DEC 3 0 1987

Mr. Terry Miller Wilbur-Ellis Company 191 West Shaw Avenue, Suite 107 Fresno, CA 93704-2876

Dear Mr. Miller:

Subject: Amendment - Revised Labeling as per EPA Letter of March 31, 1987
Red Top Diazinon-Methoxychlor Spray
EPA Registration No. 2935-387
Your Application Dated May 28, 1987

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. A stamped copy is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely yours,

George T. LaRocca
Product Manager (15)
Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch
Registration Division (TS-767C)

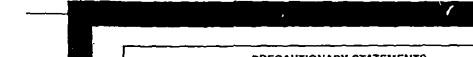
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EPA Form 1320-1 (12-70)

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Causes eye irritation, Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly with so water after handling. Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin, Avoid bre vapors or spray mist. Do not contaminate food or feed. Remove contaminated clothing and before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds feeding on treated areas may be killed. It apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate any be water by direct application, cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes and containers. This pesticide is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or to residues remaining treated area. Do not apply when bees are actively visiting the crop, cover crops, or weeds ing in the treatment area. Applications should be timed to provide the maximum possible in

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use, pour, spill, or store near heat or open flame.

between treatment and the next period of bee activity.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling

RE-ENTRY STATEMENT

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried. Because certai may require more restrictive re-entry intervals for various crops treated with this produsuit your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be !n a treated at an area about to be treated with this product. Oral warnings should specify protective or areas or fields that cannot be entered without this clothing, period of time area is to be and statement of practical treatment (see right) in case of exposure. When oral warningiven, warnings shall be given in a language customarity understood by workers. Oral with must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood ers. Warnings must include the following information: "Caution. Area treated with Diazi Methoxychior on (date of application). Or not enter without appropriate protective cloth sprays have dried. (Insert here actions to take in case of accidental exposure — see

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or of sons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

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Wilbur-Ellis

DIAZINON® - METHOXYCHLOR SPRAY

RECOMMENDED FOR AGRICULTURAL USE

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: *Methoxychlar, technical **O, O Diethyl O (2-isopropyl-5-methyl-4-pyrimidinyl) phosphorothloate		20.0% 10.0% 70.0%
O, O Diethyl O-(2-Isopropyl-6-methyl-4-pyrimidinyl) pilospilotoliilosti INERT INGREDIENTS*	TOTAL	109.0%

- *Equivalent to 17.6% 2,2-bis (p-methoxyphenyl)-1,1,1-trichloroethane and 2.4% other isomers
- **Diazinon insecticide U.S. Patent No. 2,754,243. Diazinon* trademark of CIBA-Geigy.
- ***Contains Xylene Range Aromatic Solvents.

EPA Reg. No. 2935-387-AA

EPA Est. No. 2935-CA-1

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN! CAUTION

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Since DIAZINON-METHOXYCHLOR SPRAY is a combination of diazinon, an organophosphate, and methoxychlor, a chlorinated hydrocarbon, the symptoms of poisoning will be related to the

IF IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical altention Il initation develops or persists. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or

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IF SWALLOWED: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING, Call a physician or Poison Control Center Im-

mediately. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If necessary, to maintain IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration, if necessary, to maintain breathing. (Do not give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if exposure is due to swallowing.) Get

medical attention.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Atropine is antidotal for organophosphate poisoning and should be given NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Atropine is antidotal for organophosphate poisoning and should be given intravenously in relatively large amounts, 2 to 4 mg (1)30 to 1/15 grain) at 5- to 10-minute intervals intravenously in relatively large amounts, 2 to 4 mg (1)30 to 1/15 grain) at 5- to 10-minute intervals until the patient is atropinized. 2-PAM may be given in severe cases. Give supportive therapy as needed. Lavage stomach if ingested. Solvent may present aspiration hazard.

NET CONTENTS: 5 GALLONS

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

- 1. Prohibitions: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.
- 2. Pesticide Disposal; Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pasticide or Environmental Control Agency. or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.
- 3. Container Disposal: Triple rinse for equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.
- 4. Storage: Store in original container only and keep sealed. Store in closed storage areas, Use caution when moving, opening, closing, or pouring,

This product is an emuisiliable insecticids, solution which is to be diluted with water, it may be applied by ground or air. Use designate I amount of product in the following gallons of water per acre unless otherwise noted:

GROUND APPLICATION - 30 to 250 gals.

AIR APPLICATION -- 3 to 10 gals.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USE

- ALFALFA AND CLOVER (Pure Stands and Stands Containing Grass), ALFALFA WEEVIL LARVAE. EGYPTIAN ALFALFA WEEVILS, PEA APHIUS, YELLOW CLOVER APHIDS, SPOTTED ALFALFA APHIDS, LEAFHOPPERS, PLANT BUG NYMPHS, MITES: Apply 2-3 qts. per acre. Apply when 30-50% of the growing tips show leeding damage, Repeat as Infestations warrant. Do not treat during bloom to avoid injury to beneficial insects.
- alfalfa caterpillars, armyworms, fall armyworms, flea beetles, grasshoppers, JAPANESE BEETLES, LYGUS BUGS, SPITTLEBUGS: Apply 21/2-3 qts. per acre when insects first appear, Repeat as infestations warrant. Do not treat during bloom to avoid injury to beneficial Insects.
- NOTE: DAIRY & BEEF CATTLE & SHEEP 1) May be grazed 7 days following treatment, 2) May be fed green forage or hay provided attalla or clover is not cut for 7 days following treatment. Do not spray livestock directly with either air or ground equipment.

