Date of Draft: 2/17/86 (Pre-Reg) (G)

PM12 3125-321 192

Reason to Issue: To exclude Sweet potato whitefly from insects controlled.

EPA Reg. No. 3125-321

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

®BOLSTAR 6

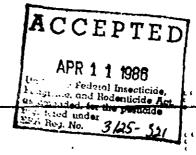
Emulsifiable Insecticide

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: O-Ethyl O-[4-(methylthio)phenyl] S-propyl phosphorodithicate 64% Aromatic Petroleum Distillate 15% INERT INGREDIENTS: 217 100%

AMENDMENT TO

Previously Registered Labeling

Revise as follows:



(CONTINUED)

Page 1 of 2

- RECOMMENDED APPLICATIONS

 -	<u>a la secono de la companya dela companya dela companya de la companya de la companya de la companya dela companya de la compa</u>		MENDED APPLICATIONS
CROP	INSECT	Pints BOLSTAR 6	REMARKS
Cotton	Tobacco budworm Cotton bollworm Lygus (Nymphs)	2/3 to 2	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment alone or in sufficient water or refined vegetable oil for complete coverage. For best results during mid-to-late season or under hot dry conditions use a higher gallonage per acre for better coverage. For example, by air use up to 5 gallons of water per acre. When using oil, one (1) quart of total volume is recommended. Pre-mix material. Oil mixture should be sprayed within 12 hours to avoid compatibility publems. Always run a small jar compatibility test before large scale mixing as each batch of vegetable oil tends to differ greatly in composition. For light infestations apply 2/3 to 1 pint (1/2 to 3/4 lb. active) per acre, or for moderate infestations apply 1 to 1-1/3 pints (3/4 to 1 lb. active) per acre. Apply as needed usually at 3 to 7 day intervals. Heavy infestations, or infestations of large larvae: Apply 1 or 2 applications of the 2 pint (1-1/2 lb. active) rate per acre as needed or until infestations are brought under control, then reduce application rates to 2/3 to 1-1/3 pints per acre and apply as needed usually at 3 to 7 day intervals between applications. In California and Arizona the minimum use rate is 1-1/3 pints (1 lb. active) per acre, regardless of degree of infestation of tobacco budworm or cotton bollworm. NOTE: In areas of frequent rainfall the higher rates and closer spray intervals may be needed for adequate control, however, in any case do not apply more than a total of 20 pints per acre with the last application no closer to harvest than 21 days in California and Arizona, or 14 days in all other states. Do not graze treated fields.
	Fall armyworm Beet armyworm Pink bollworm	1 to 2	
	Fleahoppers	2/3	
	Suppression of: Lygus (adults) Whi! aflies (except Sweet potato whitefly) Spider mites (Carmine and two-spotted)	2/3 to 2	
· · · · · · ·	Thrips Fleahoppers Plant bugs	1/3	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment alone, in water, or in refined vegetable oil as stated above. Apply as needed during early to mid-season when thrips, plant
	(For carly to mid-		bug or fleahoppers reach economic threshold.
	séason use in Southern cotton growing areas)		

16

U.S. LABEL

Reason to Issue: To exclude Sweet potato whitefly from insects controlled.

Date of Draft: 2/17/86 (Pre-Reg) (G)

EPA Reg. No. 3125~321

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

RBOLSTAR 6

Emulsifiable Insecticide

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

O-Ethyl O-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]
S-propyl phosphorodithioate 64Z
Aromatic Petroleum Distillate 15Z

INERT INGREDIENTS: 21Z
100Z

AMENDMENT TO

Previously Registered Labeling

Revise as follows:



(CONTINUED)

Page 1 of 2

RECOMMENDED APPLICATIONS

anas	THORAT	Pints	
CROP	INSECT	BOLSTAR 6	REMARKS
Cotton	Tobacco budworm Cotton bollworm Lygus (Nymphs)	2/3 to 2	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment alone or in sufficient water or refined vegetable oil for complete coverage. For best results during mid-to-late season or under hot dry conditions use a higher gallonage per acre for better coverage. For example, by air use up to 5 gallons of water per acre. When using oil, one (1) quart of total volume is recommended. Pre-mix material. Jil mixture should be sprayed within 12 hours to avoid compatibility problems. Always run a small jar compatibility test before large scale mixing as each batch of vegetable oil tends to differ greatly in composition. For light infestations apply 2/3 to 1 pint (1/2 to 3/4 lb. active) per acre, or for moderate infestations apply 1 to 1-1/3 pints (3/4 to 1 lb. active) per acre. Apply as needed usually at 3 to 7 day intervals. Heavy infestations, or infestations of large larvae: Apply 1 or 2 applications of the 2 pint (1-1/2 lb. active) rate per acre as needed or until infestations are brought under control, then reduce application rates to 2/3 to 1-1/3 pints per acre and apply as needed usually at 3 to 7 day intervals between applications. In California and Arizona the minimum use rate is 1-1/3 pints (1 lb. active) per acre, regardless of degree of infestation of tobacco budworm or cotton bollworm. NOTE: In areas of frequent rainfall the higher rates and closer spray intervals may be needed for adequate control, however, in any case do not apply more than a total of 20 pints per acre with the last application no closer to harvest than 21 days in California and Arizona, or 14 days in all other states. Do not graze treated fields.
	Fall armyworm Beet armyworm Pink bollworm	l to 2	
	Fleahoppers	2/3	
	Suppression of: Lygus (adults) Whiteflies (except Sweet potato whitefly) Spider mites (Carmine and two-spotted)	2/3 to 2	
	Thrips Fleahoppers Plant bugs (For early to mid- season use in Southern cotton growing	1/3	Apply specified dosage per acre by air or ground equipment alone, in water, or in refined vegetable oil as stated above. Apply as needed during early to mid-season when thrips, plant bug or fleahoppers reach economic threshold.