

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505T)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.

Washington, D.C. 20460

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration
Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

EPA Reg. Number:

Date of Issuance:

2749-653

4/16/25

Term of Issuance:

Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

AG37588 CS EC Fungicide

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Aceto Life Sciences, L.L.C. d/b/a Actylis 4 Tri Harbor Court

Port Washington, NY 11050

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

Continues page 2

Signature of Approving Official:

Date:

4/16/25

Manjula Unnikrishnan, Product Manager 21 Fungicide Branch, Registration Division (7505T)

RD, OPP, U.S. EPA

EPA Form 8570-6

- 2. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 2749-653."
- 3. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.
- 4. Add an appropriate EPA Establishment Number and Net Contents information.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

The record for this product currently contains the following CSF(s):

- Basic CSF dated 03/06/2024
- Alternate CSF 1 dated 03/06/2024

If you have any questions, please contact Senedu Alemu at alemu.senedu@epa.gov.

Enclosure

ACCEPTED

04-16-2025

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

2749-653

PROPICONAZOLE GROUP 3 FUNGICIDE

AG37588 CS EC Fungicide

For control of certain diseases in [almonds], [avocado], [bananas], [berries], [carrots], [cereals (wheat, barley, rye, triticale, oats)], [citrus, (non-bearing)], [corn, (field, seed, popcorn, sweet)], [cranberry], [filbert], leaf petiole vegetable], [mint], [bulb vegetables], [peanuts], [pineapple], [pistachios], [plantains], [rice (including wild rice)], [sorghum], [soybeans], [strawberries], [stone fruit], [sugarbeets], [sugarcane], [tree nuts], [grasses grown for seed].

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Propiconazole: 1-[[2-(2, 4-dichlorophenyl)-4-propyl-1, 3-dioxolan-2-yl]methyl]-	
1 <i>H</i> -1,2,4-triazole	41.8%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>58.2%</u>
Total:	100.0%
Contains petroleum distillates.	

Contains 3.6 pounds of active ingredient per gallon.

EPA Reg. No. 2749-XXX

NET CONTENTS:

EPA Est.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien parra que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you DO NOT understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail

[See] [inside] [label] [booklet] [for] [additional] [Precautionary Statements][,] [and] [Directions for Use] [including] [Storage and Disposal] [instructions][.]

	FIRST AID	
If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
If on skin;	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 	
If swallowed:	 Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. DO NOT give any liquid to the person. DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 	
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. 	
HOT LINE NUMBER		

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or physician or going for treatment. FOR MEDICAL EMERGENCIES INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, CALL CHEMTREC® TOLL FREE 1-800-424-9300 or 1-703-527-3887 (24 Hours

per Day, 7 Days per Week).

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Contains petroleum distillate. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

Manufactured [for][by] Aceto Life Sciences, L.L.C. d/b/a Actylis

4 Tri Harbor Court Port Washington, NY 11050-4661

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Cause skin irritation, **DO NOT** get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin, or inhaled. Avoid breathing spray mist. Prolonged or frequent repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and all other handlers must wear:

- Goggles or face shield as protective eyewear
- Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils or Viton ≥ 14 mils

All handlers using propiconazole as a seed piece treatment must wear:

- Goggles or face shield as protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Chemical-resistant apron

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. **DO NOT** reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural practices [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside, then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Propiconazole is toxic to fish and shrimp. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

DO NOT mix or allow coming in contact with oxidizing agent of fire retardants. Hazardous chemical reactions may occur.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the Agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

ARICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated including plants, soil, or water is:

- Protective eyewear
- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils or Viton ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for Agricultural Pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Entry Restrictions for Non-WPS Uses: DO NOT enter into treated areas until sprays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

AG37588 CS EC is a broad spectrum fungicide for the control of specified diseases in almonds, avocado, bananas, berries, carrots, cereals (wheat, barley, rye, triticale, oats), citrus (non-bearing), corn (field, seed, popcorn, sweet), cranberries, filberts, leaf petiole vegetable, mint, bulb vegetables, pistachios, plantains, rice (including wild rice), sorghum, stone fruit, peanuts, pecans, pineapple, soybeans, strawberries, sugarbeets, sugarcane, tree nuts, and grasses grown for seed

PRECAUTIONS: Failure to follow directions and precautions on this label may result in crop injury, poor disease control, or illegal residues.

RESTRICTIONS: DO NOT use this product in greenhouses.

DO NOT use this product as a tree injection except on avocado trees in [California,] Florida and

Puerto Rico.

DO NOT apply in a manner that will result in exposure to humans or animal.

Rotational Crops

Rotational Crops	Planting Time From Last AG37588 CS EC Application
Avocado	0 days
Beans, Dry and Succulent	•
Brassica, Leafy greens (Subgroup 4-16B, except watercress)	
Bulb Vegetables	
Carrots	
Cereals (wheat, barley, rye, triticale, oats)	
Cilantro (Coriander) Leaves	
Corn (field, seed, pop, and sweet)	
Dill	
Garden Beets	
Grasses grown for seed (Cool season grasses only)	
Leaf Petiole Vegetable, Subgroup 22B	
Mint	
Parsley, Fresh and Dried leaves Peanuts	
Quinoa Radish	
Rapeseed (Canola), Subgroup 20A	
Rice (including Wild Rice)	
Root Vegetables (Subgroup 1B, except Sugar Beet)	
Sorghum	
Soybeans	
Strawberry and other Low-Growing Berry Subgroup 13- 07G	
Sugar Beets Sugarcane	
Watercress	
Buckwheat	12 months
Millet	
Alfalfa (if propiconazole rate does not exceed 0.22	75 days
lb.ai/acre/year)	
All Other Crops Intended for Food, Grazing, or Feed	105 days

Any crop listed and approved for use on this label has a 0 day plant back interval.

Integrated Pest Management

AG37588 CS EC needs to be integrated into an overall disease and pest management (IPM) strategy whenever the use of fungicide is required. Cultural practices known to reduce disease development must be followed. Consult your local agricultural authorities for additional IPM strategies established for your area. AG37588 CS EC may be used in state agricultural extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs using the specified application timing based upon environmental factors favorable for disease development.

Resistance Management

For resistance management, **AG37588 CS EC** contains a Group 3 fungicide. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **AG37588 CS EC** and other Group 3 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Follow appropriate resistance-management strategies.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use **AG37588 CS EC** or other Group 3 fungicides within a growing season sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, use historical
 information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of

- environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM for specific crops and pathogens.
- For information or to report suspected resistance contact [Aceto Life Sciences, L.L.C. d/b/a Actylis] at 516-627-6000. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Application Rate Reference Table

Application Rate of AG37588 CS EC	Active Ingredient Equivalent	
(fl. oz./A)	(lb. a.i./A)	Acres/Gal of AG37588 CS EC
2.0	0.056	64
4.0	0.1125	32
6.0	0.169	21.3
8.0	0.225	16
10.0	0.28	12.8
12.0	0.34	10.7
16.0	0.45	8
20.0	0.56	6.4
24.0	0.67	5.3
30.0	0.84	4.3
32.0	0.90	4

Mixing Instructions

Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate operation. Thoroughly clean spray equipment before using this product. Agitate the spray solution before and during application. Rinse spray tank thoroughly with clean water after each day's use and dispose of pesticide rinsate by application to an already treated area.

AG37588 CS EC – Alone: Add 1/2 - 2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank. With the agitator running, add the AG37588 CS EC to the tank. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water. Begin application of the spray solution after the AG37588 CS EC has completely dispersed into the mix water. Maintain agitation until all of the mixture has been sprayed.

