

2217-945

4/29/2011

1 of 13



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

**Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505P)
Ariel Rios Building
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW
Washington, D.C. 20460**

EPA Reg. Number:

2217-945

Date of Issuance:

APR 29 2011

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

Registration

Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

EH-1482 Herbicide

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

**PBI/Gordon Corporation
1217 West 12th Street
Kansas City, MO 64101**

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

The Basic and Alternate 1 formulations dated 4/18/2011 are acceptable.

This product is registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration review/reregistration of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data.
2. Make the following label revision:
 - a. Revise "EPA REG. NO.2217-XXX" to "EPA REG. NO. 2217-945." Assure that the establishment number and net contents are also added to the final printed label.
3. Within one year of the date on this registration notice, Storage Stability (830.6317) and Corrosion Characteristics (830.6320) studies must be submitted. It is recommended that the observations be made at 0, 3, 6, 9, and 12 month intervals
4. Submit one (1) copy of the revised final printed label for the record.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

If you have any questions regarding this notice, please contact Beth Benbow of my staff at 703-347-8072.

Signature of Approving Official:

Kathryn V. Montague
Project Manager 23
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)

Date:

APR 29 2011

EH-1482 HERBICIDE

EPA Reg. No. 2217-XXX

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

MCPA, dimethylamine salt	6.53%
Quinclorac	2.13%
Dicamba, dimethylamine salt	0.60%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	90.74%
TOTAL	100.00%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

- 0.456 lb 2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 5.33%
 - 0.182 lb 3,7-dichloro-8-quinolinecarboxylic acid per gallon or 2.13%
 - 0.043 lb 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per gallon or 0.50%
- Isomer Specific by AOAC Method.

**ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated:**

APR 29 2011
Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under EPA Reg. No.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

STOP! READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

2217-945

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes, and gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

First Aid	
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or on clothing:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 min. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical treatment advice.	

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide may be toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and aquatic plants. Do not apply directly to water. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

[Environmental Hazards (alternate per PRN 2008-1)

This pesticide may be toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and aquatic plants. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.]

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact any person or pet, either directly or through drift. Keep people and pets out of the area during application. Do not allow people or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.
- Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use such as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

PRODUCT INFORMATION:

EH-1482 Herbicide is a selective herbicide that controls emerged broadleaf and grass weeds in established lawns. Symptoms you may expect to see on affected broadleaf weeds include leaf and stem curling and twisting, chlorosis and necrosis. Symptoms expected on grass weeds include stunting, chlorosis, gradual reddening and necrosis.

PRODUCT FACTS [optional info box]

What It Does: Kills major broadleaf and troublesome grass weeds including dandelion, chickweed and clover as well as crabgrass, and foxtail. (See inside for complete list)

Where to Use: (icon weeds)

Lawns: Kills the weeds not the lawn

When to Use:

Apply when daytime temperatures are between 45° and 90°F.

Questions & Comments: (icon phone) (icon computer)

Call 1-800-xxx-xxxx or Visit our Website at www.companyname.com

EH-1482 Herbicide is effective for post-emergent control or suppression of hard-to-kill weeds such as poison ivy, poison oak, sheep sorrel and spurge. Additionally, EH-1482 Herbicide controls most other broadleaf weeds including chickweed, clover, dandelion, knotweed and plantain. A partial list is presented [below] [on the side panel]:

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED:			
Aster, white heath & white prairie Bedstraw	Dock Dogfennel Dollarweed (*pennywort)	Innocence (Blue-eyed Mary) Knotweed	Puncturevine Purple cudweed Purslane

BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED:			
Beggarweed, creeping	False dandelion (*spotted	Lambsquarters	Ragweed
Bindweed	catsear & common	Lawn burweed	Red sorrel (*sheep sorrel)
Black medic	catsear)	Lespedeza, common	Shepherdspurse
Broadleaf plantain	Field bindweed	Mallow, common	Spurge
Buckhorn plantain	(*morningglory & creeping	Matchweed	Thistle
Bull thistle	jenny)	Mouseear chickweed.	White clover (*Dutch clover,
Burdock, common	Field oxeye-daisy	Old world diamond flower	honeysuckle clover, white
Buttercup, creeping	(*creeping oxeye)	Parsley-piert	trefoil, & purplewort)
Carpetweed	Filaree, whitestem &	Pennsylvania smartweed	Wild carrot
Chickweed, common	redstem	Pepperweed	Wild geranium
Chicory	Florida betony	Pigweed	Wild lettuce
Cinquefoil	Florida pusley	Pineappleweed	Wild mustard
Clover	Ground ivy	Plantain	Wild strawberry
Curly dock	Groundsel	Poison ivy	Yarrow
Dandelion	Hawkweed	Poison oak	Yellow rocket
Dayflower	Healall	Prickly lettuce (*compass	and many more broadleaf
Deadnettle	Henbit	plant)	weeds
*Synonyms			

GRASS WEEDS CONTROLLED:

EH-1482 Herbicide also provides post emergent control and/or suppression of the listed grass weeds in turfgrass. Below is a list of grass weeds controlled:

Grass Weeds
Crabgrass, large and smooth
Foxtail, green, yellow and giant
Barnyardgrass

WHERE TO USE:

This product is intended for use by homeowners on residential lawns. This product should be applied only to the following species of turfgrass:

Cool season turfgrass	Warm season turfgrass
Kentucky bluegrass	Bermudagrass ¹
Perennial ryegrass	Zoysiagrass and Buffalograss
Fescue spp., including tall, red and fine leaf fescues	

¹Application to bermudagrass may cause temporary yellowing or discoloration but full recovery can be expected. Do not apply to bermudagrass when daytime temperatures exceed 85° F.

DO NOT USE EH-1482 Herbicide on lawns containing bentgrass, St Augustinegrass, bahiagrass, centipedegrass, carpetgrass. Also, do not use on dichondra, or lawns with desirable clovers or legumes. Do not use on vegetable gardens, fruits, or ornamentals (flowers, trees, groundcovers, hedges, landscape/flower beds and shrubs)

WHEN TO USE:

Generally, apply this product to actively-growing weeds during the early growth stages for the best results. Apply in spring or fall when daytime temperatures are between 45° and 90°F. Fall applications may control winter annual and biennial weeds. For heavy grass weed pressure, apply a second application at the same rate, 21 days after the first application.

[Optional additional text for more specific timing for grass weeds]

CRABGRASS (large and smooth):

- **Spring:** For the best results, apply this product from crabgrass emergence until the 6 leaf stage (2 tillers) or before the crabgrass is 3 to 4 inches in height. Generally, this period begins or corresponds to the first time that you can see crabgrass in your lawn. Use two applications at the same rate with a 14-day interval for dense populations.

FOXTAIL (GREEN, GIANT, AND YELLOW):

- **Spring and early summer:** For the best results, apply this product to foxtail during the early growth stages or when foxtail is 1 to 4 inches in height. Use two applications at the same rate with a 21-day interval for dense populations.

BROADLEAF WEEDS:

- **Spring:** Apply when **dandelion, plantain, buttercup, speedwell, knotweed** and other broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture for best results.
- **Fall:** Apply when **henbit, chickweed, white clover, ground ivy, lawn burweed** and other broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture for best results.
- If needed, use two applications at the same rate with a 30-day interval for dense populations.

Limitations on MCPA and dicamba for broadleaf control on residential turfgrass

The maximum single application rate is 6.5 fl.oz. of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application (1.00 lb MCPA ae and 0.09 lb dicamba ae per acre per application). The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 21 days between applications. The maximum seasonal rate is 13.0 fl.oz. of product per 1,000 sq.ft. (2.0 lb MCPA ae and 0.18 lb dicamba ae per acre per year).

HOW MUCH TO USE:

See the following table for calculating the correct amount of product to use for the area to be treated.

