

#### U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505P)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

<sup>()5P)</sup> 2749-614

Date of Issuance:

6/1/22

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration
Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

EPA Reg. Number:

Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide

Aceto Life Sciences, LLC 4 Tri Harbor Court Port Washington, NY 11050

**Note:** Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

- 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/registration/registration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
- 2. The data requirements for storage stability and corrosion characteristics (Guidelines 830.6317 and 830.6320) are not satisfied. A one-year study is required to satisfy these data requirements. You have 18 months from the date of registration to provide these data.

Signature of Approving Official:	Date:
Heather & Mc Farley	
Heather McFarley	6/1/22
Product Manager 24	0/1/22
Fungicide and Herbicide Branch, Registration Division (7505P)	

EPA Form 8570-6

- 3. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
  - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 2749-614."
- 4. Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 5-01-2021
- Alternate#1 dated 5-01-2021

If you have any questions, please contact Sayed Islam by phone at 202-566-2796, or via email at islam.sayed@epa.gov

Enclosure:

Stamped label

# 06/01/2022

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 2749-614

# [Agricultural Use sublabel]

FLUAZIFOP-P-BUTYL GROUP 1A HERBICIDE

# AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide

A Post-Emergence Herbicide for Control of Annual and Perennial Grass Weeds

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:** WT. BY % Fluazifop-P-butyl: Butyl (R)-2-[4-[[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl]oxy]phenoxy]propanoate\* .......24.5% **TOTAL:** 

100.0%

# **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID	
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
IF INHALED:	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
IF IN EYES:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contactlenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul> <li>Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>DO NOT give any liquid to the person.</li> <li>DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>	
HOTLINE NUMBER		

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. FOR MEDICAL EMERGENCIES INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, CALL CHEMTREC® TOLL FREE 1-800-424-9300 or 1-703-527-3887 (24 Hours per Day, 7 Days per Week). For information on this pesticide product (including general health concerns or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378, Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 12:00 PM PST or at http://npic.orst.edu.

Note to Physician: Contains petroleum distillates - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

[Optional referral statements when booklets and container labels are used:] [See label booklet for [additional] [complete] [First Aid,] [Precautionary Statements,] [Directions For Use,] and [Storage and Disposal.]

FOR CHEMICAL SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE OR MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL CHEMTREC® TOLL FREE 1-800-424-9300 or 1-703-527-3887 (24 Hours per Day, 7 Days per Week).

EPA Reg. No. 2749-XXXX **EPA Est. No. XXXXX-XX-XXX** Net Contents: [Gals./L.]

<sup>\*</sup>This product contains 2.0 pounds (+) isomer (fluazifop-P-butyl) per gallon.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Contains petroleum distillates.

Manufactured for: Aceto Life Sciences, LLC 4 Tri Harbor Court Port Washington, NY 11050

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

#### **CAUTION**

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist or vapor. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

#### Applicators and handlers (other than mixers and loaders) must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

#### Mixers and loaders must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing or loading

For mixing and loading for applying by aircraft, coverall must be worn over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, chemical-resistant foot wear, and waterproof or chemical-resistant glove made of barrier laminate or Viton ≥14 mils.

In addition, mixers/loaders supporting aerial applications to crops over 720 acres per day and applicators using a mechanically- pressurized handgun to make a spot treatment on blueberry, lowbush; lingonberry; currant, native; Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B; and Caneberry Subgroup 13-07A must wear a minimum of a NIOSH approved filtering face piece respirator with any N filter (TC-84A). You can also use other NIOSH approved particulate respirators that offer more protection.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

# Users should:

- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

**DO NOT** apply to areas where runoff into water bodies is expected. This product is toxic to grasses and other monocot plants. Minimize exposure to non-target plants and **DO NOT** apply when weather 002749-00ARU.20220601A.AG36448 R334 2 EC Proposed Label Page 2 of 59

conditions favor drift from target areas.

For terrestrial uses: **DO NOT** apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. To protect the environment, **DO NOT** allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

#### **GROUNDWATER ADVISORY**

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are pe1meable, pa1ticulady where the water table is shallow.

#### SURFACE WATER ADVISORY

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rainwater. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow groundwater. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features including ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of fluazifop-p-butyl from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of fluazifop-p-butyl from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

**NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY**: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

#### PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. **DO NOT** use or store near heat or open flame. **DO NOT** mix or allow to come into contact with any oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

**DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

**DO NOT** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate or Viton ≥14 mils
- · Shoes plus socks

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

**DO NOT** treat areas while unprotected humans or domestic animals are present in the treatment areas. **DO NOT** allow entry into treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Warnings must include the following information:

CAUTION: Area treated with this product on (date of application). **DO NOT** enter without appropriate protective clothing until sprays have dried. In case of accidental exposure to pesticide spray, wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If in eyes, flush with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

Sale, use and distribution of this product in Nassau and Suffolk Counties in New York is prohibited.

#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

This product is an herbicide for post-emergence use on labeled crops, fallow land, listed non-crop areas, and labeled non-bearing crops that provides control of annual and perennial grass weeds. This product provides effective control of grass weeds in conventional tillage, minimum tillage, and no-till plantings. This product will not control broadleaf weeds or sedges. The product is a systemic herbicide which travels from the treated foliage down into the shoots, roots, rhizomes, stolons, and growing points of treated weeds. This product is rainfast 1 hour following application.

For optimum performance, thorough coverage of all weed plant foliage is important, as well as, treating young, actively-growing weeds that are free from stress induced by the following: moisture, temperature, low soil fertility, mechanical means, or chemical injury. Evidence of control is shown when treated grass weeds stop growing soon after application, there is loss of vigor, yellowing and/or reddening, and eventual death of treated grasses. These typical signs are usually seen within 7 days following treatment, but timing may vary based on grass weed species and environmental conditions.

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS:**

- **DO NOT** cultivate treated grasses 7 days before or 7 days following application of this product as this may lead to reduced weed control. Cultivation 14 to 21 days following application of this product may help with weed control.
- **DO NOT** plant rotational grass crops including corn, sorghum, and cereals within 60 days of last application of this product or crop injury may result.
- Avoid drift to all other crops and non-target areas. Grass crops are highly sensitive to this
  product.
- **DO NOT** make application to grasses that are under stress caused by moisture, temperature, low soil fertility, mechanical or chemical injury.
- **DO NOT** make application to grasses that have tillered, formed seed heads, or outside of listed growth stages.
- DO NOT make application of this product if rainfall is expected within 1 hour of application.
- DO NOT plant rotational crops not listed on the label within 30 days after the last application
  of this product.
- **DO NOT** apply more than 1.125 pounds of fluazifop-p-butyl per acre per year.
- For applications made by mechanically-pressurized handgun, a minimum volume of 55 gallons spray solution must be used per acre.
- For applications made by mechanically-pressurized handgun DO NOT exceed a maximum concentration of 0.01 pounds active ingredient per gallon application solution.

#### WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide contains the active ingredient fluazifop-p-butyl which is classified as a Group 1A herbicide (aryloxyphenoxy-propionate ('FOPs') chemical family) and is an acetyl CoA Carboxylase (ACCase) inhibitor.

Herbicide resistance is defined as the inherited ability of a plant to survive and reproduce following exposure to a dose of herbicide normally lethal to the wild type. In a plant, resistance may be naturally occurring or induced by such techniques as genetic engineering or selection of variants produced by tissue culture or mutagenesis. Any weed population may contain or develop plants that are naturally resistant to this product and other Group 1A herbicides. Weed species with acquired resistance to Group 1A herbicides may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 1A herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by this product or other Group 1A herbicides.

For resistance management, AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide is a Group 1 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide and other Group 2 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies must be followed.

See specific crop use directions for maximum single application rate, annual maximum number of applications and amount of active ingredient.

To delay herbicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide or other Group 2 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where
  information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone
  partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone
  partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to
  which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and
  uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or
  other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer
  application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive

crops or varieties) and other management practices.

Scout before and after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of
resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a
weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is
achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed
species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.

If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method including hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.

If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.

Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.

For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact your local Aceto Life Sciences, LLC representative at Aceto@aceto.com or (516) 627-6000.

#### MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

#### **Aerial Applications**

- **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the ground or vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to use a Medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.I).
- If the wind speed is 10 miles per hour or less, applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field. When the wind speed is between 11-15 miles per hour, applicators must use ¾ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site. If the wind speed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

## **Ground Boom Applications:**

- User must only apply with the release height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to use a Medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.I).
- DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 15 miles per hour at the application site.
- **DO NOT** apply during temperature inversions.

#### **SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES**

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.
BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENT AL CONDITIONS.

#### IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom**

- **Volume -** Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- **Pressure** Use the lowest spray pressure specified for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- **Spray Nozzle** Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft**

 Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturer's directions for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles must be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

#### **BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom**

For ground equipment, the boom must remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### **RELEASE HEIGHT – Aircraft**

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

#### SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

#### **TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

#### **TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS**

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

#### WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

#### **Handheld Technology Applications:**

Take precautions to minimize spray drift

#### **APPLICATION DIRECTIONS**

Make application to grass weeds that are actively growing using the listed label use rate and the labeled growth stage. In a mixed grass weed population, make application when the first grass weed species reaches the specified growth stage for treatment. Use the highest labeled use rate for grasses in that population. When irrigation is used as part of normal cropping practice, best results are usually seen when application of this product is made within 7 days after irrigation. Optimal perennial grass control can be obtained if rhizomes or stolons are cut up by pre-plant mechanical means (discing, plowing, etc.) to stimulate emergence of grasses.

AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide Rate Conversion Table

Fl. Oz. Product per Acre	Lb. A.I. Fluazifop-p-butyl per Acre
4	0.063
6	0.094
8	0.125
10	0.156
12	0.188
16	0.250

24	0.375
30	0.469
32	0.500
48	0.750
72	1.125

#### TANK MIX PARTNERS

Applications of this product may be made in tank mix combination with other pesticides. See the specific crop sections on this label for tank mixing directions.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products used in tank mix combination are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### **APPLICATION TIMING**

Optimal control is seen when application of this product is made to grass weeds that are actively growing and before they exceed the listed growth stages. Consult the grass weed tables for specific directions on weed growth stages.

#### **SPRAY ADDITIVES**

A spray mixture may only include spray additives cleared for use on growing crops under 40 CFR 180.1001.

Always add one of the following during tank mixing:

- Crop Oil Concentrate For ground applications, a non-phytotoxic crop oil concentrate or once-refined vegetable oil concentrate containing 15 20% approved emulsifier, at 0.5 1% v/v (0.5 1 gal./100 gals.) in the finished spray volume. For aerial applications, a crop oil concentrate (COC) at 1 pt. per acre.
- **Nonionic Surfactant** for ground application, a nonionic surfactant containing at least 75% surface-active agent, at 0.25 0.5% v/v (1 2 qts./100 gals.) in the finished spray volume. For aerial application, add surfactant at 1 pt. per acre.
- Other Adjuvants Other adjuvants than those listed above may be used if the product meets the below criteria:
  - Contains only EPA exempt ingredients.
  - Does not cause phytotoxicity to the target crop.
  - Is compatible in the tank mixture.
  - Is supported for use locally with this product on the specified crop with proven field trials and/or through university and Cooperative Extension guidance.

**Soybeans Only:** In addition to crop oil concentrate or nonionic surfactant, a water soluble liquid nitrogen fertilizer (28% or similar) can be added to the mixture at a rate of 1 gal. per acre. **DO NOT** substitute the liquid nitrogen fertilizer for crop oil concentrate or nonionic surfactant in the spray mixture.

Water soluble diammonium phosphate (aqueous ammonium polyphosphate) frequently sold as 10-34-0, can be added to the mixture at a rate of 2 pts. per acre. **DO NOT** substitute diammonium phosphate for crop oil concentrate or nonionic surfactant in the mixture.

Mix this product and crop oil concentrate or nonionic surfactant with water according to the amounts shown in Table 1. Spray to obtain complete coverage, but **DO NOT** spray to runoff. If necessary, repeat application can be made according to label directions. Refer to the **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS** section for maximum yearly application rate.

**Table 1. Spot Spray Mixing Directions** 

To Make This	Add These Amounts			
Spray Volume	AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide	Crop Vegetable Oil Concentrate	or	Nonionic Surfactant
1 gal.	0.75 fl. oz.	1.5 fl. oz.	or	0.5 fl. oz.
10 gals.	6.5 fl. oz.	13 fl. oz.	or	3 fl. oz.
25 gals.	0.5 qt.	1 qt.	or	0.5 pt.
50 gals.	1 qt.	2 qts.	or	1 pt.

#### **MIXING ORDER**

Use clean water for spray mixture preparation. **DO NOT** use water that contains rinsate from a previous spray, even at low concentrations, this may reduce grass weed control.

- 1. Fill the spray tank with ½ of the required of water.
- 2. Start and maintain agitation through addition of all ingredients.
- 3. Add dry pesticide formulations.
- 4. Next, add this product and then other EC formulations.
- 5. Next, add other liquid pesticide formulations.
- 6. Then, add spray adjuvant and fertilizer (if used).
- 7. Finally, add the remaining water.
- 8. Continue agitation throughout the spray application.

#### **Use Precautions:**

Tank mixtures of this product with pesticides, liquid fertilizers or additives not listed on this label may result in adverse crop injury and/or grass control that is not satisfactory.

Sequential applications with herbicides, except as specified on this label, within 5 days prior to or after this product treatment may result in adverse crop injury and/or grass control that is not satisfactory. Thoroughly clean spray tank with clean water and a commercial tank cleaner prior to and after each use.

#### **GROUND APPLICATION**

Use sufficient spray volume to ensure full coverage of target weeds. Make application in 5 - 40 gals. per acre of spray. Use a minimum of 20 gals. per acre for instances where weed foliage is dense to ensure complete coverage.

#### **BAND APPLICATIONS**

Complete weed coverage is important for control. Optimal coverage is obtained with a minimum of 2 nozzles, 1 directed to each side of the planted row. **DO NOT** make application of this product with a single nozzle directed over the top of the row. Cultivation of untreated areas may be necessary after band applications.

To reduce dust in the spray area, when making band applications and cultivating in the same operation, position nozzles ahead of the cultivation equipment. Dust can reduce weed coverage, and thus reduce weed control.

Calculate the amount of herbicide and water volume needed for band treatment by the following formulas:

Band Width in Inches Broadcast Rate Band Herbicide Rate

Row Width in inches X per acre = per acre

Band Width in Inches Broadcast Volume Band Herbicide Volume

Row Width in inches X per acre = per acre

**DO NOT** make band applications to perennial grasses as reinfestation of the treated band from the untreated middle may occur.

#### **AERIAL APPLICATION**

Use sufficient spray volume to ensure complete coverage of target grasses. Make application in a minimum of 5 gals. per acre. Use a minimum of 10 gals. per acre for instances where weed foliage is dense to ensure complete coverage. Add 1 pt. per acre of crop oil concentrate or nonionic surfactant in the spray mixture.

#### **CHEMIGATION**

**Sprinkler Irrigation Application:** Make application of this product at labeled rates and timing directed in this label. **DO NOT** use adjuvants as labeled in conventional applications. Consult your local Cooperative Extension Office or other local experts for directions on adjuvant or diluent types, rates and mixing instructions for the appropriate directions. These directions need to be shown, through university, Cooperative Extension or local expert field trials, to be effective and safe with this product when applied by chemigation.

Check the irrigation system to ensure uniform application of water to all areas. Thorough coverage of foliage is required for good control. Maintain agitation in the spray tank before and during the entire application.

Make application of this product by injecting the listed use rate into the irrigation system using a metering device for a constant flow and to distribute the product to the target areas in 0.1 - 0.2 acreinch of water. Use the least amount of water required for proper distribution and coverage. Inject the product into the main irrigation line ahead of any right angle turn in the line to ensure adequate dispersion or mixing in the irrigation water. Flush the entire irrigation and injection system with clean water after the application is completed and then stop the system.

Additionally, if application is made during a normal irrigation set of a stationary sprinkler, inject the listed use rate of this product for the area covered into the system only during the end of the irrigation set for sufficient time to provide adequate coverage and product distribution.

#### **Use Precautions – Sprinkler Irrigation Application**

- Non-uniform distribution of treated water can lead to adverse crop response, lack of efficacy, or illegal residues in the crop.
- Questions about calibration must be directed to local Cooperative Extension Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, must shut the system down and make necessary adjustments if the need arises.

#### **Use Restrictions – Sprinkler Irrigation Application**

- DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- **DO NOT** apply this product through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- The irrigation system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back-flow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The irrigation system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and are capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Any alternatives to the above required safety devices must conform to the list of EPA approved alternative devices.
- DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment or non-uniform distribution of treated water.

