2548-70 PM30 1/21

ACCEPTED

NOV 1 3 1987

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under LPA Reg. No. 2548-70

DETIA ROTOX AP (small label) --- FRONT PANEL

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RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE
DUE TO ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY OF HIGHLY
TOXIC HYDROGEN PHOSPHIDE (PHOSPHINE, PH3) GAS

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators for those uses covered by the applicator's certification or persons trained in accordance with the accompanying product manual working under the direct supervision and in the physical presence of the certified applicator. Physical presence means on site or on the premises. Read and follow the label and the Research Products Company product manual which contains complete instructions for the safe use of this pesticide.

Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AP

Active Ingredient: Aluminum Phosphide......57%
Inert Ingredients:......43%
TOTAL......100%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER/PELIGRO-POISON

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: Si usted no Lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta se le haya sido explicado ampliamente.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Symptoms of overexposure to hydrogen phosphide are headache, dizziness, nausea, difficult breathing, vomiting and diarrhea. In all cases of overexposure get medical attention immediately. Take victim to the doctor or emergency treatment facility.

IF GAS OR DUST FROM PELLETS IS INHALED: Get exposed person to fresh air. Keep warm and make sure person can breathe freely. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration by mouth-to-mouth or other means of resuscitation. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF THE PELLETS OR THEIR DUST ARE SWALLOWED: Drink or administer

<u>ለን</u>ዕፍስ OPSOS: 02550 02600 one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger, or if available, administer syrup of inecac. Do not give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or not alert.

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IF PELLETS OR THEIR DOST GET ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Brush or shake material off clothes and shoes in well ventilated area. Allow clothes to aerate in a ventilated area prior to laundering. Do not leave contaminated clothing in occupied and/or confined areas such as automobiles, vans, motel rooms, homes, etc. Wash contaminated skin thoroughly with soap and water.

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IF DUST FROM THE PELLETS GETS IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention.

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See side panels for additional precautionary statements.

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Manufactured by: Detia Freyberg, GMBH F. U. Box 10 6947 Laudenbach F.R. of Germany

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Research Products Company Div. of McShares, Inc. P. U. Box 1460 Salina, KS 67402-1460

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いていぶい EPA Establishment No. 33982WG01 ስልስርነር EPA Registration No. 2548-70

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LEFT PANEL

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGERZFOISON

Aluminum phosphide in perlets or their dust can be fatal if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, in nose, on skin or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling aluminum phosphide fumigants. When the container is opened Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AP will begin to release hydrogen phosphide (phosphine) which is an extremely toxic gas. Contact with water, acids and some other liquids will accelerate this reaction. Fure hydrogen phosphide gas is edorless; the odor is due to a contaminant. Since an ndor may not be detected under certain circumstances, the absence of a gartic odor does not mean that hydrogen phosphide gas is absent. Observe proper application and disposal

osion procedures specified elsewhere in the Labeling to prevent 05150 overexposure.
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FREDUENT EXPOSURE TO LOW CONCENTRATIONS ABOVE PERMISSIBLE LEVELS OVER A PERIOD OF DAYS OR WEEKS MAY CAUSE POISONING.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Refer to "Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AT and Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AP Instruction BookLet" for this section.

RIGHT PANEL

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

The "Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AT and Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AF Instruction Booklet" is a part of Labeling. Refer to it for application procedures and other information necessary to properly use Detia(R) ROTOX(R).

THIS PRODUCT IS ACCOMPANIED BY THE LABELING LISTED ABOVE. READ AND UNDERSTAND THE ENTIRE LABELING. ALL PARTS OF THE LABELING ARE EQUALLY IMPORTANT FOR SAFE AND EFFECTIVE USE OF THIS PRODUCT. CALL RESEARCH PRODUCTS COMPANY OR EFA IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS OR DO NOT UNDERSTAND ANY PART OF THIS LABELING.

Refer to product labeling for use restrictions to protect ENDANGERED SPECIES.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Refer to "Detia(P) ROTOX(R) AT and Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AP Instruction Booklet" for this section.