AG37588 CS EC – Tank Mixtures: AG37588 CS EC is usually compatible with all tank mix partners listed on this label. To determine the physical compatibility of AG37588 CS EC with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the products to 1 qt. of water. Add wettable powders and water-dispersible granular products first, then liquid flowables, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After thoroughly mixing, let stand for at least 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be remixed readily, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding required ingredients to the spray tank.

Add 1/2-2/3 of the required amount of water to the spray or mixing tank. With the agitator running, add the tank mix partner into the tank. Allow the material to completely dissolve and disperse into the mix water. Continue agitation while adding the remainder of the water and AG37588 CS EC to the spray tank. Allow the AG37588 CS EC to completely disperse. Spray the mixture with the agitator running.

DO NOT apply this product in a mix with a dodine fungicide for any uses on this label (except almonds), or crop injury will occur.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

DO NOT tank mix this product with any product that prohibits such mixing. Tank mixtures or other applications of products referenced on this label are permitted only in those states in which the referenced products are registered.

Adjuvants: When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, the use of an adjuvant that meets the standards of the Council of Producers and Distributors Agrotechnology (CPDA) adjuvant certification program is advised.

APPLICATIONS INSTRUCTIONS

AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. Avoid applying AG37588 CS EC under conditions when uniform coverage cannot be obtained or when excessive spray drift may occur. DO NOT apply in a manner which results in exposure to humans or animals.

Ground Application: For tree crops, apply **AG37588 CS EC** a minimum of 50 gals. of water per acre unless otherwise specified. For all other crops, apply **AG37588 CS EC** in a minimum of 10 gals. of water per acre unless otherwise specified.

Aerial Application: For tree crops, apply **AG37588 CS EC** in a minimum of 10 gals. of water per acre unless otherwise specified. For all other crops, apply **AG37588 CS EC** in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified.

Chemigation Application: Apply AG37588 CS EC through properly equipped chemigation systems for disease control in the labeled crops. Refer to crop specific use directions for application rates, timing and frequency of application. DO NOT apply AG37588 CS EC by chemigation to other labeled crops except as specified in [Aceto Life Sciences, L.L.C. d/b/a Actylis] supplemental labeling or product bulletins. When applying this product by chemigation, DO NOT exceed labeled rates or apply more frequently than directed for conventional application methods. AG37588 CS EC, alone or in combination with other pesticides that are registered for application through irrigation systems, may be applied through irrigation systems. For chemigation application to labeled crops, apply in 0.1 to 0.25 inches of water unless otherwise specified. Chemigation with excessive water may lead to a decrease in efficacy.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

To avoid spray drift, **DO NOT** apply when conditions favor drift beyond the target area. Avoid spray overlap, as crop injury may occur.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT

Aerial Applications

- **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium to ultra coarse spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- The boom length must not exceed 65% of the wingspan for airplanes or 75% of the rotor blade diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Nozzles must be oriented so the spray is directed toward the back of the aircraft.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

Groundboom Applications

- Apply with the nozzle height specified by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium to ultra coarse spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.
BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size – Groundboom

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest
 practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher
 flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure specified for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

• Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturer's directions for setting up nozzles. To reduce fine droplets, nozzles must be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom must remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift. When applying aerially to crops, **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the crop canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

WIND

Drift potential increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator needs to be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

Other State and Local Requirements: Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of propiconazole. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

SPRAY EQUIPMENT

All application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

Thorough coverage is necessary to provide good disease control.

Avoid spray overlap as crop injury may occur.

Air-assisted or air-blast sprayers use a forced air stream to move spray droplets into the canopy. Set up the fan to deliver only enough air volume to penetrate the canopy and provide good coverage. Adjust deflectors or other aiming devices to direct spray only to the target area.

Equip sprayers with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are the same size and uniformly spaced across the boom. Calibrate sprayer before use.

Use a pump with sufficient capacity to maintain 35-40 psi at nozzles and provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension (this requires recirculation of 10% of tank volume per minute). Use a jet agitator, or liquid sparger tube for agitation. **DO NOT** use air sparging.

Although **AG37588 CS EC** is an emulsifiable concentrate, it is suggested that screens be used to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on suction side of pump need to be 16-mesh or coarser. **DO NOT** place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer's directions.

For more information on spray equipment and calibration, consult sprayer manufacturers and state guidance. For specific local directions and spray schedules, consult the current state agricultural experiment station guidance.

CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS

Precautions:

- Apply this product only through center pivot, solid set, hand move, or moving wheel irrigation systems. **DO NOT** apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- **DO NOT** connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments when the need arises.
- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone (RPZ), backflow preventer or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system must be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank or at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

Application Instruction: DO NOT inject AG37588 CS EC at full strength or deterioration of valves and seals may occur. Use a dilution ratio of at least 10 parts water to 1 part AG37588 CS EC. AG37588 CS EC is corrosive to many seal materials. Leather seals are best. EPDM or silicone rubber seals can be used but must be replaced once a year. DO NOT use Viton, Buna-N, Neoprene, or PVC seals.

Specific Equipment Requirements

- The system must contain a functional check-valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check-valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

- Systems must use a metering pump, including a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Center Pivot Irrigation Equipment

- Use only with drive systems which provide uniform water distribution.
- DO NOT use end guns when applying AG37588 CS EC through center pivot systems because of non-uniform application.
- Determine the size of the area to be treated.
- Determine the time required to apply 1/8-1/2 inch of water over the area to be treated when the system and injection equipment are operated at normal pressures as directed by the equipment manufacturer. When applying AG37588 CS EC through irrigation equipment, use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution. Run the system at 80-95% of the manufacturer's rated capacity.
- Using only water, determine the injection pump output when operated at normal line pressure.
- Determine the amount of AG37588 CS EC required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add the required amount of AG37588 CS EC and sufficient water to meet the injection time requirements of the solution tank.
- Make sure the system is fully charged with water before starting injection of the AG37588 CS EC solution. Time the injection to last at least as long as it takes to bring the system to full pressure.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the AG37588 CS EC solution has cleared the sprinkler head.

Solid Set, Hand Move, and Moving Wheel Irrigation Equipment

- Determine the acreage covered by the sprinkler.
- Fill the injector solution tank with water and adjust flow rate to use the contents over a 20- to 30-minute interval. When applying AG37588 CS EC through irrigation equipment, use the lowest obtainable water volume while maintaining uniform distribution.
- Determine the amount of AG37588 CS EC required to treat the area covered by the irrigation system.
- Add required amount of AG37588 CS EC into the same quantity of water used to calibrate the injection period.
- Maintain constant solution tank agitation during the injection period.
- Operate the system at normal pressures specified by the manufacturer of the injection equipment and used for the time interval established during the calibration.
- Inject AG37588 CS EC at the end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application to maximize foliar fungicide retention.
- Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed. Continue to operate the system until the AG37588 CS EC solution has cleared the last sprinkler head.

CROP SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

ALMONDS

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT PER ACRE (lb. ai/A)	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Brown Rot Blossom Blight (Monilinia laxa, M. fructicola)	4-8 fl. oz. (0.11-0.22 lb. ai)	Apply AG37588 CS EC in at least 15 gallons of spray per acre at 5- 10% bloom and 50-100% bloom. Under severe disease conditions, use the highest rate.
Anthropaga	0.41 0.7	Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
Anthracnose (Colletotrichum acutatum)	8 fl. oz. (0.22 lb. ai)	Apply AG37588 CS EC at bud break on a 7-14 day interval.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gal/A). For use on almonds only, **AG37588 CS EC** may be tank mixed with a dodine fungicide (for example, Syllit, EPA Reg. No. 70506-611).

- DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.90 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.90 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.22 lb. ai) per acre per application of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl. oz./A).
- The minimum treatment interval is 7 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 60 days.
- **DO NOT** graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.

AVOCADO

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Laurel Wilt (<i>Raffaela</i> lauricola)	(Ib. ai) 0.25 fl. oz.(0.007 lb.ai) per inch tree diameter (Equivalent to 3.2 grams of propiconazole per inch of tree diameter)	Tree Measurement: Measure the diameter of 5 to 10 representative trees in a commercial orchard with a tree diameter-tape (D-tape) at 1-2 feet above the ground. This is the diameter at a 1-2 feet trunk height (tree diameter = TD). If only a regular tape is available, measure the tree circumference and divide that number by 3.14. Calculate the average TD of the trees in the orchard. If trees are multi-trunked, take the diameters near where the multi- trunks meet. If branching occurs at ground level then measure the diameter of the trunks (treatment rate would be based on the combined trunk diameters).
		Retreatment: When trees are first treated with AG37588 CS EC, note whether Laurel Wilt is present and, if so, the severity of symptoms. It is expected that a single application per year will be sufficient. However, trees can be treated after a minimum retreatment interval of 90 days and a maximum of 126 fl. oz. of AG37588 CS EC /A/year. Retreatment needs to be considered if laurel wilt develops in trees within one year of treatment. Thereafter, preventative retreatment must be conducted annually, even in the absence of the disease.
		Treat the avocado trees in commercial orchards when sap is actively moving up in the trees, not during dormant periods (e.g. cold air and soil temperatures during winter or when the trees are leafless). Preventative applications are more effective than therapeutic treatments. Trees that are severely affected by laurel wilt may not respond well to treatment. Make sure that the water used does not contain any other chemicals and the fungicide mixing container is clean.
		Calculate the total fl oz of AG37588 CS EC per acre: 0.25 fluid ounce / 1 inch TD x (average TD of trees) x number of trees/acre = total fluid ounces of AG37588 CS EC /A.

- Use is limited to [California,] Florida and Puerto Rico only.
- DO NOT apply more than 252 fl. oz. (7.09 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 7.09 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 126 fl. oz. (3.54 lb. ai) per acre per application of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** exceed 2 applications per year.
- The minimum treatment interval is 90 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 7 days.

AG37588 CS EC may be applied by either tree injection or tree infusion. It is important for **AG37588 CS EC** to get into the xylem of the tree to be efficacious. See directions for each method that follows.

Avocado Tree Injection or Tree Infusion Application Method:

Use the rates in **Table 1**. Use the injection method to inject the product into the tree trunk or the infusion method to infuse the product into the flair roots or trunk base. Drill holes according to the method below 3-6 inches apart completely around the tree. Use up to the volume specified in **Table 1**. It is advised to have an arborist trained in injection/infusion to treat the trees or provide training.

Correct Location for Injector or Infusion Placement:

The flare root area is the transitional zone between the trunk and the root system. Uptake and distribution of **AG37588 CS EC** is more effective when infusions are made into the flare roots. In addition, wounds created in the flare root area close more rapidly in comparison to wounds above the flare root area. Applications made via injections must be made to the trunk and/or major limbs.

Tree Preparation:

- 1. Depending on the application type (injection or infusion) prepare the area to be treated. Infusion applications must be made to the flair roots. Injection applications must be made to the trunk.
- 2. Heavy, thick or loose outer bark may be carefully shaved to form a smoother injection point and to ensure the operator that the drill hole penetrates through the bark to the xylem.
- 3. For infusions, if the flare roots are not clearly exposed, carefully remove 2 to 4 inches of soil from the base of the tree to uncover the top of the flare roots. Brush away loose soil.
- 4. Drill holes through the bark, into sapwood using a clean sharp drill bit. Drill hole diameter needs to be adequate to allow insertion of injection tees and formation of air tight contact between active xylem and the delivery point of the injection tees. A drill hole diameter of 7/32-5/16 inch is appropriate. Follow manufacturer's instructions for the particular injection device used in the treatment. Drill hole depth must be adequate to deliver the product into active xylem tissue. A ¾ inch depth is appropriate, but trees with thick bark may require increased drill hole depth to reach the active xylem layer. Space injectors 3-6 inches apart around the base of the tree. There must be several injection/infusion points around each tree. New infusion sites need to be used for each application. DO NOT drill in the valleys between the flare roots or into cankered areas. Drill above these areas into the trunk, then continue again into sound sapwood on the flares.
- 5. Disinfect the drill bit between trees with household bleach (20% solution), ethanol, or other disinfectant. Rinse bit with clean water after disinfecting.
- 6. Insert into the drilled holes the injection ports ("tees"). For infusions, connect plastic tubing to "tees". The tubing must have inlet and outlet valves.
- 7. Mix the specified amount of **AG37588 CS EC** and water thoroughly in the tank before beginning the infusion treatment. For the injection treatment, use a syringe to inject the specified amount of **AG37588 CS EC** and water into the injection port.

Table 1. Amount of AG37588 CS EC to use according to tree size

Dilute 0.25 fl oz of **AG37588 CS EC** in up to 1 liter of water per inch TD

TD Inches	Amount	AG37588 CS EC	Water V	olume for Injection
	ml	fl. oz.	liters	gallons
1	7	0.25	1	0.25
3	20	0.75	3	0.8
5	35	1.25	5	1.3
10	70	2.5	10	2.6
15	100	3.75	15	4.0
20	145	5	20	5.25

Infusion:

For pressurized infusions, with the outlet valve open, connect the tank to the inlet valve and begin pumping solution until all air bubbles come out of the outlet valve. Direct the solution into a container and return the solution to the tank. Shut off the outlet valve. Pressurize tank to 20-30 psi. Check for leaks and gently tap in tees if necessary. Maintain continuous pressure on the injection system until the full amount of solution is in the tree.

Passive infusions, using gravity flow are also acceptable.

Injection:

For injections, use a veterinary syringe to inject the specified amount of **AG37588 CS EC** and water into each injection port in the trunk of the tree and/or major limbs.

After infusion or injection is complete, remove tees and leave drill holes unplugged. A water flush to cleanse the hole will assist with wound closure. For infusion applications, soil needs to be replaced around the tree. It is not necessary to treat the drill holes with wound paint or other sealing compounds. New injection sites must be used for each application.

Contact your local extension agent for more details on tree injection and infusion. The injection and infusion systems described is meant as an example; please refer to manufacturer's instructions when using other types of tree injection and infusion systems.

BANANAS and PLANTAINS

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	(lb. ai/A)	
Black Sigatoka	3 fl. oz.	Make applications before disease symptoms appear at the
(Mycosphaerella fijiensis)	(0.08 lb. ai)	onset of the rainy season. Apply specified rate of AG37588 CS
		EC in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Make no more than
		2 consecutive applications on a 21 to 25 day schedule before
		rotating to another labeled product with a different mode of
		action for at least 2 sprays. A maximum of 8 applications can be
		made. Have at least 2 consecutive months "triazole free"
		during the period of lower disease pressure.
		Mixing Procedures:
		Oil-in-Water Emulsion: Add the crop oil to the spray tank. Add
		the emulsifier (0.6 fl. oz. per gal. of oil) and AG37588 CS EC to
		the spray tank and mix thoroughly for 5 minutes. Add water to the
		spray tank and mix thoroughly for 15 minutes.
		Oil Alone: Add crop oil to the spray tank. Add the AG37588
		CS EC to the spray tank and mix thoroughly for 5 minutes.
		Maintain agitation.