I. SPOT TREATMENT

To treat small areas or individual weeds use a pressure sprayer for better control. Mix the indicated amount of product listed below with 1 gallon of water for each 400 sq.ft. to be treated. Shake well before spraying. Spray the target weeds thoroughly. Nozzle adjustments may be necessary to deliver small spray droplets of the target weeds for uniform coverage.

Amount of product to be diluted in one (1.0) gallon water required to treat 400 sq. ft. of lawn with pressure sprayers.		
Turfgrass	Amount of Product fl.oz. (Tbsp.)	Approximate Treated Area
Kentucky bluegrass, Fescue spp., Perennial ryegrass, Zoysiagrass, Bermudagrass and Buffalograss	2.5 fl.oz. or 5 Tablespoons (Tbs.)	400 sq.ft.

II. ENTIRE LAWN TREATMENTS

Three easy steps to mix and apply with hand-operated sprayers:

1. Calculate (measure) the total lawn area to be treated. For rectangular areas, multiply the length of the area by the width to obtain total square feet. Prepare enough spray solution to treat the area calculated.
2. Prepare the spray mixture according to Table 1. Measure the proper amount of product to treat 1,000 sq. ft. If more or less than 1,000 sq. ft is to be treated, adjust the amount of product as shown in Table 1.
3. Shake the spray solution before and during application. Use a spray pattern that gives small droplets without any fine mist.

PRESSURE SPRAYERS [OPTIONAL DIRECTIONS]

Table 1. Amount of product to be diluted in one (1.0) gallon water required to treat 1,000 sq. ft. of lawn with pressure sprayers.

Turfgrass	Amount of Product to Use	Area to be Treated (sq.ft.)
Kentucky bluegrass, Fescue spp., Perennial ryegrass, Zoysiagrass, Bermudagrass ¹ and Buffalograss	6.5 fl.oz. or 13 Tablespoons (Tbs.)	1,000 sq.ft.
	13.0 fl.oz.	2,000 sq.ft.
	32.0 fl.oz.	5,000 sq.ft.

¹Application to bermudagrass may cause temporary yellowing or discoloration but full recovery can be expected. Do not apply to bermudagrass when daytime temperatures exceed 85° F.

FOR DIAL-IN HOSE END SPRAYERS WITH NO PRE-MIXING [OPTIONAL DIRECTIONS]

1. From the Table 2 [chart] below, determine amount of EH-1482 to be applied for each 1,000 sq.ft. of lawn.
2. Fill sprayer jar with enough concentrate to cover the total area to be treated. DO NOT add water to the sprayer jar.
3. Set dial on sprayer to the "Rate per Gallon" setting shown in Table 2 [chart] below.
4. Attach sprayer to garden hose. Extend hose to the farthest area of lawn to be treated and work toward faucet. Apply evenly to lawn.
5. Unused product can be returned to the original container when completed.

Table 2. Application rates for turfgrass with hose-end sprayers

Turfgrass	Rate per Gallon or Dial settings *	Amount of herbicide applied per 1,000 sq.ft.
Kentucky bluegrass, Fescue spp., Perennial ryegrass, Zoysiagrass and Bermudagrass ¹ and Buffalograss	5 Tablespoons or 15 teaspoons or 2.5 fl.oz.	6.5 fl.oz.

* This assumes the sprayer delivers approximately 2.5 gallons per 1,000 sq ft sprayed

¹Application to bermudagrass may cause temporary yellowing or discoloration but full recovery can be expected. Do not apply to bermudagrass when daytime temperatures exceed 85° F.

Example for Kentucky bluegrass: To treat 5,000 sq.ft. of lawn, measure 32 fl.oz. of product into sprayer jar. Do not add water. **Set dial on 5 Tablespoons (Tbs.) or 15 Teaspoons (tsp.) or 2.5 oz** and apply uniformly on 5,000 sq.ft. of turfgrass.