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NOV 1 3 1987

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 548-73

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DETTA RUTUX AP LABEL --- FRONT FANEL

RESINICTED USE PESTICIDE

DUE TO ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY OF HIGHLY

TOXIC HYDROGEN PHOSPHIDE (PHOSPHINE, PH3) GAS

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators for those uses covered by the applicator's certification or persons trained in accordance with the accompanying product manual working under the direct supervision and in the physical presence of the certified applicator. Physical presence means on site or on the premises. Read and follow the label and the Research Products Company product manual which contains complete instructions for the safe use of this pesticide.

Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AP

Active Ingredient:	Aluminum	Phosphide57%
Inert Ingredients:		
TOTAL		100%

KEEF OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER/FELIGRO-POISON

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: Si usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta se le haya sido explicado ampliamente.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Symptoms of overexposure to hydrogen phosphide are headache, dizziness, nausea, difficult breathing, vomiting and diarrhea. In all cases of overexposure get medical attention immediately. Take victim to the doctor or emergency treatment facility.

IF CAS OR DUST FROM PELLETS IS INHALED: Get exposed person to fresh air. Keep warm and make sure person can breathe freely. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration by mouth-to-mouth or other means of resuscitation. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF THE PELLETS OR THEIR DUST ARE SWALLOWED: Drink or administer

opens one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back opens of throat with finger, or if available, administer syrup of inecac. Do not give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious opens or not alert.

TF PELLETS OR THEIR DOST GET ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Brush or shake material off clothes and shoes in well ventilated area. Allow clothes to aerate in a ventilated area prior to laundering. Do not leave contaminated clothing in occupied and/or confined areas such as automobiles, vans, motel rooms, homes, etc. Wash contaminated skin thoroughly with soap and water.

IF YUST FROM THE PELLETS GETS IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention.

See side panels for additional precautionary statements.

Manufactured by: Detia Freyberg, GMBH F. U. Box 10 6947 Laudenbach F.R. of Germany

Distributed by: Research Products Company Div. of McShares, Inc. P. O. Box 1460 Salina, KS 67402-1460

EPA Establishment No. 33982WG01 Net Contents: FPA Registration No. 2548-70 Net Contents:

LEFT PANEL

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANTMALS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER/FOISON

Aluminum phosphide in pellets or their dust can be fatal if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, in nose, on skin or on clothing. The not eat, drink or smoke while handling aluminum phosphide funioents. When the container is opened Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AP will begin to release hydrogen phosphide (phosphine) which is an extremely toxic gas. Contact with water, acids and some other liquids will accelerate this reaction. Pure hydrogen phosphide gas is odorless; the odor is due to a contaminant. Since an odor may not be detected under certain circumstances, the absence of a garlic odor does not mean that hydrogen phosphide gas is absent. Observe proper application and disposal

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OSICO procedures specified elsewhere in the Labeling to prevent 05150 overexposure.

FREQUENT EXPOSURE TO LOW CONCENTRATIONS ABOVE PERMISSIBLE LEVELS OVER A PERIOD OF DAYS OR WEEKS MAY CAUSE POISONING.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

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Aluminum phosphide in pettets or their dust reacts with moisture from the air, water, acids, and many other liquids to release hydrogen phosphide (phosphine) gas. Mild exposure by inhalation causes malaise (indefinite feeling of sickness), ringing of ears, fatigue, nausea and pressure in chest which are relieved by removal to fresh air. Moderate poisoning causes weakness, vemiting, epigastric pain (pain just above the stomach), chest pain, diarrhea and dysphea (difficulty in breathing). Symptoms of severe poisoning may occur within a few hours or up to several days, resulting in pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs) and may lead to dizziness, cyanosis (blue or purple skin cotor), unconsciousness and death.

In sufficient quantity, hydrogen phosphide affects the liver, kidneys, lungs, nervous system and circulatory system. Inhalation can cause lung edema (fluid in lungs) and hyperemia (excess of blood in a body part), small perivascular brain hemorrhages and brain edema (fluid in brain). Ingestion can cause lung and brain symptoms, but damage to the viscera (body cavity organs) is more common. Hydrogen phosphide poisoning may result in (1) pulmonary edema, (2) liver elevated scrum GOT, LDH and alkaline phosphatase, reduced prothrombin, hemorrhage and laundice (yellow skin color) and (3) kidney hematuria (blood in urine) and anuria (abnormal or lack of urination). Pathology is characteristic of hypoxia (oxygen deficiency in body tissue). Treatment is symptomatic.

