





USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING

(1) Wear water-proof pants, coat, hat, rubber boots or rubber overshoes. (2) Wear safety goggles. (3) Wear mask or respirator approved by the U.S. Bureau of Mines for parathion protection. (4) Wear heavy duty, natural rubber gloves.

WORK SAFETY RULES

Keep all unprotected percons and children away from treated area or where there is danger of drift.

Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way. STOP work and get help right away. Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital—immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are given (see First Aid Treatment Section) and if a doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital.

IMPORTANT! Before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Always wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating or drivking

Oliviza --- POISON --- POISO

CAN KILL YOU IF SWALLOWED

This product can kill you if swallowed even in small amounts spray mist or dust may be fatal if swallowed

CAN KILL YOU BY SKIN CONTACT

This product can kill you it touched by hands or spilled or splashed on skin in eyes or on clothing (liquid goes through clothes)

CAN KILL YOU IF BREATHED

This product can kill you if vapors, spray mist or dust are breathed.

POISONOUS TO FISH AND WILDLIFE

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur.

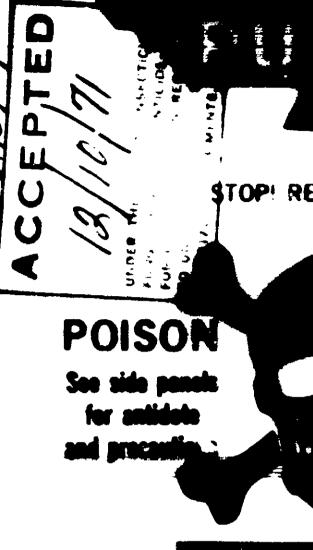
Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

> AFTER WORK, take off all work clothes and shoes. Shower, using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. Respirator should be cleaned and filter replaced according to instructions included with respirator.

POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

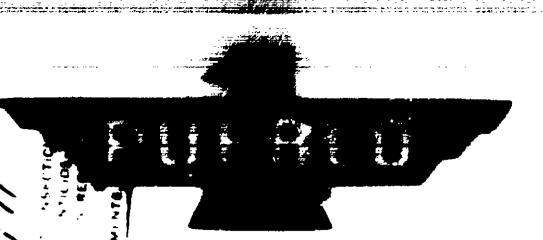
Parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly en ters the body on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with this material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment or they may die

Headache, nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness blurred vision, pin-point pupils, tightness in chest. labored breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of cyes, drooling or frothing of mouth and nose. inuscle spasms and coma



ACTIVE INGREDIENTS PARATHION (O-O-Dieth **Phosphorothioate**) XYLENE INERT INGREDIENTS

PUEBLO CHEMICAL & SUPPLY CO. 611 SANTA FE DRIVE PUEBLO, COLORADO



STOP! READ THE LABEL



4-lb. Ethyl Parathion EC

4 LBS. ETHYL PARATHION PER GALLON

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48 %	•					•	•		•	•	•	•	•
5%	•					•					•	•	
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NOT FOR HOME USE

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MOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Antidote--administer atropine sulfate in large duses. TWO to EOUR mg intravenously or intramuscula ly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 min ute intervals until signs of atropinization appear 2-PAM chloride is also antidotal and may be arminiistered in conjunction with atropine. DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANQUILIZERS. Parathion is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edma, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been reported after initial improvement: VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.

POST TREATED AREA

Consult your State Agricultural Extension Service or Experiment Station regarding posting treated areas

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Biole equipment and coloniners and MIS-POSE OF WASTES by burying at Part 18 withis deep in non-crop lands away from water supplies. Do not reuse container, clush or perforate and bury such vastes its opti-DUTH.

