



ACCEPTED
4-13-61
UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT
FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTERED
ED UNDER NO. 4915-132

Comments

ENPAR COTTON SPRAY

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	By Wt.
Endrin*	17.6%
O,O-dimethyl O-p-nitrophenyl thiophosphate	17.6%
Aromatic Petroleum Derivative Solvent	57.8%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	7.0%
Total	100.0%

* Hexachloroepoxyoctahydro-endo, endo-dimethanonaphthalene
Contains 1.6 lbs. Endrin and 1.6 lbs Methyl Parathion per gallon

WASH AND DESTROY CONTAINER WHEN EMPTY. NEVER RE-USE. READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL CAUTIONS, WARNINGS AND DIRECTIONS.

DANGER!



POISON



KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ANTIDOTE AND WARNING STATEMENTS.

WARNING TO USER: Don't Keep Poison Where Food Is Handled or Stored. Do Not Contaminate Feed and Food-stuffs.

ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS

ACCEPTED
4-13-67
UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT
FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTRATION
EPA UNDER NO. re-entered until drifting insecticides and volatile

DIRECTIONS

COTTON: Thrips, Cotton Fleahoppers - Early Season Control: 1 gal. in water to cover 24 acres. Mid-Season Control: 1 gal. in water to cover 12 acres. Late Season Control: 1 gal. in water to cover 8 acres. Early Season Boll Weevil and Bollworm (not Pink Bollworm) Control - Use 1 gal. in water to cover 8 acres. Mid-Season and Late Season Control of Bollworm, Boll Weevil - Use 1 gal. in water to cover 4 to 8 acres in compliance with state recommendations. Leafworms - 1 gal. in water to cover 8 acres. Cabbage Looper, Celery Leaf Tier, Leaf Perforator, Salt Marsh Caterpillar, Brown Cotton Leafworm, Cotton Leafworm, Lygus Bugs, Cutworms - 1 quart per acre in water for coverage. Rapid Plant Bug, Tarnished Plant Bug - 1 to 2 pints in water to cover 1 acre. Aphids, Red Spider - 1-1/4 to 2 pints in water to cover 1 acre. Grasshoppers - 1-1/4 pints in water to cover 1 acre. Do not apply within 15 days of hand-picking. Do not graze dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter on treated fields. Workers entering the fields within 5 days after treatment should be protected.

MIXING: Mix with water by agitation or by circulating mixture through spray pump and back into tank. A proper water mixture will have appearance of a milky emulsion with no free oil on the surface. Agitate before use until a uniform, milky emulsion is formed. Agitation is also necessary when mixing with oil.

Note: A precipitate may deposit in cold weather. In such case warm gently and agitate until re-dissolved before using.

WARNING: Poisonous if Swallowed, Inhaled, or Absorbed Through Skin! Do not breathe spray mist. Wear a mask or respirator of a type passed by the U. S. Department of Agriculture for protection against endrin-methyl parathion mixtures. Rapidly Absorbed Through Skin: Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear natural rubber gloves, protective clothing and goggles. In case of contact, immediately remove all contaminated clothing and flush skin or eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, for eyes, get medical attention. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating or smoking; wear clean clothing. Wash all contaminated clothing with soap and hot water before re-use. Keep out of reach of children. Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be danger of drift. Vacated areas should not be

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residues have dissipated. Do not apply or allow to drift to areas occupied by unprotected humans or beneficial animals. To protect fish and wildlife, do not contaminate streams, lakes or ponds with this material. Do not contaminate feed and foodstuffs. Avoid use during flowering and pollination periods. Do not use on sorghum (milo). Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

ANTIDOTE:

IF SWALLOWED: Give tablespoonful of salt in a glass of warm water and repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Have victim lie down and keep quiet. CALL A PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY. IF ON SKIN, wash immediately with soap and water.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Methyl Parathion is a cholinesterase inhibitor and should be treated with Atropine in large doses until pupils dilate. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen administration may be necessary. Endrin produces central nervous system excitation which responds rather well to barbiturates as for anticonvulsant therapy. Observe patient carefully because repeated treatment may be necessary.

NOTICE: The statements made on this label or by any of our agents concerning this material, are given for information only. They are believed to be true and accurate, but because conditions of use which are of critical importance are beyond its control,

the seller does not make, nor does it authorize any agent or representative to make any warranty, guarantee or representation, express or implied, concerning this material, except that it conforms to the chemical description on the label.

not The seller shall be held responsible in any manner for any personal injury or property damage or other type of loss resulting to the buyer or to any person from the handling, storage or use of this material whether or not in accordance with directions. The buyer assumes all risk and liability resulting from such handling, storage or use and accepts and uses this material on these conditions.

Net Contents

Gal.

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