3876-95

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY 04/23/2004



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY: Washington, D.C. 20460

> OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

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April 23, 2004

Kevin C. Manning Manager, Biocide Registration GE Betz, Inc. 4636 Somerton Road Trevose, PA 19053

Slimicide 508 Subject: EPA Registration No. 3876-95 Application Date: January 3, 2004 EPA Received Date: February 4, 2004

Dear Mr. Manning:

The following amendment, submitted under connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FFIRA), as amended, is acceptable with the conditions listed below:

Proposed Amendment

Update First Aid Statements

Conditions

1.

Revise the label as follows:

Separate the PPE paragraph from the Precautionary Statement paragraph.

Revise the First Aid Statements to include the following: 2.

"Note to Physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage."

CONCURRENCES							
SYMBOL	7510c						
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General Comments

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A stamped copy of the labeling accepted with conditions is enclosed. Submit three(3) copies of your final printed labeling before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

Should you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, please contact me at 703-308-6422.

Sincerely,

Adam Heyward Product Manager 34 Regulatory Management Branch II Antimicrobials Division (7510 C)

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	Lot Number:	معفرين	HEALTH	3				
	Material ID: 6007612							
	Net Weight:		REACTIVITY					
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SLIN	MICIDE 50	8	DEPTED DMMEHT Lotter Date PR 2 3 20	xal Insectio Rodenticida ne pesticide er ZPA Reg. 38 % -				
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS			FIRSTAID	to the state				
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS	2,2-Dibromo-3-ntrilopropionamide	If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for: U 0) 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes 5 then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment addree					
DANGER PELIGRO	*Inert ingredients include solubilizing and dispersing agents.							
CAUSES SEVERE BURNS OF EYES. eYE CONTACT MAY CAUSE LOSS OF VISION. mAY BURN THE SKIN. mAY BE HARRMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. Do not take internally. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Chemical worker's goggles must be worn when handeling. Use with adequate ventilation. Immediately remove and wash containinated clothing before reuse. Wash thorpubly after bandeling.	CONTENTS: LIQUID POUNDS PER GALLON: 10.6 (60°F) EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER: 3876-95	If inhaied	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.					
Personal Protective Equipment(PPE). Applicators and all other handlers must wear: Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants. Socks and chamical covint footware. Coveral or fing a biology cover in the start of the second seco	EPA ESTABLISHMENT NUMBER: 3876-PA-001	lf Swellowed	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately					
gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neopanic vapor rubber, polyvinyl chloride, or viton. Respirator with an organic vapor rubber, polyvinyl chloride, or viton. Respirator with an organic vapor	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN	JWEINOWOL	Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.					
approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesucides (MSHAVNIOSH (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vanor (OV) catridge or canister with any R P or	DANGER PELIGRO		Do not give anything by mouth to an unconcious person.					
HE prefitter. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing or other absorbent	User Safety Recommendations Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing our using tobacco, or using the toilet	lf on skin or clothing	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 n Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment adv	ninutes. rice.				
materials that have been drenched or neavity contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS	User should remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put	HOT LINE NUMBER: 1-800-222-1222						
This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the	on clean clothing. User should remove PPE immediately after bandling this product. Wash the outside of gloves	Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-877-1940 for emergency medical treatment information.						
permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.	before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.							
STORAGE AND DISPOSAI								
DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER, FOOD OR FEED BY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL. PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry well-ventilated place. Do not store at elevated temperatures. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. CONTAINER DISPOSAL Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.								
GE Betz, Inc., 4636 Somerton Road, Trevose, PA, 19053								
Panel 1 of ? Business Phone: 215-355-3300 Emergency Phone: 800-877-1940 Stanicole 500 apr								

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SLIMICIDE 508

SLIME CONTROL AGENT

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

RECIRCULATING COOLING WATER SYSTEMS: This product aids in the control of bacterial, fungal and algal slimes in evaporative condensers, heat exchange water systems, commercial and industrial cooling lowers, influent systems such as flow-through filters and lagoons, industrial water scrubbing systems and brewery pasteurizers. NOTE. Add this product separately to the system. Do NOT mix it with other additives in order to avoid decomposition of this product due to the high pH of many additive formulations. Add this product at any point in the system to insure uniform mixing. This product may be added to the systems either continuously or intermittently or as needed. The frequency of feeding and duration of the treatment will depend upon the severity of contamination Optimum performance with this product is attained by continuous princement is used, blowdown should be discontinued for 24 to 48 hours. Add this product at the rate of 0.005 to 1.0 lb. (0 6 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system, depending upon the severity of contamination. BADLY FOULED SYSTEMS must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

FOR CONTROL OF BACTERIA

INTERMITTENT OR SLUG METHOD - INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.05 to 0.1 tb. (6 to 12 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. Repeat until control is achieved. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident, add this product at the rate of 0.025 to 0.1 tb. (3 to 12 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system every 4 days or as needed to maintain control. CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD - INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.05 to 0.1 lb. (6 to 12 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: Continuously feed this product to maintain a dosage of 0.005 to 0.05 lb. (0.6 to 6 ppm) per 1000 gallons of blowdown (or water loss) from the system.

FOR THE CONTROL OF FUNGLAND ALGAE

INTERMITTENT OR SLUG METHOD - INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.5 to 1.0 lb. (60 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. Repeat until control is achieved. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When algai control is evident, add this product at the rate of 0.3 to 1.0 lb. (36 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water daily or as needed to maintain control. CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD - INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.5 to 1.0 lb. (60 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. Repeat until control is achieved. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: Continuously

feed this product to maintain a dosage of 0.3 to 1.0 lb. (36 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of blowdown (or watsr loss) from the system.