# **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS**

	CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS
Crop	Use Restrictions
Apricots, Cherries, Nectarines, Peaches, Plums, and Prunes	<ul> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 72 fl. oz. of this product per acre (1.125 lbs. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Retreatment Interval: minimum 21 days between applications.</li> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days</li> <li>DO NOT graze animals in treated areas.</li> </ul>
Asparagus (All states except California and Arizona)	<ul> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year to bearing asparagus.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between applications.</li> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day</li> </ul>
Asparagus (California only)	<ul> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year to bearing asparagus.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 12 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.188 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Retreatment Interval: minimum of 21 days between applications.</li> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day</li> </ul>
Bananas and Plantains	<ul> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 72 fl. oz. of This product per acre (1.125 lbs. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Retreatment Interval: minimum of 30 days between applications.</li> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 days</li> </ul>
Blueberry, Lowbush As well as lingonberry; currant, native	<ul> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between applications.</li> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): Make application during the non-bearing year or during the year of establishment with the last application no later than 10 months before harvest.</li> </ul>
Bushberry Subgroup 13-07B As well as Aronia berry; blueberry, highbush; buffalo currant; Chilean guava; cranberry, highbush; currant, black; currant, red; elderberry; European barberry; gooseberry; honeysuckle, edible; huckleberry; jostaberry; Juneberry (Saskatoon berry); salal; sea buckthorn; and cultivars, varieties, and/or	<ul> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between applications.</li> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day</li> </ul>

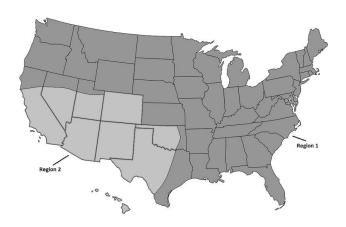
hybrids of these	
Caneberry Subgroup 13-07A Blackberry; loganberry; raspberry, black and red; wild raspberry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these	<ul> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between applications.</li> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day</li> </ul>
Carrots Including seed carrots	<ul> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between applications.</li> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 45 days</li> </ul>
Citrus Fruits Group 10 Calamondin; citrus citron; citrus hybrids (including chironja, tangelo, tangor); grapefruit; kumquat; lemon, lime; mandarin (tangerine); orange, sour; orange, sweet; pummelo; Satsuma mandarin	<ul> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 72 fl. oz. of this product per acre (1.125 lbs. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Retreatment Interval: minimum of 21 days between applications.</li> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days</li> </ul>
Coffee (Hawaii only)	<ul> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between applications.</li> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day</li> </ul>
Cotton	<ul> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between applications.</li> <li>DO NOT apply to cotton after boll set.</li> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 90 days</li> <li>DO NOT graze or harvest for forage or hay.</li> </ul>
Dry Beans	<ul> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.</li> <li>Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between applications.</li> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 60 days</li> <li>DO NOT apply to cowpeas.</li> </ul>
Fine Fescue Grasses Grown For Seed (Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only)	<ul> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 16 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.250 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 3 applications per year.</li> <li>Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between applications.</li> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days</li> </ul>

Lettuce, Leaf and Head	DO NOT exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per
,	acre (0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.
	• DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb.
	a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
	• DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.
	Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between
	applications.
Macadamia Nuts	<ul> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days</li> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre</li> </ul>
Wacadaiiiia Nuts	(0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.
	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375lb.
	a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
	DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.
	Retreatment Interval: minimum of 21 days between
	applications.
	Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 1 day
	DO NOT graze animals in treated area or feed cover crops of treated macadamia groves to livestock.
Onion, Bulb Subgroup 3-07A	DO NOT exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre
Daylily, bulb; fritillaria, bulb;	(0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.
garlic, bulb; garlic, great-	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb.
headed, bulb; garlic, serpent,	a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
bulb; lily, bulb; onion, bulb;	DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.
onion, Chinese, bulb; onion,	Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between
pearl; onion, potato, bulb;	applications.
shallot, bulb; cultivars,	Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 45 days
varieties, and/or hybrids of these	
Onion, Green	DO NOT exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre
Omon, Green	(0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.
	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375lb.
	a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
	DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.
	Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between
	applications.
Peanuts	<ul> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days</li> <li>DO NOT exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre</li> </ul>
realiuts	(0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.
	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375lb.
	a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
	DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.
	Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between
	applications.
	DO NOT feed green immature growing plants to livestock or harvest for livestock feed.
	Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 40 days
Pecans	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed a total of 72 fl. oz. of this product per acre
	(1.125 lbs. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.
	• DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb.
	a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
	DO NOT exceed 3 applications per year.
	Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between
	applications.
	<ul> <li>Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 days</li> <li>DO NOT graze animals in treated areas.</li> </ul>
Rhubarb	DO NOT graze animals in treated areas.     DO NOT exceed a total of 32 fl. oz. of this product per acre
	(0.500 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.
	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed 16 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.250 lb.
	a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
	DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.
	Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between

	applications.
	Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days
Small Fruit Vine Climbing	DO NOT exceed a total of 72 fl. oz. of this product per acre
Subgroup 13-07F	(1.125 lbs. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.
(Except Fuzzy Kiwifruit)	• DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb.
Amur river grape; gooseberry;	a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
grape; kiwifruit, hardy;	DO NOT exceed 3 applications per year.
maypop; schisandra berry; cultivars, varieties, and/or	Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between applications.
hybrids of these	Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 50 days
Soybeans	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed a total of 30 fl. oz. of this product <b>p</b> er acre
	(0.469 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.
	• DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb.
	a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb.
	<ul> <li>a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) pre-bloom (up to V5 growth stage).</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 6 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.094 lb.</li> </ul>
	a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) at or after bloom (R1 growth stage
	or later).
	DO NOT exceed 3 applications per year.
	Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between
	applications.
Ctura vala a uma	• Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 60 days
Strawberry	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed a total of 16 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.250 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.
	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed 16 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.250 lb.
	a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
	DO NOT exceed 1 application per year.
	Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days
Sugar Beets	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre
	<ul> <li>(0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.</li> <li>DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb.</li> </ul>
	a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
	DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.
	Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between
	applications.
Tabasas Barrasas	Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 90 days
Tabasco Peppers	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.
(Louisiana only)	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb.
	a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
	DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.
	Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between
	applications.
Tuborous and Corm	• Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 45 days
Tuberous and Corm Vegetables Subgroup 1D	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed a total of 48 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.750 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.
(Except Potato)	• <b>DO NOT</b> exceed 12 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.188 lb.
Arracacha; arrowroot;	a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
artichoke, Chinese; artichoke,	DO NOT exceed 4 applications per year.
Jerusalem; canna, edible;	Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between
cassava, bitter and sweet;	applications.
chayote (root); chufa; dasheen	Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days
(taro); ginger; leren; sweet potato; tanier; turmeric; yam	
bean; and yam, true	

# ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASS WEED CONTROL FOR REGISTERED CROPS REGIONAL USE MAP





Region 1 – Includes the following states or portions of states where application of this product can be made at listed use rates: Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, California (Northern; see regional map), Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada (Northern; see regional map), New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma (east of Interstate 35), Oregon, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas (east of Interstate 35), Utah (Northern; see regional map), Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming

**Region 2 –** Includes the following states or portions of states where application of this product can be made at listed use rates: Arizona, California (Southern; see regional map), Colorado, Hawaii, Oklahoma (west of Interstate 35), Nevada (Southern; see regional map), New Mexico, Utah (Southern; see regional map), and Texas (west of Interstate 35)

Table 2. AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide
Annual Grass Control Use Rate Directions for All Crops Except Coffee - Region 1

Annual Grass Species*	Height (Inches)	Number of Leaves Not to Exceed	AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide Rate	AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide Reduced Rate**
Barnyardgrass	2 - 3	3	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Brome, Downy <sup>1</sup>	2 - 6	4	8 fl. oz./A	
Crabgrass				
Large	1 - 2	4	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Smooth	1 - 2	4	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Southern	1 - 2	4	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Tropical	1 - 2	4	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Cupgrass, Woolly	2 - 4	6	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Foxtails				
Giant	2 - 6	4	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Green	2 - 4	4	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Yellow	2 - 4	4	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Goosegrass	2 - 4	6	8 fl. oz./A	
Itchgrass	4 - 24	6	8 fl. oz./A	
Johnsongrass, Seedling	2 - 8	4	6 fl. oz./A	
Junglerice	2 - 3	3	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Panicum				
Fall	2 - 6	6	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Texas	2 - 8	8	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Proso Millet, Wild	4 - 8	6	6 fl. oz./A <sup>4</sup>	
Rice, Red	0.5 - 1	2	16 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A <sup>2</sup>

Ryegrass, Italian	2 - 4	4	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Sandbur				
Field	2 - 4	4	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Southern	2 - 6	6	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Shattercane	6 - 12	8	6 fl. oz./A <sup>4</sup>	
Signalgrass, Broadleaf	2 - 4	5	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A
Sorghum Almum	6 - 12	8	8 fl. oz./A	
Volunteer Cereals				
Volunteer Barley	2 - 6	6	8 fl. oz./A	
Volunteer Corn <sup>6,7</sup>	12 - 24	10	6 fl. oz./A <sup>4</sup>	4 fl. oz./A <sup>3,5</sup>
Volunteer Milo	6 - 12	4	6 fl. oz./A <sup>4</sup>	
Volunteer Oats	2 - 6	6	8 fl. oz./A	
Volunteer Rye	2 - 6	6	8 fl. oz./A	
Volunteer Wheat	2 - 6	6	8 fl. oz./A	
Wild Oats	2 - 6	6	8 fl. oz./A	
Witchgrass	2 - 4	6	12 fl. oz./A	10 fl. oz./A

<sup>\*</sup>Retreatment at the directed rate may be necessary to control later germinating grasses or if regrowth occurs.

- \*\* Reduced Rates Rates of this product per acre can be reduced to the rates listed for species indicated when following conditions are met:
  - Soil and humidity conditions are favorable, typically a few days after rainfall or irrigation. Avoid extreme air temperatures.
  - Application at earliest growth stages indicated on rate tables.
  - Application is made in highly competitive crop stands (ex. narrow row or drilled soybeans), or where cultivation is planned.
  - Application when weed density is light to moderate.
  - Application with 1% v/v crop oil concentrate only.
  - Application of this product alone, without tank mixtures with other pesticides.
- <sup>1</sup>Not registered for use in California on this species.
- <sup>2</sup>Two applications of this product at 10 fl. oz. per acre (0.156 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) may be necessary to achieve satisfactory control.
- <sup>3</sup>A second application of this product at 4 fl. oz. per acre (0.063 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) may be needed if infestations are heavy or to control later germinating plants including those emerging from buried ears.
- <sup>4</sup>Apply 6 8 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.095 0.125 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) when applying in tank mixture with broadleaf herbicides in soybeans. Use the 8 fl. oz. per acre (0.125 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) rate under conditions of low soil moisture or low humidity or when weeds have reached the maximum listed growth stage.
- <sup>5</sup>Use 4 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.063 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) when tank mixing with imazethapyr. Apply to actively growing plants less than 18" tall.
- <sup>6</sup>This product will provide suppression of sethoxydim-resistant volunteer corn.
- <sup>7</sup>Includes control of glyphosate-resistant; glufosinate-resistant; and imazethapyr-resistant varieties of volunteer corn.

Table 3. AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide

Annual Grass Control Use Rate Directions for All Crops Except Coffee - Region 2

Deleted: Annual Grass Species*	Height (Inches)	Number of Leaves Not to Exceed	AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide Rate
Barnyardgrass <sup>1</sup>	1 - 2	3	12 fl. oz./A
Canarygrass, Littleseed <sup>2</sup>	2 - 4	4	12 fl. oz./A
Crabgrass,			
Large <sup>2</sup>	1 - 2	3	12 fl. oz./A
Smooth <sup>2,3</sup>	1 - 2	4	12 fl. oz./A
Johnsongrass, Seedling	2 - 4	3	8 fl. oz./A
Junglerice <sup>2</sup>	2 - 3	3	12 fl. oz./A
Panicums			
Fall <sup>2,3</sup>	2 - 6	6	12 fl. oz./A
Texas <sup>2,3</sup>	8	8	12 fl. oz./A
Rabbitfootgrass <sup>2</sup>	2 - 4	4	12 fl. oz./A
Volunteer Cereals			
Volunteer Barley	2 - 4	3	12 fl. oz./A
Volunteer Corn <sup>2,4,5</sup>	12 - 18	6	12 fl. oz./A
Volunteer Milo	2 - 4	4	12 fl. oz./A
Volunteer Oats	2 - 4	3	12 fl. oz./A
Volunteer Wheat	2 - 4	3	12 fl. oz./A
Wild Oats <sup>3</sup>	2 - 4	4	12 fl. oz./A

<sup>\*</sup>Retreatment at the listed rate may be necessary to control late germinating grasses or if regrowth occurs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>California and Arizona: Use 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Not registered for use in Arizona and California for control of this species.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>For control in Colorado, Oklahoma, and Texas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>This product provides suppression of sethoxydim-resistant volunteer corn.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Includes control of glyphosate-resistant; glufosinate-resistant; and imazethapyr-resistant varieties of volunteer corn.

Table 4. AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide Perennial Grass Control Use Rate Directions for All Crops Except Coffee - Region 1

Perennial Grass Species	Applic ation Numb er	Height (Inches)	AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide Rate	AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide Rate*
Bermudagrass <sup>1,</sup>	1	4 - 8 (runner length)	12 fl. oz./A	16 - 24 fl. oz./A
	2	4 - 8	8 fl. oz./A	12 - 24 fl. oz./A
Johnsongrass,	1	8 - 18	12 fl. oz./A	16 - 24 fl. oz./A
Rhizome 3,5	2	6 - 12	8 fl. oz./A	12 - 24 fl. oz./A
Muhly, Wirestem <sup>4,5</sup>	1 & 2	4 - 12	12 fl. oz./A	16 - 24 fl. oz./A
Quackgrass <sup>2,5</sup>	1	6 - 10	12 fl. oz./A	16 - 24 fl. oz./A
	2	up to 10	8 fl. oz./A	12 - 24 fl. oz./A

<sup>\*</sup>Use this specified rate of this product under heavy grass weed pressure and/or when weeds are at maximum height. **DO NOT** exceed the maximum labeled rate for any individual crop as specified in the **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS**.

Table 5. AG36448 R334 2 EC Perennial Grass Control Use Rate Directions for All Crops Except Coffee - Region 2

For best results, apply this product 3 days before to 7 days after irrigation.

Perennial Grass Species	Application Number	Height (Inches)	AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide Rate
Bermudagrass <sup>1,2</sup>	1	4 - 8" (runner length)	16 - 24 fl. oz./A
	2	4" - 8"	16 - 24 fl. oz./A
Johnsongrass,	1	12" - 18"	16 - 24 fl. oz./A <sup>5</sup>
Rhizome <sup>3,4</sup>	2	12" - 18"	16 - 24 fl. oz./A <sup>5</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A second application may be needed if regrowth occurs (usually about 4 weeks after first application). Control of Bermudagrass may be improved by directing the spray beneath the crop canopy. To improve coverage, apply the product at a minimum of 20 gals. per acre. **DO NOT** exceed the maximum rate for any individual crop as specified in the **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS**.

**DO NOT** exceed the maximum rate for any individual crop as specified in the **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS**.

<sup>4</sup>Colorado, Oklahoma (west of Interstate 35) and Texas (west of Interstate 35): Make the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A second application may be needed if regrowth occurs (usually about 4 weeks after 1<sup>st</sup> application). Control of Bermudagrass may be improved by directing the spray beneath the crop canopy. To improve coverage, apply the product at a minimum of 15 gals. per acre.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>A second application may be made 2 - 3 weeks after the first, but before the quackgrass exceeds 10" in height. Always use 1% v/v crop oil concentrate. In no-till soybeans, a pre-plant application of a burndown herbicide (including paraquat) is advised. **DO NOT** make spot treatments. <sup>3</sup>Make first application before the boot stage. In eastern Oklahoma, the Brazos Bottoms, the Blacklands, Coastal Bend and Rio Grande areas of eastern Texas, make the first application at 8" - 12". If new shoots emerge or regrowth occurs, make a second application at 4" - 6".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>A second application may be needed if regrowth occurs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Increase rates of **AG36448 R334 2 EC** to 24 fl. oz. per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) for the first application and 16 fl. oz. per acre (0.250 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) for the second application when applied in sodded orchards.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Colorado, Oklahoma (west of Interstate 35), and Texas (west of Interstate 35): Make application of this product at the reduced rates of 12 - 16 fl. oz. per acre (0.188 - 0.250 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) when soil moisture and growing conditions are favorable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Make first application before the boot stage. If new shoots emerge or regrowth occurs, make a second application (usually about 4 weeks later).

first application this product johnsongrass at 16 fl. oz. per acre (0.250 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A); and a second application at 12 - 16 fl. oz. per acre (0.188 - 0.250 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A).

# SOYBEANS: TANK MIXING AND SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS Table 6. Soybean Herbicide Tank Mixes for Region 1\*

Product**	Rate per Acre	Spray Additives (% v/v)
AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide	12 fl. oz.	
+	+	0.5 - 1% COC or 0.25 - 0.5%
Flexstar®1	See label	NIS
(Sodium Salt of Fomesafen, EPA		
Reg. # 100-1101)	10.0	
AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide	12 fl. oz.	0.5 - 1% COC or 0.25 - 0.5% NI
+ Flexstar <sup>1</sup>	+ 0.75 - 1.5 pts.	INI
(Sodium Salt of Fomesafen, EPA	0.75 - 1.5 pts.	
Reg. # 100-1101)		
+	+	
Basagran® Herbicide	See label.	
(Sodium bentazon, EPA Reg. #		
7969-45)	40 fl o=	
AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide	12 fl. oz. +	0.5 - 1% COC or 0.25 -
Reflex® Herbicide <sup>2</sup>	See label.	0.5% NIS
(Sodium Salt of Fomesafen, EPA		0.0 /0 1.1.0
Reg. # 100-993)		
AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide		
+ Datte - Hankisida 2	12 fl. oz.	0.5. 40/ 000 0.05
Reflex Herbicide <sup>2</sup>	+ See label.	0.5 - 1% COC or 0.25 - 0.5% NIS
(Sodium Salt of Fomesafen, EPA Reg. # 100-993)	See label.	0.5% NIS
+ +	See label.	
Basagran Herbicide		
(Sodium bentazon, EPA Reg. #		
7969-45)		
AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide	12 fl. oz.	0.5.40/.000 == 0.05
+ Basagran Herbicide	+ See label	0.5 - 1% COC or 0.25 - 0.5% NIS
(Sodium bentazon, EPA Reg. #	See label	0.5 /6 INIS
7969-45)		
AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide	12 fl. oz.	
+	+	0.25% NIS
Ultra Blazer®	See label.	
(Acifluorfen, EPA Reg. #		
70506-60)	Arizona California	Colorado Hawaii Now Movico

<sup>\*</sup>Region 1 - All states except the areas of Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, New Mexico, West Oklahoma, West Texas, and Utah as outlined in the **REGIONAL USE MAP** section.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Follow the listed use rate and growth stages for the grass and broadleaf weeds on the respective product labels.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See the Flexstar label for maximum use rate for specified geographic regions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>See the Reflex Herbicide label for maximum use rate for specified geographic regions.