RIGHT PANEL

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

The "Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AT and Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AF Instruction Booklet" is a part of Labeling. Refer to it for application procedures and other information necessary to properly use Detia(R) ROTOX(R).

THIS PRODUCT IS ACCOMPANIED BY THE LABELING LISTED ABOVE. REAL AND UNDERSTAND THE ENTIRE LABELING. ALL PARTS OF THE LABELING ARE EQUALLY IMPORTANT FUR SAFE AND EFFECTIVE USE OF THIS

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PRODUCT: CALL RESEARCH PRODUCTS COMPANY OR EPA IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS OR DO NOT UNDERSTAND ANY PART OF THIS LABELING.

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Refer to product labeling for use restrictions to protect ENDANGERED SPECIES.

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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Flasks should be stored in a dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and under lock and key. Post as a pesticide storage area. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storing pesticides in the same areas used to store these commodities.

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Do not store in buildings where humans or domestic animals veside. Refer to the "Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AT and Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AF Instruction Booklet" for additional storage instructions.

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DISPOSAL OF UNREACTED OR PARTIALLY REACTED FELLETS (From spills, leaking flasks or other sources)

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Unreacted or partially reacted Betia(R) ROTOX(R) pellets are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of this product is a violation of federal law.

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If this product cannot be disposed of by ordinary use or according to labeling instructions, contact your state pesticide or environmental control agency or the hazardous waste representative at the nearest EFA regional office for guidance. Do not contaminate water by disposal.

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Reacted pellets are not hazardous. For complete disposal, spill and leak procedures refer to the booklet "Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AT and Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AF Instruction Booklet."

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DISPOSAL OF EMPTY FLASKS

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METHOD ONE: Triple rinse flasks and stoppers with water. Then effer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of them in a sanitary landfill or other approved site or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Dispose of rinsate in a sanitary landfill or by other approved procedures.

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METHOD TWO: Remove lids and place empty flasks outdoors or in structure being funigated until residue in flasks is reacted. Puncture and dispose of them in a sanitary landfill or other approved site or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

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Consult federal, state and local disposal authorities for approved procedures other than those given above. Approved procedures vary for different types of generators.

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10050 *If in doubt concerning whether the dust is reacted and/or 10000 concerning proper disposal techniques contact Research Products 10050 Company.

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RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as ar ended, for the pesticide regit red under EPA Reg. No. 2548-494

DUE TO ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY OF HIGHLY TOXIC HYDROGEN PHOSPHIDE (PHOSPHINE, PH3) GAS

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators for those uses covered by the applicator's certification or persons trained in accordance with this product manual working under the direct supervision and in the physical presence of the certified applicator. Physical presence means on site or on the premises. Read and follow the label and the Research Products Company product manual which contains complete instructions for the safe use of this pesticide.

Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AT and Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AP

INSTRUCTION POOKLET

EFA Registration No. 2548-69 EFA Registration No. 2548-70 EFA Establishment No. 33982WG01

Research Products Company Div. of McShares, Inc. P. D. Box 1460 Salina, KS 67402-1460



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INTRODUCTION

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03350 A٠ HISTORY

The history of Detia(R) pesticides is long, dating back to 0.3400 the mid-1930's. In 1970 Detia(R) GAS EX-B was introduced 03450 into the United States. The manufacturer, Detia Freyberg 03500 03550 GMBH. West Germany was the early pioneer in the development 03600 of hydrogen phosphide as a fumigant gas.