ONCE-THROUGH INDUSTRIAL COOLING WATER SYSTEMS: For controlling bacteria, fungi and algae in snon-through and closed-cycle fresh and sea water cooling systems, cooling ponds canals and lagoons, add this product to the system inlet water or before any other contaminated area in the system. Addition of this product should be made with a metering pump; it may be continuous or intermittent depending upon the sevenity of the contamination when treatment is begun and the retention time in the system. Add this product at the rate of 0.01 to 1.01 to 1.01 to 1.01 to 1.01 to 0.000 gallons of water based on the flow rate through the system. BADLY FOULED SYSTEMS must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

NTTERMITTENT METHOD - INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.05 to 0.1 lb. (6 to 12 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water. Minimum treatment intervals should be 15 minutes. Repeat until control is achieved. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident, add this product at the rate of 0.025 to 0.1 lb. (3 to 12 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water intermittently as needed to maintain control. CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD - INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.05 to 0.1 lb. (6 to 12 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water continuously to the system. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident, pump a continuous feed of this product at the rate of 0.012 to 0.05 tb. (1 to 6 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water based on the flow rate through the system.

FOR THE CONTROL OF FUNGLAND ALGAE

INTERMITTENT METHOD - INITIAL DOSE. When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.5 to 1.0 lb. (60 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. Minimum treatment interval should be 15 minutes. Repeat until control is achieved. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident, add this product at the rate of 0.3 to 1.0 lb. (36 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system daily or as needed to maintain control. The minimum treatment interval should be 15 minutes. CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD - INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.3 to 1.0 lb. (36 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident, pump a continuous feed of this product at the rate of 0.3 to 1.0 lb. (36 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident, pump a continuous feed of this product at the rate of 0.3 to 1.0 lb. (36 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system.

METAL-WORKING CUTTING FLUIDS CONTAINING WATER: This product is effective in metal working fluid concentrates which have been diluted in water at ratios of 1:100 to 1:4. For controlling (or inhibiting) the growth of becteria, fungi and yeasts that may deteriorate metal working fluids containing water, add this product to the fluid in the collection tank. Additions should be made with a metering pump. INITIAL OR SLUG DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.25 gallon (2.65 lbs.) per 1000 gallons of metal working fluid in the system. Repeat until control is achieved. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident, add this product at the rate of 0.1 to 0.2 gallon (1.06 to 2.12 lbs.) per 1000 gallons of metal working fluid in the asystem. Repeat until control is achieved. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident, add this product at the rate of 0.1 to 0.2 gallon (1.06 to 2.12 lbs.) per 1000 gallons of metal working fluid in the asystem. Repeat until control is achieved. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is evident, add this product at the rate of 0.1 to 0.2 gallon (1.06 to 2.12 lbs.) per 1000 gallons of metal working fluid per day, or as needed to maintain control. Additions of this product can be made continuously or intermittently. Slug the system as required.

AIR WASHERS: For use only in industrial air washer systems that maintain effective mist eliminating components. This product controls slime forming bacteria and fungi in industrial air washer systems. Add this product at the rate of 0.016 to 1.0 lb. (1.9 to 120 pm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system depending upon the severity of contamination. BADLY FOULED SYSTEMS must be cleaned before treatment is begun. INTERMITTENT OR SLUG METHOD - INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noliceably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.032 to 1.0 lb. (3.8 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. Repeat until control is echieved. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When the system is noliceably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.032 to 1.0 lb. (3.8 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When the system is noliceably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.032 to 1.0 lb. (3.8 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When the system is noliceably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.032 to 1.0 lb. (3.8 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When the system is noliceably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.032 to 1.0 lb. (3.8 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: Maintain this level by a continuous feed of this product at the rate of 0.016 to 0.5 lb. (1.9 to 60 ppm) per 1000 gallons of water in the system.

NON-POTABLE REVERSE OSMOSIS SYSTEMS: For controlling bacteria, fungi and algae slimes in non-potable REVERSE OSMOSIS systems and peripheral equipment, add this product to the system inlet water or before any other contaminated area ahead of the REVERSE OSMOSIS unit. This product should be added with a metering pump on an intermittent basis depending on the severity of contamination and the guidelines specified by the membrane manufacturer for this product. Add this product at the rate of 0.01 to 1.0 b. (1 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of feedwater. During use of this product by permeate and reject waters should be directed to the drain. Once treatment is completed, rinsing with feedwater should continue until conductivity values in the permeate are at or below values before treatment with this product. BADLY FOULED SYSTEMS must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

FOR THE CONTROL OF BACTERIA - INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.05 to 0.1 lb. (6 to 12 ppm) per 1000 gallons of feedwater. Minimum treatment intervals should be 15 minutes. Repeat until control is achieved or as specified by guidelines recommended by the membrane manufacturer. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is achieved, add this product at the rate of 0.025 to 0.1 lb. (3 to 12 ppm) per 1000 gallons of feedwater as needed to maintain control or as specified by guidelines recommended by the membrane manufacturer.

FOR THE CONTROL OF FUNGLAND ALGAE - INITIAL DOSE: When the system is noticeably fouled, add this product at the rate of 0.5 to 1.0 lb. (60 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of feedwater. Minimum treatment intervals should be 15 minutes. Repeat until control is achieved or as specified by the guidelines recommended by the membrane manufacturer. SUBSEQUENT DOSE: When microbial control is achieved, add this product at the rate of 0.3 to 1.0 lb. (36 to 120 ppm) per 1000 gallons of feedwater as needed to maintain control or as specified by the guidelines recommended by the membrane manufacturer.

Packaging Date: 02/01/2004

Net Weight:

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Panel 2 of 2

GE Betz, Inc., 4636 Somerton Road, Trevose, PA, 19053 Business Phone: 215-355-3300 • Emergency Phone: 800-877-1940

Material ID: 6007612