MI4 4101-16

APR 21 1994

Christine A. Dively Agent for Cheminova, Inc. 1015 15th Street, Suite 500 Washington, D.C. 20005

Label Amendment of 3/23/94; Response to PR Notice 93-7 Subject: EPA Registration No. 4787-16 Parathion 8EC

Dear Registrant:

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The labeling cited above and submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is accepted subject to the comments reflected on the enclosed sheet. A copy of your proposed labeling stamped "ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS" is enclosed.

#### WHAT THIS ACCEPTANCE MEANS:

Based on your certification, the Agency has accepted the labeling changes that are necessary to comply with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) labeling requirements of 40 CFR part 156, subpart K, described in PR Notices 93-7 and 93-11. Any labeling changes submitted in connection with this amendment application but not directly related to compliance with the WPS have not been reviewed or accepted by the Agency. If you wish to make such changes, you must submit a separate amendment application proposing them. If your product is currently suspended, the acceptance of this labeling amendment does not affect the suspension in any way.

#### WHAT YOU NEED TO DO NEXT:

By the next label printing make all the specified changes to your labeling. Send to EPA one (1) copy of the final printed labeling:

BEFORE selling or distributing any product bearing the final printed labeling

AND

WITHIN one year from date of this acceptance

Submit the final printed labeling via the U.S. Postal Service to:

Document Processing Desk (FIN-LABEL) Office of Pesticide Products (7505C) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 401 M Street, SW Washington, D.C. 20460-0001

Hand or courier deliveries of final printed labeling may be made to:

Document Processing Desk (FIN-LABEL) Office of Pesticide Programs Room 266A, Crystal Mall 2 1921 Jefferson Davis Highway Arlington, VA 22202

Sincerely,

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Dennis H. Edwards, Jr. Product Manager 19 Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

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Attachment

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** INERT INC * Ethyl Parathior ** Contains 10.4%	GREDIENTS:	••••••		2.48% 19.04% 100.00%
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#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### **Application Restrictions**

Aerial Application Only: Ethyl parathion may only be applied aerially, and only by a certified commercial applicator as defined in FIFRA 2(e)(3). HUMAN FLAGGERS ARE STRICTLY PROHIBITED DURING AERIAL APPLICATION.

No Spray or Drift On Any Person: Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. During application keep all persons, livestock, and pets out of the treated area and any area within 100 feet of the treated area.

Areas Where Application Is Prohibited. Do not apply this product within 100 feet of buildings, \_\_\_\_\_ public roads, or bodies of water. Do not apply within 100 feet of property lines, unless the owner of the adjacent property has given prior written consent to the application and has been informed of the timing of the application and the appropriate entry restrictions.

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Crop Limitations: This product must not be applied to any crop other than alfalfa, barley, corn, cotton, rapesced (oilseed-producing varieties only, which include canola and crambo), sorghum, soybeans, sunflower, and wheat. Any treated crop must be harvested only by mechanical means. Hand harvesting of treated crop is prohibited.

Chemigation Prohibited: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

**Drift Reduction Measure:** Do not apply this product if the wind exceeds 10 miles per hour. Apply only from nozzles located not more than 75% of the distance from the center of the aircraft to the wing tip or helicopter rotor tip.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

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Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notifications, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions pertaining to the statements in this labeling about personal protective equipment, restricted-entry intervals, and notifications to workers. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS).

IMPORTANT: The exceptions in the WPS pertaining to personal protective equipment, restricted-entry intervals, and notification to workers de NOT apply when this product is used.

#### **Restrictions on Entry to Treated Areas:**

Do not enter or allow any person to enter into entry-restricted areas (treated areas plus areas within 100 feet of treated areas) during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 3 days (6 days for corn) and during any longer period of time prescribed by State law or regulation. Entry into entry-restricted areas (including early entry that would otherwise be permitted under the WPS) by any person is PROHIBITED, except for persons who are (1) handlers performing crop-advisor tasks or (2) workers performing irrigation-related tasks.

#### **Restrictions for All Persons Who Enter Entry-Restricted Area**

When any person enters the treated area or within 100 feet of the treated area before the expiration of REI all of the following requirements must be complied with:

(1) No entry is permitted, except for persons who are performing crop-advisor tasks or irrigation-related tasks.

