## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED, INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH THE SKIN. RAPIDLY ABSORBED THROUGH THE SKIN. REPEATED INHALATION OR SKIN CONTACT MAY, WITHOUT SYN-TOMS, PROGRESSIVLY INCREASE SUSCEPTABILITY TO MEVINPHOS INSECTICIDE POISONING. Do not swallow or get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breath vapors. Do not contaminate food or feed products. Keep away from heat or open flame.

#### PRECAUTIONS IN USING

Wear clean natural rubber gloves and waterproof protective clothing, and goggles or face shield. Replace gloves frequently and destroy used gloves. Wear a mask or respirator of a type jointly approved by the Mine Salety and Health Administration and by the National Institute for Occupational Salety and Health under provisions of 30 CFR Part 11 approved for Mevinphos protection.

Wear clean clothes daily. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating or smoking. Pilot should not assist in mixing and loading operation. Do not contaminate or store near food or feedatuf. Note Reentry Statements section.

IMPORTANT: Not for use or storage in or around the home. Keep animals and unprotected persons out of operational areas and equipment by washing with a dilute solution of alkali (less than 5%) and detergent and rinse with water.

### **NOTE TO PHYSICIAN - POISONING SYMPTOMS**

Symptoms include weakness, headache, tightness in chest, blurred vision, non-reactive pinpoint pupils, salivation, sweating, nauses, vomiting, diarrhes, and abdominal cramps.

TREATMENT: Atropine is the specific therapeutic entagonist of choice against parasympathetic nervous stimulation. If there are signs of parasympathetic stimulation, atropine sulfate should be injected at 10 minute intervals, in doses of 1 to 2 milligrams, until complete atropinization has occurred.

Praildoxime chloride (2-PAM chloride) may also be used as an effective antidote in addition to and while maintaining full stropinization. In adults an initial dose of 1 gram of 2-PAM should be injected, preferably as an infusion in 250cc of saline over a 15 to 20 minute period. If this is not practical, 2-PAM may be administered alowly by intravenous injection as a 5 percent solution in water over not less than two minutes. After about an hour, a second dose of 1 gram of 2-PAM will be indicated if muscle weekness has not been relieved. For infants and children the dose of 2-PAM is 0.25 grams.

Morphine is an improper treatment.

Clear chest by postural drainage. Oxygen administration may be necessary. Observe patient continuously for 48 hours. Repeated exposure to cholinesterase inhibitors may, without warning, cause prototiged susceptibility to very small doses of any cholinesterase inhibitor. Allow no further exposure until time for cholinesterase regeneration has been attained as determined by blood test.

For 24 hour emergency medical assistance call (213) 264-3910

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product is toxic to birds, fish, shrimp, crab, and other wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not contaminate water by cleaning equipment or disposal of wastes. Shrimp and crab may be killed at ap, cation rates recommended on this label. Do not apply where these are important resources. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

This pesticide is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service. Keep out of lakes, ponds and streams. Do not apply in any manner not specified on this label. Not for use or storage in or around the home.

Do not apply or allow to drift to areas occupied by unprotected humans or beneficial animals. Unprotected humans or animals should be kept out of treated fields on the day of treatment. (See Reentry Statement.) Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated.

#### PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL HAZARDS

FLAMMABLE: Keep away from heat or open flame. Liquid phases separate at lower temperatures. Warm of store at higher temperatures and mix thoroughly to recombine siquid phases and assure uniformity before use.

## RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION, AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CEPTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION.

## **DURHAM DURAPHOS EM 4**

## ORGANOPHOSPHORUS INSECTICIDE

Contrict 4 153, "JEVINPHOS per Gallon

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

**TOTAL 100.0%** 

Equivalent to 47.0%/w MEVINPHOS insecticide
\* Product contains Aromatic Solvent

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN



**DANGER - POISON** 

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

ION AL USARLO: Si usted no lee ingles, no use esto producto hasta que la etiqueta hava explicado empliaments"

## STATEMENTS OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED - Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting by giving victim 1 or 2 glasses of water and touching back of throat with finger. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

IF INHALED - Remove victim to fresh air Immediately. Apply artificial respiration if indicated. Get medical attention,

NF IN EYES - Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

IF ON SKIN - Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash affected areas with soap and water. Call a physician immediately. Wash clothing before re-use.

