescue squad Respiratory protection need not be avail-्रभूभिन् for adplication from outside the area to be formigated such as addition of tablets O pellelusto automatic dispensing devices. etc, if exposures above the permitted limit will not be encountered

Respiratory protection haed not be available the outdoor applications

If monitoring equipment is not available on a farm and application cannot be done from outside the structure, an approved canister respirator must be worn during application from within the enclosed in door area.

#### **GAS DETECTION EQUIPMENT**

There are several reliable devices marketed. One type is the hand pump when used in conjunction with the appropriate detector tube. They are portable, simple devices and do not require intensive training or elaborate supporting equipment to operate. Forthermore, they are inexpensively adaptable to remote monitoring procedures and will measure concentrations of hydrogen phosphide in air in trace amounts on up. Use instructions are enclosed with each purchase. Consult your local supplier of such equipment or contact Pestcon Systems, Inc. for more information.

#### **APPLICATOR AND WORKER EXPOSURE**

## A. HYDROGEN PHOSPHIDE EXPOSURE LIMITS

Exposure to hydrogen phosphide must not exceed the 8 hour TWA of 0.3 ppm for applicators and workers during application. Application is defined as the time period covering the opening of the first container, applying the appropriate dosage of fumigant and closing up the site to be fumigated. All persons in the treated site and in adjacent indoor areas are covered by this exposure standard.

-- 12 --

After application is completed worker or applicator exposure must not exceed 0.3 ppm maximum concentration. Such exposures may occur because of leakage into enclosed areas from fumigation sites, during reentry or during transfer of unaerated commodity.

### **B APPLICATION OF FUMIGANT**

Depending upon temperature and humidity. FUMITOXIN' tablets and pellets release hydrogen phosphide gas slowly upon expo sure to moisture from the air. This release is often slow enough to permit applicators to deposit fumigant in the desired areas and then vacate the premises without significant exposure to the gas-If the fumigator's exposure exceeds the 8 hour TWA of 0.3 prm, approved respira tory printection must be worn. Gas con centration measurements for safety pur poses must be made using low level detector tubes or other suitable low level detec tion equipment See the Industrial Hy gione Mensionne Section Informa tion on hydruge i phésphiée (phosphine, PH i detector tubes may be obtained from Periton Systems, Inc.

### C LEAKAGE FROM FUMIGATED SITES

Hydrogen phosphide is highly mobile and given enough time may penetrate seeming

ly gas fight materials such as concrete and cinder block. Therefore, adjacent, enclosed areas, likely to be occupied should be examined to ensure that significant leak age has not occurred. Sealing of the fumiogated sate and/or air allow in the occupied areas must be sufficient to prevent exposures exceeding the D.V's.

### D "AERATION AND REENTRY"

If the area is to be entered after fumigation of mustake acceled until the level of hydrogen phosphide gas is 0.3 ppm or below. It also a size that libration of gas from the treated commodity does not result in the development of unacceptable levels of hydrogen phosphide. Do not allow reentry into treated areas by any person before this time unless protected by an approved respirator.

### E HANDLING UNAERATED COMMODITIES

Following the required exposure time for famigation, transfer and pricessing of a treated commodity prior to complete aeration is permissible however workers must not be exposed to nutrigen prosplicted exposure chars.

### INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE MONITORING

If in the immerided that high periods,

1.4

phide exposure be documented in an operation log or manual for each side and operation where exposure may book. The purpose of this monitoring is to present excessive exposure and to determine when and where respirators professor on the top of equipment of the professor of the

If monitoring stroke that we recovered as expressed to correspond to the expression of the expression of the permitted map expression in the expression was a function of the expression of the

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

- Genéral Use Directions :
- . It is a viplation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
  - 2 FUMITOXIN\* tablets and pellets are Restricted Use Pesticides for for the acute inholation toxicity of by freigen phosphide iphrosphere PH sign.

3.FUMITOXIN\* is a highly hazardous material and may be used only by in dividuals trained in its proper use. Before using, read and follow all label precautions and directions on the label and in labeling.

Additional copies of this manual are available from:

### \*PESTCON SYSTEMS, INC. \* \*

5511 Capital Center Drive., Ste. 302
Raleigh, N.C. 27606
Telephone: 1000-3462-2778 or 919-859-2500

Fax: 919-869-2155

\*4.AP lease two trained persons must be present when FUMITOXIN pellets or tablets are applied from within the enclosed indoor area being treated or during reentry into a fumigated or partially aerated site. Only one trained person is required to be present when the fumigant is applied from outside the area being fumigated.

5 Prior to applying this product you should determine (1) if the structure can be made sufficiently gas tight, (2) if recording of gas readings will be required, (3) how to efficiently and safely apply the fumigant and (4) emergency procedures.

**-- 16** --

- 6. Shipholds, barges, containers on ships, railroad cars and containers shipped piggyback by rail may be fumigated in-transit. However, fumigated trucks, vans, trailers and similar transport vehicles shall not be moved over public roads or highways until they are aerated.
- 7 Do not furnigate commodities with this product when commodity temperature is below 40°F (5°C)
- 8 Wear gloves of cotton or other suitable material while handling FUMI TOXIN\* tablets or pellets. Wash hands thoroughly after use.
- 9 Hydrogen phosphide gas may flash at concentrations above its flammable kmit. Therefore, always open FUMI-
- thever in a frammable atmosphere. This precuption, will not only prevent harm in the unlikely event of a flash but will reduce the applicators exposure to bydrogen phasphice gas.
- 10. Piling of tablets, pellets, or dust from their fregmentation; or addition of liquid water to FUMITOXIN may cause a temperature increase and confine the release of gas so that ignition could occur.

11 As much as possible, protect unused FUMITOXIN' from excessive exposure to atmospheric moisture during application. Tightly reseal and mark the aluminum flask as opened and partially used prior to returning to storage.

12. Respiratory protection approved for

12. Respiratory protection approved for the concentration to which the fumigator will be expassed must be available if FUMITOXIN is to be applied from within an enclosed indoor area. Respiratory protection need not be available for uses such as outdoor application, addition of tablets or pellets to automatic dispensing devices, etc., if exposures above the TLV's will not be encountered.

A NIOSH/MSHA approved, full-face gas mask — hydrogen phosphide canister combination may be used at levels up to 15 ppm. Above this level or in situations where the hydrogen phosphide concentration is unknown, a NIOSH/MSHA approved, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or its equivalent must be used.

13.Notify appropriate company employees and provide relevant safety information to local officials annually for use in the event of an emergency.

