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402-8762.YLD

U.S. LABEL

Base Pre-Reg (8762)

Reason to Issue: To revise claims for use on tomatoes. 08/17/94 Draft: Revise in line with internal comments. 03/26/96 Draft: To add remark in Preplant Incorporated Transplant Section about preventing injury to transplants.

Date of Draft: 03/26/96 (Pre-Reg) (D)
Supersedes Pre-Reg Drafts Dated:
08/17/94 and 05/26/94

Sencor® Solupak

75% Dry Flowable Herbicide

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: 4-Amino-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-3-(methylthio)-1,2,4-triazin-5(4 H)-one		
INERT INGREDIENTS:		25%
		100%
EPA Reg. No. 3125-402	٠d	m
AMENDMENT To Previously Registered Labeling	0,	6
REVISE TO READ AS FOLLOWS:	2	EPA/01
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TOMATOEO	27	\geq
TOMATOES	~~	õ

Apply SENCOR herbicide with ground equipment to seeded and transplanted tomatoes as specified below under "Recommended Applications".

For effective control of grasses and broadleaf weeds with postemergence applications, apply SENCOR SOLUPAK before weeds are 1-inch tall. Thorough spray coverage on weed foliage is essential for adequate control with postemergence applications.

Do not use air blast or other high-pressure stray equipment to make postemergence applications of SENCOR SOLUPAK. Refer to the appropriate section of this label for additional information regarding spray equipment, dilution rates, mixing, sprayer cleanup, restrictions, container disposal and cautions.

For specific application information see the "General Information" section in the front of this label.

ostemergence applications.	label.	
	WEEDS CONTROLLED	
	ATED APPLICATIONS — TRANSPLANT TOM. Sprays - 1/3 to 2/3 Lb SENCOR SOLUPAK/Acre	
Broadleaves Galinsoga (<i>Galinsoga</i> spp.) Lambsquarters (<i>Chenopodium album</i>)	*Pigweed, Redroot (<i>Amaranthus retrofiexus</i>) *Purslane, Common (<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>)	Grasses *Goosegrass (Eleusine indica)
	ied as directed will suppress foxtails, panicums and mix combination applied preplant incorporated se weeds listed on the trifluralin label.	
	ICE APPLICATIONS — ESTABLISHED TOMA mergence applications, apply SENCOR SOLUP	
Broadcast Sprays - 1/3 to	2/3 Lb SENCOR SOLUPAK/Acre	Directed Sprays 2/3 to 1-1/3 Lb SENCOR SOLUPAK/Acre
Broadleaves		Grasses

Broadleaves <u>Grasses</u> Carpetweed (Mollugo verticillata) *Foxtail, Yellow Pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.) Fumitory (Fumaria officinalis) Purslane (Portulaca oleracea) (Setaria glauca) Galinsoga (Galinsoga spp) *Ragweed, Common (Ambrosia artemislifolia) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica) *Smartweed, Pennsylvania *Jimsonweed (Datura stramonium) *Ladysthumb (Polygonum persicaria) (Polygonum pensylvanicum) Plus Weeds Listed Lambsquarters (Chenopodium album) Toadilax (Linaria spp.) **Under Broadcast** Mustard, Wild (Brassica kaber) *Velvetleaf (Abutilon theophrasti) Sprays

* For optimum control of these weeds, use the highest rate recommended on the label for the type of application to be made. Repeat postemergence applications may be needed for best control.

Postemergence applications as directed on this label will suppress barnyardgrass and crabgrass when these weeds are less than 1-inch tall.

CROP SENCOR SOLUPAK *Ib/Acre PREPLANT INCORPORATED — TRANSPLANT TOMATOES ONLY: Apply s more gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray to the soil surface immediat lincorporate to a depth of 2 to 4 inches with equipment capable of uniformly mix soil. This application may be made alone or in a tank mix combination with triflura tomatoes/place_the root system of the plants below the heroicide_incorporation/2 Refer to the trifluralin label for specific rate of application and for additional pre for tomatoes. 1/3 to 2/3 POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST SPRAY — ESTABLISHED TOMATOES: A 20 or more gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray, or apply in 1/4 to 3/4 1/2 inch of water on sandy soils) per acre as a continuous injection in cente	ately before transplanting, xing the chemical into the ralin. When transplanting zone or injury may occur
more gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray to the soll surface immediat Incorporate to a depth of 2 to 4 inches with equipment capable of uniformly mixt soil. This application may be made alone or in a tank mix combination with triflurational complete the root system of the plants below the herbicide incorporation. Refer to the trifluralin label for specific rate of application and for additional prefor tomatoes. 1/3 to 2/3 POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST SPRAY — ESTABLISHED TOMATOES: A 20 or more gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray, or apply in 1/4 to 3/4	ately before transplanting, xing the chemical into the ralin. When transplanting zone or injury may occur
20 or more gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray, or apply in 1/4 to 3/4	
systems or apply in the last 15 to 30 minutes of set in permanent solid set sprinkle applications may be applied per use season. Allow at least 14 days between ap injury may occur. For transplanted tomatoes, do not apply until transplants have a shock and new growth is evident. Do not apply to tomatoes within 24 hour pesticides. Do not tank mix with other pesticides. (See "Special Precautions" I	4 inch of water (use 1/4 to er pivot and lateral move ler systems. One or more pplications or severe crop recovered from transplant urs of application of other
POSTEMERGENCE DIRECTED SPRAY — ESTABLISHED TOMATOES: App or more gallons of water per acre as a directed spray. One or more applications season. Allow at least 14 days between applications or severe crop injury may tomato foliage with spray. This method of treatment is recommended for use severe weed pressure or in fields infested with hard-to-control weeds. For trans apply until transplants have recovered from transplant shock and new growth is tomatoes within 24 hours of application of other pesticides. (See "Special Prebanding see the appropriate section in the front of this label.	is may be applied per use y occur. Avoid contacting e in fields with a history of splanted tomatoes, do not s evident. Do not apply to

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS (Tomatoes): Do not apply more than a total of 1-1/3 ib SENCOR SOLUPAK per crop season.

Do not apply the total amount of 1-1/3 lb SENCOR SOLUPAK within a time span of less than 35 days, except in the case of directed sprays.

Allow at least 14 days between applications, regardless of dosage or method of application or severe crop injury may occur.

Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

Do not apply within 3 days after periods of cool, wet or cloudy weather, or crop injury will occur.

Do not use hot caps on tomatoes within 7 days before or at any time after application of SENCOR SOLUPAK. Do not treat seeded tomatoes until plants have reached the 5 to 6 leaf stage or severe crop injury may occur.

Crop injury or delayed maturity may result from broadcast or directed spray applications if tomatoes are growing under stress conditions such as periods of drought or cool, wet and cloudy weather preceding application.

For newly introduced tomato varieties with unknown tolerance to SENCOR, treat only a small area to determine if SENCOR SOLUPAK can be used without injury to the crop.

DO NOT USE SENCOR SOLUPAK ON TOMATOES IN KERN COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

ACCEPTED

OCT - 2 1996

Under the Federal Insecticide. Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act. as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 3125-402

Bayer Corporation Crop Protection Products Box 4913 Kansas-City, MO 64120-0013



U. S. LABEL

Base Pre-Reg (8726)

Reason To Issue: To revise claims for use on barley and wheat. 07/10/95 Draft: Revise in accordance with internal comments. 02/21/96 Draft: To make Application Section same as SENCOR DF label and to move prickly lettuce to Weeds Suppressed table.

Date of Draft: 02/21/96(Pre-Reg) (D) Supersedes Pre-Reg Draft Dated: 07/10/95

Sencor® Solupak

OCT -2 1996

AMENDMENT To Currently Registered Labeling

Under the Federal Insecticide. Fungicide. and Redentiside Act. as alliented to be positified regularity under 13/25-40)

REVISE TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

CEREALS

(Spring and Winter Barley and Winter Wheat)

SENCOR SOLUPAK herbicide is recommended for control or suppression of certain grasses and broadleaf weeds when applied postemergence to spring and winter barley or winter wheat. SENCOR SOLUPAK alone and several tank mixture treatments are recommended for use in the following states: AR, GA, ID, IL, IN, KS, KY, LA, MS, MO, MT, NV, OH, OK, OR, TN, TX, UT, WA.

Mixing: See the 'General Information' section of this label for specific mixing procedures. When tank mixing, carefully follow the instructions on this label. Refer to the other product labels registered for use in barley and winter wheat for additional use directions, rates, weeds controlled and restrictions.

Application: SENCOR SOLUPAK may be applied by aerial or ground application equipment. Use a minimum spray volume of 2 gpa by air and 10 gpa by ground. Uniform spray coverage is necessary to obtain optimum weed control and to minimize potential for crop injury. Do not exceed rates specified on this label. Do not apply SENCOR SOLUPAK through any type of irrigation equipment. Apply SENCOR SOLUPAK when the crop is healthy and actively growing. SENCOR SOLUPAK may be applied more than once per crop season. Allow a

minimum of 21 days between applications if wheat is actively growing or allow 45 days between applications if wheat is growing in adverse conditions; has entered dormancy or is stressed due to frost damage, disease, drought or excessive moisture. Do not use on soils containing less than 0.75% organic matter. Do not apply more than a total of 16 fluid 10.66 ounces SENCOR SOLUPAK (8 ounces active ingredient) per acre per year. On irrigated cereals, do not apply more than 0.5 inch of water for the first irrigation, the maximum amount for each additional irrigation should not exceed 1 inch. Allow a minimum of 14 days between the first irrigation and subsequent irrigations.