IF POISONING SYMPTOMS appear (See Polaoning Symptoms under NOTE TO PHYSICIANS) keep patient prone and quiet. Start artificial respiration immediately if patient is not breathing. Transport the patient immediately to the nearest hospital.

## SEE ANTIDOTE AND OTHER PRECAUTIONS ON SIDE PANEL

EPA Reg. No. 5481-113-AA

EPA Est. No. 5481-CA-1

NET CONTENTS 5 GALLONS
MADE IN U.S.A.

## AMVAC CHEMICAL CORPORATION

AIM E WARMINGTON BIND I OF ANDRIES ALLE SALE

## RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION, AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION.

## DURHAM DURAPHOS EM 4

## ORGANOPHOSPHORUS INSECTICIDE

Contrict 4 lbs. MEVINPHOS per Gallon

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	
2-Carbomethoxy-1-methylviriyl dimethyl	
phosphate, alpha isomer	28.2%
Related Compounds	18.8%
INERT INGREDIENTS: *	<u>53.0%</u>
	TOTAL 100.0%

Equivalent to 47.0%/w MEVINPHOS insecticide

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN



# DANGER - POISON PELIGRO



"PRECAUCION AL USARLO: Si usted no lee ingles, no use esto producto hasta que la etiqueta haya explicado empliaments"

### STATEMENTS OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED - Call a physician or Poison Control Center Imme-wately. Induce vomiting by giving victim 1 or 2 glasses of water and touching back of throat with finger. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

IF INHALED - Remove victim to fresh air immediately. Apply artificial respiration if indicated. Get medical attention,

IF IN EYES - Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

IF ON SKIN - Pemove contaminated clothing immediately and wash affected areas with scap and water. Call a physician immediately. Wash clothing before re-use.

IF POISONING SYMPTOMS appear (See Poisoning Symptoms under NOTE TO PHYSICIANS) keep patient prone and quiet. Start artificial respiration immediately if patient is not breathing. Transport the patient immediately to the nearest hospital.

#### SEE ANTIDOTE AND OTHER PRECAUTIONS ON SIDE PANEL

EPA Reg. No. 5481-113-AA

EPA Est. No. 5481-CA-1

NET CONTENTS 5 GALLONS
MADE IN U.S.A.

## AMVAC CHEMICAL CORPORATION

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

it is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a monner inconsistant with its lebeling.

Do not apply this product through any type of krigation system.

## FOR END USE ONLY. DO NOT REPACKAGE OR REFORMULATE WITHOUT MANUFACTURER'S WRITTEN APPROVAL

### **FE-ENTRY AND WORKER SAFETY STATEMENT**

Do not apply this product in a such a menner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons. Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried. Because certain states may require more restrictive re-entry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in treated areas or in an area to be treated with product. (Indicate specific oral warnings which inform workers of areas or fields that may not be entered without specific protective clothing, period of time field must be vacated and appropriate actions to take in case of accidental exposure.) When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarity understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Written warnings must include the following information:

DANGER: Area treated with MEVINPHOS on (Date)

Without appropriate pretective clothing until aprays have dried. In case of accidental exposure see STATEMENTS OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT found on the MEVINPHOS product label.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Do not reuse empty container. Open dumping is prohibited.

STORAGE: Do not store in or around the home. Store in a secure, dry, and temperate area. Store in original container only. Product is flamable. Keep away from heat, sparks, or open flame. It spilled, avoid exposure. If significant spill, call CHEMTREC, (800) 424-9300 or (213) 264-3910. Spill can be contained by covering with a sufficient amount of absorbent material, such as clay, distomaceous earth, sand, sawdust, or sweeping compound. Place in drum, label contents, and dispose of according to the instructions below in pesticide disposal.

CAUTION: Wear a pesticide respirator and avoid forming dust clouds during cleanup.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Posticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rineste is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your nearest State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA regional of ice for guidance. CONTAINER DISPOSAL: (Metal) Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recorditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sankary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. (Plastic) Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recorditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sankary landfill or inclineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

## READ THE DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY AND FOLLOW THEM AT ALL TIMES USE AND APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Application can be made by aircraft or ground power equipment by trained personnel only using approved protective equipment. Do not apply with hand equipment.

