

BACK PANEL

KILLS FLEAS, TICKS, AND LICE

Front Panel

SHIELD

FLEA AND TICK SPRAY

KILLS: Fleas, Ticks, Lice and Chiggers
on dogs and cats.

CAUTION: Keep out of reach of children.
Contents under pressure. See back
panel for additional cautions.

Net Weight: 7 ounces.

ACCEPTED
JAN 24 1968
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
OFFICE OF THE FEDERAL INSPECTOR
FOR PESTICIDES AND SOIL POLLUTANTS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20250
REGISTRATION NO. 5693-23
SEE INSTRUCTIONS
TO ATTACHED DOCUMENTS

DIRECTIONS: Shake gently before use. Hold can upright about ten inches from animal with nozzle pointing toward animal. Press button. It may be advantageous especially on long haired animals, to rub the hand against the lay of the hair, spraying into the rifflled hair, directly behind the hand. If ticks are present, spray individually. Rub film into animal's coat. Kills fleas in 5 to 10 minutes. Do not use more often than once every 7 days. Repeat treatment as necessary. Use in pet's sleeping area and on bedding to control reinfestation. Do not use on kittens.

Active Ingredients:

Pyrethrins0.070%
Rotenone 0.030%
Other cube resins 0.060%
Carbaryl (1-naphthyl N-Methyl-
carbamate)* 0.500%
Petroleum Distillate 0.280%

Inert Ingredients 99.060%
100.000%

*Sevin-Reg. U. S. Pat. Office U.C.C.

CAUTION: Store below 120°F. Do not puncture or incinerate. Do not place on stoves or radiators. Avoid prolonged breathing of spray mist, repeated contact with skin, contamination of feed and food stuffs. Wash hands thoroughly after using. Store in cool, dry place.

Shield Chemical Co.
Canton, Mass.

USDA Reg. No. _____

ACCEPTED
1-24-68
UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
ACT AND SOIL POLLUTANT
ACT
REGISTRATION NO. 5693-23

CAUTION!

- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
- HARMFUL IF INHALED OR SWALLOWED
- AVOID BREATHING OF SPRAY
- DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY
- AVOID CONTACT WITH SKIN AND EYES
- WEAR REGULAR LONG-SLEEVED WORK CLOTHING
- CHANGE TO CLEAN CLOTHES DAILY
- WASH HANDS AND FACE BEFORE EATING
- WASH THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Carbaryl is a moderate narcotic, highly irritant to the respiratory tract. Do not use carbaryl in the presence of other drugs.

AVOID CONTAMINATION OF FOOD, FEED, WATER SUPPLIES, STREAMS AND PONDS Do not apply to water. When cleaning equipment.

NOT TO BE STORED IN AREAS WHERE TEMPERATURES FREQUENTLY EXCEED 100°F.

GENERAL CAUTIONS

Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

BEE CAUTION: Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

READ THIS LABEL. USE IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH DIRECTIONS AND CAUTIONS.

DIRECTIONS FOR EQUIPMENT CARE, SPRAY PREPARATION AND CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Equipment Care: Wash equipment thoroughly with water after use. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

KEROSENE OR DIESEL FUEL: Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

Spray Preparation: Mix carbaryl with water according to the label directions. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For use in most sprays SEVIMOL must be diluted to at least one part of water and mixed thoroughly before use. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

Storage of Unused Material and Container Disposal:

Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

COTTON INSECT CONTROL

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of bollworms, tobacco budworms, and other insects on cotton. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

STOP — READ LABEL BEFORE USING!



SEVIMOL[®] 4

Carbaryl Insecticide

This Product Contains 4 Pounds Carbaryl Per Gallon

For Control of Insect Pests
Especially for Improved Bollworm Control

CAUTION Keep Out of Reach of Children. See Other Caution Statements on Side Panel

SEVIMOL[®] is the TM of Union Carbide Corporation for an insecticide containing Sevin[®] carbaryl and molasses. U.S. Pat. Nos. 2,903,478 and 3,009,855

Active Ingredient:	Wt.
Carbaryl (1-naphthyl methylcarbamate)	40.38%
Inert Ingredients:	59.62%
Total	100.00%

DO NOT RE-USE THIS CONTAINER FOR ANY PURPOSE

MANUFACTURED BY
HELENA CHEMICAL COMPANY
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

SORGHUMS (Including Milo and Grain Sorghum): Use 2 quarts for Cotton, 1 quart for Sorghum. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

SUGAR BEETS: Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

GRASSHOPPERS: Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

TOBACCO INSECT CONTROL

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.

For control of tobacco budworms and other insects on tobacco. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed. Do not use carbaryl in areas where it is likely to be inhaled or swallowed.