

2935-553

06-14-2011

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

JUN 14 2011

Ms. Anne Downs
Wilbur-Ellis Company
2903 S. Cedar Avenue
Fresno, CA 93725

Subject: Notification – Clarification with Respect to Package Sizes per PR Notice 98-10
Base Camp LV 6
EPA Reg. No. 2935-553
Your Application, Dated May 18, 2011

Dear Ms. Downs:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the subject product.

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the label changes requested fall within the scope of the PR Notice. The label has been date-stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions, please call me directly at (703) 305-1243 or Susan Stanton of my staff at (703) 305-5218.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathryn Montague".

Kathryn Montague, Product Manager 23
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)
Office of Pesticide Programs



WILBUR-ELLIS®

May 19, 2011

Ms. Kathryn Montague
Product Manager 23
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
Room 24900, One Potomac Yard
2777 Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202

Re: Submission of Notification to Add Clarifying Language with Respect to Packaging Sizes for Base Camp LV 6, EPA Reg. No. 2935-553

Dear Ms. Montague:

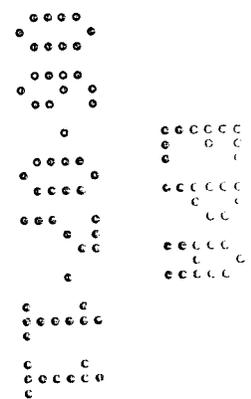
On behalf of Wilbur-Ellis Company, in addition to this cover letter, please find enclosed the following documents:

1. Application to Amend (EPA Form 8570-1)
2. 2 copies of the label, one with proposed changes noted and one clean copy

If you should have any questions, please contact me directly at 916.991.9816.

Sincerely,

Anne Downs, Senior Registration Specialist



Ideas to Grow With®





United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC 20460

<input type="checkbox"/>	Registration
<input type="checkbox"/>	Amendment
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide - Section I

1. Company/Product Number 2935-553	2. EPA Product Manager Kathryn Montegue	3. Proposed Classification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted
4. Company/Product (Name) Base Camp LV 6	PM# 23	
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Wilbur-Ellis Company 2903 S. Cedar Avenue Fresno, CA 93725 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address	6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)(b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. _____ Product Name _____	

Section - II

<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment - Explain below.	<input type="checkbox"/> Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____	NOTIFICATION JUN 14 2011
<input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____	<input type="checkbox"/> "Me Too" Application.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notification - Explain below.	<input type="checkbox"/> Other - Explain below.	

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.)

Notification to add clarifying language with respect to package sizes as required by provisions in PR Notice 2007-4 and allowed per PR Notice 98-10. This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA Regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the CSF of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Section - III

1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:				2. Type of Container	
Child-Resistant Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes* <input type="checkbox"/> No	Unit Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No		<input type="checkbox"/> Metal	<input type="checkbox"/> Plastic
				<input type="checkbox"/> Glass	<input type="checkbox"/> Paper
* Certification must be submitted	If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.	No. per container	If "Yes" Package wgt.	No. per container	Other (Specify) _____
3. Location of Net Contents Information <input type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container		4. Size(s) Retail Container		5. Location of Label Directions <input type="checkbox"/> On Label <input type="checkbox"/> On Labeling accompanying product	
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product <input type="checkbox"/> Lithograph <input type="checkbox"/> Paper glued <input type="checkbox"/> Stenciled			<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____		

Section - IV

1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)		
Name Anne Downs	Title Senior Registration Specialist	Telephone No. (include Area Code) 916.991.9816
Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.		Date Application Received (Stamped)
2. Signature 	3. Title Senior Registration Specialist	
4. Typed Name Anne Downs	5. Date May 18, 2011	

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WILBUR-ELLIS®

Base Camp® LV 6

LOW VOLATILE HERBICIDE

NOTIFICATION

JUN 14 2011

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

2-ethylhexyl ester of 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid*	86.5%
OTHER INGREDIENTS†	13.5%
TOTAL	100.0%

*Equivalent to 57.4% of 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid or 5.5 lb./gal. Isomer specific by AOAC Method.

†Contains petroleum distillates.

EPA REG. NO. 2935-553

EPA EST. NO. 42750-MO-001

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID	
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give any liquid to the person. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Contains petroleum distillate. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophagoscopy control.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin or inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic skin reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are neoprene or nitrile rubber. If you want more options, follow the instructions for Category E on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

All mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Chemical-resistant apron when applying with any hand-held nozzle or equipment, mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate.

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. After each day of use, clothing or PPE must not be reused until it has been cleaned.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

When handlers use enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

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ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide may be toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. Apply this product only as directed on label.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

Most cases of groundwater contamination involving phenoxy herbicides such as 2,4-D have been associated with mixing/loading and disposal sites. Caution should be exercised when handling 2,4-D pesticides at such sites to prevent contamination of groundwater supplies. Use of closed systems for mixing or transferring this pesticide will reduce the probability of spills. Placement of the mixing/loading equipment on an impervious pad to contain spills will help prevent groundwater contamination.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Use of this product in certain portions of California, Oregon, and Washington is subject to the January 22, 2004 Order for injunctive relief in Washington Toxics Coalition, et. Al. v. EP, C01—132C, (W.D. WA). For further information, please refer to <http://www.epa.gov/espp/wtc>.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not allow people (or pets) to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

The performance of Base Camp® LV 6 may be affected by local conditions, crop varieties, and application method. User should consult local extension service, agricultural experiment station or university weed specialists, and state regulatory agencies for recommendations in your area.