Pour specified amount of this product into nearly filled agray tank. Add balance of water to fill tank. Keep agitator running during filling and apraying operations. If mixture does not mix readily, but tends to separate as an oily layer, do not use as injury to plants may result. Do not combine with wettable powders unless previous use of mixture has proven physically compatible and safe to plants. Always thoroughly emutally this product with at least half of total water before adding wettable powder.

SUGGESTED WATER RATES FOR AIRCRAFT AND GROUND APPLICATION. The actual rate required to provide thorough, uniform coverage varies with plant growth at time of application. Except as specified for certain uses, the following rates are therefore intended to cover a broad range of conditions.

Gel. Weter/Acre

Vegetable and Field Crops ......

Aircraft Ground 5-20 20-125 FRUIT

APPLES, PEAC and miles use control of gri leaf-roller use not treat with pis. per acre acre on apple should not be engage in a with freated When a mile pesticides is extended by an additional

CHERRIES (\$0 use 1/2 to 2/ within 2 days acre.

CITAUS: ORAN aphids use 1 water. For co cutworm, vali-pillar use 2 o least 7 days 1 day of han enter treated substantial o following trea organophospt interval shall applicable interval shall applicable interval shall

GRAPES: Face, Do not control of les leaffoller and pt. dosage t Workers sho areas to eng contact with reatment, organophosph

organophospi interval shall applicable into STRAWBERRI 1/4 to 1/2 p

grashoppericaterpillar an gale, water, hard to kill a water, but drapply more the Welmute; For

100 gale, wa looper, oren; tuesock moth treat within 1 per acre.

FIELD (

ALFALFA, C caterpillar use grasshoppers mites, affalfa pt, per acre MUSTARD GRE use 1/4 to 1/

looper, import terous leafmi and mites us within 3 days

## I AVAILADLE GUF I

#### FRUIT AND NUT CROPS

APPLES, PEACHES, PEARS, PLUMS: For control of aphids and mites use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per 100 gals, water. For control of grasshoppers, lygus bugs and red-banded leaf-roller use 1/2 to 2/3 pt. per 100 gats, water. Do not treat within 1 day of harvest or apply more than 5 pts. per acre on peaches and plums, 6-1/2 pts. per acre on apples and pears. PEACHES ONLY: Workers should not be permitted to enter treated areas to engage in any activity requiring substantial contact with treated foliage for 4 days tollowing treatment. When a mixture of 2 or more organophosphate pesticides is applied, the reentry interval shall be extended by adding to the longest applicable interval an additional 50% of that interval.

CHERRIES (SOUR ONLY): For control of aphids and mites use 1/2 to 2/3 pt, per 100 gals, water. Do not treat within 2 days of harvest, or apply more than 5 pts. per

CITRUS: ORANGES, LEMONS, GRAPEFRUIT: For control of aphide use 1 to 2 pt. per acre in 200 or more gale. water. For control of fruit tree leakabler, grange tortrix and omnivorous leafroller use 1 ot, per acre in 500 gals. water. For control of Western baseck moth larvae, citrus cutworm, variegated cutworm and pink scavenger calerpillar use 2 qt. per acre in 1200 gals, water. Allow at least 7 days between applications. Do not treat within 1 day of hervest. Workers should not be permitted to enter treated areas to engage in any activity requiring substantial contact with treated foliage for 4 days following treatment. When a mixture of 2 or more organophosphate posticides is applied, the reentry interval shall be extended by adding to the longe it applicable interval an additional 50% of that interval

GRAPES: For control of aphide use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 2 days of harvest. control of leaf folder, leafhoppers, mites, red-bar-ded leafroiler and lygus bugs use 1 ot, per acre. At the 2 pt. dosage do not treat within 6 days of harvest. Workers should not be permitted to enter treated areas to engage in any activity requiring substantial contact with treated follage for 4 days .ollowing treatment. When a mixture of 2 or more organophosphate pesticides is applied, the reentr, interval shall be extended by adding to the longs: applicable interval an additional 50% of that interval

\$TRAWBERRIES: For control of aphide and mites use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per 100 gals, water. For central of grasshoppers, strawberry leafroller, sall-marsh caterpillar and lygus bugs use 1/2 to 1 pt. per 100 pale, water. Do not west within 1 day of harvest. For hard to kill aphids and mites, use 1 ot. per 100 gals, water, but do not treat within 2 days of harvest or apply more than 1 gt, per acre-

Walnute: For control of aphide use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per 100 gals, water, For control of miles, omniversus looper, orange tortrix, fruit tree leafreller, and Western tuseock moth use 1/2 pt. per 100 gals, water, Do net treat within 1 day of harvest or apply more than 5 pts. DOT ACTO.