- DO NOT apply more than 24 fl. oz. (0.67 lb. ai) per acre per year (this includes any preharvest sprays) of AG37588 CS
 E.C.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.67 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 3 fl. oz. (0.08 lb. ai) per acre per application of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** exceed 8 applications per year.
- DO NOT apply AG37588 CS EC within 100 yards of non-bagged bananas.
- DO NOT apply AG37588 CS EC on bananas unless they are protected by polyethylene bags.
- DO NOT apply AG37588 CS EC on plantains if the fruit present are not protected by polyethylene bags.
- **DO NOT** feed whole bananas and plantains to animals.
- The minimum treatment interval is 21 days.

BERRIES

Bushberries Subgroup 13-07B[*]: blueberry (highbush & lowbush), cranberry (highbush), currant (black & red), elderberry, gooseberry, lingonberry, native currant, aronia berry, buffalo currant, Chilean guava, European barberry, edible honeysuckle, huckleberry, jostaberry, juneberry (Saskatoon berry), salal, sea buckthorn, cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these Caneberries Subgroup 13-07A[*]: blackberry, loganberry, red and black raspberry, wild raspberry, bingleberry, boysenberry, lowberry, marionberry, Olallieberry, youngberry, cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

Low Growing Berries (see Strawberry section)

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	(lb. ai/A)	
Mummyberry Disease	6 fl. oz.	Make first application of AG37588 CS EC beginning at green
(Monilinia vaccinicorymbosi)	(0.17 lb. ai)	tip and repeat in 7 to 10 days. If conditions are favorable for
		disease development, additional applications may need to be
		made at pink bud and repeated every 7 to 10 days through
		petal fall.
Leaf Spot and Stem Canker	6 fl. oz.	Apply when conditions favor disease development. Repeat
(Septoria albopucatate)	(0.17 lb. ai)	applications on a 4 week spray interval.
Rust		
(Pucciniastrum vaccinii)		
Leaf and Cane Spot	6 fl. oz.	Apply as a delayed dormant spray after training in the
(Septoria rubi)	(0.17 lb. ai)	spring. Repeat this application in the late spring, again at
		bud break, and again once flowering has begun.
Powdery Mildew	6 fl. oz.	Apply AG37588 CS EC at 5-10% bloom. Repeat this
(Microsphaera vaccinii)	(0.17 lb. ai)	application at full bloom and on a 14 day interval while
		conditions are favorable for disease development.
Leaf Spot	6 fl. oz.	Make first application any time prior to bloom and again
(Septoria spp.)	(0.17 lb. ai)	after petal fall. If needed, repeat application just after
		harvest.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. AG37588 CS EC may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 15 gal/A) or aerial application (a minimum of 5 gal/A).

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply for more than 30 fl. oz. (0.84 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.84 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT apply for** more than 6 fl. oz. (0.17 lb. ai) per acre per application of **AG37588 CS EC.**
- **DO NOT** exceed 5 applications per year.
- The minimum treatment interval is 7 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 30 days.

[* Not for use in California.]

BULB VEGETABLES:

BULB ONIONS Subgroup 3-07A: Garlic Bulb, Onions Bulb, Shallot Bulb, Daylily, Fritillaria, Great-headed Garlic, Serpent Garlic, Lily, Chinese Onion, Pearl Onion, Potato Onion, Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

GREEN ONIONS Subgroup 3-07B: Leek, Fresh Onion, Green Onion, Fresh Shallot Leaves, Fresh Chinese Chive Leaves, Hosta Elegans, Fritillaria Leaves, Kurrat, Lady's Leek, Wild Leek, Beltsville Bunching Onion,

Macrostem Onion, Tree Tops Onion, Welsh Onion Tops, Cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	(lb. ai/A)	
Purple Blotch (Alternaria porri)	AG37588 CS EC solo 4-8 (0.11-0.22 lb. ai)	Begin applications when conditions favor disease development and continue on a 7-10 day interval. Use the higher rate and shorter interval when disease

Suppression of Botrytis Leaf Blight		conditions are severe.
(Botrytis squamosa)	AG37588 CS EC plus tank mix partner 2-4 (0.06-0.11 lb. ai)	Apply 2-4 fl. oz. of AG37588 CS EC in combination with another fungicide registered for control of botrytis leaf blight or purple blotch. Begin applications when conditions favor disease development and continue on 7-day interval or according to the tank mix partner label. Use the higher rate when disease conditions are severe. To achieve disease control, use a wetting agent or spreader-sticker.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. AG37588 CS EC may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 15 gal/A) or aerial application (a minimum of 5 gal/A).

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply for more than 16 fl. oz./A/year of AG37588 CS EC.
- DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz./A/application of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply **for** more than 0.45 lb.ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.
- **DO NOT** exceed 2 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (2 fl. oz./A). When applying 4 fl. oz./A, **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI) for bulb onion types: 14 days; for green onion types: 0-day PHI.

LEAF PETIOLE VEGETABLE Subgroup 22B:

Cardoon, Celery, Celery Chinese, Fuki, Rhubarb, Udo, Zuki, and Cultivars, varieties, and hybrids of these commodities.

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TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	(lb. ai/A)	
Early Blight	4 fl. oz.	Apply AC27599 CS EC on a 7 day sahadula aithan by
(Cercospora apii)	(0.11 lb. ai)	Apply AG37588 CS EC on a 7 day schedule, either by
Late Blight		ground or aerial application. If desired, AG37588 CS EC
(Septoria apicola)		may be mixed with appropriate spreader-sticker.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 10 gal/A) or aerial application (a minimum of 5 gal/A).

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz./A/year of AG37588 CS EC.
- DO NOT apply more than 4 fl. oz./A/application of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb.ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.
- **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI) for leaf petiole vegetables: 14-days.

CEREALS

Wheat

(also see next section for Barley, Rye, Triticale, Oats)

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	(lb. ai/A)	
Early Season Suppression of:	2-4 fl. oz.	Apply AG37588 CS EC in the spring. Make a second
Glume blotch	(0.06-0.11 lb. ai)	application up to Feekes growth stage 10.5.4 for season
(Stagonospora nordorum)		long control. Applications may be made no closer than a 14
Leaf Blight		day interval.
(Septoria tritici)		
Powdery Mildew		
(Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.)		
Tan Spot		
(Pyrenophora tritici-repentis)		

Control of leaf diseases:	4 fl. oz.	Protecting the flag leaf is important for maximizing the
Glume blotch	(0.11 lb. ai)	potential yield. When AG37588 CS EC is applied at
(Stagonospora nordorum)		50% to fully emerged plants, the highest yields are
Helminthosporium leaf blight		normally obtained. Applications may be made no closer
(Drechslera tritici-repentis)		than at 14 day intervals. The use of an oil based adjuvant
Leaf Blight		may improve spray coverage and canopy penetration.
(Septoria tritici)		
Net blotch		AG37588 CS EC can be applied at full head emergence
(Pyrenophora teres)		(Feekes growth stage 10.5.4). DO NOT apply after this
Powdery mildew		stage to avoid possible illegal residues.
(Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.)		
Rusts		
(Puccinia spp.)		
Spot blotch		
(Bipolaris sorokiniana)		
Tan Spot		
(Pyrenophora tritici-repentis)		
Foot rot	4 fl. oz.	Apply AG37588 CS EC plus half rates of other EPA-
(Pseudocercosporella spp.)	(0.11 lb. ai)	registered fungicides including thiophanate-methyl.
		Apply at tillering but before elongation has occurred.
Fusarium head blight Suppression	4 fl. oz.	Apply AG37588 CS EC at approximately 50% flowering.
	(0.11 lb. ai)	Addition of a penetrating type of adjuvant may increase
		Fusarium head blight suppression.