(2) No person is allowed to enter or remain in entry-restricted areas during application and until four (4) hours after application is complete,

(3) No person is allowed to remain in any entry-restricted area for a total of more than one (1) hour in any 24-hour period,

(4) Each person must wear the personal protective equipment specified for early entry on this label.

(5) Each person must be provided the protections in the WPS and in this labeling. If the two requirements are not identical, the requirements that are the most restrictive must be followed.

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#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

(6) Each person, except owners of the farm and members of their immediate family, must have received training as follows:

- (a) Currently certified as an applicator of restricted-use pesticides,
- OR
- (b) Currently trained as a handler under the requirements of the WPS,
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- (c) Currently trained as a worker under the requirements of the WPS and, in addition, is informed (i) how to put on, use, and take off PPE correctly, (ii) about the importance of washing thoroughly after removing PPE, and (iii) how to prevent, recognize, and give correct first aid for heat illness.

(7) Before entering the entry-restricted area each person must have read the product labeling or been informed in a manner the person can understand of all the requirements of all labeling requirements related to safe use of the pesticide, including signal word, human hazard precautions, first aid instructions, symptoms of poisoning, and personal protective equipment requirements for early entry.

(8) Appropriate measures to prevent heat illness must be taken for each person.

(9) Each person must be provided a decontamination site that is reasonably accessible and is within 1/4 mile of that person. (Exception: if the site where the person is working is more than 1/4 mile from the nearest point reachable by vehicle, the decontamination site may be at the access point.) Each decontamination site must contain an adequate supply of soap and single-use towels and an adequate amount of water for routine washing, emergency eyeflushing, and emergency whole-body washing. The water must be of a quality and temperature that will not cause illness or injury when it contacts the skin or eyes or if it is swallowed. The site for crop advisors must also contain a clean change of clothing, such as a coverall.

(10) Each person must carry an eyeflush dispenser containing at least one pint of water that meets the quality and temperature criteria listed for decontamination water in (9) above.

(11) After the activity in the entry-restricted area, soap, clean towels, and an adequate amount of water for thorough washing must be available at the place where the person removes the PPE. The water must meet the quality and temperature criteria listed for decontamination water in (9) above.

(12) Each person must wash thoroughly after removing PPE.

## AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

(13) Personal protective equipment worn during early entry must not be worn home. No person, other than owners of the farm and members of their immediate family, may take home — before it is cleaned — PPE worn during early entry.

Personal Protective Equipment for Early Entry: PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted on this label is:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber  $\geq$  14 mils, Nitrile Rubber  $\geq$  14 mils, or Viton  $\geq$  14 mils;
- Chemical-resistant footwear;
- Protective eyewear; and
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.

## Notification About Application and Entry Restrictions:

Notify workers (other than workers who are members of the farm owners' immediate family) of the application by warning them orally if they will be within 1/4 mile of the treated area. In addition, treated areas must be posted with WPS signs at (or 100 feet outside) all usual points of entry or at (or 100 feet outside) all the corners of the treated areas affording maximum visibility.

## Notification to Farm Owner/Operator

A certified commercial applicator must not apply this parathion product on a farm until he or she makes sure the owner of the farm (or person responsible for managing the farm) has the following information in writing: (1) specific location and description of the area to be treated, (2) time and date of application, (3) product name, EPA registration number, and active ingredients, (4) the entry restrictions including the restricted-entry interval, (5) the requirement for both oral warnings to workers and posting of treated areas, (6) the requirement that crops treated with parathion be harvested mechanically and the prohibition on hand harvesting, (7) the incident reporting requirements set forth on this label, and (8) any other labeling requirements concerning the protection of workers or other persons during or after application. This requirement is satisfied if the owner/operator of the farm has a copy of this labeling.

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PROTECTION OF APPLICATORS, AND MIXER/LOADERS, AND MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL e

Applicator Protection: The cockpit of the aircraft used to apply this product must be fully enclosed while this product is being applied. No pilot may apply this product if the pilot has earlier during the day of application performed any mixing/loading activities (other than acting as an observer) involving any pesticide product containing parathion. Human flaggers are prohibited.

Mixer/Loader Protection: An observer must be present during all mixing/loading activities in order to furnish assistance in the event of an accident. The observer must not act as a mixer/loader and need not wear personal protective equipment.

This product must be mixed and loaded in a closed system, as described below:

The liquid posticide must be removed from its original shipping container and transformed through connecting houses, pipes, and/or couplings that are sufficiently light to provent handlers or other persons from contecting the persibles concentrate, use divises, or deside activities. A complete seal by dry break or screw-on coupling to the opening of the original container shall be required.