- **To BEGIN spraying:** Attach hose to sprayer. Extend the garden hose to the farthest section of lawn to be treated. Rotate sprayer nozzle tip to direct spray up or down. Turn on water and squeeze trigger or rotate on/off knob to begin.
- **AFTER spraying:** Unused product or concentrate can be poured back into the original container. Keep the dial setting and clean the sprayer by rinsing the sprayer jar with water for one minute.

Check the directions you received when you purchased your sprayer for further details on the proper use of your dial sprayer.

FOR CONCENTRATE-PLUS-WATER SPRAYERS OR HOSE-END SPRAYERS WITH PRE-MIXING [OPTIONAL DIRECTIONS]

For sprayers that require the addition of water and concentrate before application:

1. From Table 3, determine the amount of concentrate required to treat the entire lawn. Pour concentrate into sprayer jar to the required "fl.oz." level.
2. Add the appropriate amount of water to the "gals." level. Replace sprayer top on jar and shake well before spraying.

- 3. Attach sprayer to hose. Extend hose to the farthest area of lawn to be treated and work toward faucet. Apply evenly to lawn.

Table 3. Application rates for turfgrass with hose-end sprayers that require pre-mixing. (Suitable for 16 gallon lawn sprayer with 32 fl.oz. jar capacity and a dilution rate of 64:1)

Area to be treated, sq.ft.	Kentucky bluegrass, Fescue spp., Perennial ryegrass, Zoysiagrass Bermudagrass ¹ and Buffalograss	Gallon mark/level on sprayer jar
1,600 sq.ft.	8 fl.oz.	4 gal
2,400 sq.ft.	12 fl.oz.	6 gal
3,200 sq.ft.	16 fl.oz.	8 gal
4,800 sq.ft.	24 fl.oz.	12 gal

¹Application to bermudagrass may cause temporary yellowing or discoloration but full recovery can be expected. Do not apply to bermudagrass when daytime temperatures exceed 85° F.

Example for Kentucky bluegrass: To treat 4,800 sq.ft. of lawn, pour 24 fl.oz. of product into sprayer jar. Add water to the 12 gallon mark, and apply uniformly on 4,800 sq.ft. of turfgrass.

Check the directions you received when you purchased your sprayer for further details on the proper use of your sprayer.

FOR READY SPRAY NOZZLE (Dial Button) [OPTIONAL DIRECTIONS]

Marketing Phrase: Just connect to your garden hose and spray!

HOSE END SPRAYER INSTRUCTIONS [Dial Button]

1. Shake container well before using.
2. Connect a garden hose to the Ready-Spray nozzle. Make sure the dial on the nozzle is in the "OFF" position with the [green] safety tab in the valve notch.
3. Turn on water at faucet. Extend hose to the farthest area to be treated and work toward the faucet.
4. To BEGIN spraying, point nozzle toward lawn
 - a) bend the green safety tab (located at right of [yellow] dial) back and hold,
 - b) using your other hand, QUICKLY turn the dial clockwise until it stops. Water will automatically mix with the product.
5. Spray until wet to control weeds. Walk at a steady pace while spraying using an even sweeping motion, slightly overlapping treated areas. One quart will treat up to 5,000 sq.ft. of Southern or Northern grasses.
6. For rectangular areas, calculate square feet by multiplying length by width. Refer to sight gauge to guide coverage (example: when bottle is half empty, you should have covered half the area).
7. To STOP spraying, QUICKLY turn the dial in the opposite direction of "ON" (counter clockwise) until it stops and the safety tab engages into the notch. Turn water off at faucet. To relieve pressure before removing nozzle from hose, bend the safety tab back and turn dial "ON" until water stops spraying.
8. To STORE unused product, make sure the dial is in the "OFF" position with the [green] safety tab in the valve notch.