Best results are obtained when Base Camp LV 6 is applied to young succulent weeds that are actively growing. The lower specified rates will be satisfactory on susceptible annual weeds. For perennial weeds and conditions found in very dry areas of the western states, where control is difficult, the higher specified rates should be used.

When Base Camp LV 6 is used for weed control in crops, the growth stage of the crop must be considered.

Some plants and weeds, especially woody varieties, are difficult to control and may require repeat applications.

Apply 1 to 5 gallons of total spray by air or 5 to 25 gallons by ground equipment unless otherwise directed. In either case, use the same amount of 2,4-D per acre, as specified in the ensuing use rates. For crop uses, do not mix with oil, surfactants, or other adjuvants unless specifically recommended. Such combinations may reduce the herbicide's selectivity and could result in crop damage.

Many states have regulations concerning aerial application of 2,4-D formulations. Consult local regulatory authorities before making applications. Although this product is a low volatile formulation, temperatures above 90°F may release vapors that can result in damage to susceptible crops growing nearby.

Base Camp LV 6 should not be allowed to come into contact with desirable, susceptible plants such as beans, cotton, fruit trees, grapes, legumes, ornamentals, peas, tomatoes, and other vegetables. Base Camp LV 6 should not be used in greenhouses. Excessive amounts of this product in the soil may temporarily inhibit seed germination and all plant growth.

If stored below freezing, efficacy is not affected if product is warmed to 40°F and agitated before using.

Spray equipment that is used to apply any 2,4 D products should not be used for any other purpose until thoroughly cleaned.

Spray Preparation:

Add the specified amount of Base Camp LV 6 to approximately one-half the volume of water to be used for spraying. Agitate well, then add the remainder of the water. Continue agitation during application until spray tank is empty.

TANK MIXING PRECAUTIONS:

- Read carefully and follow all applicable use directions, precautions and limitations on the respective product labels.
- Do not exceed the specified label use rates. Do not tank mix with another pesticide product that contains the same active ingredient as this product unless the label of either tank mix partner specifies the maximum dosage that may be used.

Use in Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizer:

Base Camp LV 6 may be combined with liquid nitrogen fertilizer suitable for foliar application on corn, grass, pastures, or small grains in one operation. Use Base Camp LV 6 according to directions on this label for those crops. Use liquid nitrogen fertilizer at rates recommended by supplier or Extension Service Specialist. Mix the Base Camp LV 6 and fertilizer according to the following instructions:

Fill the spray tank approximately one-half full with the liquid nitrogen fertilizer. Add the Base Camp LV 6 while agitating the tank. Add the remainder of the fertilizer while continuing to agitate. Apply immediately, maintaining agitation during application until tank is empty. **DO NOT APPLY DURING COLD (NEAR FREEZING) WEATHER.** Spray mixture must be used immediately and must not be stored.

Note: If adequate and continuous agitation is not maintained, separation of the spray mixture and/or clogging of the nozzles is likely to occur.

SPRAYER CLEAN OUT

To avoid injury to desirable plants, equipment used to apply Base Camp LV 6 should be thoroughly cleaned before re-use or applying other chemicals.

- Rinse and flush application equipment thoroughly after use at least three times with water. Dispose of all rinse water by application to treatment area or apply to non-cropland area away from water supplies.
- During the second rinse, add 1 quart of household ammonia for every 25 gallons of water. Circulate the solution through entire system so that all internal surfaces are contacted (15-20 minutes). Let the solutions stand for several hours, preferably overnight.
- Flush the solution out of the spray tank through the boom.
- Rinse the system twice with clean water, recirculating and draining each time.
- Remove the nozzles and screens and clean separately.
- If equipment is to be used to apply another pesticide or agricultural chemical to a 2,4-D susceptible crop, additional steps may be required to remove all traces of 2,4-D including cleaning of disassembled parts and replacement of hoses or other fittings that may contain absorbed 2,4-D.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of application (e.g., ground, aerial, airblast, chemigation) can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

Droplet Size

When applying sprays that contain 2,4-D as the sole active ingredient, or when applying sprays that contain 2,4-D mixed with active ingredients that require a coarse or coarser spray, apply only as a coarse or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 385 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

When applying sprays that contain 2,4-D mixed with other active ingredients that require a medium or more fine spray, apply only as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph. Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition and there are not sensitive areas (including, but not limited to, residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for non-target species, non-target crops) within 250 feet downwind. If applying a medium spray, leave one swath unsprayed at the downwind edge of the treated field.

Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if: a) conditions of temperature inversion exist or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

2,4-D esters may volatilize during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures. Do not apply during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures.

