## APR 1 3 1994

John S. Thornton Miles Inc. P.O. Box 4913 8400 Hawthorn Road Kansas City, MO 64120-0013

Dear Mr. Thornton:

Subject: Revised labeling

Bolstar 6 Emulsifiable Insecticide

EPA Registration No. 3125-321

Amendment application of March 16, 1994

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, is acceptable provided that you:

Submit five (5) copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec 6 (e). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamp copy of the labeling is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely yours,

DHE

Dennis H. Edwards, Jr. Product Manager (19) Insecticide Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (H-7505C)

Enclosure

U. S. LABEL

Reason to Issue: To decrease rate on lygus (nymphs). Date of Draft: 01/10/94(Pre-Reg)(C) Supersedes Pre-Reg Draft Dated: 10/07/93.

### RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to acute and avian toxicity

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified

# **BOLSTAR 6**Emulsifiable Insecticide

#### FOR THE CONTROL OF CERTAIN INSECTS ON COTTON

# AMENDMENT TO PREVIOUSLY REGISTERED LABELING:

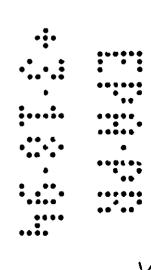
ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated

APR 1 3 1994

Under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide, and Rodenticide Ac as amended, for the posteide registered under EPA Reg. No. 2125-321



Miles Inc. Crop Protection Products Box 4913, Kansas City, MO 64120-0013



BOLSTAR 6

CROP	INSECT	PINTS BOLSTAR 6	REMARKS
Catton	Tobacco budworm Cotton bollworm	1 to 2	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment alone or in sufficient water or refined vegetable oil for complete coverage. For best results during mid-to-late season or under hot dry conditions use 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre by air. When using oil, use at least one (1) quart total volume per acre. Pre-mix material. Oil mixture should be aprayed within 12 hours to avoid compatibility problems. Always run a small jer compatibility test before large scale mixing, as batches of vegetable oil tend to vary in composition.
	Full armyworm Beet armyworm Pink bollworm	1-1/3 to 2	For application by aprinkler irrigation systems: Apply specified dosage per acre. Follow all directions given under the CHEMIGATION section of this label.
			For best control of bollworms, budworms and armyworms, make applications within 3 days of egg hetch and before young larvae migrate to squares, blooms, or bolls.
	Fleshoppers Lygus (Nymphs)	2/3	Cotton bollworm and tobacco budworm: apply on a 5 to 7 day interval as needed, beginning when scouting indicates local egg or larval treatment thresholds have been reached. For light infestations of lervae (1st and 2nd inster) apply 1 pint (3/4 lb active) per acre. For moderate infestations of lervae (1st and 2nd inster) apply 1-1/3 pt (1 lb active) per acre. For heavy infestations of lervae (1st and 2nd inster), make 2 applications of the 2 pt (1-1/2 lb active) rate per acre to bring infestations under control. Then reduce rate to 1-1/3 pt (1 lb active) per acre.
	Suppression of: Lygus (adults) Whiteflies (except sweet	2/3 to 2	In California and Arizona the minimum use rate for control of larvae is 1-1/3 pt (1 lb. active) per acre, regardless of degree of infestation of tobacco budworm or cotton bollworm.
	potato whitefly) Spider mites (Carmine and two-spotted)		NOTE: In areas of frequent rainfall the higher rates and closer spray intervals (6-day minimum interval required) may be needed for adequate control.
	For early to mid-season use in Southern	1/3	For ovicidal effect: apply 1/3 pt (1/4 lb active) per acre. Time applications for the "brown egg" stage just prior to egg hatch. Higher rates of BOLSTAR 6 or a tank mix with another lervicide will be required for control of larvae.
	cotton growing areas  Thrips (Except western flower thrips) Fleshoppers Plant bugs		Armyworms: make 2 applications 5 days apart when larvae first appear. For light infestations of 1st and 2nd instar larvae apply 1-1/3 pt (1 lb active) per acre. For moderate infestations of 1st and 2nd instar larvae apply 1-2/3 pt (1-1/4 lb active) per acre. For heavy infestations of 1st and 2nd instar larvae apply 2 pt (1-1/2 lb active) per acre.
	Ovicidal Effect Cotton bollworm Tobacco budworm	1/3	Early to mid-season thrips, fleshoppers, and plant bugs: apply 1/3 pt (1/4 lb active) per acre during early to mid-season when thrips, fleshoppers, or plant bugs reach economic threshold.
			In any case do not apply more than a total of 8 pt per scre with the last application no closer to harvest than 21 days in California and Arizona, or 14 days in all other states. Allow at least 5 days between applications. Do not graze treated fields.