

To increase the effectiveness of Weed & Dandelion Killer, a special* wetting agent has been added. (*Allows more weed killer to be absorbed by the plant).

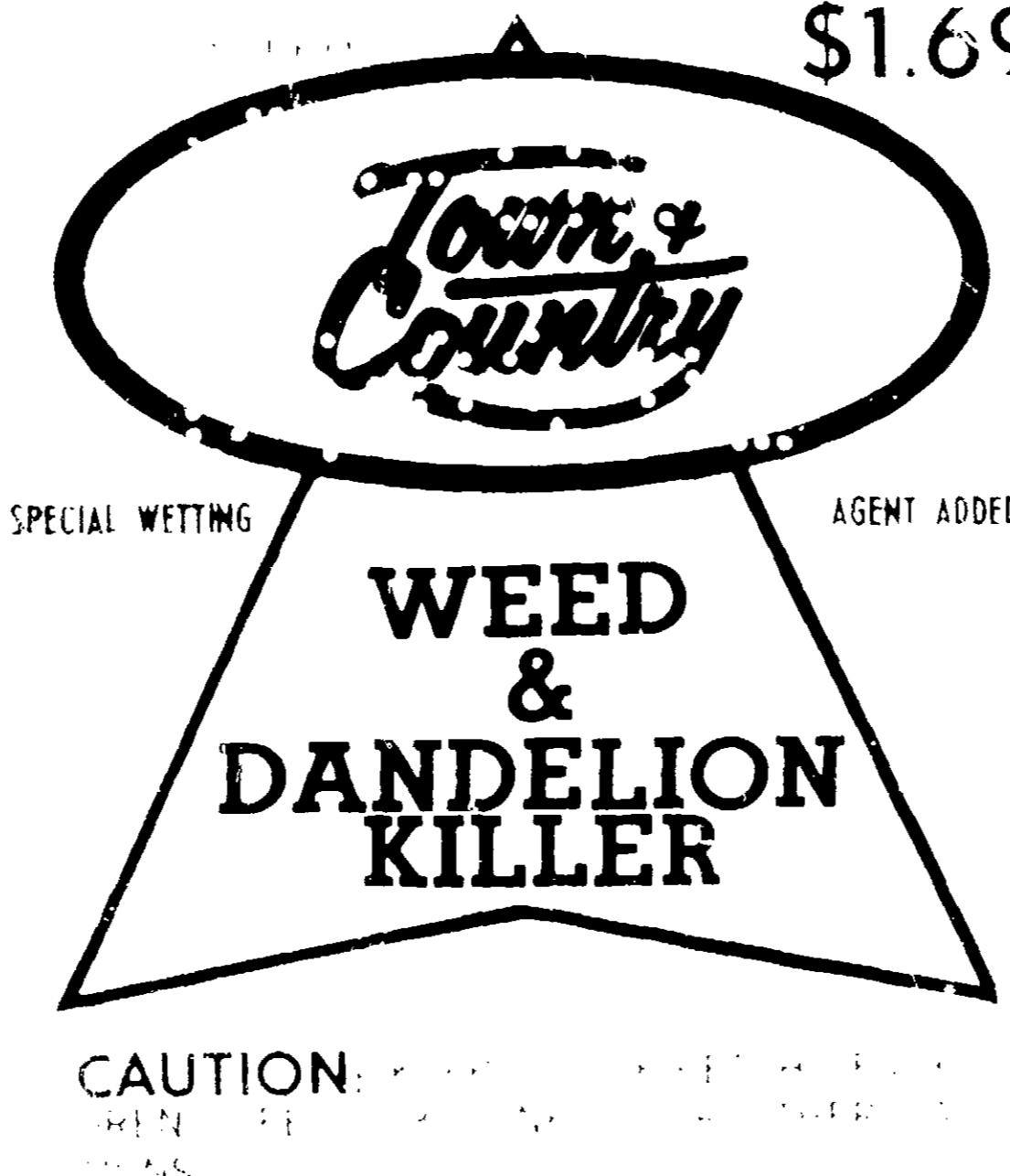
DIRECTIONS

LAWN WEED CONTROL. Use 2 tablespoonsful of WEED & DANDELION KILLER per gallon of water and apply to 400 sq. ft. (20' x 20') of lawn area. Apply when weeds are young and actively growing. Do not use on new lawns less than 3 months old, do not use on bent, clover, Dichondra, or St. Augustine lawns. This product may cause injury to carpetgrass. If lawn begins to brown, water heavily. Use for Dandelions, Plantain, Japanese Clover, Oxalis, Henbit, Common Chickweed, Knotweed, Ground Ivy, Pigweed, Spurge, Cocklebur and similar weeds. Repeat if necessary for hard to kill weeds.