Susceptible Plants

Do not apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Susceptible crops include, but are not limited to cotton, okra, flowers, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans (vegetative stage), ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that might not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of 2,4-D herbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment

All aerial equipment and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

For aerial equipment, the boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.

Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. This requirement does not apply to forestry or rights-of-way application.

When applications are made in a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

For ground boom application, do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

Use low-pressure sprays to minimize drift. Where states have regulations that specify minimum spray volumes, they should be observed.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Spray volume: Apply with calibrated air or ground equipment using sufficient spray volume to provide adequate coverage of target weeds or as otherwise directed in specific use directions. For broadcast application, apply the specified rate of Base Camp LV 6 in a spray volume of 2 or more gallons per acre by air and 10 or more gallons per acre for ground equipment. In general, spray volume should be increased as crop canopy, height and weed density increase in order to obtain adequate spray coverage. Do not apply less than 2 gallons total spray volume per acre.

Use Rates: Generally, lower rates in specified rate ranges will be satisfactory for more sensitive weeds species, when weeds are small, and when environmental conditions are favorable for rapid growth. Use higher rates in the specified rate range for less sensitive species and under less favorable growing conditions. For crop uses, do not mix with emulsifiable oil or other adjuvants unless specifically recommended on this label. Deep-rooted perennial weeds such as Canada thistle, field bindweed and many woody plants usually require repeated applications for effective control.

Spot Treatments: To prevent misapplication, spot treatments should be applied with a calibrated boom or with hand sprayers using a fixed spray volume per 1,000 sq. ft. as indicated below.

Hand-Held Sprayers: Hand-held sprayers may be used for spot applications of Base Camp LV 6. Care should be taken to apply the spray uniformly and at a rate equivalent to a broadcast application. Application rates in the table are based on the application rate for an area of 1,000 sq. ft. Mix the amount of Base Camp LV 6 (fl. oz. or ml) corresponding to the desired broadcast rate in 1 to 3 gallons of spray. To calculate the amount of Base Camp LV 6 required for larger areas, multiply the table value (fl. oz. or ml) by the thousands of sq. ft. to be treated. An area of 1,000 sq. ft. is approximately 10.5 x 10.5 yards (strides) in size.

Rate Conversion Table for Spot Treatment:

Label Broadcast Rate (pt/acre)							
1/3	1/2	2/3	1	1-1/3	2	2-2/3	5-1/3
Equivalent Amount of Base Camp LV 6 per 1000 sq. ft.							
1/8 fl. oz. [†]	1/5 fl. oz.	1/4 fl. oz.	3/8 fl. oz.	1/2 fl. oz.	3/4 fl. oz.	1 fl. oz.	2 fl. oz.
(3.7 ml)	(5.9 ml)	(7.4 ml)	(11 ml)	(15 ml)	(22 ml)	(30 ml)	(60 ml)

[†]Conversion factors: 1 pt. = 16 fl. oz.; 1 fl oz = 29.6 (30) ml

USE SITES

Base Camp LV 6 is used to control broadleaf weeds in cereal crops, corn, and sorghum; weeds and brush in rangeland, pastures, rights-of-way, and other listed non-crop uses.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Annual or Biennial Weeds

- beggartick ⁽¹⁾
- bittercress, small-flowered ⁽²⁾
- bitterweed
- broomweed, common ⁽¹⁾
- burdock, common
- buttercup, small-flowered ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- carpetweed
- cinquefoil, common ⁽²⁾
- cinquefoil, rough ⁽²⁾
- cocklebur, common
- cofeeweed
- copperleaf, Virginia ⁽²⁾
- croton, Texas
- croton, woolly
- fixweed
- galinsoga
- geranium, Carolina ⁽²⁾
- hemp, wild
- horseweed (marestalk) ⁽²⁾
- jewelweed
- jimsonweed
- knotweed ⁽¹⁾
- kochia
- lambsquarter, common
- lettuce, prickly ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- lettuce, wild
- lupines
- mallow, little ⁽¹⁾
- mallow, Venice ⁽¹⁾
- marshelder
- morningglory, annual
- morningglory, ivy
- morningglory, weedy

- mousetail ⁽²⁾
- mustards (except blue mustard)
- parsnip, wild
- pennycress (fanweed)
- pepperweed (*Lepidium spp.*) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- pigweed (*Amaranthus spp.*) ⁽¹⁾
- poorjoe
- primrose, common
- purslane, common ⁽²⁾
- pusley, Florida
- radish, wild
- ragweed, common
- ragweed, giant
- rape, wild
- rocket, yellow
- salsify, common ⁽¹⁾
- salsify, western ⁽¹⁾
- shepherdspurse
- sicklepod
- smartweed (annual species) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- sneezeweed, bitter
- sowthistle, annual
- sowthistle, spiny
- spanishneedle
- sunflower
- sweetclover
- tansymustard
- thistle, bull
- thistle, musk ⁽¹⁾
- thistle, Russian (tumbleweed) ⁽¹⁾
- velvetleaf
- vetche

Perennial Weeds

- alfalfa ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- artichoke, Jerusalem ⁽¹⁾
- aster, many-flower ⁽¹⁾
- Austrian fieldcress ⁽¹⁾
- bigweed (hedge, field and European) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- blue lettuce
- blueweed, Texas
- broomweed

- eveningprimrose, cutleaf ⁽²⁾
- garlic, wild
- goldenrod
- hawkweed, orange ⁽¹⁾
- healall
- ironweed, western ⁽²⁾
- ivy, ground ⁽¹⁾
- nettles (including stinging) ⁽¹⁾

Perennial Weeds (cont.)