Performance Factors: Weed control may not be observed for 2 to 4 weeks under normal growth conditions and for 4 to 6 weeks under very dry conditions. Moisture (at least 1/2 inch) is required within 2 to 3 weeks after application to move SENCOR into the weed root zone. Lack of adequate moisture after application may result in poor or erratic weed control. Control or suppression of listed weeds is dependent on weed size at time of application. Control or suppression may be reduced if broadleaf weeds are taller than 1 inch or grasses have more than 2 leaves.

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Tank Mixtures: SENCOR SOLUPAK may be tank mixed with Ally, Amber, Finesse, Glean FC, Harmony Extra, 2,4-D, MCPA, Igran, Banvel/Banvel SGF, Bronate or Buctril herbicides. A nonionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient may be used in SENCOR SOLUPAK tank mixes with sulfonylurea herbicides (Ally, Amber, Finesse, Glean FC and Harmony Extra). Do not use a crop oil concentrate or any adjuvant containing vegetable or petroleum oils with any SENCOR SOLUPAK mix as crop injury may result. Additional pesticides may also be tank mixed with SENCOR SOLUPAK unless specifically prohibited on the mix products' label. In some instances, combinations with organophosphate insecticides may cause temporary leaf yellowing and/or crop injury, especially when widely fluctuating day/night temperatures occur near application. Always refer to the other product labels registered for use on cereals for additional directions, rates and weed species controlled." Observe all precautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in mixtures.

Feeding Restrictions: Do not graze wheat within 14 days of SENCOR SOLUPAK application or harvest grain within 21 days after last application. Do not graze or harvest barley before crop maturity. For tank mix combinations, follow the most restrictive label.

Special Precautions: Cereal Injury - Crop injury may occur if SENCOR SOLUPAK is applied:

- When the crop is under stress such as winter kill, frost damage, disease, drought or excessive moisture, severe grazing, or when these conditions follow the application.
- In combination with fluid fertilizer especially with the addition of surfactant,
- 3. Prior to the growth stage specified on this label.
- To soils high in lime or sodium, a pH greater than 7.7, calcareous, gravelly, thinly covered or exposed subsoil areas
- To fields where cereal seeds have been planted less than 1 inch deep.
- 6. To a non-winter hardy wheat or barley variety.
- 7. To a sensitive wheat or barley variety as listed below.
- 8. To frozen soil or crop still in winter dormancy.

Cereal Rotations Following Potatoes Treated with SENCOR SOLUPAK: If planting a sensitive cereal variety (listed under the wheat and barley variety tolerance portion of this label), following potatoes treated with SENCOR SOLUPAK or metribuzin containing products, refer to the potato section of the SENCOR SOLUPAK label for special cultural practices to follow.

APPLICATION RECOMMENDATIONS

SENCOR SOLUPAK alone or in a tank mix with labeled broadleaf herbicides may be applied by aerial or ground spray equipment as a broadcast postemergence spray.

	RECOMME	NDED POSTEMER	GENCE BROA	DCAST APPLICATIONS OF SENCOR SOLUPAK
CROP GROWTH	SOIL TEXTURE	SENCOR SOLUPAK RATE (oz/A) % ORGANIC MATTER		REMARKS
STAGE	TEXTORE	0.75 TO 2.0	OVER 2.0	
	Coarse	1 to 2	1 to 3	Use these rates on crops with secondary roots smaller than 1 inch.
2 Leaf To 2 Tiller	Medium	1 to 3	2 to 3	For dryland winter wheat (nonirrigated), apply the highest recommended rate to achieve maximum weed suppression/control.
	Fine	2 to 3	2 to 4	
3 Tiller	Coarse	3 to 4	4 to 5	Do not apply within 2 weeks after grazing or breaking of winter domancy. Apply after the crop is at or beyond the 3 tiller growth stage
To 4 Tiller	Medium	4 to 5	5 to 6	but before jointing. Secondary roots should be developed and larger than 1 inch long. Do not apply before 75 days after planting.
ĬĮ.	Fine	5 to 6	5 to 6	
	Coarse	4 to 6	5 to 8	For dryland winter wheat (nonirrigated), apply the highest recommended rate to achieve maximum weed suppression/control.
Over 4 Tillers	Medium	4 to 8	5 to 8	GEORGIA ONLY: Wheat must be planted before November 15 in the Piedmont area and Northern part of the state, and before December 1
	Fine	5 to 8	8 to 10-2/3	in the Coastal Plain area.