All hoses, piping, tasks, and connections used in the system shall be of a type appropriste for the product being used and the preserve and vacuum levels involved. The system shall be designed and eperated so that the concentrated form of this product is not under more than 25 pel of preserve at any paint in the system beyond or downstrainn from a purty producing positive preserve. The cleaned system number be adequate to make necessary measurements of the product being used. Estemal sight gauges shall be equipped with values so that the flow of particide to the sight gauge can be shat off in case of breakage or leakage from the gauge.

Shut-off devices must be installed on the onli and of all bases and at all deconnect points to prevent leakage of perathien when the transfer is stopped and the here is removed or disconnected. If a hose carried perathien concentrate and has not been rineed in accordance with the instructions in this section, a dry-couple shut-off devices that will minimize parathion drippage to not more than 2 mt per disconnect must be installed at the disconnect point. If the hose carried diluted-for-use parathies or inteste solution, a reversing action pump or a similar system that will empty the hose and efficiencie dripping of liquid from the ord of the hose may be used as an alternative to a shut-off device.

In mixing/loading operations do not pour this preduct from its container. Before opening the container, make sure that the container is resting securely on the ground or a study support, with the lop (opening) and up and approximately level.

Remove the product from the centainer only by use of a vacuum producing pump system connected to a probe system that is listed by the State of California under that State's program establishing criteria for closed-system handling of Toxicity Calegory I pesticides. Examples of California listed systems are the Chemprobe Model II system sold by Chertor Mig. Co., Inc., P.O. Box 2174, Salinas CA 93902, telephone 408-422-5477 er the Protect-O-Loader Model XM-1 system sold by Protecte Mig. Co., 20189 Franceck Road, Bond, OR 97701, telephone 503-382-6886. The probe system shall be acrewed into the threaded opening in the top of the container to form a waterlight connection, using appropriate adaptors provided by the probe manufacturer as necessary. The instructions provided by the seller of the container until the container is empty and the container and probe have been thoroughly rimsed as required by this section.

The closed system must provide for adequate ninsing of any removeable probe and of all containers that are not labeled for return to the registrant. Rinsing must be done using a liquid that contains no pesticide. The rinsing system must be capable of spray-rinsing the inner surface of the container. The rinse solution shall be removed from the pesticide container concurrent with the introduction of the rinse medium. The rinse solution shall go into the uesticide mix tank or applicator vehicle via the closed system.

The system shall be rinsed according to the specifications of the manufacturer of the probe system, or, in the absence of such specifications, by moving at least one hall of the container volume through the system. A minimum pressure of 15 psi shall be used for the spray rinse. Parathion containers shall be protected against excessive pressure during the container rinse operation. Measures shall be taken to prevent the spray rinse procedure from causing an increase in pressure on the inside of the container walts of more than 5 psi.

Either the operator of the closed system must have available at the time of operation a complete set of written instructions for proper operation of the system, or the certified applicator must document in writting before an operator uses the closed system that the operator has been adequately trained in the proper operation of the system.

#### **INCIDENT REPORTING**

A telephone notification must be made it mixing, loading, or use of a product containing parathlow results in inadvertent or unexpected human exposure to the product or filness resulting train exposure to the product, split of the product, an investigation by Federal, State or local authorities of allegations involving drift of the product, or the deaths of birds or other wildlife. The cartified applicator or the owner of the treated land must noity by telephone the Chief, Compliance Branch, Office of Compliance Monitoring, U.S. EPA, at 202-260-3375 within seven days of becoming aware of the incident.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Mix Parathion 8 EC in water to form an emulsion spray solution. To make the spray solution, fill the spray tank half full with water, apitale, add the proper amount of Parathion 8 EC and then fill the spray tank with water while still apitaling. Continue to apitate during use.

Aircraft should apply the recommended amount of Perathian 8 EC in not loss than 1 gallon of water par acro. Always use sufficient water far adequate coverage of the crup foliage.

Where a desaye range is given, use the lower rate on small or young plants of with light insoct infestations. Use the higher rate on mature plants or with heavy insect infestations.

The amounts given to use are the amounts of Parabian & EC to apply per acre par apolication. The hazards and procautions for handling Parabian & EC are equally applicable to it after dilution with water for spray application.

