NET CONTENTS: 50 POUNDS

POISONOUS IF BREATHED

Breathing vapors, spray mist or dust may be fatal.

POISONOUS TO FISH AND WILDLIFE

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated area. Do not apply when runoff is likely to occur.

POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly enters the body on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with this material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment or they may

soning are: Headache, nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pinpoint pupils, tightness in chest, labored breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, drooling or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spasms and coma.

♣ FIRST AID TREATMENT ♣

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition.

If breathing has stopped, start artificial respiration immediately and maintain until doctor sees victim.

If swallowed and victim is awake (conscious) make him vomit quickly. Induce vomiting by sticking finger down throat or by giving soapy or strong salty water to drink. Repeat until vomit is clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Have victim lie down and keep quiet. See doctor immediately.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. See doctor immediately.

FORM PARA 100

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Antidote-administer atropine sulfate in large doses, TWO to FOUR mg. intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear. 2-PAM chloride is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANQUILIZERS. Parathion is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been reported after initial improvement; VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.

POST TREATED AREA

Consult your State Agricultural Extension Service or Experiment Station regarding posting treated areas.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Do NOT re use the container. Completely empty the contents and bury the unused chemical at least 18 inches deep in an isolated location away from water supplies. Burn all empty bags, fiber drums, carton and/or boxes completely and stay out of smoke.

P-D-Q SHADE PARA THIODAN® DUST 2-4

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS	BY WT.
*Endosulfan	4.00%
Parathion (O,O-Diethyl O-p-nitrophenyl thiophosphate)	
INERT INGREDIENTS	
TOTAL	100 00%

*Hexachlorohexahydromethano-2,4,3-Benzodioxathiepin Oxide U.S. Patent No. 2,799,685

*Thiodan is a Registered Trademark of Farbwerke Hoechst A.G.

CROP USE DIRECTIONS

FASCO P-D-Q SHADE PARA THIO-DAN® DUST 2-4 contains Thiodan plus Parathion in a special diluent for cigar wrapper tobacco that is light, fluffy and brown in color, and is especially designed for use against insects where residues on the finished tobacco are objectionable.

DIRECTIONS

Use contrary to these directions may result in injury to the foliage, in unsat sfactory control or in other unintended consequences.

SHADE TOBACCO — In Plant Beds, use against Aphids(plant lice), Flea Beetles, Budworms. Apply every seven days beginning when insects appear at 0.4-0.7 lbs. per 100 square yards of bed. Against Aphids, start dusting three weeks before transplanting whether aphids are seen or not. Do not use within 5 days before transplanting.

In the shade, begin dusting the day transplanted and apply for uniform coverage of above ground parts. Continue at 5 to 7 day intervals against Aphids,

Cabbage Looper, Budworms, and Horn-worms. Use 15 to 20 lbs. per acre increasing gradually to 25 lbs. as the plants grow. Do not exceed 25 lbs. per acre.

PRECAUTIONS

Do not apply to tobacco within 5 days of priming or 15 days of cutting. Handlers should wear gloves where applications have been made within thirty days of cutting. Avoid plant juices coming in contact with the skin or other parts of the body when engaged in cutting the crop.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

All statements concerning the use of this product apply only when used as directed.

The manufacturer makes no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning this product or its use, which extend beyond the description on the label. Read all directions carefully.

EPA Reg No 2342 737

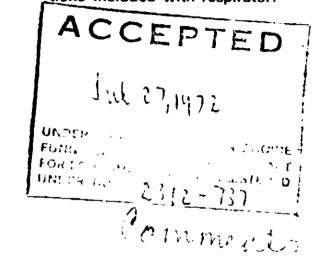
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Explain that the victim has been exposed to parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is given (see First Aid Treatment Section) and if a doctor can not come, take victim to clinic or hospital.

IMPORTANT! Before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Always wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating or drinking.

AFTER WORK, take off all work clothes and shoes. Shower, using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. Tespirator should be cleaned and filter replaced according to inscructions included with respirator.





Manufactured by KERR-MCGEE CHEMICAL CORP. Jacksonville, Florida, U.S.A.

General Offices, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma



FASCO

NOT FOR HOME US

ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS