
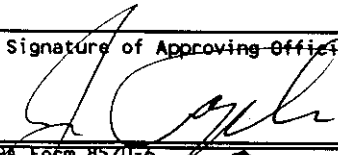


3125 -294

09/25/2000

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	U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505C) 401 "M" St., S.W. Washington, D.C. 20460	EPA Reg. Number: 3125-294	Date of Issuance: 09-25-00
		Term of Issuance: Conditional	
		Name of Pesticide Product: Sencor 70%	
NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: ____ Registration <u> X </u> Reregistration (under FIFRA, as amended)			
Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code): Mr. Brian A. Dehart Bayer Corporation 8400 Hawthorn Road P.O. Box 4913 Kansas City, MO 64120-0013			
Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.			
<p>On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.</p> <p>Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.</p> <p>This product is conditionally reregistered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration of your product under FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of your product under FIFRA.2. Submit one (1) copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. <p>If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.</p> <p>A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.</p>			
Signature of Approving Official: 		Date: 9-25-00	

Sencor[®]

ACCEPTED

SEP 25 2000

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under
EPA Reg. No. 3125-294

2/6

70% Wettable Powder Sugarcane Herbicide

Store in a cool, dry place.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

4-Amino-6-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-3-(methylthio)-
-1,2,4-triazin-5(4H)-one 70%

INERT INGREDIENTS: 30%
100%

EPA Reg. No. 3125-294

EPA Est. 3125-MO-1

Net Weight: ____ Pounds

**STOP - Read the label before use.
Keep out of reach of children.**

CAUTION

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMAN AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin.
Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Keep out of reach
of children.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves
(Category A such as any water-proof material)
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining
PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent
and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other
laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or
aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the
Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides
(40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)), the handler PPE requirements
may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations:

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum,
using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside.
Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.
Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon
as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean
clothing.

Obtain prompt medical aid if poisoning should occur.

Note To Physician: Treat the patient symptomatically.

Symptoms of Poisoning: The compound does not cause
any definite symptoms that would be diagnostic. Poisoning
is accompanied by breathing difficulties and sedation.

FIRST AID

If swallowed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
If in eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Move person to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
If on skin	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
In case of emergency call toll free the Bayer Kansas City Emergency Response Telephone No. 800-414-0244 or contact Chemtrec at 800-424-9300. Have a product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor.	
Note To Physician: Symptoms of Poisoning: The compound does not cause any definite symptoms that would be diagnostic. Poisoning is accompanied by breathing difficulties and sedation.	

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface
water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high
water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning
equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

Ground Water Advisory: Metribuzin is a chemical which
can travel (seep or leach) through soil and can contaminate
ground water which may be used as drinking water.
Metribuzin has been found in ground water as a result of
agricultural use. Users are advised not to apply metribuzin
where the water table (ground water) is close to the surface
and where the soils are very permeable, i.e., well drained
soils such as loamy sands. Your local agricultural agencies
can provide further information on the type of soil in your
area and the location of ground water.

Do not contaminate feed or food. Keep out of reach of
children.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Shoes plus socks

GENERAL INFORMATION

SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder Sugarcane Herbicide, a selective herbicide, is effective as a preemergence and an early postemergence broadcast application for control of certain grass and broadleaf weeds. When applied as a spot treatment, it also provides excellent control of perennial grasses and broadleaves.

It is essential that the sprayer be accurately calibrated before applying SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder. Avoid overlaps that will increase dosages above those recommended. Check the sprayer frequently during application to be sure it is working properly and delivering a uniform spray pattern.

GROUND APPLICATION

SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder should be mixed by filling the spray tank half full with clean water. Then add the recommended amount of SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder to suit the total tank capacity and the rate of application per acre (preferably 25 to 35 gallons per acre). Complete filling the tank and maintain sufficient agitation during mixing and spraying to insure a uniform spray mixture.

AERIAL APPLICATION

SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder is recommended for use in aerial spray equipment as a preemergence or postemergence application to sugarcane. (In Hawaii, aerial application should be made only on irrigated sugarcane.) Aerial spray equipment should be calibrated to apply the proper amount of SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder in 7 to 10 gallons of spray mixture per acre.

For aerial application, the maximum application rate is 2.85 lbs of SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder.

SPRAYER CLEANUP

Spray equipment must be thoroughly cleaned to remove remaining traces of herbicide that might injure other crops to be sprayed. Drain any remaining spray solution of SENCOR from the spray tank and discard in non-crop areas away from water supplies. Rinse the spray tank and refill with water, adding a heavy-duty detergent at the rate of one cup per 20 gallons of water. Recycle this mixture through the equipment for 5 minutes and spray out. Repeat this procedure twice. Fill the spray tank with clean water, recycle for 5 minutes, and spray out. Clean pump and nozzle screens thoroughly. Wash away any spray mixture from the outside of the spray tank, nozzles or spray rig.

GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

Do not use on other crops grown for food or feed.

Not to be used in any recreational areas or in or around homes.

Low pressure and high volume hand wand equipment is prohibited.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

For Aerial Application on Sugarcane: To assure that spray will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive non target plants, apply this product by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft from sensitive plants.

CHEMIGATION

SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder is recommended for application through sprinkler irrigation equipment as directed on this label. Refer to the crop sections of this label for recommended rates, weeds controlled or suppressed, restrictions, and special precautions.

For chemigation application, the maximum application rate is 2.85 lbs of SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder.

Apply this product only through sprinkler (including center pivot, lateral move, or solid set) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

Calibration: (Center Pivot and Self-Propelled Lateral Move Systems): Sprinkler irrigation systems must be accurately calibrated for application of SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder. Greater accuracy in calibration (and distribution) will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more dilute mixture of product and water per hour. Follow

the steps below to calibrate center pivot and lateral move systems:

1. Determine number of minutes required to make one complete revolution while applying 1/4 to 3/4 inch of water per acre.
2. With the system at operating pressure determine the exact number of minutes required to inject one gallon of water.
3. Divide the time required for one revolution (step 1) by the time required to inject one gallon (step 2). This gives total gallons of product-water mixture to be added to nurse tank.
4. Add required amount of water to nurse tank and start the agitation system. Then add sufficient SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder at the recommended rate (See RECOMMENDED BROADCAST APPLICATIONS) to the nurse tank.

EXAMPLE: If 20 hours (1200 minutes) were required for one revolution and if 2 minutes were required to inject one gallon, then a total of 600 gallons of product-water mixture are required ($1200 \div 2 = 600$); to treat 135 acres at 2/3 lb/acre, 90.5 lb of SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder are required.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Maintain continuous agitation in the injection nurse tanks during the herbicide application, sufficient to keep herbicide in suspension.

Apply specified dosage in 1/4 to 3/4 inch of water (1/4 to 1/2 inch of water on sandy soils) per acre as a continuous injection in center pivot and lateral move systems or in the last 15 to 30 minutes of set in permanent solid set sprinkler systems. Application of more than the quantity of irrigation water recommended on this label may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness. Where sprinkler distribution patterns do not overlap sufficiently unacceptable weed control may result. Where sprinkler distribution patterns overlap excessively crop injury may result. Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To insure that lines are flushed and free of remaining pesticide, an indicator dye may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

Use a minimum of 1 part water to 1 part herbicide for injection. The use of a larger volume of water will insure greater accuracy and more uniform distribution.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.
3. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.
4. The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Spray Drift Management Information.

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE: The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE:

- Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure - Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy protection. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

- Number of nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type - use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

BOOM LENGTH: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

APPLICATION HEIGHT: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

SWATH ADJUSTMENT: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

WIND: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS: Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

SENSITIVE AREAS: SENCOR 70% WP should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

SUGARCANE (Hawaii Only)

WEEDS CONTROLLED: SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder applied pre- or postemergence as a broadcast spray or spot treatment will effectively control the following when weeds are less than 3 inches in height:

WEEDS CONTROLLED IN IRRIGATED AND UNIRRIGATED SUGARCANE	
<u>Broadleaves</u>	<u>Grasses</u>
Amaranth, spiny	Crabgrass
Euphorbia, wild	Guineagrass
Fireweed	Plushgrass
Floras paintbrush	Ricegrass
Spurge, Garden	Wiregrass
Spurge, Graceful	
Weeds Controlled Only in Irrigated Sugarcane	
<u>Broadleaves</u>	<u>Grasses</u>
Amaranth, Spleen	Alexandergrass
Haole Koa	Bristly foxtail
Hialoa	
Hila hila	
Purslane, Common	
Rattlepod	
Weeds Controlled Only in Unirrigated Sugarcane	
<u>Broadleaves</u>	
Ageratum	
Richardia	
Tarweed	

