

NOTICE

Combustible liquid, do not use, spill, pour or store near heat or open flames.

Rinse equipment and containers and dispose of wastes by burying in non-crop lands away from water supplies. Containers should be disposed by punching holes in them and burying with wastes, or by burning (keep out of smoke).

Keep out of any body of water. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

DANGER

Keep out of reach of children. May be fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Do not wear contaminated clothing. May be irritating to eyes and skin. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Handle concentrate in ventilated area.

Keep away from food, feedstuffs and water supplies. Do not let children or pets contact treated area until thoroughly dry. Flush contaminated eyes and skin with plenty of water and for eyes get medical attention.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Di-Tox E insecticide is a cholinesterase inhibitor. Treat symptomatically. Atropine is an antidote. 2-PAM is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with Atropine.

Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, expressed or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes risk of any such use.

EPA Reg. No. 5602-97

EPA EST. 5602-IN-01

ACCEPTED

MAY 14 1976

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under
EPA Reg. No.



FOR USE BY PEST CONTROL OPERATORS ONLY

RESISTANT COCKROACHES

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

O,O diethyl O-(3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridyl)

phosphorothioate.....

2,2-Dichlorovinyl dimethyl phosphate 11.45 %

and related compounds .86%.....

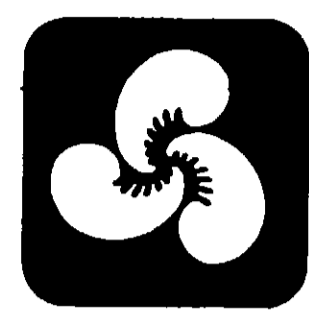
Xylene.....

INERT INGREDIENTS.....

DANGER KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CONTENTS:

(See side panels for)

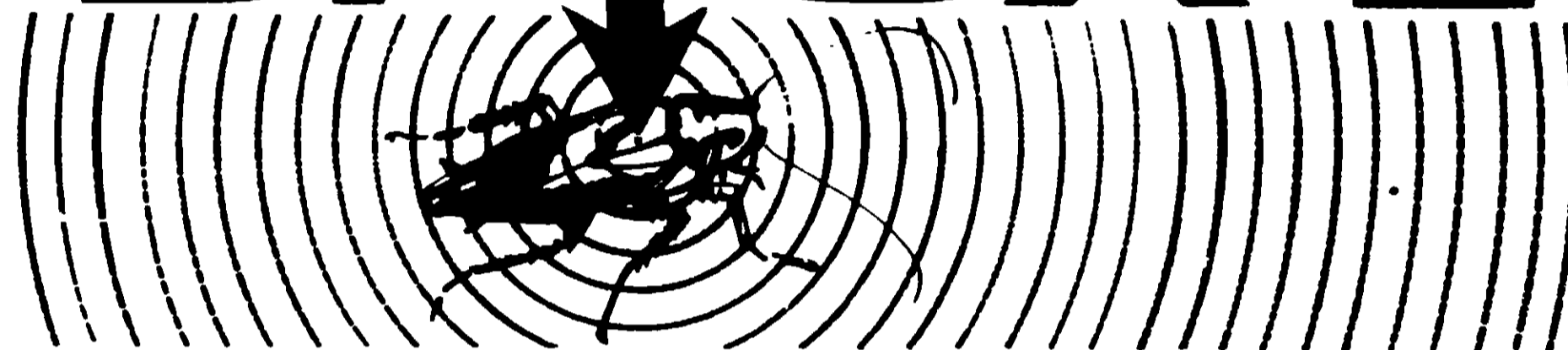


Hub States Corporation

EVERY PRODUCT ... "Always A Winner"

2000 North Illinois St., Indianapolis, Ind. 46202 • Phone 317/925-1431

DI-TOXE



POISON



FOR USE BY PEST CONTROL OPERATORS ONLY TO CONTROL RESISTANT AND NON-

RESISTANT COCKROACHES

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

O,O-diethyl O-(3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridyl)

phosphorothioate..... 12.31 %

2,2-Dichlorovinyl dimethyl phosphate 11.45 %

and related compounds .86%..... 12.31%

Xylene 70.38 %

INERT INGREDIENTS..... 5.00 %

Total 100.00 %

DANGER KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CONTENTS:

(See side panels for additional cautions and antidotes.)

DIRECTIONS

Di-Tox E insecticide mixes readily with water or deodorized kerosene or No. 2 fuel oil. Mix according to label directions for use against cockroaches, cockroach Vapona or 0.5% Dursban and 0.5% DDVP Vapona in cockroach infestations and the lower concentration

	WATER EMU
(A) Conc. Desired	Amount Req. For 1 Gal.
0.25% Dursban	2-2/3 Oz.
0.25% DDVP Vapona	
0.5% Dursban	5-1/3 Oz.
0.5% DDVP Vapona	

INDOOR APPLICATION: Residential and Commercial spot treatment by applying as a coarse spray with brush, to areas where cockroaches normally are found include dark corners of rooms and closets, at the cracks in the wall, behind baseboards, behind and under refrigerators, stoves and cabinets and around drains. A period of 4 to 7 days after treatment is normally required for maximum effect on cockroaches.

Spraying unloading docks and outside areas (where posed) where insects congregate will aid in prevention. Good sanitation and proper disposal of waste in any effective insect control program.

FOOD HANDLING ESTABLISHMENTS: Places of residences in which exposed food is held, prepared or served.

