



NET CONTENTS | U. S. GALLON

SULFAMATE WEED & BRUSH KILLER

Chemical Trimmer
Solution

READ DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE USE

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

Ammonium Sulfamate 8.2%

INERT INGREDIENTS 91.8%

8.6 lbs./gal. @ 60°F

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

May Cause Skin Irritation. Avoid Prolonged Contact With Skin. In Case of Contact, Wash Off With Plenty of Water.

EPA REG. NO. 4000-38

Mfg. By

Southern Chemical Products Company

Macon, Georgia

DISTRIBUTED BY

WEED & BRUSH KILLER CHEMICAL TRIMMER SOLUTION

GENERAL INFORMATION—HOW IT WORKS:

This ready-to-use solution is highly effective when applied as a foliar spray for obtaining kill of undesirable woody plants. Contact kill of most weeds is obtained following foliage application. Some species of perennial weeds and woody plants are difficult to control and retreatment may be necessary if regrowth occurs. The control activity is principally on contact action so that regrowth is from root systems of perennials and germinating seeds in the soil. Temporary sterility of soil may be caused by heavy applications. This condition usually disappears in the "over winter" period. This product is non-volatile and non-inflammable. It is non-selective. Do not apply to the foliage of valuable plants.

IMPORTANT:

This solution is corrosive to most metals. Wash spraying equipment thoroughly inside and out following use to remove all herbicides, then coat with a light coat of oil. Do not drain equipment on valuable plants as injury may result. Do not drain or flush equipment near domestic water sources.

NOTICE TO BUYER:

SELLER makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, concerning the use of this product.

BUYER assumes all risk of use or handling whether in accordance with directions or not.

DIRECTIONS:

BRUSH CONTROL (Right of Way, Road Sides, Drainage Ditches, Rangelands, Pastures.) Apply any time after brush has reached the full-leaf stage until foliage begins to discolor, preferably during periods of high temperatures and high humidity. Apply as full-coverage spray to foliage, stems, limbs, and base of brush, thorough coverage is essential for best results. In roadside application on tall, dense brush, it is often necessary to spray from field side as well as roadside. Spraying away from desirable vegetation will aid in preventing contact with spray or drifts; course sprays are less likely to drift.

WEED & GRASS CONTROL:

(Tennis courts, Driveways, Fence Rows, Industrial Sites.) This herbicide is as effective contact spray for control of woody perennials such as Poison Oak, Poison Ivy, and Poison Sumac, perennials such as leafy spurge, bitter dock, golden rod, perennial ragweed, and blueweed, and Annuals such as crabgrass, broomweed, chickweed, cocklebur, jimson weed, lambquarters, larkspur, prickly lettuce ragweed and shepard grass. Thoroughly wet foliage and stems of undesired vegetation. The degree of control will vary with weed species, rainfall, temperature and other conditions.

AS A CHEMICAL TRIMMER:

This product is an effective means of controlling undesired vegetation in areas that border valuable plants. When applied as directed, it may be used in close proximity to valuable plants, trees and shrubbery without injury. You can control vegetation and improve appearance in areas such as these: Under fences, along sidewalks, around the bases of trees, along shrubbery borders, along buildings in drainage ditches under shrubbery around the base of fire plugs, guy wires and light poles. Spray undesirable foliage to thoroughly wet stems and leaves. (Caution: Do not spray or wet the foliage of desired plants.) Use a hand sprayer with an adjustable cone nozzle. Adjust nozzle to obtain the desired width spray pattern.

WHEN TO USE:

Spray as often as necessary, usually 2 to 3 times a year. Frequency of application will depend on type of vegetation, length of growing season, rainfall and temperature.

FOR BEST RESULTS:

Spray on a warm, sunny day. Do not spray during a rain or when threatening to rain. Do not spray when cool. Temperatures above 75°F are required for best results. During extreme drought effectiveness is sometimes reduced. Many perennials require thorough wetting and more frequent treatment.

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