## FIELD CROPS

ALFALFA, CLOVER: For control of aphide and alfalfa caterpillar use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of grasshoppers, leafhoppers, cutworms (climbing), mites, affaifa weevil larvae, lygue bugs use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of hervest,

MUSTARD GREEKS, TURKEP TOPS: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of cabbage ooper, imported cabbage worm, false chinch bug, disterous leafminer (adult), grasshoppers, leafhappers, and mites use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. De net treat within 3 days of hervest.

SORGHUM (FOR FORAGE AND GRAW): For control of MELONS (INCLUDING CANTALOUPES, HONEY-DEW MELONS, aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of corn earworm and webworm use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. For control of fall armywo me use 1 pt, per acre. Do not treat within 3 days of harvest.

### **VEGETABLE CROPS**

ARTICHOKES: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of plume moth use 1 to 2 pts. per acre. Do not treat within 2 days of harvest.

BEANS: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of grasshoppers, leathoppers, mites, and Mexican hean beetle use 1/2 to 1 pt, per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of hervest.

BEETS INCLUDING TOPS): For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of cabbage looper, cutworm (climbing), dipterous leafminer (adult), false chinch bug, grasshoppers, imported cabbage worm. leafhopper, mites and salt-march caterpillar use 1/2 to 1 pt, per acre. Do not treat within 3 days of harvest.

1/2 pt. per acre. + or control of cabbage looper, imported cabbage worm, grasshoppers, leathoppers, sail-marsh caterpillar, mites, cutworms (climbing), dipterous leafminer (adult), and lygue bugs use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within I day of hervest. For hard to kill aphide, use 1 qt. per acre, but do not treat within 3 days

For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt, per acre. For commit of cabbage looper, imported cabbage worm, grass-hoppers, leathoppers, sait-marsh caterplilar, miltor, cutworms (climbing), dipterous leafminer (at.l.), and lygus bugs use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 3 days of harvest. For hard to kill aphide, use 1 of, per acre, but do not treat collards and kale within 7 days of hervest: 3 days on Brussels aprouts and cauliflower.

CARROTS: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 12 pt. per acre. For control of leathoppers, lygus bugs, mites, cabb ige looper, dipterous leafminer (adult), cutworm ,climbing) and salt-marsh caterplilar use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of harvest.

GELERY: For control of aphide use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per exist. For control of dipterous feet after (adult), lygus Jugs, salt-march caterpillar, leathoppers, cabbage icopers and mittes use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 3 days of harvest. For hard to kill aphids, use 1 qt. per acre, but do not treat within 5 days of

CORM (FIELD, SWEET, AND POPCORM) FOR GRAIM ONLY: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1 pt, per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of harvest.

CUCUMBERS: For control of aphide use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of grasshoppers, leathoppers, and miles use 1/2 to 1 pt, per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of harvest.

EGGPLANT, PEPPERS: For control of aphide use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. Fer control of grasshoppers, leafhoppers, and mittee use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of hervest.

LETTUCE: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of corn earworms, cutworms (climbing), diptersus (safminer (adults), cabbage looper, imported cabbage worm, grasshoppers, mites, lygue bugs, salt-march caterpillar, false chinch bug. and thrips use 1/2 to 1 pt, per acre. Do not treat within 2 days of hervest, Fer hard to kill aphide, use 1 QL per acre, but do not treat within 4 days of hervest.