- bullnettle ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- carrot, wild ⁽¹⁾
- catnip
- chicory
- clover, red ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- cofeeweed
- cress, hoary ⁽¹⁾
- dandelion
- dock ⁽¹⁾
- dogbane ⁽¹⁾

- onion, wild ⁽¹⁾
- pennywort
- plantains
- ragwort, tansy ⁽¹⁾
- sowthistle, perennial
- thistle, Canada ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
- vervain ⁽¹⁾
- wormwood

⁽¹⁾Difficult-to-Control Weeds: These weeds are only partially controlled and may require repeat applications and/or use of the higher specified rate of Base Camp LV 6 even under ideal conditions of application.

⁽²⁾Base Camp LV 6 may not be used to control this weed species in the state of California.

CROPS

**CEREAL GRAINS (Wheat, Barley, Millet, Oats, Rye)
(Not Underseeded with Legumes)**

CROP/APPLICATION TIMING	Base Camp LV 6 (PT/ACRE)	SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
Wheat, Barley, Millet, Rye Annual and biennial Broadleaf weeds	1/3 to 1-1/3 [†]	Apply after crop is fully tillered and before boot stage of growth (usually 4 to 8 inches tall) but not forming joints in the stem. Do not apply before tillering or from early boot through the milk stage of growth.
Perennial broadleaf weeds	2/3 to 1-1/3 [†]	
Oats (Spring Seeded) (Fall Seeded Southern)	1/3 1/2 to 1 [†]	Apply after crop is fully tillered and before boot stage of growth (usually 4 to 8 inches tall) and weeds are small. Do not apply before tillering or from early boot through the milk stage of growth. Do not apply during or immediately following cold weather.
Preharvest application (all cereals)	2/3	Apply using air or ground equipment to control weeds that could interfere with harvest, or to suppress perennial weeds. Apply when grain is in dough stage. Do not apply from early boot through the milk stage of growth.

[†] Use the lower rate in the rate range if small annual or biennial weeds are the major problem. Use the higher rate if perennial weeds or annual or biennial weeds are present which are considered to be hard-to-kill as determined by local experience. Higher rates increase the risk of crop injury and should be used only where weed control justifies such risk. Do not apply Base Camp LV 6 at the crop seedling stage of growth. Consult state agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialists for recommendations or suggestions to fit local conditions.

CEREAL GRAIN RESTRICTIONS:

Postemergence:

- Do not make more than one application per crop cycle.
- Do not apply more than 29.0 fluid ounces per acre per application.

Preharvest:

- Do not make more than one application per crop cycle.
- Do not apply more than 11.6 fluid ounces per acre per application.

PreHarvest Interval is 14 days.

Base Camp LV 6 contains 0.7 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 1.75 pounds of a.e. per acre per year.

CORN

(Field Corn, Popcorn and Sweet Corn)

APPLICATION TIMING/STAGE OF GROWTH	Base Camp LV 6 (PT/ACRE)	SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
Preplant (Burndown) Preemergence (Field corn, popcorn, and sweet corn)	2/3 to 1-1/3	General: For best results, growth conditions should be favorable for active weed growth. Use the high rate in rate range for less susceptible weeds, cover crops such as alfalfa, weeds in advanced stages of development, or under less favorable growth conditions. Preplant: Apply 7 to 14 days before planting corn to control emerged broadleaf weed seedling or existing cover crops. Preemergence: Apply any time after planting, but before corn emerges to control broadleaf weed seedlings or existing cover crops. Do not use on light sandy soils.
Postemergence (Field corn, popcorn, and sweet corn) Annual broadleaf weeds Crop up to 8 inches tall Crop 8 inches tall to tasseling (directed spray only) Perennial broadleaf weeds	1/3 to 2/3 2/3 2/3	Apply when weeds are small and corn is less than 8 inches tall (to top of canopy). If corn is more than 8 inches tall, use drop nozzles to keep spray off foliage. Treat perennial weeds when they are in bud to bloom stage. Do not tank mix with atrazine, oil or other adjuvants. Do not apply from tasseling to hard dough stage. Note: Corn treated with 2,4-D may become temporarily brittle. Wind or cultivation may cause stem breakage during the period of time that corn is brittle. Sweet Corn: To minimize potential for crop injury, use only lowest rate in rate range.
Preharvest (Field corn and popcorn only)	up to 2	Apply after corn is in hard dough (or denting) stage. Do not apply to sweet corn.

- Preplant or preemergence applications to light sandy soil are not recommended.

- Corn hybrids vary in tolerance to 2,4-D. Some are easily injured. Apply only to varieties known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. Consult the seed company or your agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for this information.