Table 7. Soybean Herbicide Tank Mixes for Region 2\*

Product**	Rate per Acre	Spray Additives (% v/v)
AG36448 R334 2 EC	12 - 24 fl. oz.	
Herbicide	+	0.5 - 1% COC or 0.25 -
+	See label.	0.5% NIS
Basagran Herbicide		
(Sodium bentazon, EPA		
Reg. # 7969-45)		
AG36448 R334 2 EC	12 - 24 fl. oz.	
Herbicide	+	0.25 - 0.5% NIS
+	See label.	
Ultra Blazer		
(Acifluorfen, EPA Reg. #		
70506-60)		

<sup>\*</sup>Region 2 - For the areas of Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, New Mexico, West Oklahoma, West Texas, and Utah as outlined in the **REGIONAL USE MAP** section. \*\*Follow the listed rate and growth stages for the grass and broadleaf weeds on the respective product labels.

#### Additional Soybean Tank Mix Directions with Chlorimuron

Applications of this product may be made in tank mix combination with chlorimuron for control of volunteer corn, shattercane and broadleaf weeds in soybeans. In Region 1, add this product is to the tank at 6 - 8 fl. oz. per acre (0.094 - 0.125 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A). The 8 fl. oz. (0.125 lb. a.i.) per acre rate may be needed under conditions of low humidity and low soil moisture and may be used when volunteer corn and/or shattercane foliage is dense or has reached the maximum specified growth stage. In Region 2, add This product to the tank at 12 fl. oz. per acre (0.188 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A). Add chlorimuron to the tank at the labeled use rates for broadleaf weed growth stages described on the chlorimuron label. Always add a nonionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v or a crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v to the finished spray volume.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### Tank Mix with Imazethapyr - Region 1 Only

Application of this product and imazethapyr may be made as a tank mix for control of volunteer corn, shattercane and broadleaf weeds in soybeans (Region 1 only).

Add this product to the tank mix at 4 - 6 fl. oz. per acre (0.063 - 0.094 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A). The 6 fl. oz. per acre (0.094 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) rate may be needed under conditions of low humidity and low soil moisture and may be used when volunteer corn and/or shattercane foliage is dense or has reached the maximum specified growth stage. Add Imazethapyr to the tank at the labeled use rates for broadleaf weed growth stages described on the imazethapyr label. Always add an adjuvant (approved nonionic surfactant or crop oil concentrate) and liquid fertilizer to the spray mixture. See the imazethapyr label for additive rates.

Under certain conditions, tank mixtures with this product and 1 or more of the above-listed broadleaf herbicides may reduce control of grass weeds and possibly cause increase in crop injury as compared to the products used alone. Make a second application of this product if grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of grasses emerge, according to label directions. When perennial grasses are the predominant grass to be controlled, a sequential application is advised.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

## **Soybean Tank Mixtures with Glyphosate**

This product can be tank mixed with glyphosate for control of volunteer corn including volunteer glyphosate-resistant corn in glyphosate-resistant soybean. Make application of this product at 4 - 6 fl. oz. per acre (0.063 - 0.094 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A). Use the 4 fl. oz. per acre (0.063 lb. a.i.

fluazifop-p-butyl/A) rate only under the following conditions:

- Favorable soil moisture and humidity conditions, typically within a few days after rainfall or irrigation.
- Avoid extreme air temperatures.
- When volunteer corn is less than 12" tall.
- When 0.25% v/v crop oil concentrate (COC) is included in tank mix. This COC is in addition to the additives required by the glyphosate product.

If the above conditions are not met, use the higher application rate.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### **Sequential Applications**

This product can be used sequentially with other labeled soybean herbicides. Allow 2 - 3 days after the application of this product before applying a broadleaf herbicide or mixture. In situations where the broadleaf herbicide or mixture is applied first, apply this product when the grass weeds begin to develop new leaves (typically about 7 days).

#### Restrictions:

**DO NOT** apply less than 12 fl. oz. this product per acre (0.188 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) in a tank mix with broadleaf herbicides in soybeans, except as listed on this label.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixes or sequential applications. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### TANK MIXES AND SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS FOR COTTON

#### **Glyphosate-Resistant Cotton Tank Mixtures**

Application of this product may be made in tank mix combination with glyphosate products for control of volunteer corn including volunteer glyphosate-resistant corn in glyphosate-resistant cotton. Make application of this product at 4 - 6 fl. oz. per acre (0.063 - 0.094 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A). Use the 4 fl. oz. per acre (0.063 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) rate only under the following conditions:

- Favorable soil moisture and humidity conditions, typically within a few days after rainfall or irrigation.
- Avoid extreme air temperatures.
- When volunteer corn is less than 12" tall.

When 0.25% v/v crop oil concentrate (COC) is included in tank mix. This COC is in addition to the additives required by the glyphosate product label.

If the above conditions are not met, use the higher application rate.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### **Sequential Applications**

This product can be used sequentially with other cotton herbicides labeled for use. For sequential applications, allow 2 - 3 days after the application of this product before making application of a broadleaf herbicide or mixture. In instances where the broadleaf herbicide or mixture is applied first, make application of this product when the grass weeds begin to develop new leaves (typically about 7 days).

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixes or sequential applications. Users must follow the most restrictive

directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### **COFFEE - HAWAII ONLY**

Use **th**is product as a post-emergence ground application. Make application with sufficient spray volume to ensure complete coverage of the target grass weeds. Applications can be made as a broadcast, strip band, or spot spray treatments. Make application of this product at 16 - 24 fl. oz. per acre (0.250 - 0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) for control of annual and perennial grass weeds at the listed growth stages in the tables below. Add crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v (1 gals./100 gals.) or nonionic surfactant at 0.25 - 0.5% v/v (1 - 2 qts./100 gals.) in the finished spray volume.

AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide Annual Grass Control Growth Stages For Coffee

Make applications when	grasses are 2"	- 8" tall, but	prior to tillering	and/or heading.

Annual Grass Species			
Barnyardgrass	Goosegrass	Shattercane	
Crabgrass	Guineagrass, Seedling	Signalgrass, Broadleaf	
Large	Itchgrass	Sorghum, Almum	
Smooth	Johnsongrass, Seedling	Volunteer Cereals	
Southern	Junglerice	Volunteer Barley	
Tropical	Panicums	Volunteer Corn	
Cupgrass	Fall	Volunteer Milo	
Prairie	Texas	Volunteer Oats	
Southwestern	Proso Millet, Wild	Volunteer Rye	
Woolly	Rice, Red	Volunteer Wheat	
Foxtail	Ryegrass, Italian	Wildcane	
Giant	Sandbur	Wild Oats	
Green	Field	Witchgrass	
Yellow	Southern		

AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide Perennial Grass Control Growth Stages For Coffee

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Perennial Grass	Height (Inches)	
Species		
Bermudagrass	4" - 8" (runners)	
Johnsongrass,	8" - 18" tall and before boot stage	
Rhizome	•	
Kikuyugrass	4" - 8" (runners)	
Muhly, Wirestem	4" - 12" tall and before seedhead initiation	
Quackgrass	6" - 10"	

#### **BANANAS AND PLANTAINS**

Make application of this product as a directed post-emergence treatment in the interspaces and around the base of banana and plantain plants. Avoid contact of the product (including mist) with the trunk and foliage. Applications can be made as a broadcast, strip band, or spot spray application at rates and growth stages listed in Tables 2 through 5. Make application with sufficient spray volume and pressure to ensure complete coverage of target weeds.

APRICOT; BLUEBERRY, LOWBUSH; BUSHBERRY SUBGROUP 13-07B; CANEBERRY SUBGROUP 13-07A; CHERRY; CITRUS FRUITS GROUP 10; MACADAMIA NUT; NECTARINE; PEACH; PECAN; PLUM; PRUNE; SMALL FRUIT VINE CLIMBING SUBGROUP 13-07F (EXCEPT FUZZY KIWIFRUIT)

APRICOT; BLUEBERRY, LOWBUSH (A swell as lingonberry; currant, native); BUSHBERRY SUBGROUP 13-07B (Aronia berry; blueberry, highbush; buffalo currant; Chilean guava; cranberry, highbush; currant, black; currant, red; elderberry; European barberry; gooseberry; honeysuckle, edible; huckleberry; jostaberry; Juneberry (Saskatoon berry); salal; sea buckthorn; and cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these); CANEBERRY SUBGROUP 13-07A (Blackberry; loganberry; raspberry, black and red; wild raspberry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these); CHERRY; CITRUS FRUITS GROUP 10 (Australian desert lime; Australian finger-lime; Australian round lime; Brown River finger lime; calamondin; citron; citrus hybrids; grapefruit; Japanese summer grapefruit; kumquat; lemon; lime; Mediterranean mandarin; mount white lime; New Guinea wild lime; orange, sour; orange,

sweet; pummelo; Russell River lime; satsuma mandarin; sweet lime; tachibana orange; Tahiti lime; tangelo; tangerine (mandarin); tangor; trifoliate orange; uniq fruit; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these); MACADAMIA NUT; NECTARINE; PEACH; PECAN; PLUM; PRUNE; SMALL FRUIT VINE CLIMBING SUBGROUP 13-07F (EXCEPT FUZZY KIWIFRUIT) (Amur River grape; gooseberry; grape; kiwifruit, hardy; maypop; schisandra berry; cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these)

Apply this product as a directed post-emergence treatment in the interspaces and around the base of plants. Avoid contact of the product with plants. Make application with sufficient spray volume and pressure to ensure complete coverage of target weeds. Applications can be made as a broadcast, strip band, or spot spray application at rates and growth stages listed in Tables 2 through 5. Refer to the **SPRAY ADDITIVES** section for spray additives.

#### FINE FESCUE GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED IN IDAHO, OREGON, AND WASHINGTON

Apply this product for control of downy brome, quackgrass, bentgrass and volunteer cereals in fine fescue grasses (including Chewings, Creeping Red, and Hard Fescue varieties) grown for seed. See Tables 2 and 4 for a complete listing of grass weeds controlled. See the **SPRAY ADDITIVES** section for spray additives.

Application Rate and Timing Fall Application

Application Rate of AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide	Timing
8 fl. oz./A (0.125 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A)	<ul> <li>Actively growing downy brome in the 2"-4" stage</li> </ul>
12 - 16 fl. oz. per acre (0.188 - 0.250 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A)	<ul> <li>Actively growing quackgrass or bentgrass in the 6"-10" stage</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> application: Same rate before regrowth exceeds 10"</li> </ul>

Spring Application

opining Application		
Application Rate of AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide	Timing	
8 - 16 fl. oz. per acre (0.125 - 0.250 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A)	<ul> <li>Actively growing grasses. Downy brome in the 2" - 4" stage can be controlled by the lower rate but larger, established grasses (4" - 6") may need the higher rate for adequate control.</li> </ul>	
12 - 16 fl. oz. per acre (0.188 - 0.250 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A)	<ul> <li>Actively growing quackgrass and bentgrass is at the 6"-10" stage</li> <li>2<sup>nd</sup> application: same rate before regrowth exceeds 10"</li> </ul>	

#### **Restrictions:**

- DO NOT make application of this product after fescue grass seedhead develops into the boot stage.
- DO NOT use on tall fescue.
- See the CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS section for additional information.

#### Precaution:

• For use on fine fescues (Chewings, Creeping Red, and Hard Fescue varieties) grown for seed. Other types of fescues may be injured by this product.

#### **NON-BEARING CROPS**

This product can be used to control annual and perennial grass weeds in non-bearing groves, orchards, vineyards, or tree farms\* or during site preparation before transplanting. Refer to the tables below for specific uses.

\*Not registered for use in California.

Make applications of this product at 16 - 24 fl. oz. per acre  $(0.250 - 0.375 \, lb. \, a.i. \, fluazifop-p-butyl/A)$  for control of annual and perennial grass weeds at the listed growth stages in the following tables. Add crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v (1 gal./100 gals.) or nonionic surfactant at 0.25 - 0.5% v/v (1 - 2 qts./100 gals.) in the finished spray volume.

#### AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide

# **Annual Grass Control Growth Stages For Non-Bearing Crops**

Make applications when grasses are 2" - 8" tall, but before tillering and/or heading.

	Annua	Annual Grass Species	
Barnyardgrass	Goosegrass	Signalgrass, Broadleaf	
Brome, Downy <sup>1</sup>	Guineagrass, Seedling	Sorghum, Almum	
Crabgrass	Itchgrass	Volunteer Cereals	
Large	Johnsongrass, Seedling	Volunteer Barley	
Smooth	Junglerice	Volunteer Corn	
Southern	Panicums	Volunteer Milo	
Tropical	Fall	Volunteer Oats	
Cupgrass	Texas	Volunteer Rye	
Prairie	Proso Millet, Wild	Volunteer Wheat	
Southwestern	Rice, Red	Wildcane	
Woolly	Ryegrass, Italian	Wild Oats	
Foxtail	Sandbur	Witchgrass	
Giant	Field		
Green	Southern		
Yellow	Shattercane		
<sup>1</sup> Not registered for use	in California.		

# AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide

Perennial Grass Control Growth Stages For Non-Bearing Crops

Perennial Grass Species	Height (Inches)	
Bermudagrass	4" - 8" (runners)	
Guineagrass	6" - 12" tall before seedhead initiation	
Johnsongrass, Rhizome	8" - 18" tall and before boot stage	
Kikuyugrass <sup>1</sup>	4 - 8 (runners)	
Muhly, Wirestem	4" - 12" tall and before seedhead initiation	
Quackgrass 6" - 10"		
Torpedograss <sup>2</sup>	3" - 6" tall (1st application)	
	2" - 3" tall (subsequent application)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Not registered for use in California. <sup>2</sup>Use this product at 24 fl. oz. per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application. 3 applications may be needed.

#### AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide can be Used on The Following Non-Bearing Crops\*

	Crops	
Acerola (West Indian Cherry) <sup>1</sup>	Figs	Macadamia
Almonds	Filberts	Mango <sup>1</sup>
Apples	Florigraze rhizoma peanuts <sup>1</sup> (Nursery stock only)	Olives
Asparagus	Ginseng <sup>1</sup>	Oranges
Avocados	Grapes	Pears
Berries	Grapefruit	Pineapple
Conifers <sup>1</sup>	Guava <sup>1</sup>	Pistachios
Christmas tree plantings	Jojoba	Pomegranates
Nursery beds	Kiwi <sup>1</sup>	Tangelos
Seedling establishmen	t Lemons	Tangerines
Dates	Limes	Walnuts

<sup>\*</sup>Non-bearing crops not listed need to be screened for phytotoxicity before large scale use.

#### **Restrictions - Non-Bearing Crops:**

- **DO NOT** use or store in or around the home.
- **DO NOT** make application of this product to grass weeds that are stressed due to moisture, temperature, low soil fertility, mechanical or chemical injury.
- **DO NOT** make application to grass weeds that have tillered, formed seed heads, or exceeded listed growth stages.
- **DO NOT** make application to trees, vines, or other listed crops that will be harvested for food/feed within 1 year after application.
- **DO NOT** make application to asparagus from where spears will be harvested within 1 year of treatment. See the Asparagus section of the **CROP SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS** for use in asparagus that will be harvested within 1 year.
- DO NOT graze or harvest Florigraze rhizoma peanuts for 1 year after treatment.
- **DO NOT** plant rotational grass crops including corn, sorghum and cereals within 60 days after the last application of this product.
- DO NOT exceed a total of 72 fl. oz. of this product per acre (1.125 lbs. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.
- DO NOT exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between applications.

#### **Precautions - Non-Bearing Crops:**

- Make applications of this product to actively growing grass weeds before they exceed the specified growth stages.
- Spray to obtain complete coverage of grass foliage, but not to runoff. Additional treatments may be necessary to provide full season control.
- In a mixed grass weed population, make applications of this product when the first grass species reaches the specified growth stage for treatment.
- · When treating non-bearing trees and vines, avoid contact of product with foliage by using directed sprays.

# NON-FOOD USES: FALLOW AGRICULTURAL LAND AND OTHER NON-CROP AREAS OF FARMS

This product can be used to control annual and perennial grass weeds in agricultural fallow land of farms, and other non-crop areas including areas around farm buildings, farm equipment storage yards, and fence rows. Make application of this product at 16 - 24 fl. oz. per acre (0.250 - 0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) for control of annual and perennial grass weeds at the listed growth stages in the tables below. Add crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v (1 gal./100 gals.) or nonionic surfactant at 0.25 - 0.5% v/v (1 - 2 qts./100 gals.) in the finished spray volume.