SMALL FRUIT INSECTS

- For the control of the insects on the following crups, apply 2½ qts. per 100 gats, of water per acre as a thorough cover spray when insects first appear. Repeat applications at 7-10 day intervals as infestations warrant. Do not use more than 4% qts. of this formulation per acre.
- CRANBERRIES: CRANBERRY FRUITWORMS, LEAFHOPPERS, SPITTLEBUGS Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. (Continued)

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RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USE (Continued)

- GRAPES: FLEA BEETLES, GRAPE BERRY MOTHS, GRAPE LEAF FOLDERS, GRAPE LEAF SKELE-TONIZERS, JAPANESE BEETLES, LEAFHOPPERS, PACIFIC MITES, ROSE CHAFERS — For Grape Berry Moths, apply as a post-blossom cover spray and repeat 10 days later, make third and fourth applications at 10-day intervals if necessary. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- STRAWBERRIES: APHIDS, FLEA BEETLES, SPITTLEBUGS, STRAWBERRY LEAF BEETLES, STRAWBERRY LEAF ROLLERS, STRAWBERRY WEEVILS, TWO-SPOTTED MITES Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

VEGETABLE INSECTS

For the control of the insects on the following crops, use 4½ pints per acre in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Begin treatment at first sign of insect infestation and repeat at 7-10 day intervals as infestation warrants.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USE:

- BROCCOLI: APHIDS, IMPORTED CABBAGEWORMS, DIAMONDBACK MOTHS, FLEA BEETLES Do not apply within 14 days of hervest.
- CABBAGE: APHIDS, IMPORTED CABBAGEWORMS, DIAMONDBACK MOTHS, FLEA BEETLES Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- CAULIFLOWER: APRIDS, !MPORTED CABBAGEWORM, DIAMONDBACK MOTHS, FLEA BEETLES

 Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- CARROTS: APHIDS, LEAFHOPPERS Do not apply within 10 days of harvest or 14 days if tops are used for food or feed.
- COLLARDS: APHIDS, CORN EARWORMS, DIAMONDBACK MOTHS, FLEA BEETLES, HARLEQUIN CABBAGE BUGS, IMPORTED CABBAGE BUGS, IMPORTED CABBAGEWORMS Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- CORN: FALL ARMYWORMS, FLEA BEETLES, GRASSHOPPERS, JAPANESE BEETLES, ROSE CHAFTERS Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- CUCUMBERS: APHIDS, CUCUMBER BEETLES, SERPENTINE LEAF MINERS, THRIPS Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- KALE: APHIDS, CORN EARWORMS, DIAMONDBACK MOTHS, FLEA BEETLES, HARLEQUIN CABBAGE BUGS -- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- LETTUCE: APHIDS, DIPTEROUS LEAF MINERS, LEAFHOPPERS Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- MELONS (Cantaloupes, Muskmelons, Watermalons): APHIDS, CUCUMBER BEETLES, LEAFHOP-PERS, MELON WORMS, MITES, SERPENTINE LEAF MINERS, THRIPS Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- PEAS: APHIDS, PEA WEEVILS -- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest or grazing.
- POTATOES: APHIDS, BANDED CUCUMBER BEETLES, BLISTER BEETLES, COLORADO POTATO BEETLES, DIPTEROUS LEAF MINERS, FLEA BEETLES, LEAFHOPPERS, SOUTHERN ARMY-WORMS Do not apply within 35 days of harvest.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USE (Continued)

- RADISHES: APHIDS, DIPTEROUS LEAF MINERS, FLEA BEETLES Do not apply within 10 days of harvest.
- SQUASH (Summer and Winter): APHIDS, CUCUMBER BEETLES, LEAFHOPPERS, MITES, SQUASH VINE BORERS Do not apply to winter squash within 3 days, or summer squash within 10 days of harvest.
- TOMATOES: APHIOS, BLISTER BEETLES, DIPTEROUS LEAF MINERS, FALL ARMYWORMS, FLEA BEETLES, JAPANESE BEETLES, TOMATO FRUITWORMS Do not apply within 7 days of barrest
- TURNIPS: APHIDS, DIPTEROUS LEAF MINERS, FLEA BEETLES Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

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NOTICE: The statements made on this label are believed to be true and accurate, but because of conditions of use which are beyond our control, WILBUR-ELLIS COMPANY does not make, nor does it authorize any agent or representative to make, any warranty, guaranty or representation, expressed or implied concerning this material or the use thereof, except in contormity with the statements on the label. Neither WILBUR-ELLIS COMPANY nor the seller shall be held responsible in any manner for any personal injury or property damage or loss resulting to the buyer or to the other person from handling, storage or use of this material, not in accordance with directions. The buyer assumes all risk and liability resulting from improper handling, storage or use and accepts and uses this material on these conditions.

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IN CASE OF EMERGENCY, CALL CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300