General Warnings and Limitations: Do not plant any food or feed crop in parathlon treated solis other than those with registered parathlon uses.

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#### **CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION**

Alfalls: For brose-connected statis trappers, stielts Caterphiers, and splittehuge, use V4 pirt per scre. For sphile, allatin versul farves and solut unavies, annymptus up to blird instar, cloves that weards, cloves that weards, cloves the blird instar, cloves that weards, cloves the splittehuge, cloves the splittehuge, cloves the splittehuge, and terrichi media, and to 1/2 pint per acre. For statis and technics control on allatin provide allatin see V4 to 1/2 pint per acre. For statis and threads control on allatin provide in a static method in a seed, our V4 to 1/2 pint per acre. For statis and threads control on allatin provide the static period of a static period based on a static sector based control on a static period and the sector theory based and the static period and the sector theory intervals. Static period and the sector based control on a static period and the sector theory based are beetles, use 1/2 pint per acre. For based army warms and control and play to the control of the sould to part of the sould to period allow period to a split per acre. The tertheory and period based and play if the copp or words in the treatment area are in plays. The restricted energiatory interval is 3 days.

Corne: For control of European care borners, use 1/2 pint per acre, Apply the first spray when 75% of the earn plants show shot-hale feeding and follow with two additional aprays at 5 to 7 day intervals. Use autificient water per acre to provide complete coverage and be certain where of plants are well breated. For corn test aphlets, use 1/4 plat per acre. For tall annywernes, one rectiverin adults, annywernes up to third instar, climbing convernes, gracehoppers and Japanese beefles, use 3/8 pint per acre. To control shift bugs and spider willes, use 1/2 pint per acre. To control corn earworm, use 1/2 pint per acre and apply to silks as seen as they appear. Make 3 to 4 applications at 2 to 3 day intervals as infestation warrants. Re-apply intervals/shift rain. To control chirch bugs, use 3/4 pint per acre. To not apply within 12 days of harvest, cutting for turage use. The restricted-eatry interval is 8 days.

Corn (sweet): To cantrol fail annyworms, aphids and silkilies, use 1/4 pint per acre. To control sap beetles and spider mites, use 1/2 pint per acre. To control carn earworm apply to silks as soon as they appear. Make 3 to 4 applications of 2 to 3 day intervals or infestation warrants, Reapply immediately after rain. To control clinch bugs, ude 3/4 pints per acre. If corp is intended for carning, consult your carnery lieforms pilo 6 application. On not apply within 12 days of harvest. The restricted-early interval is 6 days.

Cotton: To control aphids, miles, collon leafworms, cotton fleahoppers, garden webworms and thrips, use 1/4 pint per acre. For cabbage loopers, use 3/8 in 1/2 pint per acre. For ball weevils and stink bugs, use 1/2 to 1/4 pint per acere. For salt-marsh caterpillars, use 1/2 to 1 pint per acre. For bollworms, cotton leaf perforators, Lygus bugs, talse chinch bugs, serpentine teat minters and southern garden leaftopours, use 1 pint per acre. Make direct application when insects appear and repeat at 7 day intervals it required. It desired, this formutation may be combined with other insecticies in a compilete cotton spray program. De not feed cotton leafs to dairy animals or animals being invished for stangingrim with 15 days of application. Do not harvest within / days after applucation. The mutation-may interval is 3 days.

Represed (eitered-producting verifeties only, which include cannols and erandes): For centrel of Caldage Seed Ped Weuvile, Aphide, Diamendbuck Meth Lurves, and Fies Beetles, apply Q.S pint of PARATIBON BEC per acre per application, in sufficient water for good coverage (3 to 10 galless of water per acre). Apply when damaging populations are present. For centrel of Cabbage Seed Ped Weuvil (*Controdynchus accimited*, west when two or more Cabbage Seedped Weuvil and per plant on young pedcentrel of Aphide, treat about mid-growing season when insects populations reach centrel of Aphide, treat about mid-growing season when insects populations reach economic thresholds. For centrel of Fies Berlies, treat in early season when significant evidence of shot-balling by the adults becomes evident on rupe seedings. For centrel of Diamondback Meth Lurvas, treat about mid-growing season when populations reach oceannic thresholds and there is evidence of appreciable feeding beginning on rupe flowers andler peds. A success application may be used if necessary. To protect policeture apply coly in the overing of season when inducts a populations reach accessed and there is evidence of appreciable feeding beginning on rupe flowers andler peds. A success application may be used if necessary. To protect policeture apply coly in the overing of early marning this includes a portio from 3 hours before summat until 3 hours after source of the following day). Prohervest interval in 28 days; do not treat within 28 days of hervest. D0 NOT graze treated fields or food treated for ope or threshing waste to firesteck. The restricted-entry interval in 3 days.