**— 18 —** 

#### **B USE PATTERN**

FUMITOXIN: has been found effective against the following stored products in sects and their pre-adult stages — that is, eggs, larvae and pupae

almond moth Khapra beetle lesser grain borer Angoumois grain. maize weevil moth Mediterranean flour bean weevil moth cadelle cereal leaf beetle pink bollworm raisin moth cigarette beetle. confused flour red flour beetle rice weevil beetle rusty grain beetle dermestid beetle dried fruit beetle saw toothed grain \*B**éc**sle dried fruß möth. European grain, en spider beetle moth tobaolo moth yellöw meat worm fiat grain beetle. Africanized and truit fly ្តុំ ក្រហeyបុច្ចក ក្រវួ**ទ្ធsted** cranary weevil. ] qfeafer wax footh \_\_\_ 'with tracheat miles hany fundus beetle pea weevel hessian fly 🕠

Although it is possible to achieve total ontrol of the listed insect pests, this is frequently not realized in actual practice.

Indian meal moth

Factors contributing to less than total control are leaks poor gas distribution, unfavorable exposure conditions, etc. In addition some insects are less susceptible to hydrogen phosphide than others. It maximum control is to be attainable, extreme care must be taken in Sealing, the higher Josagas must be used, exposure periods lengthened, preper application procedures tollowed and temperature and

humidity conditions must be favorable

## C COMMODITIES WHICH MAY BE FUMIGATED WITH FUNITOXIN'. "

FUMITOXIN may be disearfor the fumigation of listed raw agricultural commodities, animal feed and feed ingredients, processed foods tobacco and certain other non-food items.

#### RAW AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES AND ANIMAL FEED AND FEED INGREDIENTS WHICH MAY BE FUMIGATED WITH FUMITOXIN

FUMITOXIN tablets and peliets may be added directly to animal feed, feed ingredients and raw agricultural commodities stored in bulk. For those commodities not stored in bulk. FUMITOXIN may be placed in moisture permeable envelopes, on trays etc. and fumigated as with processed foods.

-- 20 --

almonds pecans animal feed & pistacho nuts popçorn feed ingredients barley rice Brazil nuts rve safflower seed cashews cocoa beans sesame seed coffee beans seed & pod corn vegelables sorghum cottonseed dates soy beans filberts sunflower seeds flower seed triticale grass seed vegetable seed millet walnuts oats wheat peanuts

## PROCESSED FOODS WHICH MAY BE FUMIGATED WITH FUMITOXIN

The listed processed foods may be fumigated with FUMITOXIN. Under no condition shall any processed food or bagged commodity come in contact, with FUMITOXIN (ablets, pellets or residual dus) except that FUMITOXIN may be added cirectly to ploceased brewer's rice, maltium opinions for use in the manufacture of beer.

Processed Candy and Sugar Cereal Flours and Bakery Mixes Cereal Foods (including cookies, crackers, macaroni, noudles, pasta, pretiefs, snack foods and spaghetti)

Processed Cereals (including milled fractions and packaged cereals)

Cheese and Cheese Byproducts

Chocolate and Chocolate Products (assorted circoqlate, chocolate, liquof, coloa, cocoa powder, durk chosplate coating and milk . . . checclate)

Processed Coffee

Corn Grits

Cured, Dried and Processed, Meat Products and

Dried Fish

Dates

Dried Eggs and Egg York Selfds

Dried Milk, Dried Powdered Milk, Nondairy Creamers, and Nonfat Dried Milk

Dried or Dehydrated Fruits (apples, dates, figs, peaches, pears, prunes, raisins and sultanas)

Figs

Malt

Processed Herbs, Spices, Seasonings and Condiments

Processed Nuts (almonds, apricot kernals, Brazil nuts, cashews, filberts, pecans, pistachio nuts and walnuts)

Processed Oats (including oatmeal)

**Peanuts** 

Rice (brewer's rice grits, enriched and polished)

Soybean Flour and Milled Fractions

**— 22 —** 

Processed Tea

Dried and Dehydrated Vegetables (beans, carrols, lentils, peas, potato flour, potato products and spinach)

Wildrice

Yeast (including primary yeast)

#### NONFOOD COMMODITIES WHICH MAY BE **FUMIGATED WITH FUMITOXIN**:

Processed or Unprocessed Cotton, Wool, and Other Natural Fibers, Cloth or Clothing Feathers

Human Hair, Rubberized Hair, Vulcanized Hair, Mohair, Animal Hide, Furs

Tobacco

Wood, Cut Trees, Wood Chips and Wood and Bamtico Pioducts ...

Paper a 1 Paper Products

Dried Plants and Flowers, Hay or Straw

Seeds igrass seed, ornamental herbaceous point. seed and vegetable seed)

\_ 23 -

ELINE	
5	
G	
Ä	
Œ	
$\supseteq$	
Ś	
Ŏ	
9	
EXPOS	
=	
ž	
፩	
F	
⋖	
Ō	
Ŧ	
₹	
Ĭ.	

The following table may be used as a guide in delermiping the minimum length of the exposure period at the indicated tempelatures

			4.9
	TEMPERATURE TO		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	WHICH FUMIGANT	MINIMUM EXPOSUR	MINIMUM EXPOSURE PERIOD FOR FUMITOXIN
_	ARE EXPOSED	PELLETS	TÂBLETS
_			
24	Below 40°F (5°C)	Do Not Furnigate	Do No. Eumoate
_	40° - 53°F (4-12°C)	A claye (#30 hre ?	
	54" · 59" (12.15°C)	4 days (46 h.c.	Landay again
	60° - 58° F (16.20°C)	2 days ( 20 hrs )	ondys (12.5 nrs.)
	above 68°F (20°C)	2 days (48 hrs.)	3 dave (72 hr.)

OXIN

The length of the fumigation must be long enough so as to provide for adequate control of the insect pests which infest the commodity being treated. It will be necessary to lengthen the fumigation at lower temperatures and relative humidities for grain moisture) since insects are more difficult to control under these conditions

The fungation period should also be long enough so that the generation of nydrogen phosphide gas has essentially ceased and worker exprising minimized during further storage and ir processing

There is little to be gained by extending the exposure period if the structure to be fumigated has not been carefully sealed. This is required to nsure that adequate gas levels are retained Proper apply at a procedurer must be released to provide satisfaciony visitot ution, retention and

The exposure periods in the above table are minimum periods and should not be shortened for any leason other han when it mus by necessary to abort the fum gation.

## RECOMMENDED DOSAGE RATES

The successful conclusion of a fumigation depends on the concentration being held for a sufficient length of time or exposure period. With hydrogen phosphide, minimum exposure times are required because of the means of generating

the gas from solid material and the biological action of the insect. For successful results against all stages, exposure times are not generally possible in less than 48 hours.

It is beyond the scope of this brochure to take into account all conditions prevailing in all situations where FUMITOXIN\* is used. Construction and tightness of istoriues vary considerably, so do climatic conditions. Therefore, we can only give a general guidance, which explains the wide range of the following recommended dosage rates.

Dosage rate depends a remarity upon the following factors:

- -Type of Storage : :
- -Pests to be controlled ' ' "
- -Commodity temperature

Dosage is calculated per 1,000 cubic feet or per 1,000 bushels.