# This product Annual Grass Control Growth Stages For Fallow Agricultural Land and Non-Crop Areas of Farms

Make applications when grasses are 2 - 8" tall, but before tillering and/or heading.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Not registered for use in California.

Annual Grass Species				
Barnyardgrass	Goosegrass	Signalgrass, Broadleaf		
Brome, Downy <sup>1</sup>	Guineagrass, Seedling	Sorghum, Almum		
Crabgrass	Itchgrass	Volunteer Cereals		
Large	Johnsongrass, Seedling	Volunteer Barley		
Smooth	Junglerice	Volunteer Corn		
Southern	Panicums	Volunteer Milo		
Tropical	Fall	Volunteer Oats		
Cupgrass	Texas	Volunteer Rye		
Prairie	Proso Millet, Wild	Volunteer Wheat		
Southwestern	Rice, Red	Wildcane		
Woolly	Ryegrass, Italian	Wild Oats		
Foxtail	Sandbur	Witchgrass		
Giant	Field			
Green	Southern			
Yellow	Shattercane			
1Not as sistena differenza in Colifornia				

AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide Perennial Grass Control Growth Stages For Fallow Agricultural

Land and Non-Crop Areas of Farms

Perennial Grass	Height (Inches)	
Species		
Bermudagrass	4" - 8" (runners)	
Guineagrass	6" - 12" tall before seedhead initiation	
Johnsongrass, Rhizome	8" - 18" tall and before boot stage	
Kikuyugrass <sup>1</sup>	4 - 8 (runners)	
Muhly, Wirestem	4" - 12" tall and before seedhead initiation	
Quackgrass	6" - 10"	
Torpedograss <sup>2</sup>	3" - 6" tall (1st application)	
	2" - 3" tall (subsequent application)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Not registered for use in California.

# Restrictions - Fallow Agricultural Land and Non-Crop Areas of Farms:

- **DO NOT** use or store in or around the home.
- **DO NOT** make application of this product to grass weeds that are stressed due to moisture, temperature, low soil fertility, mechanical or chemical injury.
- **DO NOT** make application to grass weeds that have tillered, formed seed heads, or exceeded listed growth stages.
- DO NOT exceed a total of 72 fl. oz. of this product per acre (1.125 lbs. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per year.
- **DO NOT** exceed 24 fl. oz. of this product per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application.
- **DO NOT** exceed 3 applications per year.
- Retreatment Interval: minimum of 14 days between applications.

## Precautions - Fallow Agricultural Land and Non-Crop Areas of Farms:

- Spray to obtain complete coverage of weed foliage, but not to runoff. Additional treatments may be needed to provide full season control.
- In a mixed grass weed population, make application of this product when the first grass species reaches the specified growth stage for treatment.

#### **CONVERSION TABLE**

	AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide Rate To Be Applied		
Lb. A.i. per	Pts. per Acre	Fl. Oz. Product	Acres per Gal.
Acre		per Acre	
0.094	3/8	6	21.3
0.125	1/2	8	16
0.156	5/8	10	12.8
0.188	3/4	12	10.7
0.250	1	16	8
0.375	1-1/2	24	5.3
0.469	1-3/4	30	4.3
0.500	2	32	4.0
0.750	3	48	2.7
1.125	4-1/2	72	1.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Use this product at 24 fl. oz. per acre (0.375 lb. a.i. fluazifop-p-butyl/A) per application. 3 applications may be needed.

#### APPENDIX

Scientific names are listed for those weeds listed in the AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide label.

Common	Scientific Name	Common	Scientific Name
Name		Name	
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	Muhly, Wirestem	Muhlenbergia frondosa
Bentgrass	Agrostis spp.	Panicum	
Bermudagrass	Cynodon dactylon	Fall	Panicum
			dichotomiflorum
Brome, Downy	Bromus tectorum	Texas	Panicum texanum
Crabgrass		Proso Millet, Wild	Panicum miliaceum
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	Quackgrass	Elymus repens
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	Rabbitfootgrass	Polypogon
			monspeliensis
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	Rice, Red	Oryza sativa
Tropical	Digitaria bicornis	Ryegrass, Italian	Lolium multiflorum
Cupgrass		Sandbur	
Prairie	Eriochloa contracta	Field	Cenchrus incertus
Southwestern	Eriochloa gracilis	Southern	Cenchrus echinatus
Woolly	Eriochloa villosa	Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor
Foxtail		Signalgrass, Broadleaf	Brachiaria platyphylla
Giant	Setaria faberi	Sorghum, Almum	Sorghum almum
Green	Setaria viridis	Volunteer Cereals	
Yellow	Setaria pumila	Volunteer Barley	Hordeum vulgare
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	Volunteer Corn	Zea mays
Guineagrass,	Panicum maximum	Volunteer Milo	Sorghum bicolor
Seedling			
Itchgrass	Rottboellia exaltata	Volunteer Oats	Avena sativa
Johnsongrass		Volunteer Rye	Secale cereale
Rhizome	Sorghum halepense	Volunteer Wheat	Triticum aestivum
Seedling	Sorghum halepense	Wild Oats	Avena fatua
Junglerice	Echinochloa colonum	Witchgrass	Panicum capillare
Kikuyugrass	Pennisetum clandestinum		

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**DO NOT** contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

#### **Pesticide Storage**

Store in original container only. Keep container closed when not in use. **DO NOT** store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth, or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area.

#### **Pesticide Disposal**

Open dumping is prohibited. Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### [Container Handling plastic [less than or equal to 5 gallons]

[Non-refillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.]

#### [Container Handling plastic [greater than 5 gallons]

[Non-refillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent)

promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.]

#### [Container Handling plastic [greater than 5 gallons - bulk]

[Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. DO NOT reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

#### CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED OR DRINKING WATER]

#### WARRANTY DISCLAIMER AND NOTICE

#### **IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE**

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

**CONDITIONS**: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Aceto Life Sciences, LLC. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, ACETO LIFE SCIENCES, LLC MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Aceto Life Sciences, LLC is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, ACETO LIFE SCIENCES, LLC DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

**LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY**: To the extent consistent with applicable law, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT ACETO LIFE SCIENCES, LLC'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

[All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.] Made in China [,] [formulated in USA] [&] [packaged in USA]

FLUAZIFOP-P-BUTYL GROUP 1A HERBICIDE

# AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide

For the control of grass weeds in landscape areas, roadsides, nurseries, greenhouses, flower beds, groundcovers, interiorscapes, parks, sports fields, golf courses, commercial and residential areas.

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID		
IF ON SKIN OR	Take off contaminated clothing.	
CLOTHING:	<ul> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.	
	<ul> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give</li> </ul>	
	artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.	
	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
IF IN EYES:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20</li> </ul>	
	minutes. Remove contactlenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes,	
	then continue rinsing eye.	
	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
IF	Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.	
SWALLOWED:	<ul> <li>DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control</li> </ul>	
	center or doctor.	
	DO NOT give any liquid to the person.	
	<ul> <li>DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>	
HOTLINE NUMBER		

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. FOR MEDICAL EMERGENCIES INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, CALL CHEMTREC® TOLL FREE 1-800-424-9300 or 1-703-527-3887 (24 Hours per Day, 7 Days per Week).

For information on this pesticide product (including general health concerns or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378, Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 12:00 PM PST or at http://npic.orst.edu.

**Note to Physician:** Contains petroleum distillates - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

[Optional referral statements when booklets and container labels are used:]
[See label booklet for [additional] [complete] [First Aid,] [Precautionary Statements,] [Directions For Use,] and [Storage and Disposal.]

FOR CHEMICAL SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE OR MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL CHEMTREC® TOLL FREE 1-800-424-9300 or 1-703-527-3887 (24 Hours per Day, 7

<sup>100.0%</sup> 

<sup>\*</sup>This product contains 2.0 pounds (+) isomer (fluazifop-P-butyl) per gallon.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Contains petroleum distillates.

EPA Reg. No. 2749-XXXX
Net Contents: [Gals./L.]

**EPA Est. No. XXXXXX-XXX** 

Manufactured for: Aceto Life Sciences, LLC 4 Tri Harbor Court Port Washington, NY 11050

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

#### CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist or vapor. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

# Applicators and handlers (other than mixers and loaders) must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

#### Mixers and loaders must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing or loading

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### Users should:

- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

**DO NOT** apply to areas where runoff into water bodies is expected. This product is toxic to grasses and other monocot plants. Minimize exposure to non-target plants and **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from target areas.

For terrestrial uses: **DO NOT** apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. To protect the environment, **DO NOT** allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area.

Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

#### **GROUNDWATER ADVISORY**

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are pe1meable, pa1ticulady where the water table is shallow.

#### SURFACE WATER ADVISORY

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rainwater. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow groundwater. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features including ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of fluazifop-p-butyl from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of fluazifop-p-butyl from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

**NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY**: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

#### PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. **DO NOT** use or store near heat or open flame. **DO NOT** mix or allow to come into contact with any oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

**DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USES: COMMERCIAL SOD FARMS, ORNAMENTALS GROWN IN COMMERCIAL GREENHOUSES AND NURSERIES, TREE FARMS AND CHRISTMAS TREES.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

**DO NOT** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of barrier laminate or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

## **NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

**DO NOT** treat areas while unprotected humans or domestic animals are present in the treatment areas. **DO NOT** allow entry into treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Warnings must include the following information:

CAUTION: Area treated with AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide on (date of application). **DO NOT** enter without appropriate protective clothing until sprays have dried. In case of accidental exposure to pesticide spray, wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If in eyes, flush with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

This product is a postemergence herbicide for control of annual and perennial grass weeds in ornamentals and certain turf grasses. This product does not control broadleaf weeds or sedges (nutgrass). This product may be applied directly over the top of ornamentals or as a directed spray. Refer to the Ornamental Plant Tables for specific plant safety.

This product is a systemic herbicide which moves from the treated foliage into the shoots, roots, rhizomes, stolons, and growing points (meristematic regions) of treated grass weeds.

This product is rainfast in one hour.

#### **CONTROL SYMPTOMS**

Growth of treated grass weeds stops soon after application. Symptoms include loss of vigor, yellowing and/or reddening, and eventual death to the treated grass weed plant. Symptoms are generally observed within 7–14 days after treatment, depending on grass weed species and environmental conditions. Complete control occurs from 10–21 days following application.

#### MANAGEMENT OF RESISTANT WEEDS

AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide is a Group 1A herbicide (ACCase-inhibitor mode of action). Some naturally occurring grass weed populations have been identified as resistant to herbicides with the ACCase-inhibitor mode of action. Selection of resistant biotypes, through repeated use of these herbicides in the same field, may result in control failures. A resistant biotype may be present if poor performance cannot be attributed to adverse weather conditions or improper application methods.

For resistance management, AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide is a Group 1 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide and other Group 2 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies must be followed.

See specific crop use directions for maximum single application rate, annual maximum number of applications and amount of active ingredient.

To delay herbicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

Rotate the use of AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide or other Group 2 herbicides within a growing

season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.

- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information
  on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate
  that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult
  your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient
  is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses
  historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other
  mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application
  method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or
  varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout before and after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of
  resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a
  weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is
  achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed
  species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.

If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method including hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.

If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.

Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.

For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact your local Aceto Life Sciences, LLC representative at <a href="Aceto@aceto.com">Aceto@aceto.com</a> or (516) 627-6000.

## **APPLICATION DIRECTIONS**

Thorough coverage of all weed plant foliage is important for good activity. Optimum weed control is achieved when young actively growing weeds are treated that are not under stress from moisture, temperature, low soil fertility, mechanical, or chemical injury.

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS:**

- **DO NOT** apply more than 1.125 pounds of fluazifop-p-butyl per acre per year.
- **DO NOT** graze animals in treated areas or feed treated plant.

**TIMING** - Best control of susceptible grass weeds is obtained when this product is applied to actively growing grass weeds before they exceed the listed growth stages shown on this label. Refer to the grass weed table for specific directions on weed growth stages.

For best control, use sufficient spray volume and pressure to ensure complete coverage of the target grass weeds. Apply in 1–2 gallons final spray per 1,000 sq ft with spray pressures of 40–60 psi at the nozzle tip. When grass weed foliage is dense, use 60 psi and a minimum of 2 gallons per 1,000 sq ft to ensure coverage of grass weed foliage.

**DO NOT** exceed the maximum application rates for this product.

Always add a high quality nonionic surfactant containing at least 75% surface-active agent, at 0.25–0.5% v/v (½–1 pt. per 25 gallons) of the finished spray volume for ground sprays.

FOR BEST RESULTS, DO NOT USE FLOOD TYPE OR OTHER SPRAY NOZZLE TIPS WHICH DELIVER COARSE, LARGE DROPLET SPRAYS.

FOR BEST RESULTS, DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT WITH CONTROLLED DROPLET APPLICATORS (CDA) OR ANY SIMILAR DEVICES.

## CHEMIGATION: DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT THROUGH ANY TYPE OF IRRIGATION SYSTEM.

Disturbance (including mowing, hand weeding, etc.) of treated grass weeds is not endorsed within 7 days prior to or within 7 days after application of this product, as weeds may be put under stress, reducing weed control. Timely cultivation 2–3 weeks before or after applying this product may assist weed control.

- Apply to actively growing grass weeds. Application to grass weeds which are stressed due to moisture, temperature, low soil fertility, mechanical or chemical injury may result in reduced weed control.
- For best results, apply at the directed rate to grass weeds at the suggested growth stages as outlined in Table 1 Annual and Perennial Grass Weeds Controlled by AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide. Application to grass weeds which have tillered, formed seed heads, or exceeded listed growth stages may require additional treatment.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the listed growth stages for treatment. Use the highest directed rate for grass weeds in that group.
- Where irrigation is used, best results may be obtained when this product is applied within 7 days after irrigation.
- Best perennial grass weed control can be obtained if rhizomes or stolons are cut up by hoeing, etc., to stimulate maximum emergence of grass weed shoots.
- Avoid drift to all other crops and non-target areas. Some turfgrass crops are highly susceptible to this product.
- For established turf, DO NOT reseed desirable grasses to treated areas for 14 days following the application. For bare ground areas which have been treated, wait 30 days to reseed.
- This product may be tank mixed with other pesticides, liquid fertilizers or any other additives
  according to this label or if local experience indicates that each product on the tank mix are
  safe to the treated crop.
- Sequential applications of other herbicides except as specified on this label or on supplemental labeling within five days before or after this product application may result in ornamental injury and/or reduced grass weed control.
- Thoroughly clean spray tank with water and a commercial tank cleaner before and after each
  use.
- Reduced grass weed control may be observed if rainfall or irrigation occurs within one hour of application.
- DO NOT store this product in or around homes.
- REFER TO THE GRASS WEED TABLE FOR SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS ON WEED GROWTH STAGES.

**NOTICE TO BUYER AND USER:** It is impossible to test every species and variety or cultivar of ornamental or nursery plants under all conditions. Plant tolerance of pesticides varies as conditions vary. Plant tolerance of this product at label rates has been found to be acceptable within the ranges specified for the indicated genera and species. Neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined whether or not this product can safely be used on plants not specified on this label. The user must determine if this product can be used safely prior to use.

This product may be applied as an over-the-top spray or a directed spray application in ornamentals.

## APPLICATION RATES

AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide Rate Conversion Table

Fl. Oz. Product per Acre	Lb. A.I. Fluazifop-p-butyl per Acre
2	0.031
3	0.047
4	0.063
5	0.078
6	0.094
8	0.125
16	0.250
24	0.375
32	0.500

## LANDSCAPE AND ORNAMENTALS

For landscaped areas in residential, commercial, public and industrial buildings, roadsides, tree farms, Christmas trees, field grown ornamentals, greenhouses, nurseries, flower beds, industrial weed control, roadsides, including rights of ways, utility easements, and utility structures.

This product can be used to control annual and perennial grass weeds in many newly transplanted and established dicot ornamentals, trees, shrubs, and ground covers. See Tables 2-5 for specific plant safety.

Apply 16-24 fl. oz./A (0.4 – 0.6 fl. oz./1,000 sq ft) of this product in sufficient water along with 0.25% ( $\frac{1}{2}$  pt./25 gal) of a nonionic surfactant. Use only nonionic surfactant on ornamentals. **DO NOT USE A CROP OIL CONCENTRATE WITH THIS PRODUCT ON ORNAMENTALS** 

For Control of wild oat (Avena fatua), barnyardgrass (Echinochloa crus-galli), Italian ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum), volunteer barley (Hordeum vulgare), volunteer rye (Secale cereale), volunteer wheat (Triticum aestivum) in Daffodils. Apply 16 fluid ounces of this product per acre along with 0.25-0.5% v/v (1-2 quarts/100 gallons) of a high quality non-ionic surfactant containing at least 75% surface-active agent. Apply in 40 to 80 gallons spray volume per acre. Make one application pre-bloom.

## NON-CROP AREAS, ROADSIDE AND INDUSTRIAL AREAS

This product can be used to control annual and perennial grass weeds in non-crop areas. Non-crop areas include airports, cemeteries, electric transformer stations and sub-stations, pipeline pumping stations, around residential, commercial, public and industrial buildings, storage yards, fence lines, parkways, roadsides and rights-of-way.

## TANK MIX PARTNERS FOR NON-CROP AREAS—WEED CONTROL

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products used in tank mix combination are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture

This product and diquat dibromide may be applied together in a tank mix program for desiccation plus systemic control of grassy weeds.

Apply 16–24 fl. oz. this product with label rates of diquat dibromide per acre. Add 8–16 fl. oz. of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of water.