- **Note:** Corn treated with 2,4-D may exhibit stem brittleness for 8–10 days following application. During this period, the crop is more susceptible to stem breakage from cultivation or wind.

CORN RESTRICTIONS:

Preplant or Preemergence:

- Do not make more than one application per crop cycle.
- Do not apply more than 23.2 fluid ounces per acre per application.

Postemergence:

- Do not make more than one application per crop cycle.
- Do not apply more than 11.6 fluid ounces per acre per application.

Minimum spray interval between applications for sweet corn is 21 days. Do not use treated crop as fodder for 7 days following application.

Preharvest (Field and Popcorn Only):

- Do not make more than one application per crop cycle.
- Do not apply more than 34.8 fluid ounces per acre per application.
- Corn (Field and Pop): PreHarvest Interval is 7 days.
- Corn (Sweet): Preharvest Interval is 45 days.

Base Camp LV 6 contains 0.7 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 3.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per year for field and popcorn. Do not exceed a combined total of 1.5 pounds of a.e. per acre for sweet corn.

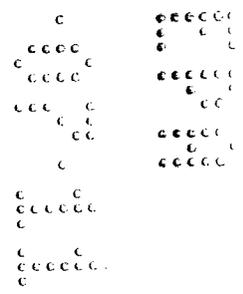
SORGHUM

(Grain Sorghum (Milo) and Forage Sorghum)

APPLICATION TIMING/STAGE OF GROWTH	Base Camp LV 6 (PT/ACRE)	SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
Postemergence† Crop 6 – 8 inches tall Crop 8 – 15 inches tall (directed spray only)	1/3 to 2/3 1/2 to 2/3	Apply when sorghum is 6 to 15 inches tall. If sorghum is more than 8 inches tall (top of canopy), use drop nozzles to keep spray off foliage. Do not use with oil or other adjuvants. Do not treat during boot, flowering or dough stage.

Precautions:

- **Note:** Temporary crop injury can be expected under conditions of high soil moisture and high air temperatures. If it is necessary to apply Base Camp LV 6 under these conditions, do not use more than 1/2 pint per acre.
- Sorghum hybrids vary in tolerance to 2,4-D. Some are easily injured. Apply only to varieties known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. Consult the seed company or your agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for this information.



SOYBEANS

For Use in Crop Residue Management Systems
(Pre-plant Burndown Application Only)

APPLICATION TIMING	Base Camp LV 6 (PT/ACRE)	SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
Preplant (Burndown)	1/2 to 2/3	Apply not less than 7 days before planting soybeans. See Use Restrictions below.
	2/3 to 1-1/3	Apply not less than 15 days before planting soybeans. See Use Precautions and Restrictions below.
<p>General Use Directions: Use Base Camp LV 6 to control emerged broadleaf weeds or existing cover crops. For best results, apply when weeds are small and actively growing. Use the higher rate in the respective rate range for larger weeds and when perennials are present. Compatible crop oil concentrates, agricultural surfactants and fluid fertilizers approved for use on growing crops may be added to spray mixtures to increase the herbicidal effectiveness on certain weeds. Read and follow all directions and precautions on this label and on the label of each product added to the spray mixture.</p>		

SOYBEAN RESTRICTIONS:

Pre-plant (2 application option):

- Do not apply more than 11.6 fluid ounces per acre per preplant application.
- Do not apply within 7 days of planting soybeans.

Pre-plant (single application option):

- Do not apply more than 23.2 fluid ounces per acre.
- Do not apply within 15 days of planting soybeans.

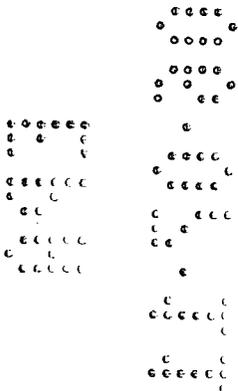
Do not use on sandy soils with less than 1% organic matter.

Do not replant fields treated with Base Camp LV 6 in the same growing season with crops other than those labeled for use with Base Camp LV 6.

Livestock Feeding Restrictions: Do not feed hay, forage or fodder. Restrict livestock from grazing treated fields. Do not allow livestock to feed or graze on treated cover crops.

In fields previously treated with Base Camp LV 6, plant soybean seed as deep as practical or at least 1 inch deep. Adjust the planter, if necessary, to ensure that planted seed is completely covered.

Base Camp LV 6 contains 0.7 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 1.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per crop cycle.



ORNAMENTAL TURF

(Excluding Grasses Grown For Seed or Sod Farms)

(Includes lawns, golf courses, cemeteries and parks, airfields, roadsides, and vacant lots)

Use Requirements for Ornamental Turf Areas: When this product is applied to ornamental turf areas, follow PPE and reentry instructions in the "Non-agricultural Use Requirements" section of this label.

TREATMENT SITE(APPLICATION TIMING)	Base Camp LV 6 (PT/ACRE)	SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
Ornamental turf (Postemergence)		Apply when weeds are small and actively growing. For best results, apply when soil moisture is adequate for active weed growth. Deep-rooted perennial weeds such as bindweed and Canada thistle may require repeat applications. Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until well established (five-leaf stage or later) and then use a maximum of 2/3 pints per acre. Cool season grasses are tolerant of higher rates.
Seedling grass (five-leaf stage or later)	1/2 to 2/3	
Well-established grasses	1-1/3 to 2	
Biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds	2	

PRECAUTIONS:

- Do not use on creeping grasses such as bentgrass except for spot treatment
- Do not use on susceptible southern grasses such as St. Augustine.
- Do not use on dichondra or other herbaceous ground covers; legumes may be damaged or killed.
- Reseeding: Delay reseeding at least 30 days following application. Preferably, for spring applications reseed in the fall and for fall applications, reseed in the spring.

ORNAMENTAL TURFGRASS RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not apply more than 34.8 fluid ounces per acre per application.
- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Minimum spray interval between broadcast applications is 30 days.
- If grazing or haying is anticipated, do not apply more than 2 pints per acre per application. Do not harvest grass for hay from treated areas for 7 days after application.

GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED OR SOD FARMS

Agricultural Use Requirements: When used in grass grown for seed or sod farms, follow PPE and reentry instructions in the "Agricultural Use Requirement" section of this label.

TREATMENT SITE (APPLICATION TIMING)	Base Camp LV 6 (PT/ACRE)	SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
Grasses grown for seed (Postemergence Use) Seedling grass (five-leaf stage or later)	1/2 to 2/3	Apply when weeds are small and actively growing. For best results, apply when soil moisture is adequate for active weed growth. Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until well established (five-leaf stage or later) and then use a maximum of 2/3 pints per acre. Cool season grasses are tolerant of higher rates. Do not apply to grass in the early boot through milk stage if seed production is desired. When grass is well established, higher rates of up to 2-2/3 pints per acre may be applied for control of hard-to-kill annual or perennial weeds. Deep-rooted perennials such as bindweed and Canada thistle may require repeat applications. Avoid mowing sod farms for 1 to 2 days before or after application. Delay irrigation until the day following application.
Well-established grasses	2/3 to 2-2/3	
Sod Farms (Postemergence)	1/3 to 2-2/3	

PRECAUTIONS:

- Do not use on creeping grasses such as bentgrass except for spot treatment.
- Do not use on susceptible southern grasses such as St. Augustine.
- Do not use on dichondra or other herbaceous ground covers; legumes may be damaged or killed.
- Reseeding: Delay reseeding at least 30 days following application. Preferably, with spring application reseed in the fall and with fall applications, reseed in the spring.

Grasses Grown for Seed or Sod Restrictions:

- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not apply more than 46.4 fluid ounces per acre per application.
- Minimum of 21 days between applications.

Base Camp LV 6 contains 0.7 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 4.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per year (excluding spot treatments).

FALLOW LAND AND CROP STUBBLE

Fallow land is idle land, postharvest to crops or between crops.

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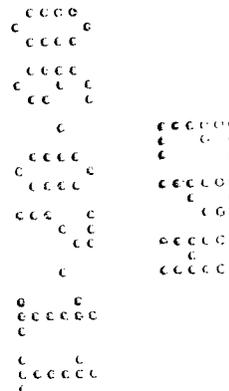
TYPE OF WEEDS	Base Camp LV 6 (PT/ACRE)	SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	2/3 to 1-1/3	Use a lower rate in the rate range when weeds are small (2 to 3 inches tall) and actively growing. Use a higher rate in the rate range when weeds are larger and under less favorable growth conditions.
Biennial broadleaf weeds	1-1/3 to 2-2/3	Apply when musk thistles or other biennial species are in the seedling to rosette stage and before development of flower stalks. The lower rate can be used in the spring during the rosette stage. Use the highest rate in the fall or after flower stalks have developed.
Perennial broadleaf weeds	1-1/3 to 2-2/3	Apply when perennial weeds are in bud to early bloom stage or while in good vegetative growth.
Wild garlic and onion in crop stubble	2-2/3	Apply to new regrowth of wild garlic or onion that occurs in the fall after harvest of other crops.

Precaution: For best weed control results, do not cultivate for at least 2 weeks after application or until top growth is dead.

FALLOW LAND RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not make more than two applications per year.
- Do not apply more than 2-2/3 pints per acre per application.
- Minimum spray interval between applications is 30 days.
- Plant only labeled crops within 30 days following last application.
- If grass is to be cut for hay, Agricultural Use Requirements for the Worker Protection Standard are applicable.

Base Camp LV 6 contains 0.7 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 4.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per year.