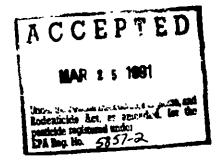
PRODUCT	PER 1,000 CU. FT.	PER 1,000 BUSHELS
Pellets	100 - 500	125 - 625
Tablets	20 - 145	25 180

These dosages are not to be exceeded. It is important to be aware that a shortened exposure period cannot be compensated by an increased dosage of hydrogen phosphide.

Long fumigation experience has shown the following recommendations to be generally reliable. Extremely adverse conditions may

**- 26 -**

require deviation from these recommended dosagriates. Contact your Pestcon Systems, Inc. representative for assistance.



1 1	PE	O.	STO	RAGE

Bulk stored commodities in flat
stores, steel bins, bunkers, etc.

- c. Loosely pried commodity stored under temporary relatively gns tight covering.
- d Packaged@ommoditins (bagged grain, processed foods, etc.) in sealable enclosure
- e Nuts or dates in bags or storage boxes

Nuts or dates in bulk

f Railcars

ı

29

## RECOMMENDED DOSAGE

90 270 -	- 180 - 540	lablets pellets	per	1.000	bushe	els els
90 - 270 -	180 540	tablets pellets	per per	1,000 1,000	bushe	els els
30 - 165 -	90 300	tablets pellets	per per	1.000 1.000	cubic	feet feet
		tablets pellets				
30 -	40	tablets pellets	per	1.000	cubic	feet
45 -	145	tablets	per	1.000	cubic	feet

225 - 500 pellets per 1,000 cubic feet

## TYPE OF STORAGE

a SILOS

Large vertical silo bins which	40
are relatively gas tight (e.g. steel)	120
or well constructed concrete bins	31.3

3

FARM BINS (BUTLER TYPE)

Molt	•	•
Well constructed and reasonably		90
gas tight		200

Farm bins made of wood or lookely constructed considerable increase in dosage may not give should be covered with polyethylene sheeting considerably reduced.

I. Shipholds 30 - 60 tablets per 1,000 cu. ft. - BULK 30 - 60 tablets per 1,000 cu. ft. - BAGGED BEST ALL CARLE COPY m. Spices iกรถน์เ, containers 1 - 2 pellets per 10 cubic feet

g	Space fumigation such as cereal mills, feed mills, food processing plants & warehouses	20 - 100	45 225	
h	Stored Tobacco	20	40	
		100 .	165	Рe

iblets per 1,000 cubic feet ellets per 1 000 cubic feet

ibleis per 1.000 cubic feet peliets per 1 000 cubic feet

165 - 300 pellets per 1,000 cu. ft. - BULK 100 - 300 pellets per 1,000 cu. ft. - BAGGED

Non-food products

r 55 - 90 tablets per 1,000 cubic feet 150 450 pelicth par 1 000 cubic feet

1 30 Stored treehiles suppers and other 30 beekeeping equipment for wax moth control and Africanized and Honeybees infested with tracheal mites and foulbrood

45 tablets per 1,000 cubic feet 150 725 pellets per 1 000 cubic feet

▶ Rodent burrows

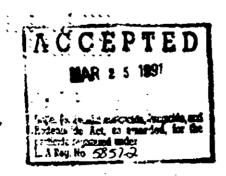
2 4 tablets per burrow 10 20 pellets per burrow

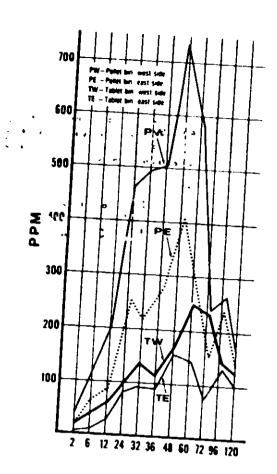
· 50 --

The question often is asked why there may be a difference in the total amount of aluminum phosphide in dosage recommendations between tablets and pellets. Contrary to what might be expected, it is not always the best decision to assume that you use five times as many pellets (which weigh 0.6 grams each) as tablets (which weigh 3 grams each). Because they are smaller pellets decompose more quickly and almost always give a higher peak concentration much sooner than tablets. Often you have a different distribution pattern. These and other factors thus suggest there often will be a difference in dosage rates between tablets and pellets.

32 -

To illustrate this, the chart on the following page summarizes the results of a test fumigation of two bins of identical size, one treated with 22 tablets (66 grams) per 1,000 bushels and the other treated with 110 pellets (66 grams) per 1,000 bushels. The results show a clear difference in the amount of gas available and the concentration reached using identical weights of aluminum phosphide. Peak concentration of the pellet treated bins were over three times that of the tablet treated bin (770 ppm vs 230 ppm). For warehouse and flat storage buildings, tablets often (but not always) are the preferred choice.





- 34 -

### SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

		rage
1	Farm Storage Fumigation	36 38
2	Fumigating Vertical Storage	39 40
3	Fumigation of Flat Storage	40 42
4	Trucks, Vans, Chambers, Containers	
	and Other Transport Vehicles	42 43
5	Fumigation in Small	
	Sealable Enclosures	43 44
6	Procedures for Fumigation of	
	Space in Mills, Warehouses	
	and Other Structures	44 46
7	Barge Fumigation Directions	46 47
8	Railcar Fumigation,	47 49
9	Treatment of Beehlves, Supers and	
	Other Berkeepitis Equipment	49
0	*FOMES63376*+ Oust Retainer	
	Method of Furnigation	50.51
•	Rodent Burrow	51 52
2	For Shiphold Instructions - Refer	to In
	Transit Eurogation on Shos Labeling	
٠.		
	*Patent No. 4,579,417 and 4,641,573	

#### 1. FARM STORAGE FUMIGATION

- a. Equipment Necessary:
- 1. FUMITOXIN® tablets/pellets
- 2. 5' to 7' probes, 1-1/4" diameter, PVC rigid tubing is recommended.
- 3. Grain sampling probe with pan, screen and . .: . thermometer (optional)...
- . 4. Glöves of cotton or other appropriate material (washable).
  - 5. Aluminum phosphide warning signs.
  - 6. Polyethylene sheeting.
  - 7. Delection equipment.
  - 8. Approved respiratory protection equipment.
  - b. Steps in FUNICOXIN Fumigation:
  - 1. Contact your supplier for detailed information, assistance and training outlines.
  - 2. Reed the label on the container and all supplemental labeling.
  - 3. Determine location of infestation.
  - 4. Determine number of bushels to be treated.
  - 5. Determine number of tablets/pellets required for treatment as follows:

- 36 -

AGE PER DOSAGE PER AGE PER BUSHELS 1,000 BUSHELS 0 tablets 200-450 pellets 150-450 pellets as grain is being furned	200.450 pellets 150.450 pellets ,	150.450 pellets 150.450 pellets	s 150.450 pellets	
TABLETS DOSAGE PER 1,000 BUSHELS 90.160 tablets 60. 90 tablets as grain is	120 tablets 90 tablets	150 tablets 120 tablets	120.180 tablets	
S OF GOOR F	60.68° F Over 68° F	60.68°F O×er 68° F	rtial	
DOSAGE CHART:  TYPE OF SFORAGE GRAIN T  Concrete Hevators or 60,68° F  Steet tanks wuti turning facilities	Round steel bins	Flat stores in	building not over 30 feet in depth Treatment of partial	ğ.n.s

6 Plan the distribution pattern for applying the tablets/pellets (keep in mind location of infestation). Contact your supplier for information on equipment to probe deeper than seven feel if this is necessary.

