

d-CON₂ LIM-N8TM
FRONT PANEL
Place Packet

d-CON_R
LIM-N8TM
RAT KILLER

IN READY-TO-USE BAIT PACKS
(Pellets)

ACCEPTED
23 FEB 1988
Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under
EPA Reg. No. 3282-74

Kills Rats and Mice. Improved Anticoagulant Formula.
Can kill in one feeding with first dead rodents appearing
four or five days after treatment begins.

CAUTION: KEEP OUT OF REACH
OF CHILDREN. May be harmful or
fatal if swallowed. Read addi-
tional precautionary statements
on side panel.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Brodifacoum 3-[3-(4'-bromo[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-Naphthalenyl]-4-hydroxy-2H-benzopyran-2-one	0.005%
INERT INGREDIENTS	99.995%
TOTAL	100.000%

This product contains the toxic inert ingredient Rhodamine B.

THE d-CON COMPANY, INC.
Subsidiary of Sterling Drug, Inc.
225 SUMMIT AVENUE, MONTVALE, NJ 07645

EPA Registration No. 3282-74
EPA Establishment No. 2393-WI-1
3282-OH-1
See Packet Date Code

NET CONTENTS: 43 gm. (1.5 OZ.) BAIT PACK

OCT 20 1987

d-CON, LIM-N8TM
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DIRECTIONS FOR USE: It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Use Restrictions: For control of Norway Rats, Roof Rats and House Mice in and around homes, industrial, commercial, agricultural and public buildings. LIM-N8 may also be used in and around transport vehicles (ships, trains, aircraft) and related port or terminal buildings. Do not use in sewers. This product must be placed in tamper proof bait boxes or in locations not accessible to children, pets, domestic animals or wildlife. Do not place bait in areas where there is a possibility of contaminating food or surfaces that come in direct contact with food. Selection of Treatment Areas: Determine areas where rats and/or mice will most likely find and consume the bait. Generally, these areas are along walls, by gnawed openings, in or beside burrows, in corners and concealed places, between floors and walls or in locations where rodents or their signs have been observed.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS: Norway and Roof Rats: Apply 2 to 8 bait packs (usually at intervals of 15 to 30 feet) per placement. Maintain an uninterrupted supply of fresh bait for 10 days or until signs of rat activity cease. House Mice: Apply 1 bait pack at intervals of 8 to 12 feet per placement. Maintain an uninterrupted supply of fresh bait for 15 days or until signs of mouse activity cease. Rats and Mice: Replace contaminated or spoiled bait immediately. Collect and dispose of all dead animals and unconsumed bait according to "Disposal" paragraph. To prevent reinfestation, eliminate food, water, and harborage as much as possible. If reinfestation does occur, repeat treatment. Where a continuous source of infestation is present, establish permanent bait stations and replenish bait as needed.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL: Store in original container in areas inaccessible to small children and pets. Bait that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to applicable federal, state, or local procedures.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS: HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS -
CAUTION: May be harmful or fatal if swallowed. Keep away from humans, domestic animals, and pets. Wash hands after handling bait. IF BAIT IS EATEN BY HUMANS, CALL A PHYSICIAN AT ONCE. For 24 hour emergency assistance, call your local Poison Control Center. IF BAIT IS EATEN BY ANIMALS OR PETS: Call your local Veterinarian. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN AND VETERINARIAN: This product may reduce the clotting ability of the blood and cause hemorrhaging. The anticoagulant action of this product may produce prolonged prothrombin times for 20 to 30 days after exposure. If poisoning occurs, intramuscular and oral administration of Vitamin K₁ are indicated, as in poisoning from overdose of dicumarol (bishydroxy coumarin). FOR HUMAN CASES: Vitamin K₁ is antidotal at doses of 10 to 20 mg (not mg/kg). Repeated treatments may need to be given for up to 30 days (based on monitoring of prothrombin times). In severe cases, blood transfusions may be necessary. FOR ANIMAL CASES: Vitamin K₁ is antidotal at 5 mg/kg intramuscularly. Oral Vitamin K₁ should be given for up to 30 days at 5 mg/kg (based on monitoring of prothrombin times). In severe cases, blood transfusions may be necessary.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is toxic to fish, birds and wildlife. This product can pose a secondary hazard to birds of prey and mammals. Keep out of any body of water.

NOTE: Underlines denote bold face type on package