Tank Mix Precautions—This product and diquat dibromide

• Use the full label rate of this product.

- Always add 8–16 fl. oz. of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of water.
- Due to the very fast desiccation of photosynthesizing plant tissue, Diquat dibromide may cause some antagonism of the activity of this product, which must be translocated to cause its effect.

## SPOT TREATMENTS AND DIRECTED SPRAYS (NOT FOR USE ON TURFGRASS)

Mix this product and a nonionic surfactant with water according to the amounts shown below. Spray to obtain thorough coverage, but **DO NOT** spray to runoff. Retreat if necessary.

## **Spot Spray Mixing Directions**

	Add These Amounts	
To Make This Spray Volume	AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide	Nonionic Surfactant
1 gal	0.75 fl. oz.	½ fl. oz.
10 gal	6.5 fl. oz.	3 fl. oz.
25 gal	1 pt.	½ pt.
50 gal	1 qt	1 pt.

## **GRASS WEED CONTROL IN DESIRABLE TURFGRASS**

For the suppression and/or control of Common Bermudagrass, Hybrid Bermudagrass and other grass weeds in Zoysia, Fine Fescue and Tall Fescue turfgrass in golf courses, residential, commercial, public and industrial buildings turfgrass areas.

**DO NOT** apply to Tall Fescue turfgrass during the summer.

Apply 3-6 fl. oz./A this product along with 0.25% v/v (½ pt./25 gal) of a nonionic surfactant. Application must be made every 28 days when the grass weeds are actively growing. The higher rates may result in temporary discoloration of the desirable turf with recovery in 10–14 days. **DO NOT apply to Zoysia, Fine Fescue and Tall Fescue turfgrasses which are under stress**. For best results, make applications in spring and fall and avoid treatments during July and August.

Complete control of undesirable grass weeds may take multiple sequential applications over 1–2 growing seasons.

**Over-spray Zoysiagrass:** Application must be made at a rate of 3–4 fl. oz./A with this product, and a nonionic surfactant. Applications must be made in late spring (around June 1) and repeated about every 28–30 days. Late-summer application can be reduced to 2–3 fl. oz./A as bermudagrass is preparing for dormancy. During hot summer weather the rates could be increased to 4–5 fl. oz./A. **Note:** The 5 fl. oz./A rate could cause temporary turf discoloration.

**Over-spray Tall Fescue turfgrass:** Application rate must be 5–6 fl. oz./A. Application must be made during warm weather in early spring (April, May) when bermudagrass is breaking dormancy. This must be repeated in fall (September, October) when bermudagrass is preparing for dormancy. Applications during the hot months of summer must be avoided. **Note:** This application will show slight discoloration to desirable turfgrass. Tall Fescue turfgrass must recover within 10–14 days. Weather and cultural treatments can also affect applications. Use a minimum of 30 gallons of water per acre.

Grass Weed Control in Fine Fescue turfgrass (Chewings, hard and creeping red fescue): Apply at 8-16 fl. oz./A with a nonionic surfactant to actively growing grass (monocot) weeds. Application can be repeated after 28 days. Applications at the boot stage may reduce Fine Fescue seedheads. Use a minimum of 30 gallons water per acre. Only Fine Fescues are tolerant to these rates of this product.

**Turf renovation for control of bermudagrass:** Apply at 24 fl. oz./A of this product with 2-3 lb. ai/A of glyphosate for control of existing vegetation. A second application must be made after 3-4 weeks for

optimum control of bermudagrass. **DO NOT** seed into treated area for 30 days after last application of this product. Treated area can be sprigged 7 days after last application.

Table 1. Annual and Perennial Grass Weeds Controlled by AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	GROWTH STAGE (INCHES)
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	2-8
Bermudagrass	Cynodon dactylon	4-8
Broadleaf signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	2-8
Crabgrass, Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	2-8
Crabgrass, Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	2-8
Crabgrass, Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	2-8
Crabgrass, Tropical	Digitaria bicornis	2-8
Downy brome	Bromus tectorum	2-8
Fall Panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	2-8
Field Sandbur	Cenchrus incertus	2-8
Foxtail, Giant	Setaria faberi	2-8
Foxtail, Green	Setaria viridis	2-8
Foxtail, Yellow	Setaria lutescens	2-8
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	2-8
Guineagrass, seedling	Panicum maximum	6-12
Italian Ryegrass	Lolium multiflorum	2-8
Itchgrass	Rottboellia exaltata	2-8
Johnsongrass, Rhizome	Sorghum halepense	8-18
Johnsongrass, Seedling	Sorghum halepense	8-18
Junglerice	Echinochloa colonum	2-8
Kikuyugrass*	Pennisetum clandestinum	4-8
Prairie cupgrass	Eriochloa contracta	2-8
Quackgrass	Agropyron repens	6-10
Rabbitfootgrass	Polypogon monspeliersis	2-8
Red Rice	Oryza sativa	2-8
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	2-8
Sorghum almum	Sorghum almum	2-8
Southern Sandbur	Cenchrus echinatus	2-8
Southwestern cupgrass	Eriochloa gracilis	2-8
Texas Panicum	Panicum texanum	2-8
Torpedograss**	Panicum repens	3-10
Volunteer Cereals		
V. Barley	Hordeum vulgare	2-8
V. Corn	Zea mays	2-8

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	GROWTH STAGE (INCHES)
V. Milo	Sorghum bicolor	2-8
V. Oats	Avena sativa	2-8
V. Rye	Secale cereals	2-8
V. Wheat	Triticum aestivum	2-8
Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	2-8
Witchgrass	Panicum capillare	2-8
Wild oats	Avena fatua	2-8
Wirestem muhly	Muhlenbergia frondosa	4-12
Witchgrass	Panicum capillare	2-8
Woolly cupgrass	Eriochloa villosa	2-8

Note: For best results, apply before tillering and/or herding.

Table 2. Over-the-Top Applications May be Applied to the Following Ornamentals. Use only nonionic surfactants on ornamentals.

COMMON NAME/VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Abelia, Glossy	Abelia grandiflora
Acacia, Jim wheat	Acacia schafnerii
Acacia, Shoe-string	Acacia stenophylla
Acacia, Willow	Acacia saligna
Acacia, Willow-leafed	Acacia salacina
Ageratum sp.	Ageratum sp.
Almond, Flowering	Prumus trialoba
Aloe, Barbados	Aloe barbadensis
Aloe vera	Aloe vera
Aloe zanzibarica	Aloe zanzibarica
Alyssum sp.	Alyssum sp.
Ash, American Mountain	Sorbus americana*
Ash, Arizona	Fraxinus velutina
Ash, Green	Fraxinus pennsylvanica*
Ash, White	Fraxinus americana*
Asparagus, Myres	Asparagus densiflorus
Asparagus, Sprenger	Asparagus densiflorus
Aucuba	Aucuba japonica
Aucuba japonica variegata	Aucuba japonica variegata
Aurea	Philadelphius coronarius
Banana, Ethiopia	Musa maurelli

<sup>\*</sup> Not for use in California

<sup>\*\*</sup> Use 24 fl. oz./A per application. Up to three applications may be needed for complete control.

Barberry, Redleaf Japanese Bearberry, Red Begonia, Scarletta Begonia, Scarletta Belflower Birch, Eastern white Bird, Giant of paradise Bird of Paradise Bittle bush Bougainvilea sp. Boxwood, Common Boxwood, Japanese Boxwood, Korean Buckthorn, Tallhedge Burningbush, Compact Bush, Lily-of-the-Valley Bush, Purple hopseed Cactus, Barrel Cactus, Hedgehog Cactus, Saguaro Cacesalpinia cacalaco Camelia Camelia Camelia Camelia Carissa tuttlei Cassia, Feathery Cassia sturdii  Begonia Betula Fercla Betula Fercla Betula Fercla Betula Fercla Boxtelia	mentorensis thunbergii* ohylos uva-ursi Semperflorens cultoreum* ula carpatica endula* nicolai nia gilliesii reginae arinosa enon lanceolatus vilea spp. empervirens icrophylia var. japonica icrophylia koreana
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Cerastium, Snow in summer Cerastic	m tomentosum
Ceratoria, Carob tree Ceratori	
Cercis, Red bud Cercis of	
Cherry, Australian bush Syzgium	
Cherry, Brush Eugenia	siliqua
Cherry, Carolina Prunus	siliqua nnadiensis
Chives Allium s	n siliqua nnadiensis paniculatum
Cleyera Cleyera	n siliqua anadiensis paniculatum myrtifolia

COMMON NAME/VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Cleyera	Ternstroemia gymnanthera
Clover, Pink	Polygonum capitatum
Coffee	Coffea arabica
Coleus	Coleus x hybridus*
Coleus, Jade wizard	Coleus x hybridus
Coolibah, Gum-barked	Eucalyptus microtheca
Coreopsis, Threadleaf	Coreopsis verticillata
Coronet, Orange	Calendula officinalis*
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster microphyllus
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster repens
Cotoneaster apiculata	Cotoneaster apiculata
Cotoneaster, Coral beauty	Cotoneaster dammeri
Cotoneaster, Royal beauty	Cotoneaster dammeri
Cotoneaster, Spreading	Cotoneaster divaricatus
Cotoneaster, Willowleaf	Cotoneaster salicifolius franch
Crabapple, Showy	Malus floribunda
Cranesbill	Geranium pratense
Creeper, Blue star	Isotoma spp.
Crossandra	Crossandra nilotica
Croton	Codiaeum variegatum
Crown Vetch	Vicia sp.
Cypress, Allum lawson	Chamaecyparis lawsoniana
Cypress, Cripps hinoki false	Chamaecyparis obtusa
Cypress, Italian	Cupressus sempervirens
Daisy, Shasta	Chrysanthemum x superbum
Daisy, White africans	Osteospermum fruticosum alba
Daylily	Hemerocallis hybrids
Deutzia, Slender	Deutzia gracilis
Dianthus, Sweet William	Dianthus barbatus
Dogwood, Cornelia cherry	Cornus mas
Dogwood, Flaviramea	Cornus sericea
Dogwood, Flowering	Cornus florida
Dogwood, Red twig	Cornus sericea
Dumbcane, Giant	Dieffenbachia amoena
Emerald mound	Lonicera xylosteum
Eranthemum, Purple false	Pseuderanthemum atropurpureum
Erythrina, Fastadiata	Erythrina fusca
Erythrina, Swamp immortella	Erythrina fusca
Escallonia fradessii	Escallonia fradessii
Escallonia rubra	Escallonia rubra
Euonymus fortunei	Euonymus fortunei
Euonymus, Siebold	Euonymus alata
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COMMON NAME/VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Euonymus, Silver king	Euonymus japonica
Euonymus, Spreading	Euonymus kiautschovicus
Euryops	Euryops pectinatus
Evergreen, Fransher	Aglanoema commutatum
Evergreen, Painted	Aglanoema crispum
Evergreen, Silver queen	Aglanoema commutatum
Evergreen, Treubii ribbon	Aglanoema commutatum
Fatshedera	Fatshedera lizei
Fern, Desert tree	Lysiloma thornberii
Fern, Leatherleaf	Rumohra adiantiformis
Fern, Sword	Nephrolepsis exaltata
Fig, Creeping	Ficus repens
Fig, Exotica weeping	Ficus benjamina
Fig, Trailing hottentot	Carpobrotus chilensis*
Fir, Balsam	Abies balsamea*
Fir, Concolor	Abies concolor
Fir, Douglas	Pseudotsuga mensiessi
Fir, Noble	Abies procera
Firethorn	Pyracanths graberi
Firethorn, Mojave	Pyracanths koidzumii x coccinea
Firethorn, Scarlet, Lalandei	Pyracanths coccinea
Firethorn, Variegated	Pyracanths angustifolia
Flower, Spider	Grevillea rosmarinifolia
Forsythia intermedia	Forsythia intermedia
Forsythia spp.	Forsythia spp.
Forsythia, weeping	Forsythia suspensa
Forsythia x intermedia	Forsythia x intermedia
Gardenia, dwarf	Gardenia jasminoides
Gardenia, Tahitian	Gardinia taitensis
Gay feather	Liatris spicata
Gazania gold rush	Gazania splendens
Gazania uniflora leucoleana	Gazania uniflora leucoleana
Geranium	Pelargonium domesticum
Geranium, Ivy	Pelargonium peltatum
Geranium, Smash Hit Red	Pelargonium x hortorum*
Gimlet, Narrow-leaf	Eucalyptus spathulata
Gladiolus, Debbie, Jennie, Mahoganny, stargazer	Gladiolus x hortulanus
Grapefruit	Citrus paradist
Grapholly, Oregon	Magnolia sp.
Grass, Red fountain	Pennisetum setaceum
Gum, Desert	Eucalyptus rudis
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COMMON NAME/VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Gum, Red	Eucalyptus rostrata
Gum, Red box	Eucalyptus polyanthemus
Hackberry	Celtis occidentalis*
Hawthorn, Yedda / Indian	Raphiolepsis unbellata
Heather, Scotch	Calluna vulgaris
Hemlock, Eastern	Tsuga canadensis
Hen and chickens	Sempervivum tectorum
Hesperaloe parviflora	Hesperaloe parviflora
Hibiscus, Althea	Hibiscus syriacus
Hibiscus, Chinese	Hibiscus rosa-sinensis
Holly, American	llex opaca
Holly, Dwarf buford	llex cornuta
Holly, Fosteri	llex x attenuata
Holly, Japanese	llex crenata
Holly, Meserve	Ilex x Meserveae
Hollyhock	Alcea rosa
Honey locust / shade master	Gleditsia triancanthos var. inermis
Honeysuckle, Bush	Diervila Ionicera
Honeysuckle, Cape	Tecomaria capensis
Honeysuckle, Marrow	Lonicera x marrowii
Hosta, Variegated	Hosta lanciflora
Hydrangea, Oakleaf	Hydrangea querciflora
Hydrangea, Panicle	Hydrangea paniculata
Iberis, Candytuff	Iberis sempervirens
Ice plant, Purple trailing	Mesembryanthemum drosanhemum productus
Ice plant, Red spike	Mesembryanthemum lampranthus spectabilis
Ice plant, Rose	Mesembryanthemum drosanhemum hispidum
Indigo, Firecracker, Mexican	Justicia spicigera
Inkberry, Compact	llex glabra
Iris	Iris spp.
Ironwood	Olneya tesota
Ivy, Algerian	Hedera canariensis
Ivy, Ellen Danica, grape	Cissus rhombifloia
Ivy, English	Hedera helix
Ivy, Hahn's	Hedera helix hahnii
Ixora	Ixora coccinea
Jacaranda	Jacaranda acutifolia
Jacobina ghiesbreghtiana	Jacobina ghiesbreghtiana
Jasmine, Star	Trachelospermum jasminoides
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COMMON NAME/VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Jasmine, Asiatic	Trachelospermum asiaticum
Jessamine, Carolina	Gelsemium sempervirens
Jojoba	Simmiondsia chinensii
Juniper, Admiral	Juniperus horizontalis*
Juniper, Cologreen	Juniperus scopulorum
Juniper, Red ceder	Juniperus virginiana
Lantana, Bush	Lantana camera
Lantana, Purple (trailing)	Lantana sellowiana
Lantana, Twistwood	Viburnum lantana*
Lantana, Wayfaring tree	Viburnum lantana*
Laurel, Indian	Ficus microcarpa nitida
Laurel, Indian	Ficus nitida
Legume, O'Conners	Trifolium fragiferum
Lentago, Nannyberry	Viburnum lentago*
Leptospermum laevigatum	Leptospermum laevigatum
Ligustrum, Amur River	Ligustrum amurense
Ligustrum, Privet / California	Ligustrum ovalifolium
Ligustrum, Texas privet	Ligustrum texanum
Ligustrum, Vicari	Ligustrum x Vicari
Ligustrum, Wax	Ligustrum lucidum
Lilac, James McFarlane	Syringa villosa
Lilac, Korean	Syringa patula
Lily, Kaffir	Clivia miniata
Lily of the Nile, Peter Pan	Agapanthus africanus
Linden, Little-leaf	Tilia cordata*
Liriope	Liriope spicata
Liriope, Green / Variegated	Liriope muscari
Magnolia, Southern	Magnolia grandiflora
Magnolia, Star	Magnolia stellata
Mahonia	Mahonia aquifolium
Mahonia, King's Ransom	Mahonia wagoneri*
Maple, Flame amur	Acer ginnala*
Maple, Japanese	Acer palmatum
Maple, Norway	Acer platanoides
Maple, Silver	Acer sacharinum*
Maple, Sugar	Acer sacharum
Marigold	Calendula sp.
Marigold	Tagetes sp.
Mesquite, Chilean	Prosopis chilensis
Morningglory, Bush	Convolvulus oneorum
Myoporum, Prostrate	Myoporum parvifolium
Myrtle, Crepe	Lagerstroemia indica
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COMMON NAME/VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Myrtle, Wax	Myrica cerifera
Oak, live	Quercus virginiana
Oak, Pin	Quercus palustris*
Oak, Silk	Grevillea robusta
Ocotillo	Fouqueria splendens
Odocanthus sp.	Odocanthus sp.
Oleander, Pink, variegated, petite	Nerium oleander
Olive, Osmanthus, tea	Osmanthus fragrans
Olive, Russian	Elaeagnus angustrifolia
Olive tree	Olea europaea
Ongerops, Acacia	Acacia redolens
Orange, Sour	Citrus aurantium
Pachysandra, Japanese	Pachysandra terminalis
Pagoda flower	Clerodendrum speciosum
Palibin	Syringa meyeri
Palm, Canary Island date	Phoenix canariensis
Palm, Chinese fan	Livistona chinensis
Palm, Golden fruited (small)	Chrysalidocarpus lutescens
Palm, Mediterranean fan	Chamaerops humilis
Palm, Mexican fan	Washington robusta
Palm, Pygmy date	Phoenix roebelenii
Palm, Queen	Acrecastrum romanzoffianum
Palm Queen	Cocos plumosa
Palm, Sago	Cycus revoluta
Palm, Windmill	Chamaerops excelsa
Palo Verde, green	Parkensonia aculeata
Panax, Parsley	Polyscias fruticosa
Passion vine	Passiflora pfordtii
Pear, Bradford	Pyrus calleryana
Pepper, Brazilian	Schinus terebinthifolius
Periwinkle	Vinca major
Periwinkle, Myrtle, dwarf	Vinca minor
Petunia spp.	Petunia spp.
Philodendron selloum	Philodendron selloum
Philodendron, "Micans" velvetleaf	Philodendron oxycardium
Photinia	Photinia x fraseri
Phyllostachys, Golden bamboo	Phyllostachys aurea
Physocarpus, Abbotswood	Physocarpus fruticosa
Physocarpus, Dwarf Ninebark, Nanus	Physocarpus opulifolius
Physocarpus, Gold drop	Physocarpus fruticosa
Physocarpus, Jackmanni	Physocarpus fruticosa
Pilea, Creeping Charlie	Pilea nummulariifolia
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COMMON NAME/VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Pine, African fern	Podocarpus gracilor
Pine, Black / Austrian pine	Pinus nigra
Pine, Canary Island	Pinus canariensis
Pine, Dwarf Swiss mountain	Pinus mugo
Pine, Eastern white	Pinus strobus
Pine, Loblolly	Pinus taeda*
Pine, Longleaf	Pinus palustris*
Pine, Mexican border	Pinus strobiformus
Pine, Norfolk Island	Araucaria heterophylla
Pine, Pitch	Pinus rigids*
Pine, Pond	Pinus serotina*
Pine, Red	Pinus resinosa
Pine, Sand	Pinus clause*
Pine, Scotch	Pinus sylvestris
Pine, Shortleaf	Pinus echinata*
Pine, Slash	Pinus elliottii
Pine, Spruce	Pinus glabra*
Pine, Table-Mountain	Pinus pungens*
Pine, Virginia	Pinus virginiana
Pine, Western / Ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa
Pine, Yew	Podocarpus macrophylla
Pink lady	Raphiolepsis indica
Plant, Candelabra	Euphorbia lactea
Plant, Caricature	Graptophyllum pictum
Plant, Mirror	Coprosma baueri
Plant, Ti	Cordyline terminalis
Plant, Variegated mirror	Coprosma repens
Plant, Waffle plant / metallic	Hemigraphis sp.
Plum, Natal	Carissa grandiflora
Plumbago, Cane	Plumbrago capensis
Plumosa	Chamaecyparis pisifera
Polystichum capense	Polystichum capense
Portulaca, Sunglo	Portulaca grandiflora*
Potentilla, Gold drop, Primrose beauty	Potentilla fructosa
Potentilla verna	Potentilla verna*
Protea	Protea compacts*
Protea	Protea eximia*
Protea	Protea repens*
Protea, Giant / King	Protea cynaroides
Protea, Oleander-leaved	Protea nerifolia*
Pygym, Crimson	Berberis thunbergii*
Pyracanths, Lodense	Pyracanths koidzumii
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COMMON NAME/VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Quince, Flowering	Chaenomeles speciosa*
Radiator plant	Peperomia scandens
Rhododendron	Rhododendron formosa
Rhododendron, Amoenum	Rhododendron obtusum
Rhododendron, Blaauw's pink	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Boule de neige	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Chionoides	Rhododendron catawbiense
Rhododendron, Coral bells	Rhododendron obtusum
Rhododendron, Delaware Valley white	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Elizabeth Gable	Rhododendron catawbiense
Rhododendron, English roseum	Rhododendron catawbiense
Rhododendron, Fashio	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Gerard's Rose	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Gibraltar	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Gloria	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Greeting	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Gumpo pink	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Gumpo white	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, H. H. Hume	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Hahm red	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Herbert	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Hino red	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Kaempo	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Kluis sensation	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Korean azalea/Poukhanense	Rhododendron yedoense
Rhododendron, Less dark purple	Rhododendron catawbiense
Rhododendron, Masasoit	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Mother's Day	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Pericat	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Pink pearl	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, President Lincoln	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Prize	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Purple elegans	Rhododendron catawbiense
Rhododendron, Purple gem	Rhododendron sp.
Rhododendron, Purple splendor	Rhododendron catawbiense
Rhododendron, Red ruffle	Rhododendron sp.
Rhododendron, Red wing	Rhododendron sp.
Rhododendron, Road runner	Rhododendron sp.
Rhododendron, Rose greeley	Rhododendron catawbiense
Rhododendron, Rosebud	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Roseum elegans	Rhododendron catawbiense