MUSKMELONS, WATERMELONS): For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of cabbage looper, dipterous lealminer (adult), leafhoppers, lygus bugs, mites, false chinch bugs, salt-march caterpillars, cutworms (climbing) and grasshoppers use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. To control rindworms (cabbage looper, cutworms, salt-marsh caterpillars, tobaco budworms) on watermeions apply 1/2 pt. per acre. Do not treat cartaloupes, honey-dew melons, muslimetons or watermelons within 1 day of harvest

ONIONS (INCLUDING GREEN ONIONS): For control of thrips and cutworms (climbing) use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of hervest.

PEAS (INCLUDING VINES); For control of aphide use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of grasshoppers, leafhoppers, mites, and cutworms (climbing) use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of harvest,

POTATOES: For control of aphide use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per BROCCOLI, CABEAGE: For control of aphilds use 1/4 to acre. For control of grasshoppers, leathoppers, and mites use 1/2 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of har-

SPINACH: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of cabbage looper, imported cabbage worm, grasshoppers, leathoppers, mites, diptersus leafminer (adults), cutworms (climbing), salt-marsh caterpil-SRUSSELS SPROUTS, CAULIFLOWER, COLLARDS, KALE: lar, and false chinch bug use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 4 days of harvest. For hard to kill aphids use 1 gt. per acre, but do not treat within ? days of harvest.

> SUMMER SQUASH: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 at, per acre. For control of cabbage looper, dipterous lealminer (adults), leafhoppers, lygus bugs, miles, false chinch bugs, sait-marsh caterpillar, cutworms (climbing), and grasshoppers use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of harvest.

TOMATOES: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of grasshoppers, leathoppers, and mites use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not tract within 1 day of barvest.

TURNIPS: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of cabbage looper, imported cabbage worm, grasshoppers, leathoppers, mites, false chinch bug, and dipterous leafminer (adults) use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 3 days of hervest,

NOTICE: This product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label, when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions or use. Manufacturer is not responsible for use of this product contrary to the label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to the manufacturer and/or seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any

#### ENDANGERED SPECIES RESTRICTIONS

Before using this posticide on Corn, or Sorghum, in the counties listed below you must obtain the PESTICIDE BULLETIM FOR PROTECTION OF THE ENDANGERED SPECIES for the county in which the product is to be used. The bulletin is available from your County Extension Agent, State Fish and Game office, or your pesticide dealer.

Use of this product in a manner inconsistant with the PESTICIDE USE BULLETIN FOR PROTECTION OF THE ENDANGERED SPECIES is a violation of Federal LLw.

#### THE FOLLOWING COUNTIES ARE LISTED FOR EACH STATE.

CALIFORNIA (Sacramento CA 916-460-4866) Butte. Coluse, Glenn, Inyo, Kern, Los Angeles, Merced, Orange, Piverside, Sacramente, San Bernadino, San Diego, Santa Barbara, Solano, Stanislaus, Sutter, Tehema, Yolo, and

FLORIDA (Jacksonville, FL 904-791-2580) Alachua. Baker, Bradford, Brevard, Broward, Charlotte, Citrus, Clay, Collier, Columbia, Dade, De Soto, Dixle, Duvat, Flager, Gadsen, Gilchrist, Glades, Hardee, Hendry, Hernando, Highlands, Hillsborough, Indian River, Jefferson, Lafayette, Lake, Lee, Leon, Levy, Madison, Manates, Marien, Martin, Monroe, Nassua, Oksechobes, Orange, Osceola, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pinellas, Polik, Putnam, St. Johns, St. Lucie, Sarasota, Seminole, Sumter, Summee, Taylor, Union, Volunia, Wakulla

GEORGIA (Jacksonville, FL 904-781-2680) Brantiv. Bryan, Bullock, Burke, Camden, Candler, Charlton, Chatham, Effinaham, Emanuel, Evans, Glascock, Glynn, Jefferson, Jenkins, Johnson, Liberty, Long, McIntosh, Plerce, Richmond, Screven, Ware, Washington and Ware,

KANSAS Clark, Comerche, Meed, Stafford, MONTANA Garlield, McCone, Sheridan Valley

NEBRASKA Boyd, Brown, Buffaio, Butler, Cass, Ceder, Coldax, Dawson, Dodge, Douglas, Hell, Hamilton, Holt, Howard, Kearny, Key Paha, Knox, Merrick, Nance, Phelps, Platte, Pett, Reck, Sarpy Saunders.

