EPA Form 8570-6 (Rev. 5-76)

ATTACPHENT IS APPLICABLE SIGNATURE OF APPROVING OFFICIAL

Fncl Surer

by others.

PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED UNTIL SUPPLY IS EXHAUSTED.

53691:I:Pringle:K-4:KENCO:10/20/88:12/5/88:CL:ek:de

DATE

Reg no: 5785-80 : 17

### CENTER PANEL

#### WTA 1500

FOR USE AS A DISINFECTANT, SANITIZER, BACTERICIDE, SLIMICIDE, AND ALGICIDE IN RECIRCULATING COOLING WATER SYSTEMS AND ONCE THROUGH COOLING WATER AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS'

Active Ingredient:

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated;

Sodium bromide....

OCT 24 1988

Inert Ingredients.....

Under Con Poloral Inspellede, Funguade, and Redenticile Act as remembed. For the penticide

100%

5785 EPA 8000

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

### WARNING

## STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with cold water for at least 15

minutes. If irritation persists, seek medical

15%

85%

attention immediately.

Skin Contact: Prolonged contact can produce skin

irritation. If skin contact occurs, wash with

cold water for 15 minutes.

SEE ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS ON SIDE PANEL

NET WEIGHT: EPA REG. NO. 5785
LOT NUMBER: EPA EST. NO. 5785
.....

GREAT LAKES CHEMICAL CORPORATION WEST LAFAYETTE, IN 47906

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# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS. WARNING. Irritation may develop from eye and skin exposure. Avoid contact with eyes. Wear gloves and safety goggles. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS. Do not discharge into lakes, streams, ponds or public water unless in accordance with an NPDES permit. For guidance, contact your regional office of EPA.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS. WTA 1500 is not flammable, However, in fires fueled by other materials, hydrogen bromide or bromine may be released. In case of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE. Keep product in tightly closed original container when not in use Store in a dry, well ventilated area. Product should be stored at 20° F. or above.

DISPOSAL. Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Triple rinse the container (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incinerate. Burn only if allowed by state and local authorities. If burned, stay out of smoke.

RECIRCULATING COOLING WATER SYSTEMS. When used as directed, WTA 1500 effectively controls algal, bacterial, and fungal slimes in commercial and industrial cooling towers; influent water systems such as flow through filters; heat exchange water systems; and industrial water scrubbing systems.

DOSAGE RATES. Add WTA 1500 to the system at a 0.5 to 2.0 sodium bromide/oxidant mole ratio. For example:

- 1) 0.49 to 1.9 pounds of chlorine gas (99.9%) per galion of sodium bromide solution;
- 2) 0.39 to 1.58 gallons sodium hypochlorite (12.5% available chlorine) solution per gallon of sodium bromide solution.

<u>Initial Dose</u>: When the system is noticeably fouled, add 0.004 to 0.082 gallons of WTA 1500 solution per 1000 gallons of water contained in the system and oxidize with either gas chlorine (0.008 to 0.040 lbs. gas chlorine per 1000 gallons of contained water), or sodium hypochlorite solution (0.006 to 0.032 gallons of 12.5% sodium hypochlorite solution per 1000 gallons of contained water).

<u>Subsequent Dose</u>. When microbial control is evident, add 0.002 to 0.082 gallons of WTA 1500 solution per 1000 gallons of water contained in the system, and oxidize with either gas chlorine (0.004 to 0.040 lbs. gas chlorine per 1000 gallons of contained water), or sodium hypochlorite solution (0.003/to 0.032 gallons of 12.5% sodium hypochlorite solution per 1000 gallons of contained water).

ONCE-THROUGH COOLING WATER AND WASCEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS. When used as directed, WTA 1500 effectively controls algal, bacterial and fungal slimes in once-through fresh and sea water cooling systems and disinfects secondary and tertiary wastewater treatment systems.

DOSAGE RATES. Add WTA 1500 solution to the system at a 0.5 to 2.0 sodium bromide/oxidant mole ratio. For example:

- 1) 0.49 to 1.9 pounds of chlorine gas (99.9%) per gallon of sodium bromide solution;
- 2) 0.39 to 1.58 gallons sodium hypochlorite (12.5% available chlorine) per gallon of sodium bromide solution.

<u>Initial Dose</u>. When the system is noticeably fouled, add 0.012 to 0.16 gallons of WTA 1500 per 1000 gallons of water contained in the system, and oxidize with either gas chlorine (0.02 to 0.08 lbs. gas chlorine per 1000 gallons contained volume), or sodium hypochlorite solution (0.019 to 0.06 gallons 12.5% sodium hypochlorite solution per 1000 gallons contained volume).

When microbial control is evident, add 0.004 to <u>Subsequent Dose</u>. 0.16 gallons WTA 1500 solution per 1000 gallons of water contained in the system, and oxidize with either gas chlorine (0.008 to 0.08 lbs. chlorine 1000 gallons contained volume), dr "sodium gas per hypochlorite solution (0.006 to 0.06 qallons 12.5% sodium hypochlorite solution per 1000 gallons contained volume):

Feed WTA 1500 either before or after the oxidant injection point into the water to be treated. Be sure rapid mixing of the treated water, WTA 1500 and oxidant is achieved. Pump manufacturers can recommend the appropriate materials of construction and capacity for a pump to feed WTA 1500 or sodium hypochlorite solution. "If used as the oxidant, chlorine gas must be handled and used only in accordance with practices recommended in The Chlorine Manual published by the Chlorine Institute, Inc., New York. Use chlorine gas only in well ventilated areas.

Treatment levels of WTA 1500 and oxidant can best be measured with test kits for either bromine or chlorine. Tests should be made immediately after drawing water samples from the system. Use test kits according to directions.

- 1. When a bromine test kit is used, results can be read directly as ppm bromine.
- 2. When a chlorine test kit is used, results can be expressed in terms of bromine by multiplying chlorine values by the conversion factor 2.25.

WTA 1500 weighs 9.4 lbs/gal at 70° F.

NOTE: Seller warrants that this product complies with the specifications expressed in this label. Seller makes no other warranties; and disclaims all other warranties, express or implied, including but not limited to warranties of merchantability and fitness for the intended purpose. Seller's liability for default, breach, or failure under this label shall be limited to the amount of the purchase price. Seller shall have no liability for consequential damages.