Rhododendron, Roseum superbum Rhododendron, Royalty Rhododendron, Royalty Rhododendron, Rutherfordiana Constances Rhododendron, Salmon spray Rhododendron, Salmon spray Rhododendron, Salmon spray Rhododendron, Shewartsonian Rhododendron, Stewartsonian Rhododendron, Spp. Rhododendron, Stewartsonian Rhododendron, Spp. Rhododendron, Stewartsonian Rhododendron, Spp. Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, Tradition Rhododendron spp. Rhododendron, White cascade Rhododendron spp. Rhododendron, White catawba Rhododendron spp. Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid" Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid" Rhuellia californica Rose Rose spp. Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rose Aspp. Rose, Rose Rose Rose, Rose Rose Rose, Rose Rose Rose, Rose Rose Rose, Rose Rose Rose, Rose Rose Rose, Rose Rose, Rose Rose, Rose Rose, Rose R	COMMON NAME/VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Rhododendron, Rutherfordiana Constances Rhododendron, Salmon spray Rhododendron, Salmon spray Rhododendron, Snow Rhododendron, Stewartstonian Rhododendron, Stewartstonian Rhododendron, Stewartstonian Rhododendron, Stewartstonian Rhododendron, Spp. Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, Tradition Rhododendron spp. Rhododendron, White cascade Rhododendron catawbiense Rhododendron, White catawba Rhododendron catawbiense Rhododendron 'Cable Hybrid' Rhuellia californica Rhuellia californica Rose Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rock Cistus hybridus Rose, Rock Rosemary dwarf Rubber tree Ficus elastica decora Sally, Moneywort / Wandering Saltbush Atriplex spp. Salvia greggii Sandwort Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria, Broil of the Sedum spectabile Sedum Sedum, Green stone crop Sedum rubrotinctum Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet Spirae, Crispa Spirae, Froebelii	Rhododendron, Roseum superbum	Rhododendron catawbiense
Rhododendron, Salmon spray Rhododendron, Snow Rhododendron, Snow Rhododendron, Stewartstonian Rhododendron, Stewartstonian Rhododendron, Stewartstonian Rhododendron, Sweethart Rhododendron, Sweethart Rhododendron, Spp. Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, Tradition Rhododendron, Tradition Rhododendron, White cascade Rhododendron, White cascade Rhododendron "Cable Hybrid" Rhododendron "Cable Hybrid" Rhuellia californica Rose Rose Rose Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rose Rose, Rose Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rose Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rose Rose, Rose Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rose Rose, Rose Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rose Rose, Rose Rose, Rose Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rose Rose Rose, Rose Rose Rose, Rose Rose, Rose Rose Rose, Rose Rose Rose, Ros	Rhododendron, Royalty	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Snow Rhododendron, Spp. Rhododendron, Stewartstonian Rhododendron, Spp. Rhododendron, Spp. Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, Tradition Rhododendron, Spp. Rhododendron, White cascade Rhododendron white catawba Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid" Rhuellia californica Rose Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rock Cistus hybridus Rosemary dwarf Rosmarinus officinalis prostratus Rubber tree Ficus elastica decora Sage, Texas Leucophyllum frutescens Sally, Moneywort / Wandering Lysimachia numrularia Saltbush Attriplex spp. Salvia greggii Sandwort Arenaria verna Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria spp. Sansevieria, Mon Glow Sansevieria, Monia Ripple Schefflera, Manila Ripple Schinus, California pepper Schinus, California pepper Sedum Sedum Rown bean Sedum Rown bean Sedum Rown bean Sedum Rown bean Sedum rubrotinctum Sendum x rubrotinctum Sendum x rubrotinctum Sendum x rubrotinctum Snapdragon Antirrihinum majus Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae, Proebelii Spirae, Froebelii Spirae, Froebelii Spirae, Froebelii	·	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Stewartstonian Rhododendron, Sweethart Rhododendron, Spp. Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, White cascade Rhododendron spp. Rhododendron, White cascade Rhododendron catawbiense Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid" Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid" Rhuellia californica Rose Rose Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rock Rose, Rock Rosemary dwarf Rosmarinus officinalis prostratus Rubber tree Ficus elastica decora Sally, Moneywort / Wandering Saltbush Atriplex spp. Salvia greggii Sandwort Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's tongue Sansevieria, Mon Glow Sansevieria, Monid Ripple Schimus, California pepper Schimus, California pepper Schimus, California pepper Sedum Brown bean Sedum Green stone crop Sedum x rubrotinctum Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet Spirae, Rippe, Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Froebelii Spirae, Exburado and the Modendard program of the program	Rhododendron, Salmon spray	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Sweethart Rhododendron spp. Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, White cascade Rhododendron spp. Rhododendron, White catawba Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid" Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid" Rhuellia californica Rose Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rock Rose, Rock Rose, Rock Rose, Texas Sally, Moneywort / Wandering Saltvia greggii Sandwort Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's tongue Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria, Monia Ripple Schimus, California pepper Sedum spectabile Sedum spectabile Sedum spectabile Sedum spectabile Sedum sperae of Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae, Froebelii	Rhododendron, Snow	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Tabor Rhododendron, White cascade Rhododendron Spp. Rhododendron, White cascade Rhododendron White cascade Rhododendron White cascade Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid" Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid" Rhuellia californica Rose Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rock Rosemary dwarf Rubber tree Ficus elastica decora Sally, Moneywort / Wandering Saltbush Saltvia greggii Sandwort Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's tongue Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria, Manila Ripple Sachefflera, Manila Ripple Sedum Brown bean Sedum Sedum Sedum Sedum Sedum Sedum Resum Re	Rhododendron, Stewartstonian	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron, Tradition Rhododendron spp. Rhododendron, White cascade Rhododendron white catawba Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid" Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid" Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid" Rhuellia californica Rose Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rock Rose, Rock Rosemary dwarf Ruber tree Sally, Moneywort / Wandering Saltbush Salvia greggii Salvia greggii Sandwort Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's tongue Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria, Manila Ripple Schefflera, Manila Ripple Sedum, Green stone crop Sedum x rubrotinctum Snapdragon Spirae y Spirae x burnalda Spirae, Altirrihrum majus Spirae, Altirale Spirae, Crispa Spirae, Crispa Spirae, Froebelii	Rhododendron, Sweethart	Rhododendron spp.
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Rhododendron, White catawba Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid" Rhuellia californica Rose Rose Rose Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rock Rose, Rock Rosemary dwarf Rubellia californica Rose, Texas Ruber tree Sally, Moneywort / Wandering Saltbush Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's tongue Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria, Manila Ripple Schefflera, Manila Ripple Schefflera, Manila Ripple Schum, Schefman Sedum, Brown bean Sedum, Green stone crop Sedum x rubrotinctum Snitard Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae, Crispa Spirae, Froebelii Spirae, Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Froebelii Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Froebelii Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Froebelii Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Froebelii Spirae x bumalda	Rhododendron, Tradition	Rhododendron spp.
Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid" Rhuellia californica Rose Rose Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rock Rose, Rock Rosemary dwarf Rubellia californica Rose Rose, Tecas Rose, Rock Rose, Rock Rosemary dwarf Rosemarinus officinalis prostratus Rubber tree Ficus elastica decora Sage, Texas Leucophyllum frutescens Sally, Moneywort / Wandering Lysimachia nummularia Saltbush Atriplex spp. Salvia greggii Sandwort Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's tongue Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria spp. Santolina, Lavendar cotton Santolina, Lavendar cotton Schefflera, Maniia Ripple Schefflera, Maniia Ripple Sedum, Brown bean Sedum, Brown bean Sedum, Green stone crop Sedum x rubrotinctum Snapdragon Antirrihinum majus* Snape, Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Coccinea Spirae x bumalda	Rhododendron, White cascade	Rhododendron spp.
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Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rock Rose, Rock Rosemary dwarf Rosemarius officinalis prostratus Rubber tree Ficus elastica decora Sage, Texas Leucophyllum frutescens Sally, Moneywort / Wandering Lysimachia nummularia Saltbush Atriplex spp. Salvia greggii Salvia greggi Sandwort Arenaria verna Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's Sansevieria trifasciata tongue Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria spp. Santolina, Lavendar cotton Santolina, Lavendar cotton Santolina, California pepper Schinus molle Sedum Sedum Sedum Sedum spectabile Sedum, Brown bean Sedum guatemalense Sedum, Green stone crop Sedum trubrotinctum Sedum x rubrotinctum Snapdragon Antirrihinum majus Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet Antirrihinum majus Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae, Billiard Spirae, Spirae x bimalda Spirae, Crispa Spirae, Froebelii Spirae, x bumalda Spirae, Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Froebelii Spirae, Spirae x bumalda	Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid"	Rhododendron "Gable Hybrid"
Rose, Hybrid tea Rose, Rock Cistus hybridus Rosemary dwarf Rosemar	Rhuellia californica	Rhuellia californica
Rose, Rock Rosemary dwarf Rosmarinus officinalis prostratus Rubber tree Ficus elastica decora Sage, Texas Leucophyllum frutescens Sally, Moneywort / Wandering Lysimachia nummularia Saltbush Atriplex spp. Salvia greggii Sandwort Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's tongue Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria spp. Santolina, Lavendar cotton Santolina, Lavendar cotton Schirlus, California pepper Sedum Sedum, Brown bean Sedum x rubrotinctum Sedum x rubrotinctum Sedum x rubrotinctum Snapdragon Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae, Coccinea Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Froebelii Spirae x bumalda	Rose	Rosa spp.
Rosemary dwarf Rubber tree Ficus elastica decora  Sage, Texas Leucophyllum frutescens Sally, Moneywort / Wandering Lysimachia nummularia Saltbush Atriplex spp. Salvia greggii Sandwort Arenaria verna Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's tongue Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria, Monila Ripple Santolina, Lavendar cotton Santolina, Lavendar cotton Schefflera, Manila Ripple Schefflera, Manila Ripple Schem Sedum Sedum spectabile Sedum, Brown bean Sedum, Green stone crop Sedum spectabile Sedum, Green stone crop Sedum trubrotinctum Sedum x rubrotinctum Snapdragon Antirrihinum majus* Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet Antirrihinum majus Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae, Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Coccinea Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Froebelii Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda	Rose, Hybrid tea	Rosa hybrida
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Sage, Texas  Leucophyllum frutescens  Sally, Moneywort / Wandering  Lysimachia nummularia  Saltbush  Atriplex spp.  Salvia greggi  Sandwort  Arenaria verna  Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's tongue  Sansevieria, Moon Glow  Sansevieria, Moon Glow  Sansevieria spp.  Santolina, Lavendar cotton  Santolina chanaecy parissus  Schefflera arboricola  Schinus, California pepper  Schinus molle  Sedum  Sedum spectabile  Sedum, Brown bean  Sedum, Green stone crop  Sedum x rubrotinctum  Snapdragon  Antirrihinum majus*  Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet  Spirae, Anthony Waterer  Spirae, Coccinea  Spirae, Spirae x bumalda  Spirae, Crispa  Spirae x bumalda	Rosemary dwarf	Rosmarinus officinalis prostratus
Salty, Moneywort / Wandering  Saltbush  Atriplex spp. Salvia greggii Sandwort Arenaria verna Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's tongue Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria spp. Santolina, Lavendar cotton Santolina chanaecy parissus Schefflera, Manila Ripple Schinus, California pepper Sedum Sedum spectabile Sedum, Brown bean Sedum quatemalense Sedum, Green stone crop Sedum x rubrotinctum Sedum x rubrotinctum Snapdragon Antirrihinum majus* Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae, Coccinea Spirae, Crispa Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Froebelii Spirae x bumalda	Rubber tree	Ficus elastica decora
Saltbush Atriplex spp.  Salvia greggii Salvia greggi Sandwort Arenaria verna Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's tongue Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria spp. Santolina, Lavendar cotton Santolina chanaecy parissus Schefflera, Manila Ripple Schefflera arboricola Schinus, California pepper Schinus molle Sedum Sedum spectabile Sedum, Brown bean Sedum quatemalense Sedum, Green stone crop Sedum brevifolium Sedum x rubrotinctum Sedum x rubrotinctum Snapdragon Antirrihinum majus* Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet Antirrihinum majus Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Coccinea Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Crispa Spirae x bumalda	Sage, Texas	Leucophyllum frutescens
Salvia greggii Sandwort Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's tongue Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria spp. Santolina, Lavendar cotton Santolina chanaecy parissus Schefflera, Manila Ripple Schinus, California pepper Sedum Sedum Sedum spectabile Sedum, Brown bean Sedum green stone crop Sedum x rubrotinctum Sedum x rubrotinctum Sedum x rubrotinctum Snapdragon Antirrihinum majus* Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Coccinea Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Froebelii Sansevieria verna Sansevieria trifasciata Sedum Sedum set sedum set subrilasciata Sansevieria trifasciata Sansevieria trifasciata Sansevieria trifasciata Sansevieria trifasciata Sedum sedum-	Sally, Moneywort / Wandering	Lysimachia nummularia
Sandwort Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's tongue Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria spp. Santolina, Lavendar cotton Santolina chanaecy parissus Schefflera, Manila Ripple Schinus, California pepper Sedum Sedum Sedum spectabile Sedum, Brown bean Sedum, Green stone crop Sedum x rubrotinctum Snapdragon Santolina chanaecy parissus Schefflera arboricola Schinus molle Sedum Sedum spectabile Sedum spectabile Sedum, Green stone crop Sedum national sedum spectabile Sedum x rubrotinctum Sedum x rubrotinctum Spirae, Spirae s bumalda Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Coccinea Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Froebelii Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda	Saltbush	Atriplex spp.
Sansevieria, Hahaii / Mother-in-law's tongue  Sansevieria, Moon Glow  Sansevieria spp.  Santolina, Lavendar cotton  Santolina chanaecy parissus  Schefflera, Manila Ripple  Schinus, California pepper  Sedum  Sedum spectabile  Sedum, Brown bean  Sedum quatemalense  Sedum, Green stone crop  Sedum x rubrotinctum  Snapdragon  Antirrihinum majus*  Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet  Spirae, Anthony Waterer  Spirae, Billiard  Spirae, Coccinea  Spirae x bumalda	Salvia greggii	Salvia greggi
Sansevieria, Moon Glow Sansevieria spp. Santolina, Lavendar cotton Santolina chanaecy parissus Schefflera, Manila Ripple Schinus, California pepper Sedum Sedum pepper Sedum, Brown bean Sedum previfolium Sedum rubrotinctum Sedum x rubrotinctum Sedum x rubrotinctum Sedum x rubrotinctum Sinapdragon Antirrihinum majus* Sipirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae, Billiard Spirae, Coccinea Spirae x bumalda	Sandwort	Arenaria verna
Santolina, Lavendar cotton  Schefflera, Manila Ripple Schinus, California pepper Sedum Sedum spectabile Sedum, Brown bean Sedum yuatemalense Sedum yrubrotinctum Sedum x rubrotinctum Sedum x rubrotinctum Snapdragon Antirrihinum majus* Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae, Coccinea Spirae, Crispa Spirae x bumalda		Sansevieria trifasciata
Schefflera, Manila Ripple Schinus, California pepper Schinus molle Sedum Sedum spectabile Sedum, Brown bean Sedum quatemalense Sedum, Green stone crop Sedum brevifolium Sedum x rubrotinctum Snapdragon Antirrihinum majus* Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet Antirrihinum majus Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Coccinea Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Crispa Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Crispa Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda	Sansevieria, Moon Glow	Sansevieria spp.
Schinus, California pepper  Sedum  Sedum spectabile  Sedum, Brown bean  Sedum quatemalense  Sedum brevifolium  Sedum x rubrotinctum  Sedum x rubrotinctum  Snapdragon  Antirrihinum majus*  Snirae, Anthony Waterer  Spirae, Billiard  Spirae, Coccinea  Spirae, Crispa  Schinus molle  Sedum spectabile  Sedum quatemalense  Sedum previfolium  Antirrihinum majus*  Sedum x rubrotinctum  Antirrihinum majus*  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x billiardi  Spirae, Coccinea  Spirae japonica*  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae, Froebelii  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x bumalda	Santolina, Lavendar cotton	Santolina chanaecy parissus
Sedum, Brown bean Sedum quatemalense Sedum, Green stone crop Sedum brevifolium Sedum x rubrotinctum Snapdragon Antirrihinum majus* Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae, Billiard Spirae, Coccinea Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Crispa Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae, Crispa Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda	Schefflera, Manila Ripple	Schefflera arboricola
Sedum, Brown bean  Sedum quatemalense  Sedum, Green stone crop  Sedum brevifolium  Sedum x rubrotinctum  Sedum x rubrotinctum  Snapdragon  Antirrihinum majus*  Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet  Antirrihinum majus  Spirae, Anthony Waterer  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x billiardi  Spirae, Coccinea  Spirae y bumalda  Spirae x bumalda	Schinus, California pepper	Schinus molle
Sedum, Green stone crop  Sedum x rubrotinctum  Sedum x rubrotinctum  Snapdragon  Antirrihinum majus*  Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet  Antirrihinum majus  Spirae, Anthony Waterer  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x billiard  Spirae, Coccinea  Spirae y bumalda  Spirae, Crispa  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae, Froebelii  Spirae x bumalda	Sedum	Sedum spectabile
Sedum x rubrotinctum  Snapdragon  Antirrihinum majus*  Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet  Antirrihinum majus  Spirae, Anthony Waterer  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x billiard  Spirae x billiardi  Spirae, Coccinea  Spirae japonica*  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x bumalda	Sedum, Brown bean	Sedum quatemalense
Snapdragon Antirrihinum majus*  Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet Antirrihinum majus  Spirae, Anthony Waterer Spirae x bumalda  Spirae, Billiard Spirae x billiardi  Spirae, Coccinea Spirae japonica*  Spirae, Crispa Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x bumalda	Sedum, Green stone crop	Sedum brevifolium
Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet  Spirae, Anthony Waterer  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x billiardi  Spirae, Coccinea  Spirae japonica*  Spirae x bumalda	Sedum x rubrotinctum	Sedum x rubrotinctum
Spirae, Anthony Waterer  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x billiardi  Spirae, Coccinea  Spirae japonica*  Spirae, Crispa  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x bumalda	Snapdragon	Antirrihinum majus*
Spirae, Billiard Spirae x billiardi Spirae, Coccinea Spirae japonica* Spirae, Crispa Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda	Snapdragon, Yellow floral carpet	Antirrihinum majus
Spirae, Coccinea  Spirae japonica*  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x bumalda  Spirae x bumalda	Spirae, Anthony Waterer	Spirae x bumalda
Spirae, Crispa Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda Spirae x bumalda	Spirae, Billiard	Spirae x billiardi
Spirae, Froebelii Spirae x bumalda	Spirae, Coccinea	Spirae japonica*
·	Spirae, Crispa	Spirae x bumalda
Spirae, Gold Flame Spirae x bumalda	Spirae, Froebelii	Spirae x bumalda
	Spirae, Gold Flame	Spirae x bumalda