WHEAT AND BARLEY VARIETAL TOLERANCE*

Wheat and barley varieties vary in their tolerance to SENCOR SOLUPAK. Varieties below are tolerant to and are

recommended for use with SENCOR SOLUPAK:

Cherokee, Cheyenne, Clark, Coker 747, Coker 762, Coker 797, Coker 68-15, Coker 9134, Coker 9543, Coker 9904, Coker 9907, Daws, DB 533W, DB 562W, DB 580W, Doublecrop, Dusty, Dyna-gro 426, Dynasty, Excel, Faro, FFR 525W, Florida 302, FS 432, FS 433, FS 435, Gains, Garst 64, Georgia 100, Genie V, Hatton, Hawk, Hill 81, Howell, Hunter, Hyak, Hyslop, Katie VI, KY 16-2, Larned, Lewis 833, Lewjain, Lisa, Longhorn, Luke, Madsen, Magnum, Malcom, McDermid, McNair 1003, McNair 1813, Molly, Moro, Neely, Nelson, Newton, Norstar, Norwin, Nugaines, Oasis, Omega 78, Paha, Peck, Pike, Pl 2157, Pl 2180, Pl 2510, Pl 2545, Pl 2548, Pl 2550, Pl 2552, Pl 2555, Pl 2566, Pl 2571, Pl 2580, PI 2684, Quantum 577, Redwin, Rocky, Saluda, Sawyer, SC 104, Siouxland, Sprague, Southern Belle, Stacy, Stallion, Stephens, TAM W101, TAM 105, TE 877, TE 2548, TE SR204, Tiber, Tomahawk, Traveler, Tres, Tyee, Tyler, Verne, Victory, Wakefield, Wanser, Weston, Winalta, Wrangler.

Barley: Advance, Boyer, Clark, Compana, Hannchen, Hector, Hesk, Hudson, Lud, Luther, Kamiak, Klages, Olympic, Piroline, Steptoe and Triumph.

The following cereal varieties are <u>sensitive</u> to SENCOR SOLUPAK and are <u>not recommended</u> for use:

Winter Wheat: AT 90W, AT 91W, Arapaho, Baker Seed 33,

Century, Cimarron, Coker 833, Coker 916, Coker 983, Coker 9024, Coker 9105, Coker 9323, Coker 9474, Coker 9835, Coker 9766, Coker 9877, FFR 555, Florida 304, Freedom, FS 417, FS 423, FS 425, FS 430, Gore, Hickory, Julie III, KY-49-25, Linden, Mesa, Mustang, Pacer, PI XW 522, PI 2551, PI 2163, Princeton 733, PSR W71, PSR 226, PSR 278, Rosen, Savannah, Sierra, TAM 107, TR 101, TR 1011, TR 8822, Triumph 64, Vona, Wings, Winridge, Yamhill.

Spring/Durum Wheat: Avoid use on Spring wheat and Durum wheat varieties.

Barley: Glenn, Morex, Moravian 3, Larker, Summit, Bracken, Anheuser Busch B2601 and varieties with Morex parentage.

Varieties Not Listed: To avoid possible crop injury on any variety not mentioned in this label, contact a Bayer representative or herbicide expert for a variety recommendation prior to treatment or treat a small strip of the unlisted variety with the recommended SENCOR SOLUPAK rate to ascertain crop tolerance before treating an entire field.

* Abbreviated names of vendors: AS (Agseco), AT (Agratech), DB (Diener Bros.), FS (Growmark FS), PI (Pioneer), PSR (Hybritech), SC (J.M. Schultz), TE (Terra), and TR (Terral).