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PRODUCT DESCRIPTION 03700

Both Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AF and Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AT are a mixture of aluminum phosphide (57% by weight), ammonium carbamate and urea which is pressed into tablet and/or petlet form. The nearly spherical pellets are about 3/8" in diameter and weigh 0.6 grams each. The tablets are either disc shaped (4/5" in diameter and 1/5" thick) or spherical in shape (5/8" in diameter) and weigh 3.0 grams each. pellet will produce about 0.2 gram hydrogen phosphide, the tablet about 1.0 gram. Both react with atmospheric moisture to produce hydrogen phosphide (PH3) in the following way:

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AL(0H)3 + PH3

2NH3 + CO2

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04400 Warm, humid air accelerates the reaction while cool, dry air 04450 has the opposite effect.

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Detia(R) ROTOX(R) also contains ammonium carbamate which liberates ammonia and carbon dioxide as follows:

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NH2 COONH4

ALP + 3 H20

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These gases are essentially nonflammable and act as inerting agents to reduce fire hazards. The ammonia gas also serves as a warning agent.

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PRODUCT PACKAGING C.

> The tablets are packaged 500 and 100 to a flask. pellets are packaged 1660 and 500 to a flask.

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The aluminum flasks in which they are packaged are resealable and seamless. Their shelf life is almost unlimited as long as the packaging remains well sealed and intact. Once opened, the flasks may be tightly resealed and stored for future use.

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> WHAT IS HYDROGEN PHOSPHIDE?)] •

05500 05550 Hydrogen phosphide, more commonly referred to as phosphine, 05600 is a colorless gas which is toxic to rodents, humans, and 05650 other forms of animal life. It is very mobile with a high 05700 vapor pressure. Thus, the penetrating capability of hydrogen 05750 phosphide is great. The combination of high molecular 05800 activity, vapor pressure and toxicity at low dosages 05850 accounts for its wide acceptance as a fumigant.

E. SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Carefully read the labeling and follow instructions of explicitly.
 Explicitly.
- Never allow uninstructed persons to handle Detia(R).
- 3. Wear dry gloves made of cotton or other material when contact with tablets, pellets or their dust is likely.
- Open fumigant containers in open air. Never open in a flammable atmosphere.
- 5. Do not allow Betla(R) to contact liquid water or to pile up.
- Dispose of empty containers in a proper manner consistent with the label instructions.
- Aerate contaminated clothing in well ventilated area prior to washing.
- B. Keep containers tightly closed except when removing product.
- 9. Do not reuse aluminum phosphide containers for any purpose other than recycling or reconditioning.

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0085° 10. OSHA recommends that the exposure screening of employees be conducted to detect impaired pulmonary function. OSHA recommends that any employees developing the above condition be referred for medical attention.

II. PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

A. HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS Keep Out of Reach of Children

DANGER-POISON

Aluminum phosphide in peliets, tablets or their dust can be fatal if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, in nose, on skin or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling aluminum phosphide fumigants. When the container is opened, Detia(R) ROTOX(R) will begin to release hydrogen phosphide (phosphine) which is an extremely toxic gas. Contact with water, acids and some other liquids will accelerate this reaction. Fure hydrogen phosphide gas is odorless, the odor is due to a contaminant. Since an odor may not be detected under certain circumstances, the absence of a garlic odor das not mean that hydrogen phosphide gas is absent. Observe per application and disposal procedures specified elsewhere in the labeling to prevent overexposure.

FREQUENT EXPOSURE TO CONCENTRATIONS ABOVE PERMISSIBLE LEVELS OVER A FERIOD OF DAYS OR WEEKS MAY CAUSE POISONING.

B. STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Symptoms of overexposure to hydrogen phosphide are headache, dizziness, nausea, difficult breathing, vomiting and diarrhea. In all cases of overexposure get medical

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08650 attention immediately. Take victim to a doctor or emergency 08700 treatment facility.

- 1. If gas or dust from tablets or pellets is inhaled: Get exposed person to fresh air. Keep warm and make sure person can breathe freely. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration by mouth-to-mouth or other means of resuscitation. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- 2. If the peliets, tablets or their dust are swallowed:
 Drink or administer one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger, or if available, administer syrup of ipecac. Do not give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or not alert.
- 3. If pellets, tablets or their dust sets on skin or clothing: Brush or shake material off clothes and shoes in well ventilated area. Allow clothes to aerate in a ventilated area prior to laundering. Do not leave contaminated clothing in occupied and/or confined area such as automobiles, vans, motel rooms, homes, etc. Wash contaminated skin thoroughly with soap and water.
- 4. If dust from the pellets or tablets gets in eyes!
 Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention.

C. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Aluminum phosphide tablets, pellets or their dust reacts with moisture from the air, water, acids and many other liquids to release hydrogen phosphide (phosphine) gas. Mild exposure by inhalation causes malaise (indefinite feeling of sickness), ringing of ears, fatigue, nausea and pressure in chest which are relieved by removal to fresh air. Moderate poisoning causes weakness, vomiting, epigastric pain (pain just above the stomach), chest pain, diarrhea and dyspnea (difficulty in breathing). Symptoms of severe poisoning may occur within a few hours or up to several days, resulting in pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs) and may lead to dizziness, cyanosis (blue or purple skin color), unconsciousness and death.

In sufficient quantity hydrogen phosphide affects the liver, kidneys, lungs, nervous system, and circulatory system. Inhalation can cause lung edema (fluid in lungs) and hyperemia (excess of blood in a body part), small perivascular brain hemorrhages and brain edema (fluid in brain). Ingestion can cause lung and brain symptoms, but damage to the viscera (body cavity organs) is more common. Hydrogen phosphide poisoning may result in (1) pulmonary edema, (2) liver elevated serum GOT, LDH and alkaline phosphatase, reduced prothrombin, hemorrhage and jaundice (yellow skin color) and (3) kidney hematuria (blood in

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11600 urine) and anuria (abnormal or tack of urination).
11650 Pathology is characteristic of hypoxia (oxygen deficiency in body tissue). Frequent exposure over a period of days or 11750 weeks may cause poisoning. Treatment is symptomatic.
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The following measures are suggested for use by the physician in accordance with his own judgment:

- 1. In its milder to moderate forms (symptoms of poisoning may take up to 24 hours to make their appearance), the following is suggested:
 - a. Complete rest 1-2 days during which the patient must be kept quiet and warm.
 - b. If the patient suffers from vomiting or increased blood sugar, appropriate solutions should be administered. Treatment with oxygen is recommended as is the administration of cardiac and circulatory stimulants.
- 2. In cases of severe poisoning (intensive care unit recommended):
 - a. Where pulmonary edema is observed, steroid therapy should be considered and close medical supervision is recommended. Blood transfusions may be necessary.
 - b. In case of manifest pulmonary edema, venesection should be performed under vein pressure control. Heart glycosides (I.V.) can be used in case of hemoconcentration. Venesection may result in shock. In the case of progressive edema of the lungs, immediately intubate and remove edema fluid and administer oxygen over-pressure respiration, as well as any measures required for shock treatment. In case of kidney failure, extracorporeal hemodialysis is necessary. There is no specific antidote known for this poisoning.
 - c. If pellets or tablets are ingested, induce vomiting. Flush the stomach with a diluted potassium permanganate solution or a solution of magnesium peroxide until flushing liquid ceases to smell of carbide. Thereafter, apply carbomedicinalis.
- D. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS
 Aluminum phosphide in tablets, peliets or partially spent dust will release hydrogen phosphide gas if exposed to moisture from the air or if it comes into contact with water, acids or many other liquids. Piling of tablets, pellets or dust from their fragmentation may cause a

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 temperature increase and confine the release of gas so that ignition could occur.

Always open flasks of Detia(R) ROTOX in open air. Never open in a flammable atmosphere because on rare occasions they may flash. When opening, point the container away from the face and body and slowly loosen the cap. These precautions will also reduce the applicator's exposure to hydrogen phosphide gas.

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Fure hydrogen phosphide gas is practically insoluble in water and oils and is stable at normal fumigation temperatures. However, it may react with certain metals and cause corrosion, especially at higher temperatures and relative humidities. Metals such as copper, brass and other copper alloys, and precious metals such as gold and silver are susceptible to corrosion by hydrogen phosphide.

