- \*2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy) propionic acid equivalent 0.83 pounds per gallon.
- "2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent 0.83 sounds per gallon.
  ""3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent 0.083 pounds per gallon.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Where to use: This product may be used on <u>Bluearass</u>, Bermuda and <u>Zaysia lawns</u>, vacant lots, pluyuround and other similar areas where hard-to-fill weeds are present. It is especially effective against these weeds such as <u>Sheep Serrel</u>, Knotweed, <u>Seetted Seyree</u>, <u>Chickweed</u>, <u>Oxelis and Henbit. In addition to these, it kills a large number of weeds some of which are listed below. Do not allow spray to get on vegetable or ornomental plants, since injury may result.

Some injury can be expected to turf when used on Centipede or St. Augustine grass lawris. "Spot Spray" weeds only. Clover present will be damaged if sprayed.</u>

Bedstraw Black Medic Buckhorn Chicery Chickweed Clark	Ground lyy Heal-all Henbit Knotweed Lambsquarter Lespedesa Mallow	Peppergross Pigweed Plantains Poison Tyy Poison Oak Purstone	Speedwell Spurge Wild Carrot Wild Garlic Wild Lettuce Wild Onion Yarrow
Dandelian	Mallow	Ragweed	1 OLLO M
Dock	Morning Glory	Shepards Purse	

MANUFACTURED BY

GOOD-LIFE CHEMICALS, INC.
GOOD-LIFE DRIVE P.O. BOX 687

Effingham, Illinois 62401 Net Contents 1 Pint



## WEED WOE



Contains New Patented Trimec Weed Killer U.S. Patent No. 3,284,186

## WARNING

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN SEE OTHER WARNINGS ON SIDE PANEL U.S.D.A. REG. NO. 4931-114

When to use: Spray at any time during the growing season when weeds are actively growing. Treat Chickweed, Henbit, Wild Onion and Garlic in the fall and again in the spring fineeded. On new lawns wait until the turf has reached a height of 2 inches before making an overall spray treatment. "Spot Spray" weed treatment, however, may be made at any time with a small pressure sprayer spraying only the weeds at ground level. Wait 3 weeks before putting new grass seed or stolens down in the bare spots. Poor weed control will result if spray is applied during drought or just before rain is expected. Do not water lawn within 24 hours after treatment.

How much to use to spray entire lawn:  $1\ Pint\ covers\ up\ to\ 4,000\ sq.$  ft. of lawn orea.

## Dilute with water as indicated below

For Pressure Sprayers	Lawn Hose Sprayers**	Area to Spray
2 tblsp. in 1, gal.	2 tblsp. for 2 gal.	250 sq. ft
4 oz. (8 tblsp) in 1', gal.	8 thisp. for 6 gal.	1000 sq. ft
8 oz. in 3 gal.	16 thisp. for 12 gal.	2000 sq. ft
l pt. in 6 gal.	1 pt. for 24 gal.	4000 sq. ft
	•	•

\*\* For lawn hose sprayers, dilute the amount shown above with enough water to fill the sprayer bottle to the 2 gal, level for 250 sq. ft. to the 6 gal, level for 1000 sq. ft. or to the 12 gal, level for 2000 sq. ft.

To spot spray weeds: Lawn hose sprayers are not suited for this type of treatment. Use a pressure sprayer. Mix 8 oz. in 3 gal. water and spray each weed to point of spray run off. A spreader sticker will improve the efficiency of this product.

Caution: Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. In case of contact, flush with water. Do not contaminate domestic or irrigation water.

Avoid drift of spray mist on to vegetables, flowers, ornamental plants, shrubs, trees and other desirable plants. Do not pour spray solutions near these plants. Do not spray on carpet grass, dichondra or lawns or turf wher desirable bent grass or clovers are present. Do not apply to areas underlaid by roots or desirable trees and shrubs. This product may be injurious to St. Augustine grass.

Use only lawn sprayers for this use. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift.

Do not store in contact with fertilizers, seeds, insecticides or fungicides. When container is empty, wash thoroughly and destroy.

**NOTICE:** Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.