Application Instruction: **AG37588 CS EC** is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.22 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- DO NOT apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC if forage or hay will be harvested.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.22 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai) per acre per application of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** exceed 2 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl. oz./A) or 4 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (2 fl. oz./A).
- The minimum treatment interval is 14 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 7 days for forage or hay
- **DO NOT** apply after Feekes growth stage 10.5.4.

CEREALS

Barley, Rye, Triticale, Oats

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	(lb. ai/A)	
Early Season Suppression of:	2-4 fl. oz.	Apply AG37588 CS EC in the spring. Make a second
Glume blotch	(0.06-0.11 lb. ai)	application up to Feekes growth stage 10.5.4 for season
(Stagonospora nordorum)		long control. Applications may be made no closer than a 14-
Leaf Blight		day interval.
(Septoria tritici)		
Powdery Mildew		
(Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.)		
Tan spot		
(Pyrenophora tritici-repentis)		
Control of leaf diseases:	4 fl. oz.	Protecting the flag leaf is important for maximizing the

Barley scald	(0.11 lb. ai)	potential yield. When AG37588 CS EC is applied at
(Rhynchosporium Secalis)		50% to fully emerged plants, the highest yields are
Barley stripe		normally obtained. Applications may be made no closer
(Pyrenophora graminea)		than at 14 day intervals. The use of an oil based adjuvant
Glume blotch		may improve spray coverage and canopy penetration.
(Stagonospora nordorum)		
Helminthosporium leaf blight		
(Drechslera tritici-repentis)		
Leaf blight		
(Septoria tritici)		
Net blotch		
(Pyrenophora teres)		
Powdery mildew		
(Blumeria spp., Erysiphe spp.)		
Rusts		
(Puccinia spp.)		
Spot blotch		
(Bipolaris sorokiniana)		
Tan spot		
(Pyrenophora tritici-repentis)		
Footrot	4 fl. oz.	Apply AG37588 CS EC plus half rates of other EPA-
(Pseudocercosporella spp.)	(0.11 lb. ai)	registered fungicides including thiophanate-methyl.
		Apply at tillering but before elongation has occurred.
Fusarium head blight Suppression	4 fl. oz.	Apply AG37588 CS EC at approximately 50% flowering.
	(0.11 lb. ai)	Addition of a penetrating type of adjuvant may increase
A 11 di A 625500 6		Fusarium head blight suppression.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. AG37588 CS EC may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.22 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- DO NOT apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC if forage or hay will be harvested.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.22 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai) per acre per application of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** exceed 2 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl. oz./A) or 4 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (2 fl. oz./A).
- The minimum treatment interval is 14 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 7 days for forage or hay
- **DO NOT** apply after Feekes 10.5.4.

Citrus (Non-Bearing)

Calamondin, citron, citrus hybrids, grapefruit, kumquat, lemon, lime, Mandarin orange (sour and sweet), pummelo, satsuma (mandarin), tangerine, including all cultivars and/or hybrids of these.

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TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	(lb. ai/A)	
Greasy spot	6-8 fl. oz.	Begin applications in June. Apply at 30 day intervals
(Mycosphaerella citri)	(0.17-0.22 lb. ai)	through August.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gal/A).

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply more than 24 fl. oz. (0.67 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.67 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 4 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (6 fl. oz./A).
- **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.22 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- The minimum treatment interval is 30 days.
- **DO NOT** apply to citrus that will bear harvestable fruit within 12 months.

CORN

Field, Seed, Popcorn, Sweet Corn

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	(lb. ai/A)	
Northern corn leaf blight (Setosphaeria turcica) Northern corn leaf spot (Cochiliobolus carbonum) Southern corn leaf blight (Cochiliobolus heterostrophus) also known as Helminthosporium leaf	2-4 fl. oz. (0.06-0.11 lb. ai)	Apply AG37588 CS EC for leaf blights when disease first appears and continue on a 7- to 14-day schedule. Use the low rate when disease pressure is low. Under heavy disease pressure or when conditions favor disease, apply the higher rate.
blights (H. maydis, H. turcicum, and H. carbonum)		
Rusts (Puccinia spp.) Gray leaf spot (Cercospora zeae-maydis) Eye spot (Aureobasidium zeae)	4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai)	Apply AG37588 CS EC when disease first appears and continue on a 7- to 14-day schedule when conditions favoring disease persist. For best disease control, early applications at initial disease onset perform better.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.

Use Restrictions

Field Corn, Field Corn Grown for Seed, and Popcorn

- DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.45 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC. DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.22 lb. ai) of AG37588 CS EC on corn harvested for forage.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl. oz./A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (2 fl. oz./A).
- The minimum treatment interval is 7 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 30 days for forage, grain, and stover.

Sweet Corn:

• Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 14 days ears and forage.

CRANBERRIES (OR, WA, WI only)[*]

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT (lb. ai/A)	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Cottonball (Monilinia oxycocci)	4-6 fl. oz. (0.11-0.17 lb. ai)	Make the first application at leaf bud break. Make the second application 14 days later. Make the third application at early bloom and repeat again in 14 days. Under severe pressure, use the higher rate for control.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. AG37588 CS EC may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a minimum of 20 gal/A).

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply more than 24 fl. oz. (0.67 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.67 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 6 fl. oz. (0.17 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (6 fl. oz./A) or 6 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl. oz./A).
- The minimum treatment interval is 14 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 45 days.
- **DO NOT** use cranberry fields used for aquaculture of fish and crustaceans.
- **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas to non-target aquatic habitat. Applicators must use care in making applications near non-target aquatic habitats.
- DO NOT apply to flooded crop.
- **DO NOT** allow release of irrigation or flood water to non-target aquatic habitat for at least 14 days after the last application.
- For use only in Oregon, Washington, and Wisconsin

[* Not for use in California]

FILBERTS (Hazelnuts)

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	(lb. ai/A)	
Eastern Filbert Blight (Anisogramma anomala)	5-8 fl. oz. (0.14-0.22 lb. ai)	Begin applications when green leaf tissue becomes visible and continue at 14- to 21-day intervals. Under severe disease conditions, use the higher rate and shorter interval.
		Note: On certain varieties, AG37588 CS EC applications may cause smaller and/or greener leaves. Yields of filberts displaying these characteristics have not been reduced due to AG37588 CS EC treatments.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gal/A).

- DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.90 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.90 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.22 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 6 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (5 fl. oz./A).
- The minimum treatment interval is 14 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 60 days.
- **DO NOT** graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crop for feed.

GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED (Cool season grasses only)

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	(lb. ai/A)	
Rusts (Puccinia spp.)	4-8 fl. oz.	Apply AG37588 CS EC when powdery mildew and
Powdery mildrew	(0.11-0.22 lb. ai)	Selenophoma infections and/or rust pustules are noticeable
(Eryiphe graminis)		and increasing in number in late spring or early summer.
Ergot Stem Diseases		Repeat at 14 to 21 day intervals. To maximize control under
		severe rust pressure, use the higher rate of 8 fl. oz. per acre
		and make applications at 14 day intervals until the seed is
		mature. Make the last application at least 20 days before
		seed matures. For bluegrass, it is important to begin
		applications early in the growing season.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** may be applied by ground, air (a minimum of 10 gal/A), or chemigation.