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 III. DIRECTIONS FOR USE

A. GENERAL

- 1. It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its Labeling. Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AT and AP are Restricted Use Pesticides due to the acute inhalation toxicity of hydrogen phosphide (phosphine, PH3) gas. These products are for retail sale to and use only by certified applicators for those uses covered by the applicator's certification or persons trained in accordance with this product manual working under the direct supervision and in the physical presence of the certified applicator. Physical presence means on site or on the premises.
- 2. Detia(R) is a highly hazardous material and may be used only by individuals trained in its proper use. Before using, read and follow the label precautions and directions on the label and in labeling.

Additional copies of this manual are available from:

Research Froducts Company Div. of McShares, Inc. P. O. Box 1460 Salina, Kansas 67402-1460 913-825-2181

- 3. Do not fumigate with this product when burrow temperature is below 40 degrees F (5 degrees C).
- B. PROTECTIVE CLOTHING
 Wear dry gloves made of cotton or other material when

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- 17000 contact with tablets, pellets, or their dust is likely.
 17050 Wash hands after use.
- 17150 C. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
 17200 Respiratory protection need not be available for outdoor
 17250 applications.
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- 17350 D. HYDROGEN PHOSPHIDE EXPOSURE LIMITS
 17400 Exposure to hydrogen phosphide must not exceed the 8
 17450 hour TWA of 0.3 ppm.
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- 17550 E. INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE MONITORING
 17600 Monitoring is not required outdoors.
- 17650 LIST OF BURROWING PESTS 17700 F. Detia(R) ROTOX(R) may be used out of doors only for the 17750 control of the following burrowing rodents and moles: marmot 17800 7850 sp. - woodchucks and yellow-belly marmots (rockchucks), ¥7900 prairie dogs (except Utah prairie dog), Norway and roof 17950 rats, mice, ground squirrels, moles (except in Indiana), 18000 voles, gophers and chipmunks (except in California). 18050
- 18100 APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS 1.81.50 Add from 1 to 4 Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AT tablets or 5 to 20 18200 Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AP pellets to each burrow opening. Seal 18250 tightly by shoveling soil over the entrance. Place the 18300 pellets or tablets far enough down the burrow that the soil 18350 used to plug the burrow doesn't cover the pellets or 18400 tablets, slowing down their action. Where possible, 18450 subsurface tunnels or runways should be treated every 5 to 18500 10 feet with a dose of 2 to 4 tablets or 10 to 20 pellets. 1.8550 Use lower rates in smaller burrows, in tight soils, under 18600 moist soil conditions and higher rates in larger burrows, in 18650 porous soils and/or when soil moisture is low. In extremely 8700 dry or porous soil, it is sometimes not possible to obtain satisfactory results. This is particularly true in 18750 18800 instances where the burrow systems are extensive such as 10050 moles or gophers. It is always better not to fumigate 18900 during extended periods of dry weather. Treat reopened 18950 burrows and fresh runways a second time 1 to 3 days after the initial treatment. 19000 19050

Detia(R) may be used out of doors only, for control of burrowing pests. Do not use within 15 feet (5 meters) of inhabited structures. Do not apply to burrows which may open under or into occupied buildings.

19350 H. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
19400 This product is highly toxic to wildlife. Non-target
19450 organisms exposed to hydrogen phosphide gas in burrows will
19500 be killed. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands
19550 (swamps, bogs, marshes, and potholes). Do not contaminate
19600 water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

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I. ENDANGERED SPECIES RESTRICTIONS

The use of Detia(R) ROTOX(R) in a manner that may kill or ... otherwise harm an endangered or threatened species or adversely modify their habitat is a violation of federal laws. Before using this pesticide on range and/or pastureland in the counties listed below, you must obtain the PESTICIDE USE BULLETIN FOR PROTECTION OF ENDANGERED SPECIES for the county in which the product is to be used. The builtin is available from your county extension agent, state fish and game office, or your pesticide dealer. Use of this product in a manner inconsistent with the PESTICIDE USE BULLETIN FOR PROTECTION OF ENDANGERED SPECIES is a violation of federal laws.