NORTH DAKOTA (Grand Island, NE 308-381-5571) Bancon, Bottineau, Burke, Burleigh, Divide, Dunn, Eddy, Foster, Kidder, Logan, McHenry, McIntosh, McKenzie, McLean, Morton, Mountrall, Nelson, Oliver, Pierce. Ramsey, Ranville, Rolette, Sheridan, Sloux, Stuteman, Towner, Ward, Welle, Williams.

SOUTH CAROLINA (Authoritie, SC 704-259-0321) Alken, Barnwell, Seaufert, Berkley, Charlesten, Colleton, Dorchester, Georgetown, Hampton, Horry, Jaeper, Marion, SOUTH DAKOTA (Pierre, SD 605-224-8662) Clay, Heaken, Hughs, Potter, Stanley, Sully, Union, Walworth, Yankton, Ziebach.

TEXAS (713-229-3681 or 017-624-2961) Arkenese. Austin, Cameren, Colorado, Fort Bend, Goliad, Refugie, Victoria.

ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (MEVINPHOS) POISON, UN 2783 (ROACCEPTED

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cide Act, as americal, for the

EACHES, PEARS, PLUSS: For central of aphida use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per 100 gais, water. For grasshoppers, typus bugs and red-banded see 1/2 to 2/3 pt. per 100 gais, swater. For the 1/2 to 2/3 pt. per 100 gais, swater. Do thin 1 day of harvest or apply more than 5 tre on peaches and plums, 8-1/2 pts. per bee and pears. PEACHES ONLY: Workers be permitted to enter treated areas to any activity requiring substantial contact d follage for 4 days following treatment. mixture of 2 or more organophosphate is applied, the reentry interval shall be y adding to the longest applicable interval at 50% of that interval.

IOUR ONLY): For control of aphide and mittee 2/3 pt, per 100 gals, water. Do not treat is of harvest, or apply more than 5 pts, per

kMGES, LEMONS, GRAPEFRUIT: For control of 1 to 2 pt, per acre in 200 or more gats, control of fruit tree leakoler, orange tortrix rous leafroller use 1 qt, per acre in 500 gats, tontrol of Western baseck moth larvae, citrus stegated cutworm and pink scavenger cateriqt, per acre in 1200 gats, water. Allow at between applications. Do not treat within rivest. Workers should not be permitted to 1 areas to engage in any activity requiring contact with treated foliage for 4 days latment. When a mixture of 2 or more that positicides is applied, the reentry is be extended by adding to the longest iterval an additional 50% of that interval.

For control of aphide use 1/2 to 1 pt. per at treat within 2 days of harvest. For all folder, teathoppers, mittes, red-banded lygus bugs use 1 qt. per acre. At the 2 do not treat within 5 days of harvest, suid not be permitted to enter treated gage in any activity requiring substantial i treated follage for 4 days following When a mixture of 2 or more hate peaticides is applied, the reentry be extended by adding to the longest lerval an additional 50% of that interval.

ES: For control of aphids and mittee use it, per 100 gais, water. For control of s, strawberry feafroller, sall-masted bid lygue buge use 1/2 to 1 pt. per 100 Do not treat within 1 day of harvest. For hide and mittee, use 1 qt. per 100 gais. 5 not treat within 2 days of harvest or an 1 qt. per acre

control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per iter. For control of mites, omniverous je tortrix, fruit tree leakeller, and Western use 1/2 pt. per 100 gals, water. Do not day of harvest or apply more than 5 pts.

## ROPS

LOVER: For control of aphide and affalfa 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of , leafhoppers, cutworms (climbing), weevil larvae, lygue bugé use 1/2 to 1 Do not treat within 1 day of harveet.

EMS, TURIMP TOPS: For control of aphids I pt. per acre. For control of cabbage id cabbage worm, false chinch bup, dipler (adult), grasshoppers, leathappers, 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat of harvest.

SORGHUM (FOR FORAGE AND GRAIM): For control of companies use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of companies use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of companies use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. For control of fall armyworms use 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 3 days of harvest.

\*\*MELONS (INCLUDING CANTALOUPES, HOMEY-DEW MELONS): For control of aphide use control of fall armyworms use 1 pt. per acre. For control of cabbage looper, treat within 3 days of harvest.

