CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Do NOT take internally. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. In case of contact flush eyes with [illegible] and skin with soap and water. [illegible]

Do NOT [illegible] 2,4-D [illegible] equipment for [illegible] chemicals may [illegible] injury [illegible] and allow to [illegible] crops. [illegible] crops are highly susceptible to 2,4-D injury. Do not [illegible] or open flame.

Toxic to [illegible]. Do not contaminate any body of [illegible] by direct application, cleaning of equipment or disposal wastes and containers.

Do not forget on treated or [illegible] fields within 2 weeks after treatment with 2,4-D. Do not feed to dairy or livestock.

CONTROLS THESE WEEDS

[illegible]	Gumweed
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Barnyard
[illegible]	Pokeweed
[illegible]	Pusley
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	Sesbania
[illegible]	[illegible]
Buckwheat	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]

NOTE: [illegible]

SELECTIVE WEEDING IN CROPS

ESTABLISHED PASTURE, FIELD, RANGE* AND TURF GRASSES [illegible]

*Do not graze dairy [illegible] within 7 days after application.

BEST 4 SERVIS BRAND

ACCEPTED
FEB 10 1975
Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 4715-249

2,4-D BUTYL ESTER 334E

A SELECTIVE WEED KILLER

For control of broad-leaved weeds and woody plants susceptible to 2,4-D in tolerant crops and in non-crop areas.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
Butyl ester of 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	39.1 %
INERT INGREDIENTS	60.9 %

*Equivalent to 29.15 % 2,4 dichlorophenoxyacetic acid or not less than 3.34 lbs of 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid per gal. at 68° F

CAUTION: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

SEE SIDE PANELS FOR OTHER CAUTIONS

Do NOT Store With Foodstuffs

NET CONTENTS GALLONS

to control some weeds. Do not spray secondary grass, not while grass is in boot to milk stage. Do not mow grass within 2 days before or after treatment. In some areas Dichondra, bent, buffalo, [illegible] and St. Augustine grasses are susceptible to injury. Mow lawns [illegible] will be [illegible] or killed with the spray.

WHEAT AND BARLEY [illegible] 1½ pts per acre in 40 gallons water for a foliar application [illegible] day [illegible] Barley while weeds are young and [illegible] 30% [illegible] before [illegible] to joint. Do not spray [illegible] in early seedling stage [illegible] during periods [illegible] milk [illegible] spray [illegible] when [illegible] recommended. Use low dosage on easy to kill weeds, such as wintercress and common yellow mustard, [illegible] when growing conditions are favorable. [illegible] Rate of No. [illegible] up to 2 pts per acre may be needed for [illegible] and hard to kill weeds as [illegible], tarweed and bachelor buttons and in other areas for heavy infestation of wild garlic, though some injury to the grain may result from this high dosage.

CORN: Pre-emergence – use 1½ to 2½ qts. in 10 to 20 gals. water per acre. Apply to soil 3 to 5 days after planting but before corn emerges. Do not use on light, sandy soils. Avoid cultivation as long as possible. On muck soils and on heavy clay soils high in organic matter 2½ to 4½ qts. per acre may be required. **Post-emergence** – Apply ½ to 1 pt. per acre in sufficient water for thorough weed coverage. Lower rate for easily killed weeds, on inbreds, and when corn is growing rapidly. Apply when weeds are up and corn is 3 or more inches tall. Use drop nozzles to direct spray over tops of weeds, but not over the top of corn, as soon as corn is high enough above the weeds. Do not spray corn during periods after tassels begin to show until silks are dry. Do not cultivate for about 2 weeks after treatment while corn is brittle.

NON SELECTIVE WEED CONTROL

NON CROP AREAS such as roadsides, along fence rows and rights-of-way: Use [illegible] qts. per [illegible] acre, depending on susceptibility of weed and density of growth. Apply in sufficient water to thoroughly wet weeds during vigorous spring growth to early bloom stage and again on fall regrowth. Repeat treatments may be needed for 2 or more successive years for control of some weeds, particularly species with creeping roots or rhizomes.

WOODY PLANTS IN NON-CROP AREAS: Certain species of woody plants such as willow, sumac, [illegible] and grape are susceptible to 2,4-D. Use 3 to 4 qts. per 100 gals. to spray brush up to 5 to 6 feet tall. Wet all parts of the plants thoroughly. Turning [illegible] may be [illegible] sprouts sprayed [illegible]. Additional applications may be needed for resistant species.

Local conditions may affect the use of this chemical. Consult State agricultural [illegible] or Experiment Station specialists for specific recommendations [illegible] weed problems. [illegible] information [illegible] pesticides.

Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and other conditions or factors affecting chemicals are specifically beyond control of seller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling not in accordance with directions given herein.

EPA Reg. No. 4715-249