Even if applicable county bulletins do not prohibit the use of this product at the intended site of application, you may not use this product for control of prairie dogs in the states of Arizona, Colorado, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Texas, Utah or Wyoming unless a pre-control survey has been conducted. Contact the nearest U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service endangered species specialist to determine survey requirements in your area. This survey must be in compliance with the black-footed ferret survey guidelines. developed by the U.S. Fish and Wildl' . Service, and a determination must be made in accord. with the guidelines that black-footed ferrets are not prent in the treatment area.

CALIFORNIA

Fresno, Inyo, Kern, Kings, Madera, Merced, Monterey, San Benito, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Stanislaus and Tulare

FLDRIDA Statewide

GEORGIA

Appling, Atkinson, Bacon, Baker, Ben Hill, Bleckley, Berrien, Brantley, Brooks, Bryan, Bullock, Calhoun, Camden, Candler, Charlton, Chatham, Clinch, Coffee, Colquitt, Cook, Crisp, Decatur, Dodge, Booly, Daugherty, Early, Echols, Effingham, Emanuel, Evans, Glynn, Grady, Irwin, Jeff Davis, Jenkins, Johnson, Lanier, Laurens, Lee, Liberty, Long, Lowndes, Jacon, McCintosh, Miller, Mitchell, Montgomery, Fierce, Lulaski, Screven, Seminole, Telfair, Tattnall, Thomas, Tift, Toombs, Treutien, Turner, Ware, Wayne, Wheeler, Wilcox and Worth

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22400 UTAH Beaver, Carfield, Iron, Kane, Piute, Sevier, Washington and 22450 22500 Wayne 22550 22600 WYOMING 22650 Albany 22700 J. SPECIAL LOCAL RESTRICTIONS 22750 22800 (1) NORTH CAROLINA 22850 Detia(R) ROTOX(R) may only be used for control of rats 22900 and mice in the state of North Carolina. Use against 22950 23000 other pests is not permitted. 23050 (2) DKLAHOMA 23100 A special permit for black-tailed prairie dog control 23150 by poisoning is required in Oklahoma. Contact the 23200 Oklahoma State Department of Wildlife Conservation to 3250 _3300 obtain this permit.

(3) WISCONSIN

A state permit is required for use of pesticides in Wisconsin to control small mammals, except rats or mice. Flease contact your local Department of Natural Resources office for information.

(4) INDIANA

Use of Detia(R) ROTOX(R) for mole control is not legal in the state of Indiana.

(5) MISSOURI

A state permit is required for use of pesticides in Missouri to control small mammals, except rats and mice. Please contact the Missouri Department of Conservation office for information.

(6) KANSAS

A special permit for black-tailed prairie dog control by poisoning is required in Kansas. Contact the Kansas Fish and Game Commission to obtain this permit.

(7) CALIFORNIA

Use of Detia(R) ROTOX for chipmunk control is not legal in the state of California.

K. STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

1. STORAGE

Flasks should be stored in a dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and under lock and key. Fost as a pesticide storage area. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storing pesticides in the same areas used to store these commodities. Do not store in buildings

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25100 where humans or domestic animals reside. Keep out of 25150 reach of children.

Detia(R) ROTOX(R) is supplied in gas tight resealable, aluminum flasks. Do not expose the product inside flasks to atmospheric moisture any longer than is necessary. Seal tightly before returning opened flasks to storage. The shelf life of Detia(R) is virtually unlimited if the containers are tightly sealed.

2. DISPOSAL OF UNREACIED OR PARTIALLY BEACTED TABLETS OR PELLETS

(From spills, leaking flasks or other sources) Unreacted or partially reacted Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AP or Detia(R) ROTOX(R) AT are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of these products is a violation of federal law. If these products cannot be disposed of by ordinary use or according to the instructions that follow, contact your state pesticide or environmental control agency or the hazardous waste representative at the nearest EFA regional office for guidance. Do not contaminate water

Some local and state waste disposal regulations may vary from the following recommendations. Disposal procedures should be reviewed with appropriate authorities to ensure compliance with local regulations.

FOR SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS SEE "SPILL AND LEAK PROCEDURES" BELOW.

3. DISPOSAL OF EMPTY FLASKS

by disposal.