OR

**FOR OUTDOOR USE ONLY
DOUBLE KNOB SPRAYER INSTRUCTIONS**

The sprayer attached to the container is ready-to-use. Simply attach to the garden hose and follow these simple instructions:

SHAKE PRODUCT BEFORE USING

1. Insure the large, round "on/off" knob is set to OFF.
2. Turn on water.
3. Rotate the small, star-shaped product control knob to align the flat portion of the knob with the vertical portion of the lock tab and PUSH IN the knob to open. This allows product to mix with water.
4. Hold sprayer and container level and point towards area to be sprayed.
5. Turn large, round "on/off" knob forward (away from you) to ON.
6. Begin spraying product evenly over area you wish to treat.
7. To stop spraying, turn large, round "on/off" knob backward (toward you) to OFF.
8. PULL OUT and rotate the small, star-shaped product control knob. This prevents product from mixing with water.
9. Turn off water at the faucet. Relieve water pressure in the hose by turning large, round "on/off" knob to ON until water pressure is reduced.
10. Turn the knob to OFF for storage or unused product and/or disposal of empty container.

OR

SINGLE KNOB SPRAYER INSTRUCTIONS

The sprayer attached to the container is ready-to-use. Simply attach to the garden hose and follow these instructions:

1. Turn on water.
2. Hold sprayer and container level and point towards area to be sprayed.
3. Bend yellow tab back and turn knob backward (toward you) to ON.
4. Begin spraying product evenly over area you wish to treat.
5. To stop spraying, turn knob forward (away from you) to OFF.
6. Turn off water.
7. Properly store unused product or dispose of empty container.

Table 4. Application rates for lawns using the Ready Spray Nozzle.

Turfgrass	Total Treated Area for 1.0 quart (32 fl.oz.) sprayer jar or retail container, sq.ft.	Amount of Herbicide applied per 1,000 sq.ft.
Kentucky bluegrass, Fescue spp., Perennial ryegrass, Zoysiagrass, Bermudagrass ¹ , and Buffalograss	Up to 5,000 sq.ft.	5.0 fl.oz.
¹ Application to bermudagrass may cause temporary yellowing or discoloration but full recovery can be expected. Do not apply to bermudagrass when daytime temperatures exceed 85° F.		

DIRECTIONS FOR REFILLING A POWER PUMP [OPTIONAL DIRECTIONS]

[Easy to mix • Just add water • Makes one gallon • Single-use refill • No measuring required • Power Sprayer Refill]

To refill the Power Pump: [Mix 5 fl.oz.] [pour in the entire contents of this 5 fl.oz. bottle] and dilute to a gallon with the water. Spray contents over 800 sq.ft. See the Power Pump label for complete directions.

The Power Pump can be refilled up to 5 times with EH-1482 Herbicide

IMPORTANT: Do not refill more than 5 times. Do not use any product other than EH-1482 Herbicide in this Power Pump. Incompatible chemicals may damage the pump making it unsafe to use.

CULTURAL TIPS AND NOTES:

Adequate moisture and mild environmental conditions enhance the performance of EH-1482 Herbicide. Applications should be made to actively growing weeds. Apply when daytime temperatures are between 40° and 90°F. Avoid applications of this product when turfgrasses are under stress since injury may result.

For newly seeded areas:

- Do not apply within 4 weeks after seedling emergence of Kentucky bluegrass, fine fescue blends and perennial ryegrass. Apply this product to newly seeded grasses when well-established (approximately 6 weeks after seedling emergence) or after the third mowing.

For newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged areas:

- The application of this product to newly sodded, sprigged, or plugged grasses should be delayed until 3 to 4 weeks after the sodding, sprigging, or plugging operations.

Seeding:

- Turf species listed on this label can be seeded into the treated areas at four (4) weeks after the application of this product.

Irrigation:

- Do not apply this product immediately before rainfall or irrigation. For best results, do not irrigate or water the turfgrass within 24 hours after application.
- If dry conditions exist, a scheduled irrigation or watering 24 hours before and 24 hours after application is recommended.

Mowing:

- Delay mowing 2 days before and until 2 days after the application of this product. Additional stress from low mowing heights may increase the possibility of turf injury.
- Clippings from the first three mowings should be left on the treated area. Do not use clippings from the treated areas as mulch or compost around flowers, ornamentals, trees, or in vegetable gardens.