## **VEGETABLE CROPS**

ARTICHOKES: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of plume moth use 1 to 2 pts, per acre. Do not treat within 2 days of harvest,

BEANS: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt, per acre. For control of grasshoppers, leathoppers, mites, and Mexican bean beate use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of harvest.

BEETS (INCLUDING TOPS): For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of cabbage looper, cutworm (climbing), dipterous leafminer (aduit), tales chinch bug, grasshoppers, imported cabbage worm, leafhopper, mites and eait-marsh caterpillar use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 3 days of harvest.

BROCCOLI, CABBAGE: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of cabbage looper, Imported cabbage worm, grasshoppers, isafhoppers, sait-marsh catepflar, mites, cutworms (climbing), dipterous leaf-miner (adm), and lygus bugs use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of harvest. For hard to kill aphids, use 1 qt. per acre, but do not treat within 3 days of harvest.

ERUSSELS SPROUTS, CAULIFLOWER, COLLARDS, KALE: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of cabbage looper, imported cabbage worm, grass-hoppers, leafhoppers, eath-marsh caterpfilar, mitee, cutworms (climbing), dipterous leafminer (skil), and lygue bugs use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 3 days of hervest. For hard to kill aphids, use 1 qt. per acre, but do not treat collards and kale within 7 days of harvest; 3 days on Brussels aprouts and cauliflower.

CARROTS: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt, per acre. For control of leathoppers, lygue bugs, mites, cabbage looper, dipterous leatminer (adult), cutworm (climbing) and self-marsh caterpillar use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of harvest.

CELERY: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt, per acre. For control of dipterous leafminer (adult), lygus buge, salt-marsh caterpillar, leafhoppers, cabbage loopers and mites use 1/2 to 1 pt, per acre. Do not treat within 3 days of harvest. For hard to kill aphids, use 1 qt, per acre, but do not treat within 5 days of harvest.

CORN (FIELD, SWEET, AND POPCORN) FOR GRAW ONLY: For control of aphide use 1/4 to 1 pt, per acre. De not treat within 1 day of harvest.

CUCUMBERS: For control of aphide use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of grasshoppers, testhoppers, and mites use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of harvest.

EGGPLANT, PEPPERS: For control of aphide use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of grasshoppers, leedhoppers, and mites use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of hervest.

LETTUCE: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt, per acre. For control of corn earworms, cutworms (climbing), dipterous leatminer (adults), cabbage looper, imported cabbage worm, grasshoppers, mites, lygus bugs, salt-marsh caterpillar, false chinch bug, and thrips use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 2 days of hervest. Fer hard to kill aphids, use 1 qt. per acre, but do not treat within 4 days of hervest.

MELONS (MCLIMING CANTALOUPES, NOMEY-DEW MELONS, MUSKMELONS, WATERMELONS): For control of aphide use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of cabbage looper, dipterous leafminer (adult), leathoppers, tygus bugs, mikes, false chinch bugs, salt-marsh caterpillars, cutworms (climbing) and grasshoppers use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. To control rindworms (cabbage looper, cutworms, salt-marsh caterpillars, tobaco budworms) on watermelons apply 1/2 pt. per acre. Do not treat cantaloupes, honey-dew melons, muskmelons or watermelons within 1 day of harvest.

ONIONS (INCLUDING GREEN ONIONS): For control of thrips and cutworms (climbing) use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of harvest.

PEAS (INCLUDING VINES): For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of grasshoppers, leaf-hoppers, miles, and cutworms (climbing) use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of harvest.

POTATOES: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of grasshoppers, leafhoppers, and mites use 1/2 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of harvest.

SPINACH: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre, For control of cabbage looper, Imported cabbage worm, grasshoppers, leafthoppers, mites, dipterous leaf-iner (adults), cutworms (climbing), sait-march caterphiar, and false chiech bug use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 4 days of harvest, For hard to kill aphids use 1 qt. per acre, but do not treat within 7 days of harvest.

SUMMER SQUASH: For control of aphide use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of cabbage looper, dipterous leafminer (adults), leafhoppers, lygus bugs, mites, false chinch bugs, salt-marsh caterpillar, cutworms (climbing), and grasshoppers use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre, Do not treat within 1 day of harvest.