- a. Method Que: Triple rinse flasks and stoppers with water. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of them in a sanitary landfill or other approved site or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Dispose of rinsate in a sanitary landfill or by other approved procedures. Small quantities can be poured out on the ground.
- b. Method Two: Remove lids and place empty flasks outdoors until residue in flasks is reacted. Puncture and dispose of them in a sanitary landfill or other approved site or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.
- L. SPILL AND LEAK PROCEDURES
 - 1. GENERAL

A spill, other than incidental to application or normal handling or punctured flasks can produce high levels of gas, and therefore, attending personnel must wear a SCBA or its equivalent when the concentrations of hydrogen

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27900 phosphide gas is unknown. If the concentration is 28000 known, other NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection 28050 can be worn. Wear dry cotton or other gloves when handling spitted material.

- 2. DAMAGE TO FIBERBOARD CASE
 Check aluminum flasks. If they are damaged handle as
 described below. If they are undamaged return them to
 cardboard cartons or other suitable packaging which
 complies with DOT regulations.
- 3. LEAKING FLASK PROCEDURES

 If aluminum flasks have been punctured or damaged
 causing a leak, the product may be immediately used, the
 container may be temporarily repaired with aluminum tape
 or the Detia(R) may be transferred from the damaged
 flask to a sound metal container which should be sealed
 and properly labeled as aluminum phosphide. Transport
 the damaged containers to an area suitable for pesticide
 storage for inspection. Further instructions and
 recommendations may be obtained, if required, from
 Research Products Company.

Handle empty damaged containers as described under "DISPOSAL OF EMPTY FLASKS" above.

4. SPILL PROCEDURES

Do not flush spillage down drain with water. DO NOT use water at anytime to clean up a spill. Water in contact with unreacted tablets or pellets will rapidly accelerate the production of hydrogen phosphide gas and could cause spontaneous ignition of the gas. If the spill is only a few minutes old and is not contaminated by other materials, collect the spillage and place it back into the original flask or other sound metal container and tighten the cap. If possible, use immediately. CAUTION: AN IGNITION MAY OCCUR WHEN THESE CONTAINERS ARE REOPENED.

If the spilled material is contaminated or has begun to visibly decompose, gather it up and place it into open top, perforated gallon cans and process it immediately.

Do not add more than about one flask (2 to 3 lbs.) of spilled material to the bucket. If on-site deactivation is not feasible, these open containers should be transported in open vehicles to a suitable area away from occupied buildings. Wet or dry deactivation must then be carried out as described in the section immediately below.

5. DEACTIVATION AND DISPOSAL OF UNREACTED OR PARTIALLY REACTED TABLETS OR FELLETS

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a. Wet_Method

Transport material by hand or in open vehicles to open eir away from occupied structures. Fill a drum 2/5 full with water.

Add 1/4 cup of low sudsing detergent or surfactant in each gallon of water. Each flask of tablets or pellets should be mixed with no less than 1 gallon of water/detergent solution. Slowly pour the material into the water as it is stirred. Stir occasionally thereafter for at least 36 hours. Appropriate respiratory protection must be worn. DO NOT COVER THE CONTAINER. IF THE CONTAINER IS COVERED THE HYDROGEN PHOSPHIDE BEING GENERATED WILL BE CONFINED AND WILL DECOMPOSE EXPLOSIVELY. The wet method of deactivation is the method of choice for quantities in excess of 5 flasks (10 to 15 pounds). It is safe to dispose of this slurry.

Dispose of the resulting deactivated slurry, with or without preliminary pouring out of excess water, at a sanitary landfill or other suitable burial site approved by local authorities. Where permissible this slurry may be poured into a storm sewer or out onto the ground.

b. Dry Method

As an alternative to the wet method, when permissible small amounts (up to 5 flasks) of partially reacted or unreacted material may be spread out in an open, secure area away from occupied buildings to be deactivated by atmospheric moisture.

NOTE: Never place pellets, tablets, their dust or the dust/water slurry in a confined container such as a closed drum or plastic bags. Any hydrogen phosphide generated will be confined and may decompose explosively.