Use Restrictions

- **DO NOT** apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.90 lb. ai) per acre per year of **AG37588 CS EC**.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.90 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.22 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl. oz./A).
- The minimum treatment interval is 14 days.
- **DO NOT** feed hay cut within 20 days of the last application.
- **DO NOT** graze treated areas within 140 days of last application.
- **DO NOT** make more than 4 applications.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI) of seed: 20 days.
- DO NOT apply to Bermudagrass grown for seed.

MINT (Peppermint, Spearmint)

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	(lb. ai/A)	
Rusts (Puccinia menthae)	4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai)	Begin applications when plants are 2 to 4 inches high or when conditions become favorable for disease development.
		Continue on a 14-day interval as conditions warrant.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** may be applied by ground in a minimum of 20 gal/A or by aerial in a minimum of 2 gal/A.

Use Restrictions

- **DO NOT** apply more than 12 fl. oz. (0.34 lb. ai) per acre per year of **AG37588 CS EC**.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.34 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3 applications per year at 4 fl. oz./A.
- The minimum treatment interval is 14 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 7 days.

PEANUTS

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	PER ACRE (lb. ai/A)	
Early leaf spot	2.5 - 4 fl. oz.	Apply AG37588 CS EC beginning 35 to 40 days after
(Cercospora arachidicola)	(0.07-0.11 lb. ai)	planting or at the first appearance of disease, continue
,		applications on a 10 to 14 day schedule. Under heavy disease

Late leaf spot (Cercosporidium personatum) Rust (Puccinia arachidis) Web Blotch (Phoma arachidicola)	4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai)	pressure, use higher specified application rates. AG37588 CS EC also may be used in State Agricultural Extension advisory (disease forecasting) programs which specify application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease development. AG37588 CS EC may be applied by ground, air or chemigation.
Southern Stem Rot (Sclerotium rolfsii)	4-8 fl. oz. (0.11-0.22 lb. ai)	Apply AG37588 CS EC according to one of the following schedules: A. Apply 4 fl. oz. of AG37588 CS EC per acre to the crown and pegging zones of the plant using chemigation or directed ground application. Begin applications 45 days after planting or at the first appearance of disease, and repeat on a 14-day schedule. B. Apply 8 fl. oz. of AG37588 CS EC per acre to the crown and pegging zones of the plant using chemigation or directed ground application. Make 2 applications, the first at pegging (approximately 60 days after planting) or at the first appearance of disease, and the second application 3 to 4 weeks later. Irrigation: When applying AG37588 CS EC in irrigation water for Southern Stem Rot Control, use a minimum of 0.25 to 0.5 inches of irrigation water per acre. Use enough water so that the fungicide penetrates the peanut canopy and reaches the crown of the plant where Southern Stem Rot is most active. When using AG37588 CS EC via irrigation or directed ground application, use additional methods for leaf spot control.

- DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.45 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.22 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 2 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 6 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (2.5 fl. oz./A). **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at 4 fl. oz./A.
- The minimum treatment interval is 10 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 14 days when using no more than 4 fl. oz. per acre: 21 days when using 8 fl. oz. per acre.
- **DO NOT** feed hay from treated fields to livestock if the high rate is used (8.0 fl. oz. per acre).

PECANS

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT PER ACRE (lb. ai/A)	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Downy Spot	4-8 fl. oz.	Pecan Scab: Apply 4-8 fl. oz. per acre on a 14 day schedule
(Mycosphaerella caryigena)	(0.11-0.22 lb. ai)	during bud break and pre-pollination sprays. Apply 6-8 fl.
Liver Spot		oz. per acre during nut formation and cover sprays. Use
(Gnomonia caryae pv pecanae)		higher rates when disease pressure is heavier.
Pecan Scab		Other listed foliar diseases: Apply 4 fl. oz. per acre with
(Cladosporium caryigenum)		other registered pecan products labeled for those mid to
Powdery Mildew		late season foliar diseases.
(Microsphaera penicillata)		Observe all directions, precautions and limitations for the
Vein Spot		other products.
(Gnomonia nerviseda)		other products.
Zonate Leaf Spot		
(Cristulariella moricola		

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** may be applied by either ground or by aerial application (a minimum amount of 20 gal/A).

Propiconazole may have effects on federally listed threatened and endangered species or critical habitat in some counties. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the County Bulletin for the county in which you are making the pesticide application. To determine whether your county has a bulletin, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/bulletins.htm. Bulletins may also be available from local pesticide dealers, extension offices, or state pesticide agencies.

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.90 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.90 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.22 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl. oz./A).
- The minimum treatment interval is 14 days.
- **DO NOT** apply after shuck split or within 45 days of harvest, whichever comes first.
- **DO NOT** graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.

PINEAPPLE (HAWAII ONLY)[*]

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT PER	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	ACRE (lb. ai/A)	
Butt rot	0.75 fl. oz. per 100 gals. of	Treatments may be made in either a cold or hot water
(Ceratocystis paradoxa)	water (1:17,000)	dip.
	(0.02 lb. ai/100 gal of water)	Cold Water Dip: Immerse crowns to give thorough
		wetting, remove, and allow to drain.
		Hot Water Dip: Maintain water temperature at 125°F
		(52°C). Soak crowns for 20 to 30 minutes, remove and
		allow to drain.

- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.1125 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per 500 gals of water per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.1125 lb. ai per 500 gals of water per application.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 1 application per year.
- **DO NOT** use treated crowns for food or feed.
- **DO NOT** graze while plant is growing.
- **DO NOT** graze tops until fruit is harvested.

• Dispose of used dip solution according to local, state and federal regulations. [* Not for use in California]

PISTACHIOS

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT PER ACRE (lb. ai/A)	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Botrysphaeria Panicle and Shoot Blight (Botryosphaeria dothidea)	5-8 fl. oz. (0.14-0.22 lb. ai)	Begin applications when green leaf tissue becomes visible and continue on a 14 to 21 day interval. Under severe disease conditions, use the higher rate and the shorter interval. NOTE: Under certain conditions AG37588 CS EC applications may cause smaller and/or greener leaves. Yields of pistachios displaying these characteristics have not been reduced due to AG37588 CS EC treatments.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gal/A).

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.90 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.90 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.22 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 6 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (5 fl. oz./A).
- The minimum treatment interval is 14 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 60 days
- DO NOT graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.

RICE (including wild rice)[*][**]

RICE (including wild rice)[*][**]		
TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT PER ACRE (lb. ai/A)	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Aggregate sheath spot (Rhizoctonia oryzae-sativa) Black sheath rot (Gaeumannomyces graminis) Brown leaf spot (Helminthosporium oryzae) Kernel smut (Tilletia barclayana) Leaf smut (Entyloma oryzae) Narrow brown leaf spot (Cercospora oryzae) Sheath blight (Rhizoctonia solani) Sheath spot (Rhizoctonia oryzae)	6 to 10 fl. oz. (0.17-0.28 lb. ai)	The timing of AG37588 CS EC application will depend on disease severity, disease complex, and rice variety and growth stage. Consult local extension experts for local economic thresholds established for various rice varieties and diseases. Apply AG37588 CS EC on either of the following schedules as an aerial spray in 5 to 10 gals. of water per acre: A. 6 fl. oz. per acre at first internode elongation (up to 2-inch panicle) and repeat at swollen boot. Make the second application 14 days after the first application but before the boot splits and head emerges. AG37588 CS EC provides best control of sheath blight when the first application is applied at disease appearance in the field. Make the first application when 5% or fewer of the tillers are infected. B. 10 fl. oz. per acre at first internode elongation (up to 2-inch panicle). Use the 10 oz. rate if greater

For disease suppression of: False smut (Ustilaginoidea Virens) Stem Rot (Sclerotium oryzae)		than 10% of the tillers are infected with sheath blight. If disease reappears, use another registered fungicide for the second application. Tank mix option: Apply 6 fl. oz. per acre of AG37588 CS EC in a tank mix with registered fungicides for control of diseases of rice.
WILD RICE (MN Only)	6-8 fl. oz.	Apply 6 fl. oz. per acre of AG37588 CS EC at both
Helminthosporium leaf blight	(0.17-0.22 lb. ai)	booting and heading, or make a single application of 8 fl. oz.
(Helminthosporium spp.)		per acre at booting.
Brown Spot		
(Bipolaris spp.)		Minimum re-application interval is 10 days.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** must be applied by air.