Small Grains (Wheat, Barley): To control armyworms up to third instar, aphids (greenbugs) and winter grain miles, use 1/4 pint per acre. For thrips, use 1/4 to 3/8 pint per acre. For Say's plant bugs, use 3/8 pint per acre. For black grass bugs, stink bugs, white spider mites, leathoppers, climbing cutworms, grasshoppers and brown wheat mites, use 1/2 pint per acre. For chinch bugs, false chinch bugs and Banke grass miles, use 3/4 pint per acre. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest, cutting, or forage use The restricted-entry interval is 3 days.

Sorghum: To control sorghum midge, apply at a rate of 1/2 to 1 pmt per acre. Make 2 applications 3 to 5 days apart when approximately 90% of the heads have completely emerged from the boot or not later than start of blooming. For aphids (greenbugs) and mites, use 1/4 pmt per acre. For sorghum webworms, fall army worms, armyworms up to third instar and corn earworms, use 3/7 to 1/2 pmt per acre. Leaf injury may occur on some hybrid varieties of sorghum. Spring a few rows a week or so before booting to fest effects on plants. On not apply within 12 days of harvest, cutting or lorage use. The restricted-entry interval is 3 days.

Soybeans: To control webworms, use 1/4 pmt per acre. To control velvet bean caterpilfars, green cloverworms, twospotted miles and stink bugs, use 1/2 pmt per acre. To control corn earworms and fait armyworms, use 1/2 to 3/4 pmt per acre. To onot apply within 20 days of harvest, cutting or torage use. The restricted-entry interval in 3 days.

Sunflowers To control sunflower moth, use 1/2 to 1 pml per acre on a schedule of 2 to 3 applications at 5 day intervals. Hybrid sunflowers completely bloom in 12 to 15 days, thus the initial application shruld be made when 10-20% of the plants have begun to tower and moths and young tarvae are present. Do not apply later than 30 days before harvest. The restricted-entry interval = 3 days.

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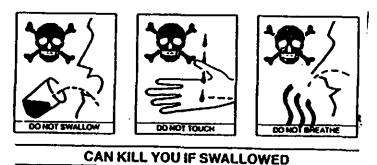
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OK.

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARD TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER

Poisonous if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin or eyes. Rapidly absorbed through skin. Do not breathe vapors. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing.

#### THIS PRODUCT MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED, OR IF ALLOWED TO CONTACT SKIN. FAILURE TO PROPERLY FOLLOW ALL INSTRUCTIONS FOR PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WILL INCREASE YOUR RISK.



This product can tell you if availowed even in small amounts: spray mist may be tatal if availowed.

CAN KILL YOU BY SKIN CONTACT This preduct can fall you if fouched by hands or spilled or spillshed on shin, in eyes or on clothing (figuld goes through cinthes).

CAN KILL YOU IF BREATHED

This product can kill you it wapors, spray mist are breathed.

## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category F on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

# Mixers and Loaders (who must use the closed system described elsewhere on this label) must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber  $\geq 14$  mils, Nitrile Rubber  $\geq 14$  mils, or Viton  $\geq 14$  mils;
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks;
- Chemical-resistant apron; and
- Protective eyewear, if the closed system is pressurized.

## Applicators (pilots in enclosed) cockpits) must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants; and
- Shoes plus socks.

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In addition, pilots must wear chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber  $\geq 14$  mils, Nitrile Rubber  $\geq 14$  mils, or Viton  $\geq 14$  mils when entering or leaving an aircraft contaminated with pesticide residues. If taken into the cockpit, the gloves must be kept in an enclosed container to prevent contamination of the inside of the cockpit.

All Other Handlers, including persons who (1) repair, clean, or maintain the parts of mixing, loading, or application equipment that may contain residues, (2) clean up spills, (3) handle open containers, or (4) dispose of this pesticide, must wear:

- Chemical-resistant protective suit;
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber  $\geq 14$  mils, Nitrile Rubber  $\geq 14$  mils, or Viton  $\geq 14$  mils;
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks;
- Protective eyewear;
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure; and
- A respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G).