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RANGELAND, ESTABLISHED GRASS PASTURES

(Including Perennial Grasslands Not In Agricultural Production Such As Conservation Reserve Program Acres)

TARGET WEEDS OR WOODY PLANTS	Base Camp LV 6 (PT/ACRE)	SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds Biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds	1-1/3 1-1/3 – 2-2/3	For best results, apply when weeds are small and growing actively before the bud stage. Apply when musk thistles or other biennial species are in the seedling to rosette stage and before flower stalks appear. Refer to the "Weeds Controlled" section for a listing of susceptible weed species and weeds that may be only partially controlled and require repeat applications and/or use of higher specified rates, even under ideal conditions of application.
Spot Treatment to control broadleaf weeds	See instructions for "Spot Treatment"	Note: To control broadleaf weeds in small areas with a hand sprayer, use an application rate equivalent to the broadcast rate specified for this treatment site and spray to thoroughly wet all foliage. See rate conversion table and instructions for "Spot Treatment" and use of hand-held sprayers under "Application".
Tree Injection Application		See instructions for tree injection application in "Forestry Uses" section.
Wild garlic and wild onion	2-2/3	Make three applications (fall-spring-fall or spring-fall-spring) starting in late fall or early spring.
Broadleaf weed control in newly sprigged coastal bermudagrass	1-1/3 – 2-2/3	Applications may be made either preemergence or postemergence. Follow "Specific Use Directions" for annual, biennial and perennial broadleaf weed control, above.
Sand shinnery oak Sand sagebrush	1-1/3	Sand shinnery oak: Apply by aircraft between May 15 and June 15. Sand sagebrush: Apply by ground or aircraft when foliage is fully expanded and plants are actively growing. Use a 1:4 oil-water emulsion as carrier and a spray volume of 3 to 5 gallons per acre. Retreatment may be needed.

TARGET WEEDS OR WOODY PLANTS	Base Camp LV 6 (PT/ACRE)	SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
Big sagebrush Rabbitbrush Chamise, manzanita, buckbrush, coastal sage, coyotebrush, and chaparral species.	Up to 2-2/3	Apply by ground or aircraft when foliage is fully expanded and plants are actively growing. Use water or 1:4 oil-water emulsion as carrier and a spray volume of 5 to 10 gallons per acre. Retreatment may be needed.
Southern wild rose Broadcast application Spot Treatment	Up to 2-2/3 46.4 fl. oz. per 100 gal. of spray	Broadcast: Apply in a spray volume of 5 or more gallons per acre by aircraft or 10 or more gallons per acre by ground equipment. Spot Treatment: Apply when foliage is well developed. Thorough coverage is required. Use 2/3 gallon of Base Camp LV 6 plus 4 to 8 fluid ounces of an agricultural surfactant per 100 gallons of water. Two or more treatments may be required. Do not exceed 2/3 gal. per acre per application.
CRP Acres		For program lands such as CRP, consult program rules to determine whether grass or hay may be used. The more restrictive requirements of the program rules or this label must be followed.

Precautions:

- Do not use on bentgrass, alfalfa, clover, or other legumes.
- Do not use on newly seeded areas until grass is well established.
- Do not use from early boot to milk stage where grass seed production is desired.

RANGELAND & PASTURE RESTRICTIONS:

Livestock Feeding Restrictions:

- Do not graze dairy animals on treated areas within 7 days after application.
- Do not graze meat animals on treated areas within 3 days before slaughter.
- Do not cut forage for hay within 7 days of application.
- For government program grasslands, follow program grazing restrictions if more restrictive than those given above.

When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 4.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per year.

For susceptible annual and biennial broadleaf weeds do not exceed 23.2 fluid ounces per acre per application.
 For moderately susceptible biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds and woody plants, do not exceed 46.4 fluid ounces per acre per application.
 For spot treatment do not exceed 46.4 fluid ounces per acre.
 Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
 Minimum spray interval between applications is 30 days.
 If grass is to be cut for hay, Agricultural Use Requirements for the Worker Protection Standard apply.

Base Camp LV 6 contains 0.7 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 4.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per year.

POTATOES (Fresh Market Only)

APPLICATION TIMING/STAGE OF GROWTH	Base Camp LV 6 (PT/ACRE)	SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
Postemergence	1/10 pt (1.6 fl. oz./acre)	Make first application when potatoes are in the pre-bud stage (about 7 to 10 inches high) and make a second application about 10 to 14 days later.

POTATO RESTRICTIONS:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not harvest within 45 days of application.
- Do not apply more than 0.07 lbs a.e. (1/10 pint per acre) of Base Camp LV 6 per application.
- Do not exceed two applications per crop.
- A minimum of 10 days between applications is required.
- Do not apply more than 0.14 lbs a.e. (1/5 pint per acre) of Base Camp LV 6 per growing season.

NON-CROPLAND AREAS

(Fencerows, Hedgerows, Roadsides, Right-Of-Way, Utility Power Lines, Railroads, and Airports)

TREATMENT SITE METHOD OF APPLICATION	Base Camp LV 6 (PT/ACRE)	SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
Annual broadleaf weeds	1 1/3 – 2-2/3	Apply when annual weeds are small and growing actively before the bud stage. Biennial and perennial weeds should be rosette to bud stage, but not flowering at the time of application. For difficult to control perennial broadleaf weeds and woody species, tank mix up to 23.2 fluid ounces of Base Camp LV 6 plus 1 to 4 qts. of Garlon® 3A herbicide per acre. Oil or wetting agent may be added to the spray, if needed for increased effectiveness. For ground application: (high volume) apply a total spray volume of 100 to 400 gallons per acre; (low volume) apply a total spray volume of 10 to 100 gallons per acre. For helicopter: Apply a total spray volume of 5 to 30 gallons per acre.
Biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds and susceptible woody plants	Up to 2-2/3	

