OXFORD 1923 DISINFECTANT - DETERGENT

Staphylocidal - Fungicidal - Tuberculocidal - Pseudomonacidal - Salmonellacidal

1926 is recommended for use in hospitals, nursing Active Ingredients: homes, food processing plants, animal and poultry Isopropanol, 10.97%, Sodium 2,4,5-Trichlorophehouses, hatcheries, and veterinary animal hospitals. nate, 4.22%; Tetrasodium ethylenediamine tetraacetic At 1 oz per gallon of water, 1926 can be used to disinfect equipment, walls, floors and similar hard 3.22%; Sodium 4-Chloro-2-Cyclopentylphenate, inanimate surfaces not harmed by water.

1926 killed the following organisms when tested by AOAC Methods, 11th Edition: Staphylococcus aureus, Salmonella pullorum, Proteus vulgaris, Salmonella choleraesuis, Salmonella typhimurium, Streptococcus mitis, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Salmonella typhosa, Escherichia coli (AOAC Üse Dilution Test); Corrosive: Causes eye damage and skin irritation. Do Trichophyton interdigitale (AOAC Fungicidal Test), Mycobacterium tuberculosis (AOAC Tuberculocidal Test).

DIRECTIONS

For disinfecting, cleaning, and deodorizing in hospitals and food processing plants, and equipment, first remove any filth and heavy soil deposits prior to application of recommened solution. Use a solution of 1 oz. per gallon (1:128). Mop, wipe, or swab this solution on surfaces. Leave in contact 10 minutes. All surfaces coming in contact with food must be thoroughly scrubbed with detergent and rinsed with potable water before reuse.

Gallons Net Contents. F75

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acid, 4.00%; Sodium o-benzyl-p-chlorophenate, 3.20%; Sodium xylene sulfonate, 3.20%.

DANGER

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Avoid contamination of food. Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or open flame. FIRST AID: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. For eyes, call a physician. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If swallowed, drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution or if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. Call a physician immediately. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression and convulsion may be needed. Rinse empty container thoroughly with water. Return to drum reconditioner or destroy by perforating or crushing and burying in a safe place.

- 2. For disinfecting and cleaning garbage and trash receptacles, sick room equipment, floors, walls, patient rooms, first remove any filth and heavy soil deposits prior to application of recommended solution. Use 1 oz. to 1 gallon of water (1:128) dilution. For porous surfaces, increase concentration to 2 oz. per gallon of water.
- 3. For disinfection in animal and poultry houses, hatcheries, stockyards, zoos, veterinary animal hospitals: Do not use in milking stalls, milk parlors or milk houses. Remove all poultry, animals and feed from the premises. Remove all litter and manure from floors and other surfaces; empty all water troughs and feed racks. Saturate all surfaces with a solution of 1 oz. Oxford 1926 per gallon of water (1:128). Ventilate buildings and other closed spaces. Do not house poultry, livestock or use equipment until treatment has been absorbed or dried. All treated feeders, fountains and waterers must be thoroughly scrubbed with detergent and rinsed with potable water prior to reuse.
- 4. Oxford 1926 kills athlete's foot fungi on environmental surfaces. Prepare a solution of 1 oz. per gallon of water (1:128) mop or swab this solution onto floors and other surfaces normally contacted by the feet in locker rooms, shower stalls, bathrooms and around swimming pools.

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