RECOMMENDED APPLICATIONS SUGARCANE (Hawaii Only)	
LB SENCOR 70% WP	REMARKS
3 to 5-3/4 (unirrigated)	PREEMERGENCE: Apply specified dosage per acre as a broadcast spray to the soil surface. Application should be made within two weeks after planting prior to cane emergence or shortly after emergence (spike stage). OR EARLY POSTEMERGENCE: Apply specified dosage per acre as a broadcast spray over the cane. Application may be delayed as long as 4 to 6 weeks after planting provided weeds are less than 3 inches in height.
5-3/4 to 8-1/3 (irrigated)	
3 to 5-3/4	OR POSTEMERGENCE: Apply specified dosage per acre as a broadcast spray to control weeds prior to "close in" time when cane shades out the weed growth.
3-1/2 to 7	SPOT-TREATMENT: Apply specified dosage in 30 to 50 gallons of finished spray per acre. Spot-treatments may be desired to control weeds in missed areas, corners of fields or areas of hard to control weeds.
NOTE: Do not apply more than 11.5 lb of SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder (8 lb active ingredient) per crop season regardless of the method of application. The last application may be made up to 17 months of harvest.	

SUGARCANE (Louisiana and Texas Only)

Preemergence and postemergence applications of SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder with aerial or ground spray equipment are recommended for control of the following weeds in sugarcane in Louisiana and Texas:

SUGARCANE (Louisiana and Texas Only)	
Preemergence and postemergence applications of SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder with aerial or ground spray equipment are recommended for control of the following weeds in sugarcane in Louisiana and Texas:	
Broadleaves	Grasses
Amaranth, Spiny	Crabgrass
Bindweed, Field	Foxtails
Chickweed	Johnsongrass, Seedling
Curly dock	Oat, Winter
Henbit	Signalgrass
Lambsquarters	
London rocket	
Marestail	
Mustard, Wild	
Pigweeds	
Purslane, Common	
Sowthistle	

RECOMMENDED APPLICATIONS SUGARCANE (Louisiana and Texas only)	
LB SENCOR 70% WP	REMARKS
2-1/4 to 4-1/2	BROADCAST: Apply specified dosage per acre using 20 to 30 gallons of water with ground equipment or 5 gallons of water with aircraft spray equipment. Apply as a broadcast spray during the Fall after planting or to the stubble after harvest. Make a second application in early Spring prior to green-up. Use the higher rate on heavy clay soil and on soil with a high percentage of organic matter. If necessary a third application may be made in late Spring at layby. Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.
1-1/8 to 2-1/4	BAND: Apply specified dosage in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre in a 30 inch band over the row during the Fall after planting or to the stubble after harvest. Make a second application in early Spring prior to green-up. Use the higher rate on heavy clay soil and on soil with a high percentage of organic matter. If necessary a third application maybe made in late Spring at layby. Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.

Do not use treated foliage for feed or forage.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool, dry place and in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

Handle and open container in a manner as to prevent spillage. If the container is leaking or material spilled for any reason or cause, carefully sweep material into a pile. Refer to Precautionary Statements on label for hazards associated with the handling of this material. Do not walk through spilled material. Dispose of pesticide as directed below. In spill or leak incidents, keep unauthorized people away. You may contact the Bayer Emergency Response Team for decontamination procedures or any other assistance that may be necessary. The Bayer Kansas City Emergency Response Telephone No. is 800-414-0244, or contact Chemtrec at (800) 424-9300.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

IMPORTANT: Read these entire Directions and Conditions of Sale before using SENCOR 70% Wettable Powder Sugarcane Herbicide.

CONDITIONS OF SALE: THE DIRECTIONS ON THIS LABEL WERE DETERMINED THROUGH RESEARCH TO BE THE DIRECTIONS FOR CORRECT USE OF THIS PRODUCT. THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN TESTED FOR A RANGE OF WEATHER CONDITIONS SIMILAR TO THOSE WEATHER CONDITIONS THAT ARE ORDINARY AND CUSTOMARY IN THE GEOGRAPHIC AREA WHERE THE PRODUCT IS USED. INSUFFICIENT CONTROL OF PESTS AND/OR INJURY TO THE CROP TO WHICH THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED MAY RESULT FROM THE OCCURRENCE OF EXTRAORDINARY OR UNUSUAL WEATHER, OR FROM FAILURE TO FOLLOW LABEL DIRECTIONS. IN ADDITION, FAILURE TO FOLLOW LABEL DIRECTIONS MAY CAUSE INJURY TO OTHER CROPS, ANIMALS, MAN, OR THE ENVIRONMENT. BAYER OFFERS, AND THE BUYER ACCEPTS AND USES, THIS PRODUCT SUBJECT TO THE CONDITIONS THAT EXTRAORDINARY OR UNUSUAL WEATHER, OR FAILURE TO FOLLOW LABEL DIRECTIONS ARE BEYOND THE CONTROL OF BAYER AND ARE, THEREFORE, THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE BUYER.

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