FOR BEST RESULTS, MOW AND WATER THOROUGHLY BEFORE APPLYING. DO NOT WATER AFTER APPLYING FOR 24 HOURS.

HARDY WEEDS. Use 2 tablespoonsful per gallon of water and apply to 200 sq. ft. of area to control Docks, Thistles, and Wild Morning Glory. WOODY PLANTS. Use 8 tablespoonsful (1/2 cup) per gallon of water and apply as a drenching spray when plants are in full leaf. For control of Poison Ivy, Poison Oak, Sumac as well as many woody shrubs. Use along fence rows, rights of way, and vacant lots. Do not apply to Woolly Elm trees.

U.S.D.A. Reg. No. 2491-246



A WATER SOLUTION - USE IN WATER ONLY

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS	PER GALLON
tri-methylamine salt of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid	14%
NETT INGREDIENTS	75.32%
Water	75.32%
Rohm & Haas Triton X-100	.08%

TOTAL 100.00%

*Equivalent to 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid, 20.45%, containing 2 lbs. of acid per gallon.

Net Contents: 1 Pint (covers 6,400 sq. ft. of area)

PROTECT FROM FREEZING

CAUTION Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands after use.

Avoid spray drift to susceptible plants as this product may injure cotton, beans, peas, tomatoes and ornamentals. (Coarse sprays are less likely to drift).

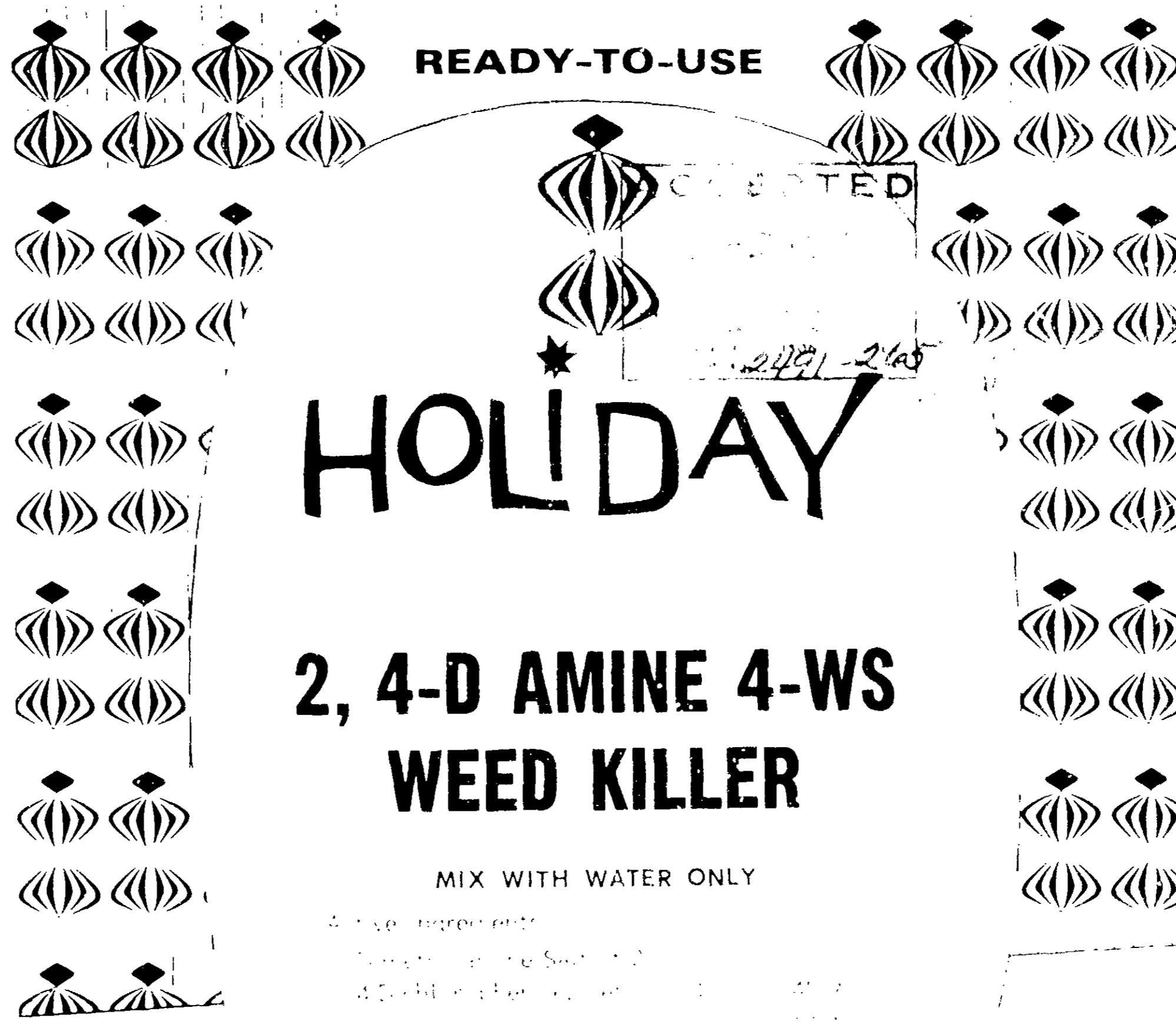
Do not use same sprayer for other purposes.
Do not store near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides or fungicides.

Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.
Destroy empty container.

Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied concerning the use of this product other than indicated on label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.

DISTRIBUTED BY

T. & C. PRODUCTS CO DENVER, COLORADO 80022



MIX WITH WATER ONLY

Active ingredient:

2,4-D Amine 4-WS
40% (as 2,4-D)
Also contains: Propylene Glycol, Water, and other inert ingredients.

NET CONTENTS
5 GALLONS

CAUTION: "Keep out of the reach of children."

ACCEPTED

3-3-71

2491-265

UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE,
Pesticide AND Rodenticide ACT
FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTER
& ID UNDER NO.

COMPLIANT



HOLIDAY

2, 4-D AMINE 4-WS WEED KILLER

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

This product is for use in water only by ground equipment or aircraft. Continued agitation of spray tank is not necessary. Use the lower rate for annual weeds and the higher rate for perennial weeds, unless otherwise specified. Apply the recommended rate with enough water to give uniform coverage. This may vary from 2 gallons for aircraft and boom sprayers with small orifice nozzles to 100 gallons per acre when using other types of equipment or when weed growth is particularly dense and tall.

CORN (post-emergence): For control of annual broadleaf weeds, use 1 pint per acre in sufficient water to obtain good coverage. Make application following emergence of majority of weeds but after corn is 6 inches tall up to tasseling. Use drop nozzles when corn is over 10 inches tall to keep spray off corn foliage. Do not apply from tasseling to dough stage.

FLAX: Use 1/2 pint per acre in sufficient water to obtain good coverage. Apply spray only after plants have reached a height of 2 to 4 inches. Do not spray after buds appear. Certain varieties of flax are injured by 2, 4-D and should not be sprayed. Redwing, Kota, Dakota, Royal and Cheyenne are tolerant. Consult your county agent or local Weed Commissioner for recommendation on other flax varieties.

SMALL GRAINS (Barley, Oats, Rye and Wheat): Grains should be sprayed after stowing (tilling) and before boot stage. Do not apply from boot to milk or in seedling stage. Do not use on grain interplanted with a legume, particularly alfalfa or sweet clover, unless injury to the legume can be tolerated.

ANNUAL AND BIENNIAL WEEDS: Apply 1 pint per acre for the control of annual and biennial weeds including Cocklebur, Kochia, Lamb's quarters, Mustards, Penny-cress (Fanweed) Pigweed, Russian Thistle and Sweet Clover.

PERENNIAL WEEDS: Apply 1 1/2 pints per acre for the control of perennial weeds including Canada Thistle and Sow Thistle.

GRASS SEED CROPS (Fescue, Kentucky Bluegrass, Merion Bluegrass, Orchard Grass, Rye): Apply 1 to 2 pints per acre in 10 or more gallons of water by ground application, or at least 2 gallons of water per acre by airplane to control the foregoing and biennial weeds. In established lawns, apply in the early Spring or Fall. Apply the lower rate to new seedings after the grass has reached the 5 leaf stage. Applications should be made prior to the time seedheads appear in the boot.