FOOD AREAS APPLICATION LIMITED TO CREVICE TREATMENT ONLY: Includes areas for retail packing (canning, bottling, wrapping, boxing) and waste storage and enclosed processing systems (edible oils, syrups). Serving areas (when food facility is in operation also would be considered).

APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN THE FOOD CREVICE TREATMENT ARE NOT PERMITTED.

from water supplies. Containers should be kept out of smoke.

of wastes. Apply this product

in. Do not wear contaminated clothing or handle the vapor or spray mist. Handle

contaminated area until thoroughly dry. Wash hands.

ally. Atropine is an antidote.

ACCEPTED

MAY 14 1976

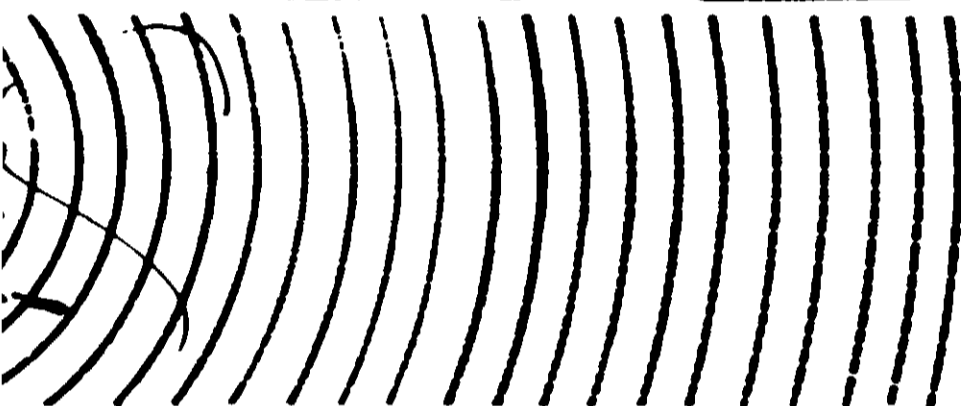
the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, and for the pesticide label under the Act.

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OXE



ISON



RS ONLY TO CONTROL RESISTANT AND NON-

By Wt.

.....	12.31 %
11.45 %	
.....	12.31%
.....	70.38 %
.....	5.00 %
Total	100.00 %

UT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

panels for additional cautions and anti(otes.)

DIRECTIONS FOR SPOT TREATMENT ONLY

Di-Tox E insecticide mixes readily with water or oil. Dilute the required amount of Di-Tox E in water or in a base oil such as deodorized kerosene or No. 2 fuel oil. Mix according to the following table to obtain the desired concentration of 0.25% Dursban and 0.25% DDVP Vapona or 0.5% Dursban and 0.5% DDVP Vapona insecticides. Use the higher concentrations of DDVP Vapona and Dursban to quickly reduce heavy cockroach infestations and the lower concentration of DDVP Vapona and Dursban on light infestations.

(A) Conc. Desired	WATER EMULSION		Mixing Ratio	OIL SOLUTION		Mixing Ratio
	Amount Required For			Amount Required For		
	1 Gal.	6 Gals.		1 Gal.	6 Gals.	
0.25% Dursban 0.25% DDVP Vapona	2-2/3 Oz.	1 Pt.	1-47	2-1/5 Oz.	13-1/5 Oz.	1-58
0.5% Dursban 0.5% DDVP Vapona	5-1/3 Oz.	1 Qt.	1-23	4-1/3 Oz.	1 Pt. 10 Oz.	1-28-5

INDOOR APPLICATION: Residential and Commercial—Use as a spot treatment by applying as a coarse spray or with a paint brush, to areas where cockroaches normally are found. These areas include dark corners of rooms and closets, at the base of walls, in cracks in the wall, behind baseboards, behind and beneath sinks, refrigerators, stoves and cabinets and around drainpipes. NOTE: A period of 4 to 7 days after treatment is normally required for maximum effect on cockroaches.

Spraying unloading docks and outside areas (when no food is exposed) where insects congregate will aid in preventing re-infestations. Good sanitation and proper disposal of wastes is essential in any effective insect control program.

FOOD HANDLING ESTABLISHMENTS: Places other than private residences in which exposed food is held, processed, prepared or served.

FOOD AREAS APPLICATION LIMITED TO CRACK AND CREVICE TREATMENT ONLY: Includes areas for receiving, storage, packing (canning, bottling, wrapping, boxing) preparing, edible waste storage and enclosed processing systems (mills, dairies, edible oils, syrups). Serving areas (when food is exposed and facility is in operation also would be considered a food area).

APPLICATIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN THE FOOD AREAS OF FOOD HANDLING ESTABLISHMENTS, OTHER THAN AS A CRACK AND CREVICE TREATMENT ARE NOT PERMITTED.

Apply a small amount of material in a .25% or .5% solution directly into crack and crevices using equipment capable of delivering a pin stream of insecticide in points between different elements of construction, between equipment and floors, openings leading to voids and hollow spaces in walls, equipment legs and bases, conduits, motor housings, junction or switch boxes where cockroaches, ants, crickets, firebrats and silverfish hide. "Prior to application de-energize electrical equipment". After application, allow time for oil to evaporate before starting motors or placing switches in the "ON" position.

Use as oil base solution only around electrical equipment. Do not use water emulsion in conduits, motor housings and electrical switch boxes.

Aids in the control of pantry pests (exposed stages of sawtooth grain beetle, floor beetle, rice weevil, cigarette beetle, drugstore beetle and Indian Meal Moth) which come into contact with treated surfaces.

Care should be taken to avoid depositing the product onto exposed surfaces or introducing the material into the air. Avoid contamination of food or food processing surfaces.