PROLIN AYTO RAT and MOUSE KILLER **READY-TO-USE CEREAL BAIT** WARFARIN* 3-(alpha hydroxycoumarin NET $N_1 - (2 - Quinoxalinyl)$ (Sulfaquinoxaline) WEIGHT **INERT INGREDIENT 1 POUND** CAUTION USDA Reg. No. 2993-50 Keep Out of the Reach of Children 2993-50 See back panel for additional cautions *PROLIN (Warfarin plus an antibacterial agent) is manufac-tured under license from the Wisconsin Alumni Research Foundation, U.S. Patent No. 2.427,578, other patent applica-たいたい Manufactured by: tions pending. fin **BURLINGTON, IOWA** 15 1911 BRAYTON CHEMICALS, INC. REAL BOOK PALE SPECT i . . . margareters. مجمع والمراجع والمراجع



a-acetonylbenzyl)-	-4-
sulfanilamide	025%
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rs	. <u>99.950%</u>
	100.00 %



DIRECTIONS FOR RATS AND MICE

- (1)
- (2) and mice will not eat sour, moldy nor stale baits.
- (3) bait stations and replenish as necessary.
- (4) cover.
- (5)
- (1)
 - (2)where mice are known to feed.
- CAUTION: The active ingredients in PROLIN Rat and Mouse Killer are, an anti-coagulant chemical which acts to reduce the clotting ability of the blood inducing either internal or external hemorrhaging in humans, pets, or livestock. It also contains an anti-bacterial agent which inhibits bacteria that produce vitamin K, an antidote for warfarin. If swallowed, give 1 teaspoonful salt in glass of warm water. Repeat until vomit fluid is clear. CALL A PHYSICIAN AT ONCE.
- NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: If ingestion occurs blood transfusions combined with intravenous injections and oral doses of vitamin K are indicated in the case of hemorrhage caused by overdose of Dicumarol.
- NOTE: Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.

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RATS:

MICE:

Place 4 to 6 ounces of PROLIN Rat and Mouse Killer in dry container next to burrows, in runways, or where rats are accustomed to feed.

Keep fresh bait in feeder stations continuously as long as bait is eaten. (Usually 10 days) Never let bait station be empty over 48 hours. Rats

If near dump or other continual source of infestation, use permanent

Bait should be placed in location not accessible to children, pets, and domestic animals or in tamper-proof bait boxes, or other protective

The minimum time bait should be exposed for mouse control is 15 days. Directions as for rats except that mice take a longer period of baiting for complete control. Mice are "nibblers" and do not travel far from nests.

Use smaller baits (1-3 tablespoonfuls) and more bait placement and baits should be placed at 8–10 feet intervals along walls, in runways or