COMMON NAME/VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Spirae, Snowmound	Spirae nipponica
Spirae, Thunberg	Spirae thunbergii
Spirea, False	Astilbe x arendsii
Sprengeri	Asparagus densiflorus
Spruce, Blue	Picea pungens
Spruce, Dwarf Alberta, Black Hills, Densata	Picea glauca
Spruce, Norway	Picea abies
Spruce, Serbian	Picea omarika
Statice, Annual	Statice sinuata
Strawberry, Ornamental	Fragaria chiloensis
Sumac, fragrant	Rhus aromatica
Sumar, African standard	Rhus lancea
Sweetgum, American	Liquidambar styraciflua
Sycamore	Platanus spp.*
Tecoma, Yellow Bells	Tecoma stans angustate
Thuga, Berkman's	Thuga orientalis
Thuga, Emerald green	Thuga occidentalis
Thuga, Globosa	Thuga occidentalis
Thuga, Pyramidalis	Thuga occidentalis
Thuga, Techny	Thuga occidentalis
Thuga, Techny american arborvitae	Thuga occidentalis
Thuga, White Cedar	Thuga occidentalis
Thuga, Woodwardii	Thuga occidentalis
Trachelospermum asiaticum	Trachelospermum asiaticum
Tree, Firewheel	Stenocarpus sinuatus
Tree, Golden-rain	Koelreuteria paniculata*
Tree, New Zealand Christmas	Metrosideros excelsus
Tree, Pagoda	Sophora japonica*
Tree, Varnish	Koelreuteria panicalata
Tree, Yellow oleander	Thevetia peruvianaa
Viburnum, Arrowwood	Viburnum dentatum
Viburnum, Compact cranberrybush	Viburnum trilobum
Viburnum, Doublefile / tomentosum	Viburnum plicatum
Viburnum, Japanese snowball	Viburnum japonicum
Viburnum, Judd	Viburnum x juddi
Viburnum, Nanum	Viburnum opulus
Viburnum, Spandankwa	Viburnum suspensum
Viburnum, Willowwood	Viburnum x rhytidophylloides
Weigelia, Newport red	Weigelia florida
Weigelia, Pink	Weigelia florida
Welleri	Buxus sempervirens

COMMON NAME/VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Willow, Australia	Geijera parviflora
Willow, Basket	Salix purpurea
Willow, Desert	Pittosporum phillyraeoides
Willow, Purple	Salix purpurea*
Willow, Tortuosa corkscrew	Salix matsudana
Willow, Weeping	Salix babylonia*
Willow, Wheelers dwarf, variegated	Pittosporum Tobira
Willow, White	Salix alba
Xylosma senticosa	Xylosma senticosa
Yarrow, Common	Achilea milefolium
Yarrow, Coronation gold, fernleaf	Achilea filipendulina
Yaupon, Dwarf yaupon / Tall	Ilex vomitoria
Yew, Dense	Taxus x media
Yew, Hicks	Taxus x media
Yew, Japanese	Taxus cuspidata
Yew, Thayeri	Taxus x media
Yucca	Yucca filamentosa
Yucca, Spanish dagger	Yucca gloriosa
Yucca, Weeping dagger	Yucca pendula
Zinnia sp.	Zinnia spp.

<sup>\*</sup>Not applicable in California

## Table 3. Directed Applications. Use only nonionic surfactants on ornamentals.

- When plant growth habit allows, applications must be made as a directed spray to the ornamental plants listed below to minimize phytotoxicity.
- Limited testing of the ornamental plants listed below has shown phytotoxicity of **up to 20%** when this product is applied over-the- top at label rates. (Phytotoxicity can occur whenever spray comes in contact with the foliage, even during directed sprays.)

COMMON NAME / VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Bamboo, Heavenly	Nandina domestica
Bottle-brush, Weeping	Callistemon viminalis
Bugle weed	Ajuga variegata
Cactus, Prickly pear	Opuntia sp.
Cats Claw. Yellow trumpet	Begonia tweediana
Ceonothus griseus	Ceonothus griseus
Cinquefoil, Spring	Potentilla verna
Columbine	Aquilegia hybrida
Cypress, Leyland	Cupressocyparis leylandi
Dracaena, Massangeana	Dracaena fragans
Dracaena, Tricolor	Dracaena marginata
Eureka	Rhododendrum obtusum
Fetterbush	Leucothoe axillaris
Fir, Fraser	Abies fraser