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

Use only according to attached label instructions

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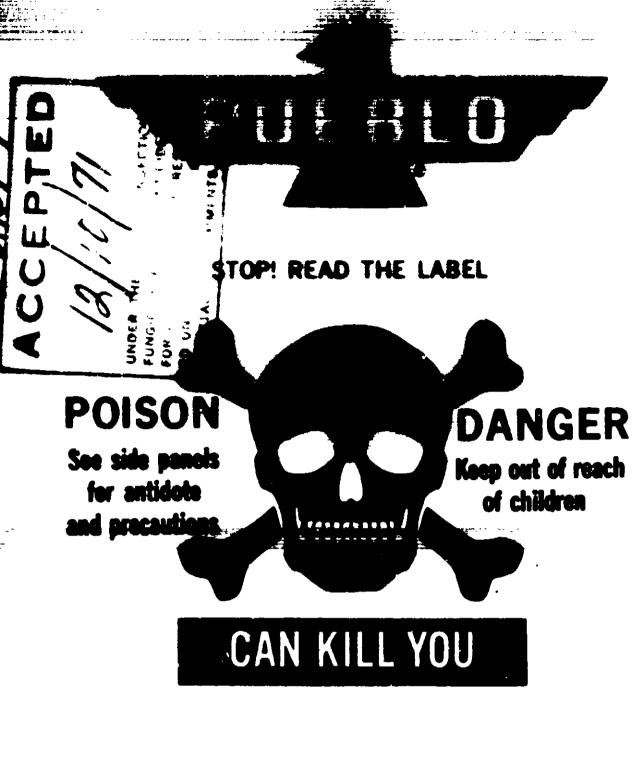
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4-lb. Ethyl Parathion EC

4 LBS. ETHYL PARATHION PER GALLON

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS											
PARATHION (O-O-Diethyl O-p-nitrophenyl											
Phosphorothioate)											
XYLENE	48 %										
INERT INGREDIENTS	5%										
TOTAL	100%										

MANUFACTURE - BY

PUEBLO CHEMICAL & SUPPLY CO 611 SANTA FE DRIVE PUEBLO, COLORADO

NOT FOR HOME USE

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition.

If broothing has stopped, start artificial respiration immediately and maintain until doctor sees victim. If swallowed and victim is awake (conscious) make nim vomit quickly. Induce vomiting by sticking linger down throat or by giving soapy or strong salty water to drink. Repeat until vomit is clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Havevictim lie down and keep quiet. See doctor immediately.

In case of contect, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. See doctor immediately.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

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CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Rinse equipment and containers and LIS POSE OF WASTES by burying at least 18 inches deep in non-crop lands away from water supplies. Do not reuse container; smishor perforate and burn with vastes, Do not burn.

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

Use only according to attached label in structions.

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be diluted with water before using. Use restricted to airplane, custom and power sprayers. Add the required amount of Parathion to only a small quantity of water and agitate well before adding the remainder of the water required. Spray all foliage thoroughly with the diluted spray solution. Repeat as often as necessary for complete control. Application should be made before heads of

AIRPLANE SPRAYING: (Greenbug on wheat, oats, barley and sorghum). Use from ½ pt. to 1 pt. Parathion dissolved in 2 gallons of water and apply at the rate of 2 gallons per acre. Do not spray sorghum within 12 days of harvest or cutting for forage. Do not apply to wheat, barley or oats within 15 days of harvest or a state for torage,

forage on sorghums.

DANGER: Keep all persons out of the operating area or vicinity where there may be danger of drift. Vacated areas should not be re-entered until the drifting insecticides and volatile residues have dissipated.

WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF DAMAGES

SELLER warrants that this material conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use and BUYER assumes the risk of any use contrary to such directions. SELLER makes no other express or implied warranty, including any other express or implied warrancy of FITNESS or of MER-CHANTABILITY, and no agent of SELLER is authorized to do so except in writing with a specific reference to this warranty. In no event shall SELLER's liability for any breach of warranty exceed the purchase price of the material as to which a claim is made.

Only persons experienced in handling hazardous insecticides should make application.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

PUEBLO PARATHION MISCIBLE E.C. must

wheat, barley and oats begin to form.

-COFM: Spider Mites and Aphids use 1 pt. Parathion per acre. Airplane use minimum 1 gellon spray, ground rig use minimum 4 to 5 gellon spray per acre. Do not apply less than-12 days before harvest or cutting for forage. WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS AND SORGHUM: Mites, Use 1 pt. to 2 pts. Parathion per acre. Airplane use minimum 1 gallon soray, ground rig use minimum 4 to 5 gallon spray per acre. Do not apply less than 15 days before hervest on wheat, hards, and oats. Do not apply less than 12 days before harvest or cutting for

BROCCOLI, BRUSSEL SPROUTS, CAB-BAGE, CAULIFLOWER: Cabbage Looper and cabbage worm, aphids. Use ½ pt. Parathion per acre with the necessary amount of water to cover the acre. Do not apply less than 7 days before harvest.

ONION: Thrips, Use ½ pt. Parathion with the necessary amount of water per acre. Do not apply less than 15 days before harvest.

E.P.A. Req. No. 2737.9