7. Probe tablets on 4' centers. Probe all tablets peliets as desply as possible, particufarly (with warm praint in cool climates. Convectional currents can prevent the hydrogen phosphide (phosphine) from penetrating downward.

8.Place warning signs by all access openings.

9:11% recommended that the perimeter of the bin be sprayed at ground level with an approved insecticide to help prevent reinfestation.

10 Do not enter the building for a minimum of five days after the furnigant has been applied or longer if grain is cooler than 60° F. Do not furnigate when grain temperature is below 40° F.

11 Following aeration of the building, spray grain surface with approved insecticide to discourage surface reinfestation.

NOTE: If monitoring equipment is not available on a farm and application cannot be done from outside of a structure, an approved canister respirator must be worn during application from within an enclosed indoor area.

**~ 38** ~

## 2. FUMIGATING VERTICAL STORAGE (Concrete upright bins, silos, etc.)

- Locate all ventilation facilities for basement/tunnel.
- b. Check commodity temperature and moisture and determine required exposure time.
- To the extent possible, seal all openings except for full opening
- d. Calculate number of tablets or pellets required, based on quantity (bushels) of commodity to be treated.
- e. Open containers in open air or near a fan which exhausts outside immediately as under certain conditions containers of aluminum phosphide may flash upon opening.
- f. Taplets of pellets may be applied by hand or with an automatic dispenser to the moving grain stream. Bins requiring more than 24 hours to fill should not be furnigated by direct addition as the bin is filled. These bins should be runingated upon completicin or filling by proping.
- g. Warning signs should be placed on hatch cover and discharge spout of each treated bin.
- h. Employees may continue with their normal duties when FUMITOXIN\* fumigant is used to fumigate grain in concrete eleva-

tor bins, providing proper exposure levels are maintained

- Following application, basement/funnels should always be checked for gas concentration before work starts. This can be done with detector tubes if a concentration is detected in the basement/funnel must be eliminated by natural or forced veutilation. Checking of headhouse/gallery and basement/funnel should always be done before the elevator crews start work. Grain my those permoved prior to completion of minimum exposure time.
- 3 FUMIGATION OF FLAT STORAGE (Bunkers, quonset buildings, large steel tanks, etc.)

Structure shall not be occupied during fumigation. If the storage is within a barn, all animals must be removed for the entire period of fumigation.

- a. Check the storage for tightness
- b To the extent practical seal any vents, cracks or other leaks.
- Determine commodify temperature, moisture and type of application to be made.
- d. Determine the dosage and exposure time based on the above information.

- 40

- e Tablets are recommended for flat storage, but if necessary, pellets may be substituted. Workers should be aware of the much shortened allowable application time if pellets are used
- f Apply tablets by using probes. Probes should be inserted at three or four foot intervals horizontally in both directions. The number of tablets per probe is determined by dividing the total number of tablets by the total number of probings to be carried out. Tablets will be dropped into the probes at intervals, as the probe is withdrawn.
  - g During application of the tablets, doors and windows shall be open to create as much cross ventilation as possible. Oberve proper exposite, levels and proper respiratory protection requirements, found, else where in this nightal.
  - h Covering the surface of the commodity with tarps or plastic sheets reduces convectional currents and das loss, thus in creasing the effectiveness of the fumigant. This cover must be removed after the fumigation is completed.
  - On completion of FUMITOXIN\* application and covering of commodity with tarps, close, seal and secure all doors, windows, hatches, etc.

- Warning signs are placed on all doors and openings so they are visible from all directions
- After full exposure time, aerating can be accomplished by opening doors and win dows from the outside and allowing a cross dreat until the urea as suitable for reentable of the entered twopen doors and windows, two or more persons frust work to define wearing proper respiratory equipment. Presence of hydrogen phosphide must be determined with dejector subject. Refer to aeration, reentry and industrial ingliene monitoring sections tound elsewhere in this document.

## 4 TRUCKS, VANS, CHAMBERS, CONTAINERS AND OTHER TRANSPORT VEHICLES

- Determine if the truck, van, chamber, container, or other transport vehicle can be made relatively gas tight
- b Determine the volume of space to be fumigated
- Determine the proper dosage and exposure time
- d. Seaf any vents, cracks or other leaks
- e For raw agricultural commodities aluminum phosphide may be added directly to the raw commodity as it is loaded, or probed in after loading is completed.
- f. The fumigation of processed foods in trucks, vans, containers, and other trans-

- 42 -

port vehicles must be done in such a manner as to prevent contact of aluminum phosphide with the commodity or its packaging.

- g. All doors and other openings are then sealed to prevent gas loss.
- After doors and other openings are closed and resealed, warning signs are placed on all of these doors or openings. Refer to placarding instructions for sign requirements.
- trucks, vans, chambers, containers and other transport vehicles to be placed aboard vessels or on piggyback rail shipments may be fumigated in-transit, but must not be moved while under fumigation over public, roads or highways when moved to the rail site or vessel for toading.

### 5 FUMIGATION IN SMALL SEALABLE EN-CLOSURES

- a. Determiner that the small sealable enclosures can be made relatively gas tight.
- b. Place the tablets or pallets in the space to be fumigated. Never pile pellets or tablets on top of each other.
- c. Secure the structure in such a way as to prevent gas loss.

- d Post warning signs on all sides of the structure
- e. If the structure is properly sealed, workers need not vacate the premises. However, you must observe proper exposure levels found elsewhere in this manual.

Mangain pood floss yentilation during working hours

- g. Observe poper exposite procedures
- 6 PROCEDURES FOR FUMIGATION OF SPACE IN MILLS. WAREHOUSES AND OTHER รัศน์อินัมสร้ร .:
  - Determine the dosage of tablets or pellets to be applied based upon the following parameters for space fumigation.
    - 1. The volume of the structure
    - 2. The air and/or commodity temperature.
    - The general tightness of the structure to be furniqued
  - b. Carefully seal the area to be fumigated
  - Place trays on sheets of Kraft paper, up to 12 sq. ft. in area, on the floor of the structure to hold the tablets or pellets.
  - d Spread tablets or pellets on the sheets at a density no greater than 30 tablets per sq. ft. cr. 75 pellets per sq. ft. This corresponds to slightly more than one half flask

- 44 -

of tablets or one-half tlask of pellets per 3' x 4' sheet.