Propiconazole may have effects on federally listed threatened and endangered species or critical habitat in some counties. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the County Bulletin for the county in which you are making the pesticide application. To determine whether your county has a bulletin, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/bulletins.htm. Bulletins may also be available from local pesticide dealers, extension offices, or state pesticide agencies.

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply more than 12 fl. oz. (0.34 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.34 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 10 fl. oz. (0.28 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** apply **for** more than 1 application per year when applying at the highest rate (10 fl. oz./A) or 2 applications when applying at the lowest rate (6 fl. oz./A).
- The minimum treatment interval is 10 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 35 days.
- **DO NOT** apply to stubble or ration crop rice.
- DO NOT use in rice fields where commercial farming of crayfish will be practiced.
- **DO NOT** drain water from treated rice fields into ponds used for commercial fish farming.
- **DO NOT** use water drained from treated fields to irrigate other crops.
- **DO NOT** release flood water within 7 days of an application.

[**Not for use in the following counties in Arkansas: [Cross,] [Lee,] [Mississippi,] [Poinsett,] [and] [St. Francis.]] [*Not for use in California.]

SORGHUM

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT PER ACRE (lb. ai/A)	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Ergot (Claviceps sorghi)	3-4 fl. oz. (0.08-0.11 lb. ai)	Make first application at or just prior to flowering. Repeat on a 5- to 7-day interval. Apply up to four times.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 15 gal/A) or aerial application (a minimum of 10 gal/A).

- DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.45 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- DO NOT apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.22 lb. ai propiconazole) of AG37588 CS EC for sorghum harvested for forage.
- **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year.
- The minimum treatment interval is 5 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 30 days for forage; 21 days for grain and stover.
- **DO NOT** graze livestock or cut for green chop or silage within 30 days of application.

SOYBEANS

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	PER ACRE (lb. ai/A)	
Aerial Web Blight	4-6 fl. oz.	Apply 5-6 fl. oz. per acre at the first appearance of Aerial
(Rhizoctonia solani)	(0.11-0.17 lb. ai)	web blight and repeat the application 14 to 21 days later.
Anthracnose		Under severe disease conditions use the higher rate and
(Colletotrichum truncatum)		shorter interval. For control of other foliar diseases, apply 6
Brown Spot		fl. oz. per acre at growth stage R3 (early pod set when pods
(Septoria glycines)		are 1/8 to 1/4 inch long) and 14 to 21 days later at growth
Frogeye Leaf Spot		stage R5 (pod fill).
(Cercospora sojina)		Apply 4-6 fl. oz. per acre at first indication that soybean rust is in
Soybean Rust		the area. For best control, preventative applications work best.
(Phakopsora pachyrhizi)		Repeat on a 14 to 21 day interval using the higher rate and
		shorter interval when disease is present in field and incidence is
		less than 2% (2 plants in 100 infected).
		If incidence is greater than this or if disease is in mid canopy,
		control will not be acceptable. Scouting for rust and/or being
		aware of the proximity of the disease via monitoring systems
		will aid in the proper timing to maximize the effectiveness of the
		fungicide applications.
		On certain varieties, AG37588 CS EC applications may cause
		crinkled, smaller and/or greener leaves. Yields of dry beans
		displaying these characteristics have not been reduced due to
		AG37588 CS EC treatments.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. AG37588 CS EC may be applied by either ground or aerial application. Addition of an oil-based additive is advised for improved coverage and penetration when applying by air.

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply more than 12 fl. oz. (0.34 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.34 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 6 fl. oz. (0.17 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 2 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (6 fl. oz./A) or 3 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl. oz./A).
- The minimum treatment interval is 14 days.
- Applications may be made up to growth stage R6.

STONE FRUIT CROP GROUP 12-12

Apricots, Japanese apricot, capulin [*], cherries (black [*], Nanking [*], sweet, and tart), Chinese jujube [*], nectarines, peaches, plums, American plum [*], beach plum [*], Canada plum [*], cherry plum [*], Chickasaw plum [*], Damson plum [*], Japanese plum [*], Klamath plum [*], prune plum [*], plumcot, prunes, sloe [*], and cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	PER ACRE (lb. ai/A)	
Brown Rot Blossom Blight	4 fl. oz.	Apply AG37588 CS EC at early bloom stage. If disease
(Monilinia spp.)	(0.11 lb. ai)	pressure is low, a second application may be made as needed
		up through petal fall. Make a second application if disease
		pressure is high or for susceptible varieties at 75-100%
		bloom and make a third application at petal fall.
Fruit Brown Rot	4 fl. oz.	Apply as needed with a maximum of 2 sprays during the
(Monilinia spp.)	(0.11 lb. ai)	preharvest period up to the day of harvest (0 day PHI). If high
		inoculum and severe disease conditions persist, apply another
		registered fungicide after the two AG37588 CS EC

		applications.
Cherry Leaf Spot	4 fl. oz.	Follow the brown rot blossom blight schedule. Make up to 2
(Blumeriella jaapii)	(0.11 lb. ai)	additional applications on a 10 to 14 day interval from the end of
Powdery Mildew		petal fall to harvest.
(Podosphaera spp.)		
Rust		
(Tranzschelia discolor)		

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. Stone fruit diseases are most effectively controlled by ground applications.

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply more than 20 fl. oz. (0.56 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.56 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 5 applications per year.
- AG37588 CS EC may be applied by ground or air application in a minimum of 15 gals. per acre in sufficient volume to provide thorough coverage.
- The minimum treatment interval is 10 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 0 days.

Use Precautions

Applications of AG37588 CS EC during bloom to Stanley plums have occasionally caused fruit to be less oval
in shape and smaller in size at harvest. To avoid this, DO NOT apply AG37588 CS EC to Stanley plums earlier
than 21 days before harvest.

[*Not for use in California]

STRAWBERRIES AND OTHER LOW GROWING BERRY SUBGROUP 13-07G (except cranberry)

Low Growing Subgroup 13-07G: bearberry, bilberry, lowbush blueberry (see specific directions in BERRIES section), cloudberry, lingonberry (see specific directions in BERRIES section), muntries, partridgeberry, strawberry, cultivars, varieties, and other hybrids of these. For cranberry, see specific directions in CRANBERRIES section.

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TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	PER ACRE (lb. ai/A)	
Anthracnose	4 fl. oz.	Begin applications when disease levels are no more
(Collectotrichum acutatum)	(0.11 lb. ai)	than 5%. Apply 4 fl. oz. per acre of AG37588 CS EC
Leaf Spot		up to 4 times on a 7 day interval. Make no more than 2
(Cercospora fragariae)		consecutive applications before rotating to another
Powdery Mildew		registered fungicide with a different mode of action.
(Sphaerotheca macularis)		
Leaf Rust		
(Phraomidium potentillae)		

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** may be applied by either ground (a minimum of 20 gal/A) or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gal/A).

- DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.45 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year.
- The minimum treatment interval is 7 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 0 days.

SUGAR BEETS

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT PER ACRE (lb. ai/A)	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Leaf Spot (Cercospora beticola)	4 fl. oz.	Begin applications at first sign of disease and repeat at 10 to
Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe polygoni)	(0.11 lb. ai)	14 day intervals. Make no more than 2 consecutive applications before rotating to another registered fungicide with a different mode of action.
		If disease levels continue to increase, immediately switch to a fungicide with a different mode of action.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC.is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** may be applied by ground, air, or chemigation.

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply more than 12 fl. oz. (0.34 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.34 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3 applications per year.
- The minimum treatment interval is 10 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 21 days.

SUGARCANE

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	PER ACRE (lb. ai/A)	
Pineapple Disease	0.75 fl. oz. per 100 gals.	Apply AG37588 CS EC to cut seed pieces. Treatments
(Ceratocystis paradoxa)	of water (1:17,000)	may be applied in one of the following methods:
	(0.02 lb. ai/100 gal of water)	Cold Water Dip : Immerse seed pieces to give thorough wetting, remove, and allow to drain.
		Hot Water Dip: Maintain water temperature at 125°F
		(52°C). Soak the seed pieces for 20 to 30 minutes, remove and allow to drain.
		Conveyor Belt Treatment: Treat seed pieces with
		AG37588 CS EC /water solution using in-line directed
		spray sufficient to wet cut ends.
Brown Rust	4-6 fl. oz.	Apply AG37588 CS EC as a foliar application prior to rust
(Puccinia melanocephela)	(0.11-0.17 lb. ai)	development and continue throughout the season every 14-28
Orange Rust		days.
(Puccinia kuehnii)		{Optional language if label has a rate range:} [If disease pressure is high, use the highest rate.]
		{Optional language if label has a single rate and interval range:} [If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval.]
		{Optional language if label has a rate range and interval range:} [If disease pressure is high, use the shortest interval and highest rate.]
		AG37588 CS EC may be applied by ground, air or chemigation.

Use Restrictions

• DO NOT apply more than 24 fl. oz. (0.67 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.

- DO NOT apply for more than 6 fl. oz. (0.17 lb. ai) per acre per application of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.67 lb.ai propiconazole-containing product/A/year.
- **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (6 fl. oz./A) or 6 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl. oz./A).
- The minimum treatment interval is 14 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 30 days.
- **DO NOT** use treated seed pieces for food or feed.
- Dispose of used dip solution according to local, state and federal regulations.

TREE NUTS CROP GROUP 14-12[*]

African nut-tree, almond (see specific directions in ALMONDS Section), beechnut, Brazil nut, Brazilian pine [*], bunya, bur oak [*], butternut, Cajou nut [*], candlenut [*], cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, coconut, coquito nut [*], dika nut [*], ginko [*], Guiana chestnut [*], hazelnut (filbert) (see specific directions in FILBERT section), heartnut [* hickory nut, Japanese horse-chestnut [*], macadamia nut, mongongo nut [*], monkey-pot [*], monkey puzzle nut [*], Okari nut [*], Pachira nut [*], peach palm nut [*], pecan (see specific directions in PECANS section), pequi [*], pili nut [*], pine nut [*], pistachios (see specific directions in PISTACHIO section), Sapucaia nut [*], tropical almond [*], walnut (black and English), yellowhorn [*], cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT PER ACRE (lb. ai/A)	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Foliar Disease	4.8 fl. oz. (0.11-0.22 lb. ai)	Apply AG37588 CS EC at first sign of disease. Repeat on a 7 to 14 day interval.

Application Instruction: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. **AG37588 CS EC** may be applied by either ground or aerial application (a minimum of 15 gal/A). For best control of tree nut diseases, ground applications are advised.

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply more than 32 fl. oz. (0.90 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.90 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 8 fl. oz. (0.22 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (8 fl. oz./A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (4 fl. oz./A).
- The minimum treatment interval is 7 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 60 days, with the exception of pecans (see specific directions in PECAN section of this label).
- **DO NOT** graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated cover crop for feed.

[*Not for use in California.]

Carrots

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	PER ACRE (lb. ai/A)	
Leaf Blights	4 fl. oz.	Apply 4 oz. of AG37588 CS EC when conditions favor disease
(Cercospora carotae)	(0.11 lb. ai)	development. Continue applications on a 7- to 10-day interval using
(suppression of Alternaria dauci)		the shorter interval when disease conditions are severe. If desired,
	2 fl. oz.	a spreader-sticker may be used.
Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe polygoni)	(0.06 lb. ai) plus chlorothalonil	Apply 2 oz. of AG37588 CS EC with 0.75 lb. ai of Chlorothalonil per acre. Begin applications when conditions favor disease development. Continue applications on a 7- to 10-day interval.
		If disease levels continue to increase, immediately switch to a fungicide with a different mode of action.

Application: AG37588 CS EC is most effective when applied and allowed to dry before a rainfall. For best results, use sufficient water volume to provide thorough coverage. AG37588 CS EC may be applied by ground (a minimum of 15 gal/A), aerial application (a minimum of 5 gal/A), or chemigation.

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.45 lb. ai) per acre per year of AG37588 CS EC.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 0.45 lb. ai propiconazole containing product per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai) per acre per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 4 applications per year when applying at the highest rate (4 fl. oz./A) or 8 applications per year when applying at the lowest rate (2 fl. oz./A).
- The minimum treatment interval is 7 days.
- Days between last application and harvest (PHI): 14 days.

POST HARVEST USE

PINEAPPLE[*]

TARGET DISEASES	RATE OF PRODUCT	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
	PER ACRE (lb. ai/A)	
Ceratocystis Butt rot	3-4 fl. oz./100 gal.	Apply 3 to 4 fl. oz. in 100 gal. of water or wax water emulsion
(C. paradoxa)	(0.08-0.11 lb. ai/100 gal.)	after harvest. Fruit needs to be dipped or sprayed for thorough
		coverage and allowed to drain. Limit dipping time to no more than
		3 minutes. Dip solution must be replaced with fresh dip solution
		after 200,000 lbs. of fruit have been treated.
		Fruit discarded from fresh fruit packing operations may be used for
		processing. Cannery wastes may be fed.

Use Restrictions

- DO NOT apply for more than 4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai)/100 gal. of AG37588 CS EC as a post-harvest treatment.
- **DO NOT** apply for more than 4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai) per application.
- DO NOT apply more than 4 fl. oz. (0.11 lb. ai) per year of AG37588 CS EC.

[*Not for use in California.]

FL. OZ. PER ACRE OF AG37588 CS EC	LB. A.I. PER ACRE OF AG37588 CS EC	ACRES TREATED PER 1 GALLON OF AG37588 CS EC
2	0.056	64.0
4	0.1125	32.0
6	0.169	21.3
8	0.225	16.0
10	0.28	12.8
12	0.34	10.7
16	0.45	8.0
20	0.56	6.4
24	0.67	5.3
30	0.84	4.3
32	0.90	4.0

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a tightly closed container in a cool, dry place. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used must be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be

disposed of by the use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

[For plastic containers ≤ 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container: DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.]

[For plastic containers > 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple Rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ½ full with water. Recap and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.]

Batch Code. No.

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER AND NOTICE IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranty and Limitations Liability before using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the unopen product at once.

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[Option marketing and non-FIFRA label statements]
[All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.]
[Active ingredient made [in] [Country], [formulated] [in Country] [and] [package] [in Country].]
[Shake Well Before Using]
[*Not for Use in [State]]
[Peel Down for Directions]