NON-CROPPED LAND (Along fencerows, rights-of-way, buildings, vacant lots and farm yards): Annual and Bi-

2, 4-D AMINE 4-WS WEED KILLER

annual Weeds—Apply 2 to 3 pints per acre in 5 gallons of water for thorough coverage.

DEEP ROOTED PERENNIAL WEEDS: To control Dandelion, Stinging Nettle, White Top (Hoary Cress), Canada Thistle, Flaxseed, and other deep-rooted species, in growing crops, use 4 to 8 pints per acre when applied by boom sprayers. When applied by hand equipment, use 2 to 6 quarts per 100 gallons of water, wetting all foliage thoroughly, but without runoff. Repeated applications may be required.

LAWNS, GOLF COURSES, CEMETERIES, ESTATES, OTHER TURF AREAS: Apply 2 to 4 pints per acre in the Spring or Fall and if the weeds are entering their active growth stage, use the higher rate for perennial broadleaf weeds. On smaller areas add 1/2 ounce (1 1/2 tablespoons) per gallon of water to treat 1,000 sq. ft. Do not apply to newly seeded areas until grass has been cut several times. Do not use on lawns of creeping grasses, such as bent, except for spot spraying. May cause injury to dichondra. Most legumes are usually damaged or killed.

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Do not store near seeds, fertilizer, pesticides or fungicides.

Do not apply directly to ornamentals or turf. Do not spray to home or contact with vegetables, flowers, grape vines, trees, ornamentals, cotton or other desirable plants which are sensitive to 2, 4-D and similar materials.

Drift from spray drift must be controlled. 2, 4-D drift onto sensitive plants may cause severe damage to growth and permanent deformities. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift.

Do not spray during hot weather. Do not spray on days when temperatures are above 80° F. Do not spray on days when wind speeds exceed 10 mph. Do not spray on days when relative humidity is below 10%.

Drift from contaminated waters intended for irrigation, domestic or spray purposes.

Because of the difficulty of thoroughly cleaning sprayers and other equipment used with 2, 4-D formulations, such equipment should not be used for handling and applying other agricultural chemicals.

Apply this product only as specified on this label.

Use of this product may be governed in certain areas by local regulations. Consult local agricultural authorities for additional information.

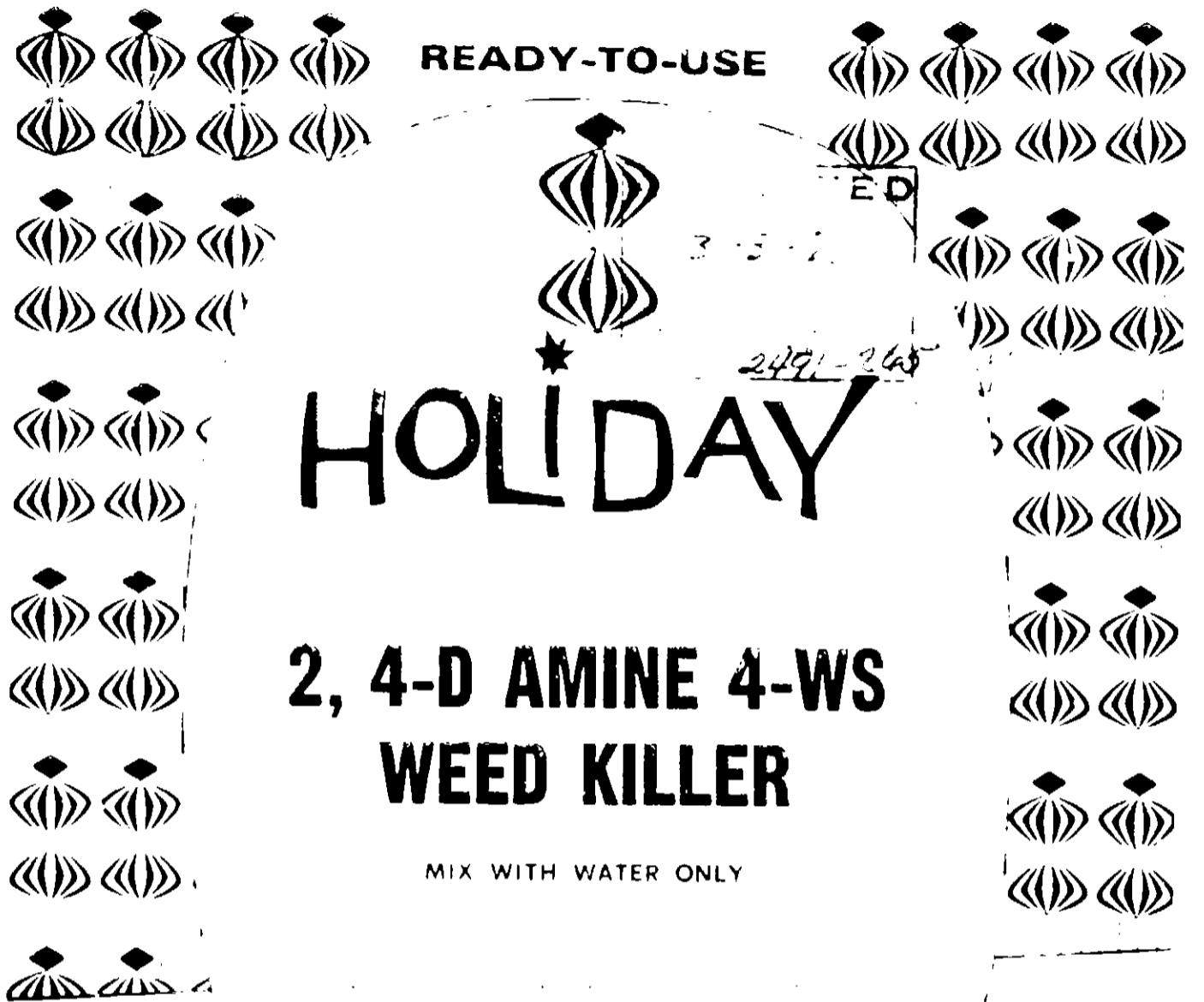
DO NOT USE EMPTY CONTAINER—PERFORATE, CRUSH, BURY—DO NOT BURN

This product is recommended for the control of cocklebur, dandelion, docks, goldenrod, gumweed (tarweed), Jimson weed, kochia, lamb's quarters, locoweed, mallow, mustards, penny-cress (fanweed), pepperglass, plantains, pigweed, ragweed, shepherd's purse, sunflower, St. John's wort, thistles, velvetleaf (button weed), vetch, white top (hoary cress), annual morning glory, wild radish and other broadleaved weeds without injury to most grasses.

Seller makes no claim as to the effectiveness of this product against the following weeds: bindweed, burdock, chickweed, common purslane, crabgrass, English ivy, ground ivy, knotweed, lamb's ear, mullein, nutgrass, oxalis, parsnip, plantain, purple loosestrife, redroot pigweed, redtop, ryegrass, sedum, sheep sorrel, spurge, sweet potato vine, thimbleweed, turnip, wild onions, wild parsnip, wild radish, wild strawberries, wild violets, yellow rocket.

KOOS, INC. • KENOSHA, WISCONSIN 53140

ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS



NET CONTENTS
5 GALLONS

CAUTION: "Keep out of the reach of children."
SEE OTHER WARNINGS ON SIDE PANELS

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FED

P.R.-7
2491-265

2, 4-D AMINE 4-WS
WEED KILLER

DEEP WOODED PERENNIAL WEEDS

LAWNS, GROVES, CROPS, ESTATE LAWNS,
OTHER TURF AREAS



HOLIDAY
2, 4-D AMINE 4-WS
WEED KILLER

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

CAUTION

CORN (post emergence)

FLAX

SMALL GRAINS

~~Barley, Oats, Rye and Wheat~~
can be sprayed after crop has emerged
but should not apply from time of
germination until 10 days after
silage. Do not spray during
flowering or when seed pods are
fully developed.

~~ANNUAL AND BIENNIAL WEEDS~~ All
for the lawn, garden, field, orchard,
Cocklebur, Canada Thistle, Musk Thistle, hairy
cicory, sow-thistle, horse nettle, Sweet

clover, chickweed, groundsel, dandelion, and
perennials.

~~PERENNIAL WEEDS~~ A
containing here over 100 species of
and lawn weeds.

~~GRASS CROPS~~ ~~Fescue, Kentucky Bluegrass, Mari-~~

~~on grass, Orchard Grass, Bluegrass, and~~

~~per acre in 10 or more gallons of water per acre by~~

DO NOT USE EMPTY CONTAINER - PERFORATE
CRUSH BURY - DO NOT BURN

NON-CROPPED LAND Along roadsides, around
buildings, vacant lots, and farm yards.