- e Check the sheet to see that aluminum phosphide has not been piled up and that it is dispersed evenly to minimize contact between the individual tablets or pellets.
- 1 Doors leading to the fumigated space are then closed, sealed and locked. Aluminum phosphide warning signs must be placed on all entrances. Refer to the placarding instructions, found elsewhere in this manual.
- The fumigation period usually lasts from 2 to 5 days, depending upon the tempe rature. Do not fumigate when the tempe rature of the commodity or the space within the structure is below 40° F (5° C). Consult the labeling for further information.
- h Upon completion of the exposure period windows and doors should be opened and the furnigated structure allowed to aerale. Gas concentration rendings must be taken using few level detector tubes before allowing personnel to re-exter the area. Refer to aeration, reentry and industrial hygiene monitoring sections found elsewhere in this document.
  - Spent residual dust remaining after the fumigation is disposed of as described in

\_ 45 -

BEST / WORLD FOR CUFY

disposal procedures found elsewhere in this manual

### 7 BARGE FUMIGATION DIRECTIONS

- a. Determine barge is suitable for fumigation.
- 5. Determine barge is dry and clean
- c. Catermine that lids and hatch covers are is good order and can be secured.
- 1 Bulk Commodities can be freated as follows:
  - By placing deblets or pellets into the efream as the commodity is cheing loaded on the barge
  - Dr. after completion of loading fumigate by using directions for land based structures inserting the pallets or lablets below the surface with probes.
  - 2. Bagged or Other Packaged Commodities can be treated as follows:
    - Upon completion of loading, apply tablets or pellets in a manner consistent with other bagged or packag. ed fumigation directions in land based structures.
- e Close and secure covers
- Post appropriate warning signs to include ballast tank openings as well as

- 46 -

cargo area.

- g. Notify consignee the commodity is under furnigation.
- h. Prior to unloading barges make appropriate test to ascertain cargo area as well as ballast areas are tree of hydrogen phosphide gas.

NOTE: Barge fumigation is regulated by the U.S. Coast Guard Regulations 46 CFR 147A as modified by U.S. Coast Guard Special Permit 2:75 The shipper or fumigator must possess this permit prior to fumigating. To obtain this permit contact:

> U.S. Coast Guard Hazardous Materials Branch Washington, D.C. 20593-0001

- 8 RAILENEFUMIGATION Bulk Raw Commedities and Processed Brawers Rice, Mait and Corn Grits
  - a. Determine proper dosage and exposure fime.
  - Seal anywords, coacks or other leaks. c. For raw agricultural commodities aluminum phosphide may be added directly to the commodity as it is loaded, or probed in after loading is completed. Probing is easily done by using a 5' x 7' section of rigid

\_ 47 -

PVC tubing that is 1 1/4 in diameter 3 a blets or pellets are dropped through the tube as it is withdrawn from the commodity.

- d. All doors and hatch covers are then sealed with tape to prevent gas loss.
- e After the doors or hatch covers are closed and sealed, warning signs are placed on the top-and sides of the car as required by law. Refer to placarding instructions for sign requirements
- Notify=consignee-the) the railcar has been fumgated.

### Processed Food

- a. Volume of space is first determined.
- Determine proper dosage and exposure time
- c. Seal any vents, cracks or other leaks
- The funigation of processed food in railcars must be done in such a manner as to prevent contact of aluminum phosphide or its residual dust with the commodity or its packaging
- Tablets or pellets may be placed in moisture permeable material and then fastened to substantial supports in order to prevent contamination during railcar movement.

·~ 48 --

- All doors and hatch covers are then sealed with tape to prevent gas loss.
- g After the doors of hatch covers are closed and sealed, warning signs are placed on the top and sides of the car as required by law. Refer to placarding instructions for sign requirements.
- h Notify the consignee that the railcar has been fumigated

## 9 TREATMENT OF BEEHIVES, SUPERS AND OTHER BEEKEEPING EQUIPMENT

FUMITOXIN\* tablets or pellets may be used for the control of the greater wax moth in stored beenives supers and other beekeeping equipment and for the destruction of bees Africanized bees, and diseased bees including this eightested with tracheal mites and foul broud property and former dept dosage for this use at 30.45 tablets or 150.25 pellets per 1.000 cubic feet.

Fundations may be performed in chambers at attrooping the tablets or poliets on trays or manifesture being the tablets or poliets on trays or manifesture became able envelopes. Do not additione than 2 fablets or 10 pellets to each envelope. Honey from treated hives or supers may only be used for bee food.

## 10 FUMI-SLEEVE DUST RETAINER METHOD OF FUMIGATION

Patent No. 4.579,417 and 4.641,573

The presence of residue from FUMITOXIN' fabilits or pellets in freated raw agricultural corondocties too mally presently no problems of sexicity or sanitation. Nevertheless where a respective in abilities or peviets can be placed directly into the commodity during tanggation conduct the family ation in the normal mapping 1500 & http://doi.org/10.1001/10.0000

- ១ Determine The structure can be made relatively tight by sealing all vents windows cracks or other openings.
- Defermine the desage and appropriate number of propings to tile used.
- The FUMI SEEEVE dust refair of ecoephic a verifie standard 1.14 PVC probe
- 4 the probe with fact returner is the related into the comm diff.
- A sithe probe is withdrawn leaving the postretainer in the common to the appropriate number of tablets in people are power into the probe.
- After the probe is completely for welleasing the dust retained in taining the fatiety or pellets in the commodity the of the top of the reparer in a symmetric sechand knot.

- 50

- Post the structure iship hold barge, container on the ship, railcar, other piggyback cructures with appropriate warning signs well as a sign showing the number of FUMI SLEEVE dust retainers used.
- a On completion of fumigation remove an retainers from the treated commodity and transport in a well ventilated container to disposal sife.

### 9 Disposal

- 3 Complete dust retainer and residue can be buried.
- b Although it is not recommended if the FUMI SLEEVE dust retainer is to be used again it should be opened the residue emptied out and buried. The empty dust estainer should be washed and compile by greet before reluse.

## 11 RODENT BURROW FUMIGATION

Use of this product in the listed areas is prohibited without links contacting and obtaining permission from the Engangered Species Specialist in the regional phices of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Services (FWS) nearest you

- Read container label, training booklet, as well as other supplemental labeling.
- 2 Locate listed pest burrow

u

4 Add tablets or pellets according to label directions (Use lower rates in smaller bur rows, or when moist soil conditions exist, and higher rates in larger burrows or when

sort moistare is fow )

5. Pack burrow openings with crumpled news
paper

- 6 Seal tightly by shoveling soil over the openings
- 7 Check burrows in one of two days and treat re-opened burrows
- 8 Do not use within, 15, feet of inhabited structure
- 9 Do not apply to burrows which may open under or into occupied buildings.
- 10 Respiratory equipment is not required to be on hand for outside burrow fumigation

#### PLACARDING OF FUMIGATED AREAS

The applicator must placard or post all entrances to the fumigated area with signs bearing.