#### **User Safety Requirements:**

Users must:

- Provide mechanical exhaust ventilation, if product is handled indoors.
- Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.
- Clean respirators and replace cartridges or canisters according to instructions included with the respirators.
- Replace gloves frequently.
- Keep and wash PPE (coveralls, gloves, footwear, aprons, protective eyewear, etc.) separately from all other laundry. Wash PPE after each day's use, following the manufacturer's directions. If no such instructions, use detergent and hot water. Store PPE separately from personal clothing.
- Keep personal work clothing (long-sleeved shirts, long pants, and socks) worn while performing mixing, loading, application, and other handling and early entry tasks separate from household articles. After each day of use, wash work clothing separately from household articles.

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#### User Safety Recommendations: Users Should:

Users Should:

- Not rub eyes or mouth with hands.
- STOP work and get help right away, if you feel sick in any way. See First Aid (Practical Treatment) section of this label. Call a doctor (physician), clinic, or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is given (See First Aid Treatment Section) and if a doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital.
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE, all work clothing, and footwear immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves with soap and water before removing. Shower using soap and water. Wear only clean clothing when leaving job do not wear contaminated clothing.
- The National Pesticide Telecommunication Network (NPTN) is available for recommendations regarding poisoning management, emergency treatment, and other information regarding the toxicity of parathion. The toll-free number for NPTN is 1-800-858-7378.
- Repeated exposures to cholinesterase inhibitors such as are contained in this product may, without warning, cause prolonged susceptibility to very small doses of any cholinesterase inhibitor.



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#### POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Parathian is a very dangarous poison. It rapidly enters the bady on contact with all shin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment or they may die.

Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: Heatlaches, nansea, vomining, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pre-point pupils, tightness in chest, labored treathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, drooting or trothing of analth and nase, muscle spasms and coma.

#### + STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT +

#### Parathian is an argumephasphate.

First Aid Ireatment: Call a duckin (physician), clinic or hispital elements/white 1 option that the victim has been exposed to parallism and describe his Combinen.

More patient unmericalety from the area where parathem is present.

If breathing has storped, start artificial respiration immediately and maintain unit rinctor sees victim.

If swallowed and workm is awake (conscious) make him vomit queckly. Have workm drink t or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of threat with linger. Repeat uner vomit is clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Have workm lie down and keep quiet. See doctor immediately.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water while romoving contaminated clothing and structs. See doctor immediately.

#### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Antidote: administer alropine suitate in large doses, TWD to FOLIR mg. intravenously or unramuscularly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 mmule interval: until signs of atropinization appear. 2-PAM chloride is a pharmacelogic amtidate and may be administered as an adjunct to, but not a substitute for, alropine which is a symptomatic and often Me-saving antidote. D0 NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANDURLIZERS. Paramon is a strong choinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and resolution despression. At livist sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorbion of the porson may occur and fatal relaps have been reported after ineal improvem-int, VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION () THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is highly toxic to lish and wildle. Fish and other aquatic organisms in treated areas may be killed. Do not apply directly towater or wetlands (swamps, marshes, bogs, and potholes). Runoff and drift from larget areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing at equipment washwaters. This product is extremely toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blomming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blomming crops or weeds it bees are visiting the known area.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS Do not use or store near heat or open flame

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#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in a dry location away from children, animals, foods, feeds, seeds, and other agricultural chemicals. Keep container closed when not using. Do not allow water into container as this may cause deterioration of product. Personnel must wear the personal protective equipment specified for "All Other Handlers" listed in the Hazards to Humans section of this label when handling open containers or cleaning up spills. Do not store under conditions where temperature may exceed 120° F or below 45° F. Keep storage area locked when not in use. In the event of spillage or leakage, soak up material with absorbent clay, sand, cowduct, or other absorbent material while wearing appropriate protective equipment. Scrape up and dispose of in accordance with information given under PESTICIDE DISPOSAL. In case of fire or other emergency, report at once by toll-free telephone to 800-424-9300.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contract your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

#### NOTICE

Seller's guarantee shall be limited to the terms set out on the label and subject thereto, the buyer assumes the risk to persons or property arising from the use or handling of this product and accepts the product on that condition.

Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Seller and Buyer assumes the risk of any such use.