AUG 2 3 1993

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Ms. Annabel Olson Bonide Products, Inc. 2 Wurz Ave.

Yorkville, N.Y. 13495

Dear Ms. Olson:

Amended Precautionary Labeling for Lime Sulfur Products

Earl May Lime Sulphur Spray EPA Registration No. 3772-19

Your Submission Dated January 20, 1993

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable with the following comments:

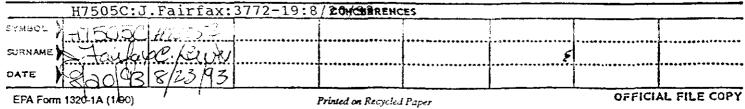
- The Statement of Practical Treatment must appear on the front panel of the label or the referral statement must be moved to appear directly beneath the signal word and must include "See panel for Statement of Practical Treatment...".
- 2. Unless this product is intended solely for homeowner use, add the second paragraph under item three in our letter dated December 14, 1992, and add "Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system".
- Submit one copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely yours,

Clarence O. Lewis, III Acting Product Manager (21) Fungicide-Herbicide Branch Registration Division (H7505C)

Enclosure







Insecticide and Fungicide For Fruit Trees, Shade Trees, Shrubs, Roses and Berries

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN PELIGRO - DANGER

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO; SI usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que la estiqueta le haya sido explicada ampliamente.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

-If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

If In eyes: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention.

NET CONTENTS: 1/2 GALLON 64 FL. OZ. (1.8 L.)

SEE SIDE AND BACK PANELS FOR ADDITIONAL **PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

Manufactured for: EARL MAY SEED & NURSERY L.P.

Shenandoah, lowa 51603

EPA R. G. NO. 3772-19 EPA 1. . I, NO. 4-NY-1

Summer Follage	34 Teaspoon 3 Teaspoons 3 Tablespoons	16 cz. = 1 pint
£any Spring	4 Tablespoons 8 Tablespoons % Pint	
Dormant	8 Teblespoons 1 Pint 3 Pints 76 Cucry	715. 2 tos. 2 c.os. 2 c.os.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER

Gorcesive. Causes irroversible eye damage. Harmful II swallowed. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield when literating. Wash thoroughly with some and water after handling. Hamove conteminated clothing and wash before fours.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, Do not contaminate water used for domestic or irrigation purposes.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE-

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manger inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through driff, expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

STORAGE: Store in original container, in a cool, dry, secure area, away from fertilizer, food or feed. Keep container closed. Do not store where product will freeze.

PRODUCT DISPOSAL: Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Do not rouse empty container. Wrap container and put in trash.

Do not use on evergreens, euonymus, rhododendrons, or allow apray to drift on to these susceptible species.

Do not use an oil spray within three weeks after a Lime Sulphur application. Do not spray in heat of day or when temperatures exceed 85°F. Do not let spray contact painted surfaces as dark stains or spots may result.

DORMANT SPRAY

APPLES, PEARS, PLUMS AND CHERRIES: for San Jose Scale, use before buds swell in Spring. For Pear Leaf Bilster Mites, delay until bud swell to troat overwintering mites in buds.

PEACHES; for control of Peach Leal Curt, San Jose Scale, Twig Berer and as an aid in the control of Brown Rot Biossom Blight; apply once in late fall, repeat in Spring just before buds swell. Full season control of Brown Rot Biossom Blight will require additional application of a lungicide.

SHADE TREES AND SHRUBS: for control of San Jose Scale, Nectria Canker, Maple Gall, Leaf Blotch, and Olive Scale, and as an aid in the control of Powdery Mildew and Anthracnose; apply once in early Spring before buds swell. Do not apply to Evergreens, Eucnymus or Rhododendrons or allow spray to drift on these susceptible species. Full season control of Powdery Mildew and Anthracnose will require additional application of a fundicide.

EARLY SPRING SPRAYING (AS GROWTH STARTS)

ROSES: for control of Rose and San Jose Scale, Case Bearers, and Powdery Mildow; apply in Spring before buds swell and again in Fall after leaves drop.

RASPBERRIES AND BLACKBERRIES; for control of Red Berry Mites, and as an ald in the control of Anthracnose, Powdery Mildow, and Rust; make one application when canes are 8 to 12 inches high. Repeat in Fall for Red Berry Mites. Full season control of Anthracnose, Powdery Mildow, and fluct will require additional application of a tungicide.

SUMMER FOLIAGE SPRAYING

ROSES: for control of Black Spot, Powdery Mildow, Rust and Red Spider; apply at 10 to 15 day intervals in growing season. CRAPES: as an aid in the control of Powdery Mildow and Anthracnose, apply when shoots are 6 to 8 inches long and again after boom. Existing foliage may be some what damaged. Additional applications of a fungicide are necessary for full season control. FEACHES: as an aid in the control of Brown Rot Blossom Blight and to help prevent Scab; make an application at petal fall stage. Do not use on Apricots, Currants, or Gooseberries. For control of Powdery Mildow; apply just before and after blooming. Additional application of a fungicide may be necessary for full season control.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS - DANGER

Fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. This product is corrosive to flesh because of its caustic alkaline nature and it causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Do not breathe dust, vapor or spray mist or get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, chemical resistant footwear and waterproof gloves. Use a respirator with MSHA/NIOSH approval prefix #: TC-21C for dust/mist filtering and use protective eye wear such as goggles or face shield. Wear chemical resistant headgear to protect from overhead exposure and wear a chemical resistant apron when mixing or loading this pesticide. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking and using tobacco. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If Swallowed: Call a physician or poison control center.

Promptly drink one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with fingers. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person.

If Inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. If not

breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth. Get medical

attention.

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If in Eyes: Flush eyes with a gentle stream of water

for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

If on Skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Get medical attention.

Note to Physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate gastric lavage."

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ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flames.

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store product in a secure locked place, inaccessible to children, pets and livestock.

Disposal: Do not reuse empty container. Wrap container and put in trash collection.