TOMATOES: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt, per acre. For control of grasshoppers, leathoppers, and miles use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 1 day of harvest.

TURNIPS: For control of aphids use 1/4 to 1/2 pt. per acre. For control of cabbage looper, imported cabbage worm, grasshoppers, leafhoppers, miles, false chinch bug, and dipterous leafminer (adults) use 1/2 to 1 pt. per acre. Do not treat within 3 days of harvest.

NOTICE: This product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label, when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions or use. Manufacturer is not responsible for use of this product contrary to the label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to the manufacturer and/or seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any

#### ENDANGERED SPECIES RESTRICTIONS

Before using this peeticide on Corn, or Sorghum, in the counties listed below you must obtain the PESTICIDE BULLETIN FOR PROTECTION OF THE ENDANGERED SPECIES for the county in which the product is to be used. The bulletin is available from your County Extension Agent, State Fish and Game office, or your pasticide dealer.

Use of this product in a manner inconsistant with the PESTICIDE USE BUILLETIN FOR PROTECTION OF THE ENDANGERED SPECIES is a violation of Federal Law.

#### THE POLLOWING COUNTIES ARE LISTED FOR EACH STATE.

CALIFORNIA (Sacramento CA 916-460-4666) Butte, Colusa, Gienn, Inyo, Kem, Los Angeles, Merced, Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Bernedino, San Diego, Santa Barbara, Solano, Stanielaus, Sutter, Tehema, Yolo, and Ventura.

FLORIDA (Jacksonville, FL 904-791-2590) Alachua, Baker, Bradford, Brevard, Broward, Cnarlotte, Citrus, Cisy, Coller, Columbia, Dade, De Soto, Dirle, Duval, Flager, Gadeen, Gilchrist, Glades, Hardee, Hendry, Hernando, Highlande, Hillsborough, Indian River, Jefferson, Lafsyette, Lake, Lee, Leon, Levy, Madison, Manaise, Marien, Mantin, Monroe, Nassua, Otsechobee, Orange, Occoola, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pireliae, Polk, Putnam, St. Johna, St. Lucie, Sarasota, Seminole, Sumter, Sumnee, Taytor, Union, Volusia, Wakulla

**GEORGIA** (Jacksonville, FL 804-781-2580) Brantly, Bryan, Bullock, Burke, Camden, Candler, Christon, Chatham, Effingham, Emanuel, Evans, Glascock, Glynn, Jefferson, Jenkins, Johnson, Liberty, Long, McIntosh, Pierce, Richmond, Screven, Ware, Washington and Ware.

KANSAS Clark, Comanche, Mead, Stafford. MONTANA Garffeld, McCorie, Sheridan Valley

NEBRASKA Boyd, Brown, Buffalo, Butler, Case, Cedar, Coldax, Dawsen, Dodge, Douglas, Hall, Hamilton, Holt, Howard, Keamy, Key Paha, Knox, Merrick, Nance, Phelps, Platte, Polk, Rock, Sarpy Saunders.

HORTH DAKOTA (Grand Island, NE 308-381-6671) Banson, Bottinsau, Burle, Burleigh, Dhide, Dunn, Eddy, Foster, Kidder, Logan, McHenry, McImoeh, McKenzie, McLean, Morton, Mountrall, Nelson, Oliver, Pierce, Ramsey, Ramville, Rolette, Sheridan, Sloux, Stutsman, Towner, Ward, Welle, Williame.

SOUTH CAROLINA (Asheville, SC 704-259-0321) Alken, Barnwell, Beaufert, Berkley, Charlesten, Colleton, Dorchester, Georgetown, Hampton, Herry, Jasper, Marton, SOUTH DAKOTA (Pierre, SD 605-224-8692) Clay, Heakon, Hughe, Potter, Stanley, Sully, Union, Walworth, Yankton, Ziebach.

TEXAS (713-229-3681 or 817-524-2961) Arkansas, Austin, Cameron, Colorado, Fori Bend, Gollad, Refugio, Victoria.

ORGANOPHOSPHORUS PESTICIDE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (MEVINPHOS) POISON, UN 2783 (ROACCEPTET)

11-87

AUG 29 1988

Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under 12/4 Reg. No.

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