COMMON NAME / VARIETY Gamolepsis chrysanthemoides Gazania ringens Gazania ringens Gazania ringens Garse, Green fountain Pennisetum sectaceum Grass, Mondo Ophiopogon japonicum Green carpet Herniaria glabra Guuva, Pineapple Feijoa sellowiana Guuva, Pineapple Guuv	Gallery	Gladiolus x hortulanus
Gazania ringens Grass, Green fountain Pennisetum sectaceum Grass, Mondo Ophiopogon japonicum Green carpet Herniaria glabra Guava, Pineapple Feijoa sellowiana Gum, Lemon-scented Honeysuckle, Japanese Lonicera japonica Honeysuckle, Japanese Lonicera japonica Honeysuckle, Japanese Lonicera japonica Honeysuckle, Japanese Lonicera japonica Juniper, Arcadia Juniper, Blue Pacific Juniper, Blue Rug Juniperus sabina Juniper, Broadmoor Juniper, Broadmoor Juniper, Broadmoor Juniper, Grey Owl Juniper, Hughes Juniper, Hughes Juniper, Honey Juniper, Nana Juniper, Nana Juniper, Nana Juniper, Nana Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper, Prostrata Juniper, Prostrata Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Temariseifolia Juniper, Temariseifolia Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Radocarpus mace Rhododardum brusum Lantana, White Lantana, White Lantana, White Lentana Rhoeo spathacea	COMMON NAME / VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Grass, Green fountain Pennisetum sectaceum Grass, Mondo Ophiopogon japonicum Green carpet Herniaria glabra Guava, Pineapple Feijoa sellowiana Gum, Lemon-scented Eucalyptus citriodora Honeysuckle, Japanese Lonicera japonica Indica Rhododendrum indicum Juniper, Arcadia Juniper, Arcadia Juniper, Blue Pacific Juniperus sabina Juniper, Blue Rug Juniperus sabina Juniper, Broadmoor Juniper, Groadmoor Juniperus virginiana Juniper, Hughes Juniper, Nana Juniper, Nana Juniper, Old Gold Juniper, Old Gold Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper, Pitzeriana Juniper, Pitzeriana Juniper, Prostrata Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Seandia Juniper, Seandia Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Webberi Juniper, Webberi Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Young town Compacta Kurume Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis Maki Podocarpus maccopulorum Nerumoleander Nerium oleander standard Oyster plant	Gamolepsis chrysanthemoides	Gamolepsis chrysanthemoides
Grass, Mondo Green carpet Green carpet Guava, Pineapple Feijoa sellowiana Green carpet Gum, Lemon-scented Honeysuckle, Japanese Indica Juniper, Arcadia Juniper, Blue Pacific Juniper, Blue Rug Juniperus sabina Juniper, Blue Rug Juniperus sabina Juniper, Grey Owl Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Nana Juniper, Nana Juniper, Old Gold Juniper, Pitzeriana Juniper, Prostrata Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, Skyrocket Juniper, Skyrocket Juniper, Skyrocket Juniper, Skyrocket Juniper, Velchii Juniper, Webberi Juniper, Wanel Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Welchii Apel, Red Opster plant Maki Podocarpus mander Indica In	Gazania ringens	Gazania ringens
Green carpet	Grass, Green fountain	Pennisetum sectaceum
Green carpet	Grass, Mondo	Ophiopogon japonicum
Gum, Lemon-scented Eucalyptus citriodora Honeysuckle, Japanese Lonicera japonica Indica Rhododendrum indicum Juniper, Arcadia Juniperus sabina Juniper, Blue Pacific Juniperus conferta Juniper, Blue Rug Juniperus sabina Juniper, Blue Rug Juniperus sabina Juniper, Broadmoor Juniperus virginiana Juniper, Grey Owl Juniperus horizontalis Juniper, Hughes Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Maney Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Old Gold Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Pathfinder Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Prostrata Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Prostrata Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Robdsta Juniperus chinensis Juniper, San Jose Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Scandia Juniperus sabina Juniper, Seardia Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Seardia Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Seardia Juniperus sabina Juniper, Seardia Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniperus horizontalis Juniper, Welchii Juniperus horizontalis Juniper, Welchii Juniperus horizontalis Kurume Rhododendrum obtusum Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis x Syringa chinensis Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Maple, Red Acer rubrum Oleander Nerium oleander standard Oyster plant	Green carpet	
Honeysuckle, Japanese Indica I	Guava, Pineapple	Feijoa sellowiana
Indica Rhododendrum indicum Juniper, Arcadia Juniper, Blue Pacific Juniperus conferta Juniper, Blue Rug Juniperus sabina Juniper, Blue Rug Juniperus horizontalis Juniper, Grey Owl Juniperus virginiana Juniper, Grey Owl Juniperus horizontalis Juniper, Hughes Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Maney Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Old Gold Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Pathfinder Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Pathfinder Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Prostrata Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Robdsta Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Robdsta Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Robdsta Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Rosan Jose Juniperus abina Juniper, San Jose Juniperus sabina Juniper, Skyrocket Juniperus virginiana Juniper, Spearmint Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniperus sabina Juniper, Variegata Juniperus horizontalis Juniper, Webberi Juniperus horizontalis Juniper, Wittonii Juniperus horizontalis Kurume Rhododendrum obtusum Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis x Lilac Syringa chinensis Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Maple, Red Acer rubrum Oleander Nerium oleander standard Oyster plant	Gum, Lemon-scented	Eucalyptus citriodora
Juniper, Arcadia Juniper, Blue Pacific Juniper, Blue Rug Juniper, Blue Rug Juniper, Broadmoor Juniper, Grey Owl Juniper, Hughes Juniper, Maney Juniper, Nana Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper, Pfitzeriana Juniper, Prostrata Juniper, San Jose Juniper, San Jose Juniper, Sandia Juniper, Sandia Juniper, Sandia Juniper, Seyrocket Juniper, Skyrocket Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniper, Welberi Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Weltonii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Welchi Lartana, White Lartana mandevirginam Juniper, Red Juniper, Red Juniper, San Jose Juniper, Sandia Juniper, Sandia Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Rhododendrum obtusum Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis x Lilac Syringa chinensis Maxi Maple, Red Acer rubrum Oleander Nerium oleander standard Oyster plant	Honeysuckle, Japanese	Lonicera japonica
Juniper, Blue Pacific Juniper, Blue Rug Juniper, Broadmoor Juniper, Grey Owl Juniper, Hughes Juniper, Hughes Juniper, Naney Juniper, Old Gold Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper, Prostrata Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, San Jose Juniper, Skyrocket Juniper, Skyrocket Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Waltonii Auniper, Waltonii Auniper, Waltonii Auniper, Waltonii Acer rubrum Maney Juniper sabina Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, Spandia Juniper, Variegata Juniper Juniper Spandia Juniper Spandia Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Robdodendrum obtusum Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis x Lilac Syringa chinensis Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Maple, Red Acer rubrum Oleander Nerium oleander standard Oyster plant	Indica	Rhododendrum indicum
Juniper, Blue Rug Juniper, Broadmoor Juniper, Grey Owl Juniper, Hughes Juniper, Hughes Juniper, Maney Juniper, Nana Juniper, Nana Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper, Pftzeriana Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, San Jose Juniper, San Jose Juniper, Searmint Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Wiltonii Lantana, White Lantana, White Lentand Juniper, Red Juniper sabina Juniper, Red Juniper, Spearmint Maki Maple, Red Oleander Juniper, Red Juniper sabina Juniper, Red Juniper, Syring achinensis	Juniper, Arcadia	Juniperus sabina
Juniper, Broadmoor Juniper, Grey Owl Juniper, Hughes Juniper, Hughes Juniper, Maney Juniper, Maney Juniper, Nana Juniper, Nana Juniper, Old Gold Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper, Pfitzeriana Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, San Jose Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Seyrocket Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Woungtown Compacta Kurume Radou Acer rubrum Maney  Juniper, Red Juniper, Youngtown Compacta Maki Podocarpus marcophyllus Maple, Red Oleander Nerium oleander standard Vaniper us virginana Juniper, Sextanda Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Welchii Auniper, Wilconii Acer rubrum Oleander Nerium oleander standard Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, Blue Pacific	Juniperus conferta
Juniper, Grey Owl Juniper, Hughes Juniper, Hughes Juniper, Maney Juniper, Nana Juniper, Nana Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, San Jose Juniper, Sandia Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Searmint Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Wiltonii Maple, Red Oleander Oyster plant	Juniper, Blue Rug	Juniperus horizontalis
Juniper, Hughes Juniper, Maney Juniper, Nana Juniper, Nana Juniper, Old Gold Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper, Pottzeriana Juniper, Prostrata Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, San Jose Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Skyrocket Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Welberi Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Youngtown Compacta Kurume Lantana, White Lentana montevidensis  Juniper, Sed Juniperus horizontalis Maki Maple, Red Oleander Nerium oleander standard Valuniper schinensis  Juniperus chinensis Juniperus horizontalis  Juniperus horizontalis  Rodocarpus macrophyllus Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, Broadmoor	Juniperus sabina
Juniper, Maney Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, Nana Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, Old Gold Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, Pathfinder Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, Pfitzeriana Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, Prostrata Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, Robdsta Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, San Jose Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Skyrocket Juniperus virginiana  Juniper, Skyrocket Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, Skyrocket Juniperus virginiana  Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Welberi Juniperus korizontalis  Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniperus horizontalis  Kurume Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis x  Lilac Syringa chinensis  Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus  Maple, Red Oleander Nerium oleander standard Oyster plant  Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, Grey Owl	Juniperus virginiana
Juniper, Nana Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, Old Gold Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, Pathfinder Juniperus scopulorum  Juniper, Pfitzeriana Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, Prostrata Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, Robdsta Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, San Jose Juniperus chinensis  Juniper, San Jose Juniperus sabina  Juniperus sabina  Juniper, Skyrocket Juniperus virginiana  Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Spearmint Juniperus sabina  Juniper, Variegata Juniperus horizontalis  Juniper, Welberi Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Youngtown Compacta Kurume Rhododendrum obtusum  Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis x  Lilac Syringa chinensis  Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus  Maple, Red Oleander Nerium oleander standard Oyster plant Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, Hughes	Juniperus horizontalis
Juniper, Old Gold Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper, Pfitzeriana Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Prostrata Juniperus chinensis Juniper, Robdsta Juniperus chinensis Juniper, San Jose Juniperus japonica Juniperus sabina Juniper, Skyrocket Juniperus virginiana Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Webberi Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Youngtown Compacta Kurume Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Maple, Red Oleander Oyster plant  Nerium oleander standard Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, Maney	Juniperus chinensis
Juniper, Pathfinder Juniper, Pfitzeriana Juniper, Pfitzeriana Juniper, Prostrata Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, San Jose Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Skyrocket Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniper, Webberi Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Youngtown Compacta Kurume Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Maple, Red Oleander Oyster plant  Juniperus chinensis Juniperus scopulorum Juniperus scopulorum Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Syringa chinensis  Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, Nana	Juniperus chinensis
Juniper, Pfitzeriana Juniper, Prostrata Juniper, Prostrata Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, San Jose Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Skyrocket Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Webberi Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Youngtown Compacta Kurume Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Maple, Red Oleander Oyster plant  Juniperus chinensis Juniperus sabina Juniperus sabina Juniperus sabina Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis  Kurume Rhododendrum obtusum Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis x Lilac Syringa chinensis Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Maple, Red Oleander Nerium oleander standard Oyster plant	Juniper, Old Gold	Juniperus chinensis
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Juniper, Robdsta Juniper, San Jose Juniper, San Jose Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Skyrocket Juniper, Shyrocket Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Webberi Juniper, Webberi Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Youngtown Compacta Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis x Lilac Syringa chinensis Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Maple, Red Oleander Oyster plant  Muniper, Scandia Juniperus virginiana Juniperus chinensis Juniperus sabina Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Lantana montevidensis x Syringa chinensis Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, Pfitzeriana	Juniperus chinensis
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Juniper, Scandia Juniper, Skyrocket Juniperus virginiana Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Webberi Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Youngtown Compacta Juniperus horizontalis  Kurume Rhododendrum obtusum Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis x Lilac Syringa chinensis Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Maple, Red Oleander Oyster plant Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, Robdsta	Juniperus chinensis
Juniper, Skyrocket Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Webberi Juniper, Webberi Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Youngtown Compacta  Kurume Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis x Lilac Syringa chinensis Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Maple, Red Oleander Oyster plant  Naniperus virginiana Juniperus chinensis Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Lantana montevidensis x  Lilac Syringa chinensis Nerium oleander standard Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, San Jose	Juniperus japonica
Juniper, Spearmint Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Webberi Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Youngtown Compacta Lantana, White Lantana, White Lantana, White Maple, Red Oleander Oyster plant  Juniperus chinensis Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Luniperus horizontalis Riverume Rhododendrum obtusum Lantana montevidensis x Lilac Syringa chinensis Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Review Oleander Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, Scandia	Juniperus sabina
Juniper, Tamariseifolia Juniper, Variegata Juniper, Webberi Juniper, Webberi Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Youngtown Compacta Lantana, White Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis x Lilac Syringa chinensis Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Maple, Red Oleander Oyster plant  Juniperus sabina Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Luniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Luniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Luniperus horizontalis	Juniper, Skyrocket	Juniperus virginiana
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Juniper, Welchii Juniper, Wiltonii Juniper, Youngtown Compacta Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus horizontalis Kurume Rhododendrum obtusum Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis x Lilac Syringa chinensis Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus Maple, Red Acer rubrum Oleander Nerium oleander standard Oyster plant Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, Variegata	Juniperus horizontalis
Juniper, Wiltonii  Juniper, Youngtown Compacta  Kurume  Rhododendrum obtusum  Lantana, White  Lantana montevidensis x  Lilac  Syringa chinensis  Maki  Podocarpus macrophyllus  Maple, Red  Oleander  Nerium oleander standard  Oyster plant  Juniperus horizontalis  Lantina montevidensis  Rhododendrum obtusum  Lantana montevidensis x  Syringa chinensis  Acer rubrum  Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, Webberi	Juniperus horizontalis
Juniper, Youngtown Compacta  Kurume  Rhododendrum obtusum  Lantana, White  Lantana montevidensis x  Lilac  Syringa chinensis  Maki  Podocarpus macrophyllus  Maple, Red  Acer rubrum  Oleander  Nerium oleander standard  Oyster plant  Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, Welchii	Juniperus scopulorum
Kurume Rhododendrum obtusum  Lantana, White Lantana montevidensis x  Lilac Syringa chinensis  Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus  Maple, Red Acer rubrum  Oleander Nerium oleander standard  Oyster plant Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, Wiltonii	Juniperus horizontalis
Lantana, White  Lantana montevidensis x  Lilac  Syringa chinensis  Maki  Podocarpus macrophyllus  Maple, Red  Acer rubrum  Oleander  Nerium oleander standard  Oyster plant  Rhoeo spathacea	Juniper, Youngtown Compacta	Juniperus horizontalis
Lilac Syringa chinensis  Maki Podocarpus macrophyllus  Maple, Red Acer rubrum  Oleander Nerium oleander standard  Oyster plant Rhoeo spathacea	Kurume	Rhododendrum obtusum
MakiPodocarpus macrophyllusMaple, RedAcer rubrumOleanderNerium oleander standardOyster plantRhoeo spathacea	Lantana, White	Lantana montevidensis x
Maple, Red  Oleander  Oyster plant  Acer rubrum  Nerium oleander standard  Rhoeo spathacea	Lilac	Syringa chinensis
Oleander Nerium oleander standard Oyster plant Rhoeo spathacea	Maki	Podocarpus macrophyllus
Oyster plant Rhoeo spathacea	Maple, Red	Acer rubrum
	Oleander	Nerium oleander standard
P.I.M. Rhododendrum spp.		Rhoeo spathacea
	P.I.M.	Rhododendrum spp.
Philodendrum spp. Philodendrum spp.	<u> </u>	Philodendrum spp.
Plumeria, Temple Tree Plumeria acuminata	·	
Privet, Japanese Ligustrum japonicum	Privet, Japanese	
Protea Banksia prinotes*	Protea	Banksia prinotes*

Protea	Banksia victoria*
Protea	Banksia speciosa*
COMMON NAME / VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Protea, Pincushion	Leucospermum cordifolium*
Ruelia	Ruelia ciliosa
Snowball, Chinese	Viburnum macrocephalum
Spirea, Vanhoutte	Spirea x vanhouteii
Star plant, Lavender	Grewia caffra
Sunglow	Rhododendrum obtusum
Tree, Strawberry	Arbustus unedo
Varigated ajuga	Ajuga reptans
Willow	Salix caroliniana

<sup>\*</sup>Not applicable in California.

## Table 4. Directed Applications. Use only nonionic surfactants on ornamentals.

- When plant growth habit allows, applications must be made as a directed spray to the ornamental plants listed below to minimize phytotoxicity.
- Limited testing of the ornamental plants listed below has shown phytotoxicity of **up to 50%** when this product is applied over-the- top at label rates. (Phytotoxicity can occur whenever spray comes in contact with the foliage, even during directed sprays).

COMMON NAME VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Acacia	Acacia latifolia
Acacia sweet	Acacia farnesiana
Bleeding heart	Dicentra spectabilis
Blueberry tifblue	Vaccinum achei
Bottle tree	Brachychiton populneum
Carrot wood	Cupaniopsis anacardioides
Cassia	Cassia condolioma
Cherry mazzard	Avium* prunum
Cordyline	Cordyline stricta
Coromandel	Asystasia gangetica
Croton chinese crenate	Exococaria cochichinensis
Desert broom	Baccharis sarothorides
Eucalyptus	Eucalyptus nicholii
Fiddlewood	Citharexylum spinosum
Hearts and flowers	Aptenia cordifolia
Hibiscus	Hibiscus lepenk
Ice plant white (trailing)	Mesembryanthemum delosperma alba
Ivy swedish	Plectranthus australis
Jade plant	Crassula argentea
Janet Craig/Warnecki	Dracaena deremensis
Juniper, Armstrongii	Juniperus chinensis
Juniper, Burkii	Juniperus virginiana
Juniper, Excelsa Strieta	Juniperus scopulorum
Juniper, Spiny Greek	Juniperus scopulorum
Justicia red	Odontonema strictum

Kings crown	Justicia carnea
Knotweed pinkhead	Polygonum capitatum
Magnolia southern	Magnolia gradiflora
COMMON NAME / VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Pothos/Marble Queen	Epipremnum aureum
Primrose, mexican evening	Oenothera berlandier
Rhododendron, Formosa	Rhododendron indicum
Rhododendron, Hersey red	Rhododendron obtusum
Rhododendron, Hino pink	
Rhododendron, Hinodegeri	
Rhododendron, Karen	Rhododendron poukhanensis
Rubber plant baby	Peperomia obtusifolia
Shrimp plant	Justicia brandegeana
Shrimp plant yellow	Pachystachys lutea
Slipper flower	Pedilanthus tithymaloides
Sonoran palo verde	Cercidium praecox
Thunbergia laurel-leaved	Thunbergia laurifloia
Umbrella plant	Cyperus alternifolius
White shrimp plant	Justicia betonia

<sup>\*</sup>Not applicable in California

## Table 5. Directed Applications. Use only nonionic surfactants on ornamentals.

- When plant growth habit allows, applications must be made as a directed spray to the ornamental plants listed below to minimize phytotoxicity.
- Limited testing of the ornamental plants listed below has shown phytotoxicity **greater than 50%** when this product is applied over-the-top at label rates. (Phytotoxicity can occur whenever spray comes in contact with the foliage, even during directed sprays.)

COMMON NAME/VARIETY	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Birch river	Alsophia australis
Chandelier plant	Kalanchoe tubiflora
Compacta	Euonymus alata
Falsecypress boulevard	Chamaecyparis pisifera
Fern australia tree	Acalypha godsefeiana hertophylla
Grass pampas	Coprtederia selloana
Juniper, Bar Harbor	Juniperus spp.
Juniper, Blue chip	Juniperus horizontalis
Juniper, Blue Haven	Juniperus scopulorum
Juniper, Prince of Wales	Juniperus spp.
Juniper, Sea green	Juniperus chinensis
Katherine Dykes	Physocarps fruticosa
Lavender-scallops	Kalanchoe fedtschenkoi
Periwinkle madagascar	Catharanthus roseus
Purple heart	Setcreasea purpurea
Spider plant	Chlorophytum comosum
Wandering jew	Zebrina pendula

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**DO NOT** contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

## **Pesticide Storage**

Store in original container only. Keep container closed when not in use. **DO NOT** store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth, or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area.

## **Pesticide Disposal**

Open dumping is prohibited. Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

## [Container Handling plastic [less than or equal to 5 gallons]

[Non-refillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.]

## [Container Handling plastic [greater than 5 gallons]

[Non-refillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.]

## [Container Handling plastic [greater than 5 gallons - bulk]

[Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. DO NOT reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

## CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED OR DRINKING WATER]

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER AND NOTICE

## **IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE**

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

**CONDITIONS**: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather 002749-00ARU.20220411.AG36448 R334 2 EC Proposed Label

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conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Aceto Life Sciences, LLC. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

**DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, ACETO LIFE SCIENCES, LLC MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE, THAT EXTEND BEYOND THE STATEMENTS MADE ON THIS LABEL. No agent of Aceto Life Sciences, LLC is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, ACETO LIFE SCIENCES, LLC DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: To the extent consistent with applicable law, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER FOR ANY AND ALL LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL NOT EXCEED THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID. OR AT ACETO LIFE SCIENCES, LLC'S ELECTION. THE REPLACEMENT OF PRODUCT.

[All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.]
Made in China [,][formulated in USA][&][package in USA]

FLUAZIFOP-P-BUTYL GROUP 1A HERBICIDE

## AG36448 R334 2 EC Herbicide

[A Post-Emergence Herbicide for Control of Annual and Perennial Grass Weeds] [For the control of grass weeds in landscape areas, roadsides, nurseries, greenhouses, flower beds, groundcovers, interiorscapes, parks, sports fields, golf courses, commercial and residential areas.]

# CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
IF INHALED:	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>
IF IN EYES:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contactlenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul> <li>Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>DO NOT give any liquid to the person.</li> <li>DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
HOTLINE NUMBER	

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. FOR MEDICAL EMERGENCIES INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT, CALL CHEMTREC TOLL FREE 1-800-424-9300 or 1-703-527-3887 (24 Hours per Day, 7 Days per Week). For information on this pesticide product (including general health concerns or

pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378, Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 12:00 PM PST or at http://npic.orst.edu.

**Note to Physician:** Contains petroleum distillates - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

FOR CHEMICAL SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE OR MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL CHEMTREC® TOLL FREE 1-800-424-9300 or 1-703-527-3887 (24 Hours per Day, 7 Days per Week).

100.0%

<sup>\*</sup>This product contains 2.0 pounds (+) isomer (fluazifop-P-butyl) per gallon.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Contains petroleum distillates.

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

## **CAUTION**

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist or vapor. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates.

**DO NOT** apply to areas where runoff into water bodies is expected. This product is toxic to grasses and other monocot plants. Minimize exposure to non-target plants and **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from target areas.

For terrestrial uses: **DO NOT** apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. To protect the environment, **DO NOT** allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

#### **GROUNDWATER ADVISORY**

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are pe1meable, pa1ticulady where the water table is shallow.

## SURFACE WATER ADVISORY

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rainwater. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow groundwater. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features including ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of fluazifop-p-butyl from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of fluazifop-p-butyl from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

**NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY**: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

## PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. **DO NOT** use or store near heat or open flame. **DO NOT** mix or allow to come into contact with any oxidizing agent. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**DO NOT** contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

## **Pesticide Storage**

Store in original container only. Keep container closed when not in use. **DO NOT** store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth, or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area.

## **Pesticide Disposal**

Open dumping is prohibited. Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

## [Container Handling plastic [less than or equal to 5 gallons]

[Non-refillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.]

## [Container Handling plastic [greater than 5 gallons]

[Non-refillable container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.]

## [Container Handling plastic [greater than 5 gallons - bulk]

[Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the person refilling. To clean container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

## CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED OR DRINKING WATER]

## [Batch Code on the Container]

[Optional referral statements when booklets and container labels are used:] [See label booklet for [additional] [complete] [First Aid,] [Precautionary Statements,] [Directions For Use,] and [Storage and Disposal.]

Read "LIMIT OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY" before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

## Manufactured for:

Aceto Life Sciences, LLC 4 Tri Harbor Court Port Washington, NY 11050

[PEEL BACK BOOK HERE AND RESEAL AFTER OPENING

EPA Reg. No. 2749-XXXX EPA Est. No. XXXXX-XX-XXX Net Contents:\_[Gals./L.]



Made in China [,][formulated in USA][&][package in USA]

[BRACKET is optional Text]