- 1 The signal word DANGER/PELIGRO and the SKULL AND CROSSBONES symbol in red
- 2 The statement, "Area and/or commod-

**- 52** -

idity under fumigation, DO NOT ENTER/ NO ENTRE."

- 3. The statement, "This sign may only be removed after the commodity and/or area is completely aerated (contains 0.3 ppm or less phosphine gas). If incompletely areated commodity is transferred to a new site, the new site must also be placarded, and workers must not be exposed to more than 0.3 ppm phosphine."
- 4 The date and time fumigation begins and is completed
- 5. Name of fumigant used
- 6 Name, address, and telephone number of the applicator

All entrances to a semigated area must be placarded. There possible placards should be placed in advance of the lumigation in order to keep unauthorized persons away. For railroad hopper cars placarding must be placed securely on both sides of the car near the ladders and next to the top hatch into which the fumigant is introduced.

Do not remove as placard until the treated commodity is areated down to 0.3 ppm or less. To determine whether aeration is complete, each fumigated site or vehicle must be monitored following directions found under industrial

Hygiene Monitoring and shown to contain 0.3 ppm or less of phosphine gas in the air space around and, when feasible in the mass of the commodity. Transfer of incompletely aerated commodity to a new site is permissible, however, the new storage site influst be placefuled if flore than 0.3 ppm is detected. Workers, who handle incompletely acrated commodity must be informed and appropriate measures taken (i.e. ventilation or respiratory protection) to prevent exposures from exceeding the TLMs for bydrogen phosphide.

It is recommended that the person responsible for removing placards be sappliar with the physical, chemical and toxicological properties of hydrogen phosphide. They should also be knowledgeable in how to take gas readings, exposure limits, symptoms, and first aid treatment for hydrogen phosphide poisoning.

## AERATION OF FUMIGATED COMMODITIES Fonds and Feeds

therefore the end consumer. The end to the e

54

#### Tobacco

Tobacco must be aerated for at least three days (72 hours) when furnigated in hogsheads or until concentration is below 0.3 ppm and for at least two days (48 hours) when furnigated in other containers. When plastic liners are used, longer aeration periods will probably be required to aerate the commodity down to 0.3 ppm.

As an alternative to these aeration periods, each container of a treated commodity may be analyzed for residue using accepted analytical methods, if residues are less than tolerance evels, the commodity may be shipped to the consumer regardless of the above holding periods.

## DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS

ີ້ ມີບໍ່ກາດເ com aminate water, knod or teed by disposal of besiccide wastes.

2 Unreacted or partially reacted FUMITOXIN\* is acutely hazardous Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Reginal Office for guidance. For specific sinatructions, refer to well deactivation militiad of disposal and spill and leak procedures, or call your Pastcon Systems, Inc. representative for guidance.

- 3. Some local and state waste disposal regulations may wary from the following recommendations. Disposal procedures should be reviewed with appropriate authorities to insure compliance with local regulations. Contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or Hazardous Waste Specialist at the nearest EPA Regiona! Office for guidance.
- 4. Triple rinse flasks and stoppers with water. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Rinsate may be disposed of in a sanitary landfill or by other approved procedures. Or, it is permissible to remove lids and expose empty flasks to atmospheric conditions until residue in the flasks is reacted. Then puncture and dipose of in a sanintary landfill or other approved site, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

-- 56 --

5 If properly exposed, the residual dust remaining after a furnigation with FUMITOXIN' will be a grayish-white powder and contain a small amount of unreacted aluminum prosphide. THE RESIDUAL DUST FROM INCOMPLETLY EXPOSED FUMITOXIN WILL REQUIRE SPECIAL CARE

## B DIRECTIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SPENT RESIDUAL DUST

- If In open areas, small (not more than in tousing amounts of residual dust more than directed of on site by burial or by symmetric, was the land surface away from inhabite, buildings.
- 2 Residual dust from FUMITOXIN may see br collected and disposed of at a sandar, and fill, incinerator or other approved sit size by other procedures approved by Federal State or Local authorities.
- 3 From 2 to 3 to 6 to 6 to 5 to 5 and ren 122 to 6 from 2 to 3 flash of rental TOXIN max. The lected for disposal in a 1 gallon bucket be seen amounts, up to one half case may be able to 1 in bullap abuton are other to 1 in bullap abuton are other to 1 in one to 1 in part to 1 in an open vertice to the disposal site 20 increased dust from more than 7 flasks of tallets or 10 flash of pellets (about 11 kg or 25 fb.) in a single bag DO NOT PILE BAGS TOGETHER DO NOT USE THIS METHOD FOR PARTIAL.

SPENT OR "GREEN" DUST. CAUTION: DO NOT COLLECT DUST IN LARGE DRUMS, DUMPSTERS, PLASTIC BAGS OR OTHER CONTAINERS WHERE CONFINEMENT MAY OCCUR

C DIRECTIONS FOR DEACTIVATION AND BISPOSAL OF "GREEN" PARTIALLY SPENT RESIDUAL DUSL.

Confinement of partially spent residual dust, as in a closed container, or collection and storage of large quantities of dust may result in a fire hazard. Small amounts of hydrogen phosphide may be given off from traces of unreacted aluminum phosphide, and confinement of the gas may result in a flash

Prior to disposal it is necessary to further deactivate partially spent residue following an incomplete exposure time or following a furnigation which has produced large quantities of partially spent material. You must use either the wet or dry method described below.

- a DIRECTIONS FOR WET METHOD DEACTI VATION AND DISPOSAL OF LARGE QUAN TITIES (OVER 5 FLASKS) OF PARTIALLY SPENT OR GREEN DUST
- Deactivating solution is prepared by adding the appropriate amount of low sudsing liquid detergent or surfactant to water

**– 58 –** 

in a drum or other suitable container. A 2% solution of detergent (4 cups to 30 gallons) is suggested. The container should be filled with deactivating solution to within a few inches of the top

- 2 Residual dust is poured slowly into the deactivating solution and stirred so as to thoroughly wet all of the residual dust. This must be done in the outdoor air and not the fumigated structure. Dust from FUMITOXIN¹ tablets or pellets should be mixed in no less than 10 gallons of waterdetergent solution for each case of material used.
- 3 Dispose of the dealivated residue-water suspension, with or without preliminary decanting, at a sanitary landfill or other sultable site approved by local authorities. Where to state the sturry may be poured into a stock service if you have allowed this mixture to stand for no less than 36 hours), or out onto the ground.

4 SAUTION: Wear abording the respiratory aprotection during well deadtration of partially spekt material be not cover the container holding the slurry at any time. Do not dispose of residual dust in a toilet. Do not allow quantities of dry, residual dust from FUMITOXIN to be collected or stored.

