

IMPORTANT

For the *in situ* simulated amount of 2.0 D, a 100% conversion of the reactions on the inner of the catalyst Me₂ thiophene is enough to convert all the *in situ* 2.0 D. Low temperature and low mixing ratio of the reactions of water and 2.0 D. High volume of the catalysts (up to 100 g) and low water to 2.0 D ratio.

GENERAL INFORMATION

best results are most successful when much of the spring and summer time as weather should be warm and clear for at least a few hours after application. Best results are obtained when weeds are young and tender and vigorously growing. Control may be less effective during hot dry weather when deep soil moisture is deficient.

The lower dosages will usually be satisfactory only for young, succulent growth of sensitive species such as willow (*Salix*). For less sensitive species and older, established, where the kind is difficult, use the higher dosages. Apply at low pressure during warm weather when weeds are young and growing actively).

CAUTION

May cause skin irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Harmful if swallowed.

Do Not Store Near Seeds, Fertilizers, Insecticides, or Fungicides.

Do not use in or allow spray or vapor to drift into orchards, cotton, beans, peas, vineyards, truck crops or valuable ornamentals. Do not use where vapor drift onto valuable plants will cause injury. House sprays are less likely to drift.

keep container tightly closed when not in use

A trace of 2,4-D left in the spray tank may cause injury to other plants or trees if sprayer is used for some other purpose. Thoroughly clean spray equipment with a suitable chemical cleaner before using for other purposes or, better still, do not use same spray equipment when applying other materials to plants.

Do not contaminate irrigation ditches or water used for domestic purposes.

This product will kill fish, keep out of any body of water. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

Local control of n is affected the use of herbicide

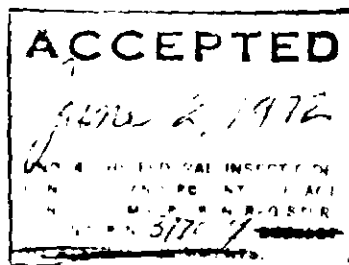
Agouti and extra milk stations or extension service weed sprayer in many states upon recommendations to fit local conditions.

NOTICE: Seller's guarantee shall be limited to the terms on the label and subject thereto the buyer assumes all risk to persons or property arising out of use or handling and accept the product on these conditions

EPA Reg. No. 800-424-9300 or EPA MRF PCO.

2,4-D 4 LB. ACID RIDZ - WEED

An Agricultural Weed Killer Containing 2,4-D



ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Butyl ester of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid*

56.44%

INERT INGREDIENTS:

Total

43.56%

100.00%

*Equivalent 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid 45.0%

EQUIVALENT TO 4 LBS. OF 2,4-DICHLOROPHENOXYACETIC ACID PER GALLON

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

See Side Panel for Other Cautions

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME

DO NOT USE EMPTY CONTAINER — PERFORATE, CRUSH, BURY

DO NOT BURN

NET CONTENTS ----- GALLON(S)

Manufactured by

ECONOMY PRODUCTS CO., INC.
SHENANDOAH, IOWA 51601

A BUTYL ESTER Formulation

2,4-D 4 LB. ACID RIDZ - WEED

REPTED

2, 1972

REPTED
5/7/72

An Agricultural Weed Killer
Containing 2,4-D

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Butyl ester of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid* 56.44%

INERT INGREDIENTS:

Total 43.56%

100.00%

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

FENCE ROWS, ROADSIDES, DRAINAGE DITCHES, BARRS:

Apply 1 to 2 pints of 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre on susceptible weeds as well as on brush, vines, and other woody plants. Stinging nettle, apple, and other plants.

Do not apply to any of the woody plants which are poisonous to livestock, such as poison oak, poison ivy, sumac, or others, which are present. Deep-rooted perennial weeds such as bindweed, Canada thistle and poison ivy are difficult to destroy and may require repeated applications as new growth appears. Do not dispose of poison ivy by burning since smoke from the burning vine is poisonous regardless of how killed. Avoid contamination of water used for irrigation purposes. For application to smaller areas, use with knapsack sprayers. Use 1 fluid ounce per gallon of water and apply at the rate of 1 gallon per square rod (0.252 sq. ft.). Retreatment may be necessary to secure adequate control of certain weeds or brush.

LAWNS AND GOLF FAIRWAYS:

Apply 1 to 2 pints of 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre in sufficient water to thoroughly cover. Apply to actively growing broadleaved weeds such as dock, plantain, dandelion. Avoid use on creeping grasses such as bent or St. Augustine, nor on freshly seeded lawns until grass is well started. After 2 or 3 cuttings. This product may cause possible injury to rhizomatous. Most legumes are usually damaged or killed with 2,4-D applications. For small areas, mix 1 tablespoon of this product in 1 gallon of water and wet weeds to point of run off.

SMALL GRAIN CROPS (Oats, Barley, Wheat, Rye):

Apply 1/2 pint of 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre on susceptible weeds as well as on brush, vines, and other woody plants. Apply 1/2 to 1 pint of 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre on perennials such as bindweed. Make application any time after grain plants are 6 to 8" tall after plants are fully tilled but before heads appear. Do not apply before grain is 4 to 6" tall. Do not apply from boot to dough stage. NOTE: Do not graze or use treated grain fields within 2 weeks after treatment with 2,4-D. Do not feed treated grain to livestock.

CORN: Pre-emergence

Use 1 to 2 quarts of 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre. Use after planting but before corn emergence. Do not use on alfalfa and soybeans.

Post-emergence

For annual weeds use 1 to 2 pints of 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre in sufficient water to thoroughly cover. Perennial weeds will require 1 to 2 pints of 2,4-D acid equivalent per acre. Apply when weeds are small and corn is 6 to 8" high. When corn is more than 8" high use nozzles to avoid application of spray directly on growing tip of corn. Do not apply from tasseling to dough stage. Do not use 2,4-D in corn grown to the production of hybrid seed. Avoid cultivating soon after treatment when corn is brittle.