TRIALLATE ECHERBICIDE

FOR CONTROL OF WILD OATS IN WHEAT AND BAGLEY

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

S-2, 3, 3-Trichloroallyl disopropyl thiocarbamate*

46.3%

INERT INGREDIENTS:

53.7%

100.0%

TOTAL

*CONTAINS 4 LBS. ACTIVE PER GALLON.

NET CONTENTS 5 GALLONS EPA REG. NO. 2749-196

CAUTION: KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.

MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. MAY CAUSE SKIN AND EYE IRRITATION. DO NOT GET IN EYES OR ON SKIN. USE WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. WHEN HANDLING, WEAR RUBBER GLOVES AND GOGGLES. IN CASE OF CONTACT, FLUSH WITH PLENTY OF WATER. FOR EYES - GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. DO NOT STORE NEAR FEED AND FOODSTUFFS.

DO NOT REUSE EMPTY CONTAINER. DESTROY EMPTY CONTAINER BY PER FORATING OR CRUSHING AND BURYING IN A SAFE PLACE.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Spraying equipment must be properly calibrated application of too much TRIALLATE EC may injure the crop application of too little TRIALLATE EC may result in poor wild oat control.

TRIALLATE EC should be sprayed on the soil before wild oats germinate. If wild oats have emerged, tillage prior to spraying must be relied upon for their control.

Before applying TRIALLATE EC, be sure the soil is in good working condition. This applies particularly to clay soils. Avoid application to a field left in a ridged condition. Application to a field which is wet, lumpy, rough or ridged will result in reduced wild out control and increased crop thinning.

The incorporation of the chemical into the soil must be completed as soon as possible on the day of spraying. The incorporation should not be deeper than two inches, because deeper incorporation tends to dilute the chemicals, decreasing wild out control and increasing the risk of crop thinning.

When summerfallow or plowed ground is being treated, only a single disking (incorporation) is required if stubble ground with a heavy trash cover is being treated, or if the soil is wet or lumpy (making propmixing difficult) a second disking either before or after spraying is recommended. If the soil is loose and

free of trash, incorporation with 2 harrowings at right angles is adequate

Recommended rates should be followed exactly in order to: (1) Avoid crop injury and (2) is introl with oats.

When using TRIALLATE EC, a strip should be left untreated for proof of results. Weed control may be evaluated also be removing a surface inch or two of soil at the time of germinating to inspect the number of wild oats that were killed before emergence.

Wild oats are usually killed before emergence, but occasionally and particularly under dry conditions plants may reach the 3 or 4 leaf stage before they die

Under conditions of prolonged high temperature at the time of wild oat germination or drought in spirity. TRIALLATE EC may not provide the usual high standard of wild oat control.

Seeding may be done either before or after spraying and incorporation, depending upon the crop that is to be sown. If seeding is delayed, shallow reworking of the treated area before seeding will not destroy the effects of the chemical.

Occasionally some crop thinning may occur in wheat and barley from fall or spring treatments, particularly when there is abundant rainfall after spraying and before crop emergence. This is usually avoided in spring treatments by applications AFTER seeding and minimized in applications before seeding when the seed is placed 1/2 to 1 inch below the TRIALLATE EC treated soil layer. Thinning is usually more than off-set by tillering and increased yields

Domestic oats should not be seeded where TRIALLATE EC was used the previous year. There is a possibility that TRIALLATE EC may carry over sufficiently to injure this crop.

Do not graze livestock on treated crops.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

FALL TREATMENT:

When used in the fall, TRIALLATE EC should be applied within 2 to 3 weeks of soil. freeze-up to provide wild out control in spring planted wheat and barley. Application made more than three weeks before freeze-up may result in reduced effectiveness of the chemical.

Spring and Durum Wheat - Apply 1 quart per acre.

Barley - Apply 1¼ quarts per acre.

- 1. On summerfallow ground, which is loose and free of lumps and trash, incorporate TRIALLATE EC to depth of 2 in. or less with a disk plus harrow or two harrowings at right angles as soon as possible after spraying. (See "General Information" section).
- 2. If soil must be ridged after incorporation to prevent soil erosion by high winds, the depth of ridges should be kept to a minimum. Deep ridging may cause the decrease of effectiveness of the chemical eresult in crop injury in the spring.
- 3 In preparing the TRIALLATE EC treated area for sceding in the spring, care must be taken to avoid working the soil any deeper than 2 inches. Deep tillage, greater than 2 inches in depth tends to dilute the chemical, decreasing the wild out control and increasing the risk of crop injury.

SPRING TREATMENT:

Spring and Durum Wheat - Properly incorporated, 1 qt of TRIALEATE EC per acre should proceed reasonable wild out control.

TRIALLATE EC IS RECOMMENDED AFTER SEEDING ONLY AS FOLLOWS.

1 On summerfallow or plowed ground, seed to a depth of 2 to 3 inches. If drilling leaves ridges in loss is soil, the field should be harrowed prior to spraying



Manufactured for

ACETO CHENICAL CO., INC.

126-02 NORTHERN BOULEVARD, FLUSHING, N.Y. 11364

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in application after seeding baries is recommended, ISPALLATE EC can also be used before seeding and stubble should be tholoughly alled either before or after application is follows:

pity 1 a quarts TRIALLATE EC per acre

Incorporate with a disk type implement or cultivator to a depth of 2 inches or less, followed by a sarrow as soon as possible on the date of spraying. Two harrowings is right angles after spraying are adequate incorporation if the soil is loose and free of tiesh.

Seen barley BELOW the chemical layer in the soil to a depote of 2 pickes and time from immediately often up to 3 weeks after spraying

. TO MIX AND APPLY TRIALLATE EC

The Theoretical EC with 5 or near gallons of water persons for an overall treatment. Highely olumes surraching 10 gallons per acres will usually result in more applicant spraying and less evaporation, and suith, better wild patientrol.

raying during winds above 10 miles per $z \neq will result in a loss of TRIAC! ATE EC below the amount justed for good wild paticontrol$

in best initying of TRIALLATE EC with inverse proceed as follows:

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. Fill the remaining oblition of the tank of the same.

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praying, speck all hose connections to see that they are properly secured. Adjust the height of some order held to ensure an evil distribution of the chemical on the soil. Avoid overlapping of mady. Presure the at the above 30 p.s.r. and just high a rough to provide a uniform spray patter or above sprayers smould not be used because the distribution of the TRIALLATE EC will be too uneven.

theid mark the chare should be actached to both ends of the sprayer boom to serve as a marker, thus dance obtaining or unireated strips. Overlapping will doubt the recommended rate and crop injuration.

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