- b. DIRECTIONS FOR DRY METHOD OF DE-ACTIVATION AND DISPOSAL OF SMALL (NOT MORE THAN 5 FLASKS) OF PAR-TIALLY SPENT DUST.
- 1. Smaller amounts, not more than 5 flasks, of partially spent dust may be spread in an open strough away from inhabited buildings and restricted from access to by humans or animals and allowed to be further deactivated by atmospheric exposure.
- This disf mat then be buried or transported to appropriate sites and disposed of as directed in "Directions for Disposal of Spent Dust."

### SPILL AND LEAK PROCEDURE

A spill, other than incidental to application or normal handling may produce high levels of gas and, therefore, attending personnel must wear SCBA when the concentration of hydrogen phosphide gas is unknown. Other NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection may be worn if the concentration is known. Do not use water at any time to clean up a spill of FUMITOXIN\*. Water in contact with unreacted tablets, pellets or bags will greatly accelerate the production of hydrogen phosphide gas which could result in a toxic and/or fire hazard. Wear dry gloves of cotton

**- 60 -**

or other sultable material when handling aluminum phosphide.

- A. Return all intact aluminum flasks to cardboard cases or other suitable packaging which has been properly marked according to DOT regulations. Notify consignee and shipper of damaged cases.
- B. If aluminum flasks have been punctured or damaged so as to leak, the container may be temporarily repaired with aluminum tape or the FUMITOXIN\* may be transferred from the damaged flasks to a sound metal container which should be sealed and properly labeled as aluminum phosphide. Transport the damaged containers to an area suitable for pesticide storage for inspection. Contact Pestcon Systems, Inc. for further instructions.
- C. If a spill has occurred which is only a few minutes old, collect the tablets and pellets and place them back into the original flasks, if they are intact, and stopper tightly. Place the tablets and pellets in a sound metal container if the original flasks are damaged GAUTION. These tlasks flay flash upon opening at a later date.
- If the age of the spill is unknown or if the tablets or pellets have been contaminated with soil, debris, water, etc., gather up the spillage and place it into small open buckets having a

capacity no larger than about 1 gailon. Do not add more than one flask of spillage material, 1 to 1.5 kg (2 to 3 lbs) to the bucket. If onsite, wet deactivation is not feasible, these open containers should be transported in open vehicles to a suitable area. Wet deactivation that be called out as described away from inflabited buildings. Alternatively, small amounts of spillage from 4 to 5 flasks (4 to 8 kg., 9 to 18 lbs.) may be spread out in an open area to be deactivated by atmospheric moisture.

E Procedure for wet deadtivation of spills.

- 1 Deactivating solution is prepared by adding the appropriate amount of low sudsing liquid detergent or surfactant to water in a drum or other suitable container. A 2% solution or 4 cups in 30 gallons is recommended. The container should be filled with deactivating solution to within a few inches of the top.
- 2 The tablets or pellets are poured slowly into the deactivating solution and stirred so as to thoroughly wet all of the FUMI-TOXIN\*. This must be done in the open air FUMITOXIN tablets or pellets should be mixed into no less than about 15 gallons of water-detergent solution for each case of spilled material.

**— 62 —** 

- 3. Allow the mixture to stand, with occasional stirring, for at least 36 hours.
- 4. Dispose of the slurry of deactivated material, with or without preliminary decanting, at a sanitary landfill or other suitable site approved by local authorities. Where permissible, this slurry may be poured out onto the ground or into a storm sewer.

CAUTION: Wear appropriate respiratory protection during wet deactivation of unexposed FUMITOXIN\*. Never place pellets, tablets, or dust in a closed container such as a dumpster, sealed drum, plastic bag, etc., as flammable concentrations can develop and a flash of hydrogen phosphide gas is likely to occur. THE EPA HAS DETERMINED THAT PROPER DISPOSAL OF ALUMINUM PHOSPHIDE WILL CAUSE NO UNREACONABLE ADVERSE EFFECTS.TC THE ENVIRONMENT.

FOR ASSISTANCE CONTACT:

#### PESTCON SYSTEMS, INC.

55'1 Gapital Center Drive, Ste. 302
Rateligh, M.C. 27606.
Temphone: 800-548-2778 or 919-859-2500
Fax: 919-859-2155

OR CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 WE RECOMMEND THAT YOU GIVE YOUR COMPANY PHYSICIAN AND/OR THE EMERGENCY CENTER CLOSEST TO THE JOB SITE A COPY OF THIS PAGE:

= = = = |

Note to Physician:

Aliminum phosphite in tablets, pellets and bags react with most tre from theair, water, acids and many ether liquids to release hydrogen phosphide (phosphine) gas. Mild exposure to inhalation causes malaise (indefinite feeling of sickness), ringing of ears, latique, frausea, and pressure in the chest which is relieved by removal to fresh air. Moderate potsoning causes weakness, vomiting, pain just above the stomach, chest pain, diarrhea and dyspnea (difficulty in breathing). Symptoms of severe poisoning may occur within a few hours to several days, resulting in pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs) and may lead to dizziness, cyanosis (blue or purple skin color), unconsciousness, and death.

In sufficient quantity, phosphine affects the liver, kidneys, lungs, nervous system, and circulatory system. Inhalation can cause lung edema (fluid in lungs) and hyperemia (fluid in brain). Ingestion can cause lung and brain symptoms but damage to the viscera (body cavity organs) is more common. Phosphine poisoning may result in (1) pulmonary edema, (2) liver elevated serum GOT, LDH and alkaline phosphatase, reduced

- 64 -

prothrombin, hemorrhage and jaundice (yellow skin color) and (3) kidney hematuria (blood in urine) and anuria (abnormal lack of urination). Pathology is characteristic of hypoxia (oxygen deficiency in body tissue). Frequent exposure to a paulacute concentrations over a period of days or weeks may cause poisoning. Treatment is symptomatic.

The following measures are suggested for use by the physicians in accordance with their own judgement:

In its milder forms, symptoms of poisoning may take some time (up to 24 hours) to make their appearance, and the following is suggested.

- Give complete rest for 1 2 days, during which the patient must be kept quiet and warm
- Should a patient suffer from vomiting or increased blood sugar, appropriate solutions should be administered. Treatment with oxygen breathing equipment is recommended as is the administration of cardiac and circulatory stimulants."

