



EPN

EMULSIFIABLE CONCENTRATE

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	By Weight
O-ethyl O-p-nitrophenyl phenylphospho- nothioate. (EPN)	47.6%
Xylene	38.2%
INERT INGREDIENTS	14.2%
Contains 4 lbs. EPN per Gallon	
TOTAL	100.0%

POISON
DANGER - KEEP OUT

OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Poisonous if
 swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin.
 Rapidly absorbed through skin. See side pan-
 els for additional required warnings and anti-
 dote statement.

Manufactured By
Pueblo Chemical & Supply Co.
 611 SANTA FE DRIVE PUEBLO, COLORADO

DIRECTIONS

Apply as a spray in sufficient water to give thorough coverage of plants. Only persons experienced in handling hazardous insecticides should make application.

Add the required amount of EPN to approximately 1/2 of the desired water and agitate adding the remaining of the required water.

AERIAL APPLICATION: Use 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

GROUND APPLICATION: Use 25 to 50 gallons of water per acre.

FIELD CORN: Adult Corn Rootworm Beetle: Apply at the rate of 1/2 to 1 pint per acre in sufficient water to give complete coverage.

EUROPEAN CORN BORE: Use 1/2 to 1 pint per acre 10 days after first egg hatch or when 75% of plants show evidence of feeding or wholes. Re-apply 7-10 days later if new evidence of leaf feeding is seen. For second hatch apply when eggs begin to hatch.

SWEET CORN: European Corn Borer: Make first application when 25% of plants show evidence of leaf feeding. Continue at 5 day intervals as long as leaf feeding is evident. For second brood hatch, apply when eggs begin to hatch.

ADULT CORN ROOTWORM BEETLE: Apply at the rate of 1/2 to 1 pint per acre in sufficient water to give complete coverage.

DO NOT APPLY within 14 days of harvest.

NOTICE OF WARRANTY

Seller makes no warranty express or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of storage, use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to or beyond the uses set forth in this label.

U.S.D.A. Reg. No. 2737-17

2737-17
ACCEPTED
 JUN 20 1963

**CAUTION
HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS**

DANGER: Poisonous if Swallowed, Inhaled, or Absorbed Through Skin. DO NOT GET IN EYES, ON SKIN OR ON CLOTHING. Wear natural rubber gloves, protective clothing and goggles. In case of contact, wash immediately with soap and water. Wear a mask or respirator of a type passed by the U.S. Bureau of Mines for EPN protection. Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be danger of drift. Vacated areas should not be re-entered until drifting insecticide and volatile residues have dissipated. DO NOT CONTAMINATE FEED AND FOODSTUFFS. Wash hands, arms, and face thoroughly with soap and water before eating or smoking. Wash all contaminated clothing with soap and hot water before reuse. Keep animals and unprotected persons away during treatment and while there is danger from drift or residues. Promptly destroy empty containers by burning or burying; stay out of smoke and vapors. Bury spillage, clean up area with strong lye solution. Store in a cool dry place, away from feed and foodstuffs and out of reach of children and domestic animals. Keep container closed.

WARNING: FLAMMABLE! Keep away from heat or open flame.

Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be harmed.

Keep this product out of lakes, ponds and streams. Do not apply in any manner not specified on the label.

Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

FIRST AID TREATMENT

Persons who show digestive upset, nausea, vomiting, cramps, diarrhea, sweating, excessive salivation, restlessness, giddiness, headache, muscular tremors and twitching of facial and eye muscles soon after exposure to EPN must be taken to a doctor immediately.

CALL A PHYSICIAN AT ONCE.

SKIN: Wash immediately with plenty of soap and water. Remove all contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

EYES: Flush immediately with large amounts of water.

INTERNAL: Administer a tablespoon of salt in a glass of warm water and repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Have victim lie down and keep quiet.

TREATMENT: Atropine is antidotal. 2-PAM is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. **DO NOT** administer morphine.

REV. 8-71 RMBN

ACCEPTED
Jun 22 1972

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JUN 22 1972