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Used at recommended rates, SENCOR SOLUPAK will control many annual broadleaf weeds. Control is best when applied to young, actively growing weeds. Weeds controlled by SENCOR SOLUPAK include:

Bittercress Catchfly, Conical (Sand) Catchweed (Madwort) Chickweed, Common Chickweed, Mousear Comcockle

Dogfennel (Mayweed)

Evening Primrose, Cutleaf Falseflax, Smallseed Fiddleneck, Tarweed Filaree, Redstem Geranium, Carolina Gromwell, spp. Henbit Knotweed, Prostrate Lambsquarter, Common Lettuce, Miners Mustard, Blue

Mustard, Blue
Mustard, Wild
Pennycress, Field
Pepperweed, Virginia

Pigweed, spp. Pineappieweed

Polemonium, Annual (Jacob's Ladder)

Radish, Wild Shepardspurse Speedwell, lvyleaf Turnip, Wild

WEEDS SUPPRESSED

SENCOR SOLUPAK control of the following weeds varies from poor to excellent depending on time of application, stage of growth at application, temperatures and soil moisture conditions following treatment. For maximum effect on these weeds, apply the highest recommended rate at the earliest growth stage timing for each particular soil type and organic matter. Suppression is a reduction in weed size and growth as compared to a non-treated area in the same field.

8R	OADLEAVES	GRASSES					
Buckwheat, Wild* Buttercup, spp. Cowcockle Kochia* Lettuce, Prickly	Mustard, Tumble (Jim Hill)* Tanysmustard Thistle, Russian Vetch, Winter	Barley, Hare (Wild) Barley, Little Blackgrass Bluegrass, Annual	Bluegrass, Bulbous Brome, Downy* Brome, Japanese* Brome, Ripgut*	Cheat* Foxtail, spp* Oat, Wild* Rescuegrass*	Whitlowgrass, Spring (Vernal) Windgrass		

Bayer Corporation Crop Protection Products Box 4913 Kansas City, MO 64120-0013



Reason To Issue: To add additional tank mix partners to the post emergence corn section.

Date of Draft: 03/08/96 (Pre-Reg) (D) Supersedes Draft Dated: 07/21/94

Sencor® Solupak

75% Dry Flowable Herbicide

FIELD CORN

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

registered under und Reg. No. 3

SENCOR SOLUPAK is recommended for control of selected broadleaf weeds when applied as a tank mix combination with certain broadleaf herbicides presently registered and recommended for postemergence use in field corn. Herbicides which may be tank mixed with SENCOR SOLUPAK include:

2,4-D Clarity
Atrazine Laddok S:12
Banvel Marksman
Basagran Pursuit*
Buctril/Buctril Gel Jough
Buctril + atrazine (Premix)

* Use only on Pursuit resistant/tolerant corn hybrids (IMI-Corn).

APPLICATION: SENCOR SOLUPAK may be applied to field corn after crop emergence until just prior to tasseling. Broadcast applications may be made with ground or aerial equipment. For optimum weed control, apply treatments when weeds are small and actively growing, but before reaching the maximum heights listed in the Weeds Controlled table.

POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST APPLICATION

Ground Application: Adjust nozzle height above crop and weed canopy to ensure uniform spray coverage. Gallonage should be increased with increasing weed size and population density.

For tank mixes of SENCOR SOLUPAK plus atrazine, Basagran, Laddok S. 12, Buctril, Buctril atrazine. Pursuit, Tough, or 2,4-D amine formulations, use flat fan nozzles spaced a maximum of 20 inches apart. Best results are achieved using a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons per acre and spray pressure from 20 to 40 psi.

For SENCOR SOLUPAK tank mixes with Banvel, Clarity, Marksman, or 2,4-D low volatile ester formulations, use drift-reducing nozzles which are specifically designed to produce coarse sprays and reduce the amount of driftable fines. Additional measures which will help avoid potential drift to sensitive crops and plants include using a minimum spray volume of 20 gallons per acre and keeping spray pressures at or below 20 psi unless otherwise specified by the nozzle manufacturer.

Text being added is highlighted by redlining,

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For further precautions and additional instructions and recommendations, consult the tank mix partner's label.

Aerial Application: Apply in a minimum spray volume of 3 gallons per acre. For optimum spray coverage and distribution, use a minimum of 5 gallons per acre and a maximum pressure of 40 psi. Use a boom and nozzle configuration which will provide a uniform deposition pattern and coverage with low drift potential. Avoid overlaps to prevent potential crop injury. Do not apply near sensitive crops or sensitive plants growing near the treated area. Do not apply when wind speed is greater than 10 mph or when winds are moving toward sensitive crops or plants. To avoid drift hazards, applicator must follow the most restrictive labeling of the products used in a tank mix.

POST DIRECTED APPLICATION

SENCOR SOLUPAK in tank mix combinations with Banvel, 2,4-D, or Buctril may be applied post directed to field corn. Use drop nozzles and appropriate spacing to direct spray below the corn whorl and upper leaves. The top of the target weed canopy must be sufficiently below the whorl and upper leaves of the crop to permit this application and provide adequate spray coverage. The height differential required between the crop and weed canopy will depend on the specific equipment used. Apply before tassel emergence. For further precautions and additional recommendations, refer to the appropriate tank mix partner's label.

