

RESTRICTED PESTICIDE

FOR USE ONLY BY APPLICATOR LICENSED UNDER APPLICABLE STATE LAW
Standard Brand Toxaphene-Methyl Parathion 6-1½ EC is a water emulsifiable insecticidal concentrate for application in water base sprays against certain insects as directed below. Use contrary to these directions may cause serious plant, crop or personal injury.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

For best results premix with a small amount of water and thoroughly agitate before adding to spray tank. Rinse empty container with water and drain into spray tank. Repeat twice more.

USE IN POWER-OPERATED GROUND SPRAYERS—Use specified dosage of the spray concentrate in 5-10 gallons of water (low volume) to 50-100 gallons (high volume) per acre.

USE IN AERIAL APPLICATION—Use specified dosage of the spray concentrate in 3-10 gallons of water per acre.

RECOMMENDATIONS

COTTON: Early Season Program: Lygus bugs and other mirids, fleahoppers— 1½ to 2 pints per acre. Make two or three applications at 7-day intervals, starting at the two-leaf stage. Thrips control only—use 1 to 1½ pints per acre; against cutworms, use 5 pints per acre.

Midseason Program: Overwintering boll weevils—use 3½ pints per acre. Lygus bugs and other mirids, cotton aphids, garden webworms and cotton leafworms—use 3 pints per acre. Make repeat treatments at 7 day intervals as insect counts indicate they are necessary.

Late Season Control: Use 5½ pints per acre to control boll weevils, bollworms, garden webworms and cotton aphids. Repeat applications at 5-7 day intervals as insect counts indicate they are necessary.

CAUTION: Do not apply within 7 days of handpicking or harvest. (Workers entering fields within 24 hours after application should wear protective clothing.) Do not graze dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter in treated fields.

SOYBEANS: Against aphids, armyworms, bean leaf beetles, corn earworms, grasshoppers, green cloverworms, stink bugs and velvetbean caterpillars, use 3 pints per acre. Apply suitably diluted with water. Do not apply more than twice during the growing season.

CAUTION: Avoid spray drift. Do not apply less than 21 days before harvest. Do not feed treated plants or ensilage made from treated plants to poultry, dairy animals, or animals being finished for slaughter. Do not feed soybean mill trash to livestock or poultry.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL — DO NOT RE-USE

1. Rinse empty container with water and drain into spray tank. Repeat twice more.
2. Decontamination: Pour the following mixture into empty container:
5 gallon drums: 2 quarts water, ½ cup caustic soda (household lye), 2 tbsps. detergent
30 gallon drums: 3 gallons water, 1 lb. caustic soda (household lye), ½ cup detergent
55 gallon drums: 5 gallons water, 2 lb. caustic soda (household lye), 1 cup detergent
Agitate container carefully until all inner surfaces are thoroughly wet. Bury wash solution at least 150 feet in an isolated location away from water supplies. **CAUTION:** Handle caustic soda with extreme care. Do not get on skin, eyes, or on clothing. Read all directions on the label carefully.
3. Crush container. Fill in top and bottom of container, crush container and bury in isolated area away from water supplies.

NOTICE: Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reliable for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions. Seller makes no warranty, nor any other warranty of merchantability, or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use, storage, handling, or disposal of the product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any damage. The seller's liability is limited to damage to plants, crops and animals to which the product is applied, failure to control pests, damage caused by drift to other plants, crops and animals, and personal injury.

EPA Reg. No. 3238-72



DANGER-- POISON--PRECAUTIONS 

CAN KILL YOU IF SWALLOWED

This product can kill you if swallowed even in small amounts. spray mist or dust may be fatal if swallowed.

CAN KILL YOU BY SKIN CONTACT

This product can kill you if touched by hands or spilled or splashed on skin, in eyes or on clothing (liquid goes through clothes).

CAN KILL YOU IF BREATHED

This product can kill you if vapors, spray mist or dust are breathed.