In case of severe poisoning (intensive care unit is recommended):

- 1. Where prilmonary edoma is abserved, steroid therapy should be considered and close medical supervision is fecoinmended. Blood transfusions may be necessary.
- 2. In case of manifest pulmonary edema, verie-

**- 65 -**

BEST AVAILABLE COFY

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER FUNITURIN'S persons or dust can be fater if examinated. Do not get in ever on their or on crothing. Do not est drive or smoke while handing eliminum phosphide funigents. When a sealed container is exerted altoning material to come in contact with moisture water or acids. Toxic photograms gas will be released this garbic oder detected for appropriate monitoring procedures refer to section on Industrial Hispania Manitori Manual Pure photohine gas is odorless, the odor is due to a contaminant. Since an oder may h detected t Observe prope certain Exclusioners, the absence of a garic ader does not mean that phosphine get it abo

Payrical and Chemical Hazards

Ed Cala m anosanute peners and partially spent dust will release hydrogen ahosphide if exposed t as as it it comes into contact with water scies and many other issues. Plung of pellets fragmentation may cause a temperature increase and confine the release of gas so that ignition It is recommended that you open alumnum phosphide products in open air or near a fan which exhausts outside mondators. Never also in frammable atmissible because on rare occasions if his litest. When opening point the container away from the face and body. These precautions will also reduce the applicators exposure to

flire hydrogen phosphide ighosphine; gas is practically insoluble in mater, fats and oils, and is stable at normal fumigation temperatures. However, it may react with certain metals and cause corresion, especially at higher semperatures and relative humidities.

Microis such as cooper brass, and other choper allows, and precious metals such its cold and silver are susceptible to corrosion by phosphine, especially as high temperatures and humidity. Thus items such as small electric motors uncke detectors, brass samikler heads, Batteries and Battery chargers, forklifts, temperature monitoring systems electrical switch sear communication delices computers calculators watches and other electronic equipment should be protected or removed before furnigation. Hydrogen phosphide will also react with certain metallic saits and investore sensitive items such as photographic film convent pages and seme ingresoric prements, etc. should not be

Note to Physician. Alumnum phosphide in pellets react with moisture from the air water acids and many other liquids to release hydrogen phosphide (phosphine) gas. Mild exposure by inhalation causes malaise (indefinite feeling of submess, remove of ears, fations, nauses, and pressure in the cheft which it relieved by removal to fresh as V serate poisoning causes weakness, vanisting pain just above the stemach, chest pain distribed and disspice id thoulty in Breathings. Symptoms of severe poisoning may occur within a few hours to several days, resulting is purmonary edema iffud in lungs; and may lead to dizzness: cyanosis false of durple sain color), unconsciousness, and

In sufficient quantity, phosphine effects the liver kidneys, lungs, nervous system and circulatory system, inhuration can cause lung edema. Had in lungs, and hyperemix lexcess of blood in a body partit small perviscular brain temorrhage and from edema illiud in bronic Ingestion con course lung and bront symplums but damage to the viscera buck cavity organs/ is more common. Prociphine polloging: "as regift of 1- summonally edoma. 12- i.eer elevated serum GDT. IDM and alkawise phosphasase reduced prulimomo." Neporthapi and (Locky) reduce skin color, and (3) kidney hematuria (blood in urme) and anauria (abnormal or table of withatistic Pathologius characteristic of hypoxia waygen deficiency in be d tissue. Frequent exposure to supacute concentrations even a period of days or weeks

Direction for Use

A is a violation of Federal Law to Bio (Bio physic) in a magnet measuring mit with its talk

THIS PRODUCT IS ACCOMPANIED BY AR REPROVED APPLICATION'S MANUAL READ AND WA THE ENTINE LABELING ALL PARTS OF THE LABELING ARE EDUALLY IMPORTANT FOR SAFE AND EFFECTIVE USE OF THIS PRODUCT CALL PESTCON SYSTEMS, INC., OR EPA IF YOU HAVE ARY QUESTIONS. OR DO NOT UNGERSTAND ANY PART OF THIS LABELING.

Parlor to the Applicator's Manual for detailed precautions recommendations and directions for use

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE WE TO ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY

OF HIGHLY TOXIC PHOSPHINE GAS

only by Certified Applicators for those uses covered by the or persons trained at accordance with the attached product direct supervision and in the physical presence of the Certified applicators certification manual working under th or complete instructions for the safe use of this product Applicator Physical presi

5857-2

FOR USE AGAINST LISTED INSECTS WINCH INFEST STORED COMMODITIES. SPECIFIED PROCESSED FOODS, AND ANIMAL FEEDS

ACTIVE INGREDIENT - ALUMINUM PHOSPINDE . . . . . MERT INGREDUATS

100%

45%

PM 30



### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER/PELIGRO - POISON

PRECAUCION AL USANIO. Si visted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta le haya sido explicada ampliamente

Statement of Practical Treatment: Symptoms of charexposure are headache, dizzness, nausea difficult breathing, vomiting, and digirhea in all cases of overexposure get medical attention immediately. Take victim to a doctor or emergency treatment facility.

If excessive smounts of gas from aluminous phosphide are inhaled: Get exposed person to fresh air. Keep warm and make sure person can breathe freely. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious

If eleminum phosphide pellets, or powder are swellowed: Oriok or administer and or two plasses of water and induce vomiting by fourthing back of throat with finger, or if available administer syrup of specac. Do not give anything by mouth if victim is UNCONSCIOUS OF NOT BIEFT

If powder or granules of aleminum phosphide get on shin or clothing: Brush or shake material off clothes in a well-ventilated grea. Check that all pockets and culfs are amply. Allow clothes to serate in a ventilated area prior to laundering. Do not leave contaminated clothing it occupied and/or confined areas such as automobiles, vans, motal rooms, etc. Wash contaminated skin thoroughly with soap and water

dust from pellets gets in oyes: Flush with planty of water. Get medical attention. side panel for additional precautionary statements

Manufactured for:



SSIT Capital Center Drive., Ste. 302 | TELEPHONE (800) \$48-2778
Raleigh, N.C. 27606 Contents Approx 1.660 pellets Net Weight 1000 g (2 lbs 3 28 ezs)

EPA REG. NO. 5857 2 EPA EST. NO. 46060 CI 04 Sterage Instructions

Store FLM "CAN Labora these cumit vidities

2. Do not shield by dangs who 3 FUNITORIN perens are augo-

atmospheric moisture a willinger

Dor contaminate water find or Ubreauted in partial pinearted FUM's of Federal Chair If these wastes ca Pesticide of Englishmental Control Office for quidance if it specific Applicator's Manual

Since rucal and shale waste disposit should be residued in this got officer guid incir

sandary andfolion by there is ce sandary landfol by gronny his mil and exprise empty flashs in light in sign et a sanitary landing to their appro Floriger's exposed, the residual au and contain only a small amount

#### esposed FUMITOXIN may require a Saill and Leak Procedures Goneral Processions and Directs

& sail other than incidental to as attending agrisphnel must mear St unknewn Other NIOSH MSHA ager use water at any time to clean up accelerate the production of hydroei Return all intact aluminum frasks :

according to DDT regulations. Noti NUMBER OF THE PURPOSE should be sealed and properly liaber for pesticide storage for inspection Further information and recommen

Constal Information FUNCTORIN atmospheric humidity. FUMITOXIN. wages that is eggs larvae and which may be furnigated

WARRARTY Seller warrants that No Other warranty inther express o INSTRUCTIONS

Datashed by Ut Inc. as 10 his haz and supplemental labeling. FUNETO toric phosphire gas. Spontaneous is