ADJUVANTS

The adjuvant types listed below may be utilized with certain SENCOR SOLUPAK tank mix combinations. Consult the tank mix recommendations section for the appropriate adjuvant and rate. Use of non-recommended adjuvants or rates may result in severe leaf burn, crop stunting, and/or stand reduction. Use only adjuvants which are exempt from tolerance requirements under 40 CFR 180.1001.

UAN (urea ammonium nitrate) is commonly referred to as 28, 30, or 32% N.

Ammonium sulfate (spray grade) may be used as an alternative to UAN with certain tank mix combinations.

Non-ionic surfactants should contain at least 80% active ingredient.

<u>DO NOT USE</u> crop oil concentrate (COC) or any adjuvant containing vegetable or petroleum oils with any SENCOR SOLUPAK tank mixtures as severe leaf burn, crop stunting, and/or stand reduction may occur.

RAINFASTNESS

SENCOR SOLUPAK will not reduce rainfastness of the recommended tank mix partners. Refer to the individual product labels for rainfastness recommendations.

SPRAYER CLEANUP

Refer to each tank mix partner's label and the Sprayer Cleanup section of the SENCOR SOLUPAK label for specific instructions on cleaning spray equipment. Special attention should be given to the required cleanup procedures for 2,4-D, Banvel, Clarity, and Marksman.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

- Do not use on corn grown for seed, sweet corn, popcorn, or white corn.
- Do not apply more than 0.25 pounds a.i. metribuzin (5-1/3 ounces SENCOR SOLUPAK) per acre per use season.
- 3. Do not apply when field corn is under stress (see Stress statement below).
- 4. Do not use aerial applications if sensitive crops or plants are growing in the vicinity of the area to be treated.
- 5. Do not allow spray drift onto sensitive crops or plants.
- 6. Do not use on sand, loamy sand or sandy loam soils that have less than 0.5% organic matter.
- 7. Do not use on sand or loamy sand soils in Washington, Oregon or Idaho or crop injury may occur.
- 8. Observe all precautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in the tank mixtures.

Stress is any condition or combination of conditions which impairs normal crop growth. Weather, disease, insect damage, fertility or other factors may cause stress. Applications made before or after the corn is under stress from these factors or from periods of prolonged cool, wet and cloudy weather or widely fluctuating day and nighttime temperatures, may result in temporary leaf burn, yellowing and/or stunting of the crop. Recovery from damage is generally rapid with no lasting effects on new growth. Under extreme stress, stand reductions may occur.

Feeding Restrictions: Field com treated with SENCOR SOLUPAK may be grazed or harvested for silage or grain 60 days after treatment. Follow the most restrictive preharvest interval on the labels of the products used in the tank mixtures.

TANK MIX COMBINATIONS

The SENCOR SOLUPAK tank mixtures listed below can be utilized for control of certain annual broadleaf weeds.