TREATMENT SITE METHOD OF APPLICATION	Base Camp LV 6 (PT/ACRE)	SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
Spot Treatment to control broadleaf weeds	See Instructions for "Spot Treatment"	Note: To control broadleaf weeds in small areas with a hand sprayer, apply a use rate equivalent to the broadcast rate specified for this treatment site and spray to thoroughly wet all foliage. See rate conversion table and instructions for "Spot Treatment" and use of hand-held sprayers under "Application"
Tree Injection Application		See instructions for tree injection in "Forestry Uses" section.
Southern wild rose		Broadcast: Apply in a spray volume of 5 or more gallons per acre by aircraft or 10 or more gallons per acre by ground equipment. Apply when foliage is well developed. Thorough coverage is required. Use 2/3 gallons of Base Camp LV 6 plus 4 to 8 fluid ounces of an agricultural surfactant per 100 gallons of water. Two or more treatments may be required.
Broadcast application	Up to 2-2/3	
Spot Treatment	2/3 gal. per 100 gal. of spray	

Precautions:

- Do not apply to newly seeded areas until grass is well established.
- Bentgrass, St. Augustine, clover, legumes and dichondra may be severely injured or killed by this treatment.

NON-CROPLAND RESTRICTIONS:

Postemergence (annual and perennial weeds):

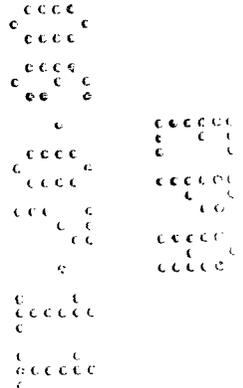
- Do not make more than 2 applications per year.
- Do not apply more than 46.4 fluid ounces per acre per application.
- Minimum spray interval between applications is 30 days.

Postemergence (woody plants):

- Do not make more than 1 application per year.
- Do not apply more than 92.8 fluid ounces per acre per application.

Applications to non-cropland areas do not include treatment of commercial timber or other plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

Base Camp LV 6 contains 0.7 pounds a.e. of 2,4-D per pint. When tank mixing with products that contain 2,4-D, do not exceed a combined total of 4.0 pounds of a.e. per acre per year.



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FORESTRY RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not make more than one broadcast application per year.
- Do not apply more than 5-2/3 pints per acre per broadcast application.

Basal Spray Cut Surface – Stumps and Frill:

- Limited to one basal spray or cut surface application per year.
- Do not apply more than 8 lbs a.e. per 100 gallons of spray solution.

Injection:

- Limited to one injection application per year.
- Do not apply more than 1.4 ml of undiluted formulation per injection site.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Open dumping is prohibited. Do not store this product near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides, or fungicides. Do not store near heat or open flame. Reclose all partially used containers by thoroughly tightening screw cap. Absorb any spill with a suitable clay absorbent and dispose of waste as indicated under "Pesticide Disposal."

For safety and prevention of unauthorized use, all pesticides should be stored in locked facilities.

To prevent accidental misuse, different pesticides should be stored in separate areas with enough distance between the pesticides to provide clear identification.

Opened, partially used pesticides should be stored in original labeled containers when possible. When transfer to another container is necessary due to leakage or damage, carefully mark and identify contents of the new container.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your state Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Non-refillable containers (2.5 gallons, 30 gallons and 55 gallons): Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

(Non-refillable <5 gallons): Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

(Non-refillable >5 gallons): Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL(cont.)

Refillable container (15 gallons, 30 gallons, 120 gallons and greater or bulk): Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.

To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from the container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing process two more times.

Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability:

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using the product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

ALL STATEMENTS MADE HEREIN ARE SUBJECT TO APPLICABLE LAW, AND TO THE EXTENT THERE IS ANY INCONSISTENCY OR CONTENTION, APPLICABLE LAW SHALL GOVERN.

The Directions for Use of the product must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of many different factors including, without limitation, manner of use or application, weather, combination with other products, or crop conditions. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Manufacturer and Seller harmless from any claims relating to such factors.

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label. EXCEPT FOR THIS WARRANTY, THE PRODUCT IS FURNISHED "AS-IS," AND NEITHER SELLER NOR MANUFACTURER MAKES ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THE SELECTION, PURCHASE OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT; SELLER AND MANUFACTURER SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIM ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE BEYOND WHAT IS STATED ON THE LABEL. Buyer and User accept all risks arising from any use of this product, including without limitation, uses contrary to label instructions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to (or beyond the control of) Seller or Manufacturer.

Neither Manufacturer nor Seller shall be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE BUYER OR USER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF MANUFACTURER AND SELLER, FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THIS PRODUCT, OR, AT THE ELECTION OF MANUFACTURER OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

These Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability shall be interpreted, unless otherwise required by the law of the state of purchase, in accordance with the laws of the State of California, excluding its conflicts of laws rules, and may not be amended by any oral or written agreement.

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Manufactured for:
WILBUR-ELLIS COMPANY
PO BOX 16458
FRESNO CA 93755

Batch Code _____