PROHIBITIONS:

- Do not treat when air temperatures exceed 90°F as damage to grass may occur.
- Do not apply at rates above specified on this label.
- Do not apply this product to food crops (gardens and vegetables), forage crops, or ornamental plants including flowers, trees, shrubs, hedges, woody ornamentals, groundcovers established in landscape plantings and other nontarget plants.
- Do not spray exposed roots of ornamentals and trees.

<p>STORAGE AND DISPOSAL Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.</p> <p>PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep from freezing. Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children or pets.</p> <p>PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency or www.website.com for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.</p>

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

FOR USE ONLY AS DIRECTED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. If these terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full. The terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND

DISCLAIMER cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere.

APPENDIX

1. Statements which may appear on different label components depending on packaging configuration.

- See next panel for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid
- Net Contents: _____
- EPA Est. No. _____
- [NOTE: If the design, format, or small size of the container labels makes it impractical to present the entire ingredient statement on the front panel, then we ask to add a referral statement and present the substatement on the back panel: See back panel for substatement of ingredient statement.]

2. Advertising claims that may be presented on container labeling, advertisements, brochures, and other marketing/sales promotional materials:

EFFICACY

- Tough weed killer
- Kills even the tough[est] broadleaf weeds [like clover, dandelion]
- Destroys the hard-to-kill broadleaf weeds [like clover, dandelion]
- Kills broadleaf weeds [like clover, dandelion]
- Kills dandelion, chickweed, plantain, poison ivy and many others. [See Weed details on back.]
- Kills broadleaf weeds in lawns
- Kills poison ivy and poison oak
- Provides broadleaf control
- Controls [Kills] clover, dandelion, plantain, chickweed and [other broadleaf weeds] [others as listed]
- Clobbers clover
- [Complete] clover control [in as little as one week]
- Controls clover in one week
- Kills weed roots
- Kills the root
- Kills weed roots!
- Kills more weeds
- Kills tough lawn weeds
- Kills Crabgrass
- Kills Crabgrass and Broadleaf weeds
- Kills Crabgrass with one application
- Kills Crabgrass, Dandelions, clover and other tough weeds.
- Crabgrass Killer
- Protect your lawn from crabgrass
- Kills weeds in lawns

SPEED

- Overnight results
- Consistently fast on tough weeds like clover, plantain, ground ivy and spurge [various other weeds listed]
- Starts working on contact

RAINPROOF

- Rainproof — [For control that] won't wash away
- [Rainfast][Rainproof] [in hours [Won't wash away]
- Rainproof — Won't wash away

- [Rainproof] [Rainfast] in [as little as] 3 hours
- Rainfast in 3 hours

OTHER

- For use on Bluegrass, Fescue, Zoysia, Perennial Ryegrass, Bermudagrass
- Kills the Weeds, not the Lawn
- Kills weed roots
- Kills Dandelion, Chickweed, Plantain, Poison ivy and many others. Weed details on back.
- Overnight results • Rainproof in hours • Rainproof in as little as 3 hours - won't wash away.
- Economical Concentrate
- Water-Based
- 1 quart treats up to 5,000 square feet
- Especially effective on all types of hard-to-kill weeds
- • Kills weed roots! • Kills broadleaf weeds
- Dilutable concentrate
- Clear-view measuring window
- For home lawn care.
- For home lawn weed control.
- Kills over xx weed types including dandelion, chickweed, plantain and poison ivy.
- Kills broadleaf weeds in lawns
- Kills broadleaf weeds, roots and all. And brand name is formulated to kill only the weeds, not the lawn. Use as directed to kill broadleaf weeds in your lawn.
- Kills lawn weeds, as listed.
- Kills dandelion and many other broadleaf weeds
- [Brand name] controls more than xx troublesome weeds including dandelion, clover, and plantain. It kills even woody weeds like poison ivy and poison
- This formula covers up to 5,000 sq. ft
- Use on Lawns to Kill the Toughest Weeds like Clover and Dandelion.
- Won't Harm Lawns
- Guaranteed Results Or Your Money Back*
 - *If you are not satisfied with this product for any reason, send your written request for a refund to the address at left, together with the original dated store receipt showing the price you paid. Please allow 6-8 weeks for processing.
- All-in-one [complete] [total] [3-in-1] weed control [for lawns]
- Kills [controls] crabgrass [foxtail]
- Kills [controls] types of [lawn] weeds
- Targets the toughest [stubborn] weeds [crabgrass].
- Kills the toughest weeds - down to the root
- [Kills the root so] weeds won't come back
- Kills weeds [including crabgrass] - not the lawn.
- Starts working immediately
- Destroys weeds [dandelions] [clover] [crabgrass] completely - [down to the root].
- Long lasting [formula]
- [Even] works in cold [and hot] weather [temperatures]
- Let [name] [the liquid] do the weeding
- Kills on contact
- A simple [an easy] step towards a lawn [yard]
- Kills types of weeds - [grassy or broadleaf]
- The value of [x] [size RTU] in one concentrate!
- Water-based
- Clear-view measuring window
- For home lawn care
- For home lawns only