	SENCOR SOLU	PAK POSTEMERGENCE BROADCAST RECOMMENDATIONS
PRODUCT	RATE	DIRECTIONS AND REMARKS*
SENCOR SOLUPAK + 2,4-D Amine or 2,4-D LVE	2 oz/A + 1/2 to 1 pt/A ¹ or 1/3 to 1/2 pt/A ¹	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from com emergence until com is 8 inches tall. Apply only to varieties known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. <u>DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS</u> . 2,4-D may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops. 2,4-D applications may result in brittle com stalks, and winds or cultivation may cause stalk breakage. To reduce damage, delay cultivation 8 to 10 days after application.
SENCOR SOLUPAK + Atrazine	2 oz/A + 1/2 to 1-1/2 lb ai/A	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from corn emergence until corn is 12 inches tall. A non-ionic surfactant (1 qt/100 gal of spray solution) may be added to improve weed control. Atrazine is a restricted use herbicide. Follow all state and federal label recommendations and restrictions pertaining to atrazine applications.
SENCOR SOLUPAK + Banvel or Clarity	2 oz/A + 1/2 to 1 pt/A or 1/2 to 1 pt/A	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from com emergence through the five leaf stage or when com is 8 inches tall, whichever occurs first. For Banvel applications to corn greater than 8 inches in height, consult the Banvel label for use rates and restrictions. If growing conditions are dry and plants are stressed, addition of a non-ionic surfactant (1 qt/100 gal of spray solution) may improve weed control. For corn grown on coarse textured soils, apply Banvel or Clarity at 0.5 pt/A, regardless of application method. Application may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops or plants. Application may result in temporary leaning of corn plants. Delay cultivation until plants return to normal growth patterns to avoid stalk breakage.
SENCOR SOLUPAK + Basagran	2 oz/A + 1 pt/A	Apply as a broadcast spray after com emergence but before com exceeds 30 inches in height and the crop canopy closes the row. Adjuvants such as UAN (0.5 to 1 gal/A), ammonium sulfate (17 lbs/100 gal of spray solution), or non-ionic surfactant (1 qt/100 gal of spray solution) may improve weed control.
SENCOR SOLUPAK + Buctril or Buctril Gel	1.6 to 2 oz/A + 1 pt/A or 1/2 pt/A	Apply as a broadcast spray when corn is in the fourth true leaf stage or later but before the crop canopy closes the row. <u>DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS</u> . Occasional temporary corn leaf burn may occur and is similar to that observed from liquid fertilizers. Recovery is generally rapid with no lasting effect. To reduce potential for crop damage, application should be made to dry corn foliage when weather conditions are not extreme.
SENCOR SOLUPAK # Buctril + atrazine (Premix)	7.6 to 2 oz/A 1-1/2 to 2 pVA	Apply as a broadcast spray during the Interval from com emergence until com is 12 Inches tall DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS. Occasional temporary com leaf burn may occur and is similar to that observed from liquid tertilizers. Recovery is generally rapid with no lasting effect. To reduce potential for crop damage, application should be made to dry com foliage when weather conditions are not extreme:
SENCOR SOLUPAK + Laddok S-12	2 oz/A + 1.33 to 1.66 pt/A	Apply as a broadcast spray after corn emergence until the corn is 12 inches tall. Adjuvants such as UAN (0.5 to 1 gal/A) may increase weed control. Laddok \$\frac{3}{2}12\$ contains atrazine, and is a restricted use product. Follow all state and federal label recommendations and restrictions pertaining to atrazine.
SENCOR SOLUPAK + Marksman	2 oz/A + 1-1/2 to 2 pt/A	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from comemergence through the five-leaf stage or when com is 8 inches tall, whichever occurs first. DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS . Application may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops or plants. Application may result in temporary leaning of complants. Delay cultivation until plants return to normal growth patterns to avoid stalk breakage. Marksman contains atrazine, and is a restricted use product. Follow all state and federal label recommendations and restrictions pertaining to atrazine.
SENCOR SOLUPAK + Pursuit	2 oz/A + 2 to 4 oz/A	Use only on designated IMI-Corn hybrids (hybrids which are resistant/tolerant to Pursuit). Apply the 4.0 ounce rate of Pursuit if grasses are present or broadleaf weeds are near the maximum helghts shown. Apply in combination with a non-ionic surfactant (1 qt/100 gal of spray solution) and UAN (1 to 2 qt/A).
SENCOR SOLUPAK	2.oz/A + 1 to 2 pt/A	Apply as a broadcast spray after comemergence but before com height exceeds 30 inches and the crop canopy closes the row. A non-ionic surfactant (1 qt/100 gal of spray solution) may be added to improve weed control. Use the higher rates of Tough as weeds approach to maximum height listed or are found in high density. Tough may improve control on triazine/ALS resistant weeds:
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Consult the appropriate tank mix partner's label for additional recommendations or restrictions. The most restrictive labeling applies to tank mixes with SENCOR SOLUPAK.
 Application rate is based on, but not restricted to, 4 pounds active ingredient per gallon of 2,4-D.

	SENCOR SOLUPAK POST DIRECTED RECOMMENDATIONS							
PRODUCT	RATE	DIRECTIONS AND REMARKS*						
SENCOR SOLUPAK + 2,4-D Amine or 2,4-D LVE	2 to 3 oz/A + 3/4 to 1-1/2 pt/A ¹ or 1/2 to 3/4 pt/A ¹	For corn greater than 8-inches tall, apply as a directed spray with drop nozzles before tassel emergence. Apply only to varieties known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. <u>DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS</u> . 2,4-D may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops. 2,4-D applications may result in brittle corn stalks, and winds or cultivation may cause stalk breakage. To reduce damage, delay cultivation 8 to 10 days after application.						
SENCOR SOLUPAK + Banvel	2 to 3 oz/A + 1/2 pt/A	For corn 8 to 36 inches tall, apply as a directed spray with drop nozzles. Application may be made up to 15 days prior to com tasseling. If growing conditions are dry and plants are stressed, addition of a non-ionic surfactant (1 qt/100 gal of spray solution) may improve weed control. For corn grown on coarse textured soils, apply Banvel at 0.5 pt/acre, regardless of application method. Application may cause injury to nearby sensitive crops or plants. Application may result in temporary leaning of corn plants. Delay cultivation until plants return to normal growth patterns to avoid stalk breakage.						
SENCOR SOLUPAK + Buctril or Buctril Gel	2 to 3 oz/A + 1 to 1-1/2 pt/A or 1/2 to 3/4 pt/A	Apply as a directed spray with drop nozzles before tassel emergence. <u>DO NOT USE ADJUVANTS</u> . Occasional temporary com leaf burn may occur and is similar to that observed from liquid fertilizers. Recovery is generally rapid with no lasting effect. To reduce potential for crop damage, application should be made to dry corn foliage when weather conditions are not extreme.						

Consult the appropriate tank mix partner's label for additional recommendations or restrictions. The most restrictive labeling applies to tank mixes with SENCOR SOLUPAK.

Application rate is based on, but not restricted to, 4 pounds active ingredient per gallon of 2,4-D.

WEEDS CONTROLLED These tank mixtures with SENCOR SOLUPAK will control the following annual weeds up to the maximum weed heights listed:

	SENCOR SOLUPAK +								
COMMON WEED NAME	Atrazine	Banvel/ Clarity	Basagran	Bucini/ Bucini-Fatrazine	2,4-D	Marksman	Pursuit	Laddok \$12	Jough
	MAXIMUM WEED HEIGHT IN INCHES*								
Amaranth, Palmer	4ª	4	2"	4ª	4	4	8 _p	6	ā
Buckwheat, wild	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	
Buffalobur	4	4		4		4	1		
Burcucumber		4		4	2	4			Z
Carpetweed	2	2	2	2	2	2		2	4
Cocklebur, common	8	8	8	8	8	8	8 ^b	8	<u> </u>
Eclipta	3	3	3	3	3	3		3	ä
Henbit	3	3	2	2	2	4	3	3	4
Horseweed/marestail	3	4	1	1	3	6		2	
Jimsonweed *	5	5	6	5	5	5	5	6	5
Knotweed	6	6	6	4	2	6	4	6	4
Kochia	2*	2	1*	2*	2*	2	2	2"	4
Ladysthumb	6	6	6	6	4	6	4	6	Ĝ
Lambsquarters, common	6ª	6	1	6	6	6	4	5	4
Lettuce, prickly	4	4		3	4	5		3	
Mallow, Venice	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	
Morningglory, entire leaf	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	2	
Morningglory, ivyleaf	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	2	
Momingglory, pitted	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	2	
Morningglory, tall	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	2	
Mustard, tansy	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Mustard, wild	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	Ã
Nightshade, black	6	6		6	1	6	3	1	4
Nightshade, eastern black	6	6		6	1	6	3	1	4
Pigweed, redroot	6ª	6	2*	6*	6	6	_8 ^b	6 °	6
Pigweed, smooth	6ª	6	2*	6*	6	6	8 ^b	6 °	Ĝ
Poorjoe	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Purslane, common	1	3				4	1		3
Pusley, Florida	3	3	3	3	3	3		3	
Ragweed, common	5	5	3	5	5	6	3	4	
Ragweed, giant	4	5	2	4	3	. 6	4	4	
Sicklepod	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
Sida, prickly	1	1	3	1	1	2	1	2	Ĭ
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	6	6	6	6	4	6	4	6	
Sunflower, common	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	6	5
Thistle, Russian	1	3		3	1	3	1	1	3
Velvetleaf	6ª	6	6	6	4	6	5	6	Γ
Waterhemp, spp.	5*	5	2°	5*	5	5	4 ^b	2*	5

When weeds are approaching the maximum height listed or found in high densities, use the higher rate of SENCOR SOLUPAK and the selected tank mix partners.

These treatments will not control triazine resistant biotypes. These treatments will not control ALS resistant biotypes.

PERENNIAL WEED SUPPRESSION

The following SENCOR SOLUPAK tank mixtures will provide top growth burndown and in season suppression of the following perennial weeds; however, regrowth may occur. For the best performance on these weeds, use the maximum

rates of SENCOR SOLUPAK, Banvel, Buctril, <u>Buctril</u> atrazine Clarity, Marksman, 2,4-D LVE or Pursuit recommended for these tank mixtures.

	SENCOR SOLUPAK +							
COMMON WEED NAME	Banvel / Clarity	Buctril/ Bucini + atrazine	2,4-D LVE	Marksman	Pursuit			
Bindweed, field	×		х	х				
Dandelion, common	×		x	х				
Dock, curly	x		х	х				
Smartweed, swamp	х		×	x				
Thistle, Canada	х	x	х	x	×			

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