



2% METHOMYL* INSECTICIDE DUST

*From Dupont LANNATE[®] Methomyl Insecticide
For Control of Certain Cabbage Insects

Active Ingredients:
Methomyl (S-methyl-N-[(methylcarbamoyl) oxy] thioacetimidate
Inert Ingredients: _____

ACCEPTED
OCT 27 1976
Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, this product is registered under EPA Reg. No. 2% 5449-70
98%
Total 100%

DIRECTIONS

Coastal 2% Methomyl Insecticide Dust is recommended for control of certain insects on cabbage. Apply with standard dust application equipment. Use only in commercial plantings; do not use in home plantings.

Application: Apply at the recommended rates when insects first appear. Continue applications at 5 to 7 day intervals or as needed. Apply the low rates on small plants, small worms and light infestations of insects. Use intermediate rates on larger worms and heavier infestations of insects. Use 1 to 3 applications of the highest recommended rate for controlling severe infestations. Thereafter, use the lowest rate possible to maintain control. The number of days in parentheses following the dosage rates is the preharvest interval which must be allowed between the last application and harvest.

Cabbage: Cabbage looper: 12 to 45 lbs./acre (1 day). Diamond-back moth and imported cabbage worm: 25 to 45 lbs./acre (1 day).

IMPORTANT

Do not re use container. Bury in an approved disposal site when empty.

ENVIRONMENTAL CAUTIONS

This product is toxic to bees and should not be applied when bees are actively visiting the area. This product is toxic to fish, birds, and other wildlife, keep out of lakes, streams or ponds, do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

WARNING

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED

Do not breathe dust.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing

In case of contact, wash skin with plenty of soap and water; for eyes, flush with water for 15 minutes and get medical attention; remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Wear goggles and a mask or respirator of a type suitable for protection against insecticide dust when loading, applying or otherwise handling. Wear clean clothes daily. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Do not contaminate or store near feed or foodstuffs.

*Registered Trademark of E. I. DuPont De Nemours & Co., Inc.

Manufactured By

COASTAL CHEMICAL CORP.

Greenville, N. C.

Net 50 lbs.

EPA Reg. No. 5549-70
EPA Est. 5549 NC-1

ANTIDOTE AND FIRST AID

ATROPINE IS AN ANTIDOTE-CONSULT PHYSICIAN FOR EMERGENCY SUPPLY OF 1/100 GRAIN ATROPINE TABLETS. CALL A PHYSICIAN AT ONCE IN ALL CASES OF SUSPECTED POISONING.

If swallowed, give a tablespoonful of salt in a glass of warm water and repeat until vomit is clear. If inhaled, remove from exposure. Have patient lie down and keep quiet. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an uncounscious person.

If warning symptoms appear (See warning symptoms below), before physician arrives, immediately swallow two atropine tablets (each 1/100 gr.); thereafter, every 10 to 15 minutes, take one atropine tablet (1/100 gr.) until throat becomes dry and skin becomes dry and flushed. Take additional tablets as necessary to maintain a moderately dry throat and dry, flushed skin until physician arrives.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Warning Symptoms — Methomyl poisoning produces effects associated with anticholinesterase activity which may include weakness, blurred vision, headache, nausea, abdominal cramps, discomfort in the chest, constriction of pupils, sweating, slow pulse, muscle tremors.

Treatment — Atropine sulfate should be used for treatment. Administer repeated doses, 1.2. to 2.0 mg. intravenously every 10 to 30 minutes until full atropinization is achieved. Maintain atropinization until the patient recovers. Artificial respiration or oxygen may be necessary. Allow no further exposure to any cholinesterase inhibitor until recovery is assured.

Do not use morphine or 2 PAM.