POISONOUS TO FISH AND WILDLIFE

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply when runoff is likely to occur.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL or STORE NEAR HEAT or OPEN FLAME

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH CAUTIONS, WARNINGS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. TIMING AND DOSAGE MAY VARY AS A CONSEQUENCE OF LOCAL WEATHER OR CONDITIONS. WE RECOMMEND REFERENCE TO AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATIONS ON SPECIFIC USAGE.

POST TREATED AREA

Consult your State Agricultural Extension Service Experiment Station regard ing posting treated areas.

POISON

See side panels
for antidote
and precautions

TOXAPHE 6-1

(Contains 6 lbs. Tox)

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

*Toxaphene

**O, O-Dimethyl O-p-Aromatic Petroleum
INERT INGREDIENTS

*Technical Chlorinat

**Methyl Parathion



Lakeland, F

STOP! READ THE LABEL

POISON

See side panels for antidote and precautions



CAN KILL YOU

DANGER

Keep out of reach of children



USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING

- (1) Wear water proof pants, coat, hat, rubber boots or rubber overshoes
- (2) Wear safety goggles
- (3) Wear mask or respirator approved by the U.S. Bureau of Mines for parathion protection
- (4) Wear heavy duty, natural rubber gloves.

WORK SAFETY RULES

Keep all unprotected persons and children away from treated area or where there is danger of drift

Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away. Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is given (see First Aid Treatment Section) and if a doctor cannot come take victim to clinic or hospital.

IMPORTANT! Before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Always wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating or drinking.

AFTER WORK take off all work clothes and shoes. Shower, using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. Respirator should be cleaned and filter replaced according to instructions included with respirator.

FIRST AID TREATMENT

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition.

If breathing has stopped, start artificial respiration immediately and maintain until doctor sees victim.

If swallowed and victim is awake (conscious) make him vomit quickly. Induce vomiting by sticking finger down throat or by giving soapy or strong salty water to drink. Repeat until vomit is clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Have victim lie down and keep quiet. See doctor immediately.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. See doctor immediately.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Antidote: administer atropine sulfate in large doses, TWO to FOUR mg intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 20 minutes intervals until signs of atropinization appear. 2-PAM chloride is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. **DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANQUILIZERS.** Parathion is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been reported after initial improvement. **VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.**

STANDARD BRAND

TOXAPHENE-METHYL PARATHION 6-1½ EC INSECTICIDE

(Contains 6 lbs. Toxaphene and 1½ lbs. Methyl Parathion per Gallon)

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	By Weight
*Toxaphene	55.3%
**O, O-Dimethyl O-p-Nitrophenyl Phosphorothioate	13.8%
Aromatic Petroleum Derivative Solvents	24.3%
INERT INGREDIENTS	6.6%
TOTAL 100.0%	

- *Technical Chlorinated Camphene (67-69% Chlorine)
- **Methyl Parathion

NET CONTENTS _____ GALLONS

NOT FOR HOME USE

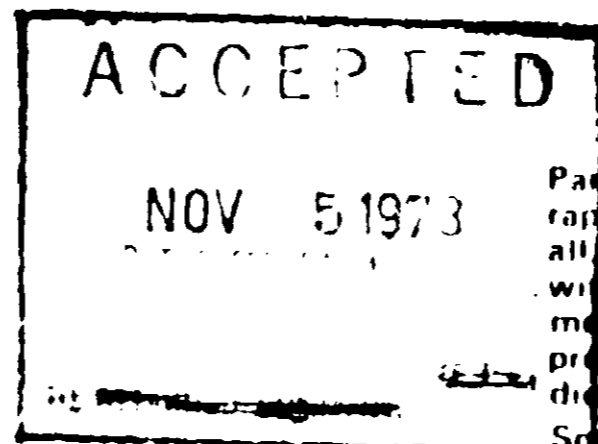
Manufactured By



STANDARD SPRAY
and chemical company

Lakeland, Florida

Columbia, Alabama



POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly enters the body on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with this material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment or they may die.

Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: Headache, nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pinpoint pupils, tightness in chest, labored breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, drooling or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spasms and coma.

Toxaphene produces central nervous system excitation which ordinarily responds to the barbituric acid derivatives, but this drug should be given only if complete atropinization fails to relieve symptoms.