

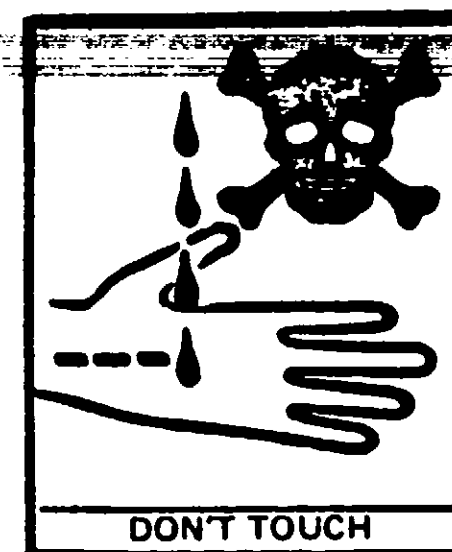
[2393-272]

DANGER - POISON - PRECAUTIONS



POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED

Even in small amounts!



POISONOUS BY SKIN CONTACT

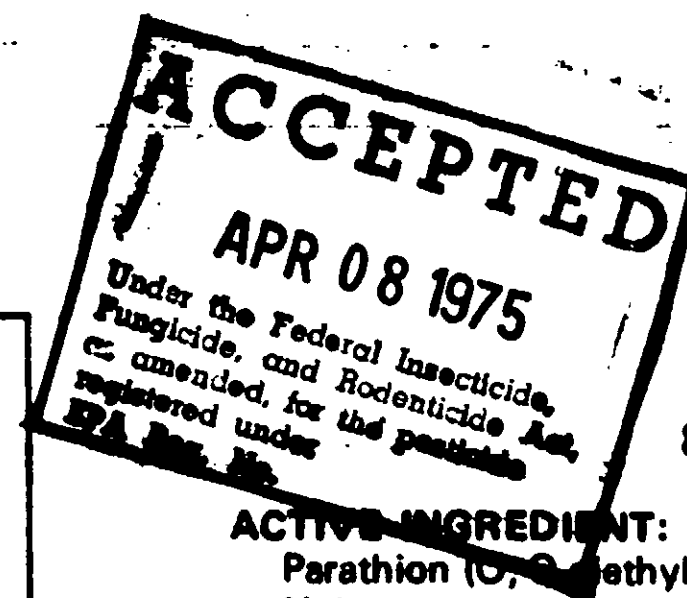
Poisonous if touched by hands or spilled or splashed on skin, in eyes, or on clothes (liquid goes through clothes).



POISONOUS IF BREATHED

Poisonous if vapor or mists from sprays are breathed. Vapors are not visible. Never work with parathion or in parathion or in parathion treated areas without protective clothing and equipment.

POISONOUS TO FISH & WILDLIFE: Toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Shrimp and crab may be killed at application rates recommended on this label. Do not apply where these are important resources. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply where run-off is likely to occur.



ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Parathion (O, O-diethyl O-P-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate) 80.20%

Xylene 7.03%

INERT INGREDIENTS 12.77%

TOTAL 100.00%

EPA Reg. No. 2393-272 AA
EPA Est. No. 2393-WI-1

Hopkins
PARATHION

8 lb. Per Gallon Emulsifiable Concentrate

STOP - READ THE LABEL

POISON

See Side Panels
for Antidote &
Precautions



DANGER!

Keep Out of
Reach of
Children

CAN CAUSE DEATH

NOT FOR HOME USE

See side panels for poison precautions, symptoms, first aid treatment, information for physician and posting treated areas.

Read Label Folder for additional use precautions, directions for use, recommendations and container disposal.

NOTICE OF WARRANTY

Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.

NET CONTENTS

GALS.

HOPKINS AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL CO.
MADISON, WISCONSIN 53701

Hopkins PARATHION

1. Per Gallon Emulsifiable Concentrate

ethyl O-P-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate)	80.20%
	7.03%
ENTS	12.77%
TOTAL	100.00%

272 AA
VI-1

STOP - READ THE LABEL



CAN CAUSE DEATH

DANGER!

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USE
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WORK SAFETY RULES

USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING
PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT:

- (1) Wear waterproof pants, coat, hat, rubber boots or rubber overshoes.
- (2) Wear safety goggles.
- (3) Wear mask or respirator approved by the U. S. Bureau of Mines for parathion protection.
- (4) Wear heavy duty natural rubber gloves.

Keep unprotected persons and children away from
treated area or where there is danger of drift.

Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. Do not
smoke. Before removing gloves, wash them with
soap and water. If you feel sick in any way STOP
work and get help right away. Tell foreman or have
someone call him. Call a physician, clinic or hospital
immediately.

ALWAYS wash hands, face and arms with soap and
water before smoking, eating or drinking.

AFTER WORK, take off all work clothes and shoes.
Shower, using soap and water. Wear only clean
clothes when leaving job. DO NOT wear contamin-
ated work clothing.

All protective clothing and equipment should be
washed with soap and water after each use. Respir-
ators should be cleaned and filter replaced according
to instructions included with respirator.

POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly
enters the body on contact with all skin surfaces, eyes
and by contact with skin through wet clothes. Worker
who shows any of the following poisoning signs must
receive immediate medical treatment or he may die.

Signs and Symptoms of Poisoning Are: Headache,
nausea, vomiting, cramps, blurred vision, pin-point
pupils, tightness of chest, labored breathing, weak-
ness, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, drool-
ing or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spasms
and coma.

POSTING TREATED AREA: Consult state regula-
tory agencies for posting regulations and require-
ments.

GALS.

FIRST AID TREATMENT

Speed is essential to stop absorption of poison.
If possible, one person should make telephone
calls while another begins treatment.

Call a physician, clinic or hospital immediately in all
cases of suspected poisoning. Explain victim exposed
to parathion; describe his condition. Until medical
help is available take following steps:

IF BREATHING HAS STOPPED, start artificial
respiration immediately and continue until physician
sees victim.

IF SWALLOWED and victim is awake (conscious)
make him vomit quickly. First, give soapy water
or strong salty water to drink then stroke back of
throat with finger to make victim vomit. Repeat by
giving more water and make vomit again until vomit
fluid is clear. Never give anything by mouth to an
unconscious person. Have victim lie down and keep
quiet.

IN CASE OF SKIN CONTACT, immediately remove
wet clothing and shoes and flush skin with water for
at least 15 minutes.

EYE CONTACT: If splashed in eyes, immediately
flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes.

After first aid is given and physician cannot
come take victim to clinic or Hospital, Bring
"Label Folder". Give to physician.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

ANTIDOTE—Administer atropine sulfate in large
doses, 2.0 to 4.0 mg. intravenously or intramuscularly
as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10
minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear.
2-PAM chloride is also antidotal and may be admini-
stered in conjunction with atropine. Do not give mor-
phine or tranquilizers. Parathion is a strong choline-
terase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral
nervous system, producing cardiac and respiratory
depression.

At first signs of pulmonary edema, the patient should
be given supplemental oxygen and treated sympto-
matically. Continued absorption of the poison may
occur and fatal relapses have been reported after
initial improvement. Very close supervision is indi-
cated for at least 48 to 72 hours.

CORN
Are you
applying
this in-
formation
to your
business?