- Ideal for spot treating individual lawn weeds
- Kills the weeds, not the lawn
- Kills weeds, not lawn grasses
- Kills [down to] the root, [not the lawn]
- For use on lawns
- Targets weeds, leaves [grasses] [the lawn] unharmed
- Covers [Treats] up to 5,000 sq ft
- 1 quart covers up to 5,000 sq ft
- Economical concentrate
- Dilutable concentrate
- Visible results in 8 hours
- Kills both broadleaf and grassy weeds
- Kills weeds

MEASUREMENT CALCULATIONS: Total lawn area in square feet = length x width.

EQUAL MEASURES:

- 1 fl. oz. = 2 Tablespoons = 6 Teaspoons (tsp.)
- 2 fl. oz. = 4 Tablespoons
- 4 fl. oz. = 1/2 cup; 16 fl. oz. = 1 pint;
- 8 fl. oz. = 1 cup; 32 fl. oz. = 1 quart

WEEDS			
Amaranth, purple	Creeping Jenny	Morningglory, Mexican	Sowthistle, annual
Amaranth, slender	(creeping Charlie)	Morningglory, red	Sowthistle, spiny
Aster, heath	Cupid shaving brush	Morningglory, tall	Spanish needles
Aster, white heath	Cudweed	Morningglory, woolly	Speedwell, bi-lobed
Aster, purple	Daisy, English	Mugwort	Speedwell, common
Aster, white prairie	Daisy, oxeye	Mustard, ball	Speedwell, corn
Artichoke	Dandelion, common	Mustard, black	Speedwell, ivyleaf
Austrian fieldcress	Dandelion, false	Mustard, blue	Speedwell, Persian
Barnyard grass	Day flower	Mustard, hedge	Speedwell, purslane
Bedstraw, catchweed	Deadnettle	Mustard, Indian,	Speedwell, slender
Bedstraw, smooth	Dichondra	Mustard, tansy	Speedwell, snow
Bedstraw, northern	Dock, broadleaf	Mustard, tumble	Speedwell, thymeleaf
Bedstraw, pineywoods	Dock, curly	Mustard, white	Spiny amaranth
Beggarticks, hairy	Dogbane	Mustard, wormseed	Spurge, spotted
Betony, Florida	Dogfennel	Nettle, stinging (burning)	Spurge, prostrate
Bindweed, Field	Dollarweed	Nettle, tall	Spurweed
Bindweed, hedge	(pennywort)	Nettle, wood	Star of Bethlehem
Bitter Wintercress	Doveweed	Parsley-piert	Strawberry, Indian mock
Bittercress, hairy	Elderberry	Parsnip	Tansy ragwort
Bitterweed	Falseflax	Pearlwort	Tanweed
Black-eyed Susan	False sunflower	Pennycress (Frenchweed)	Thistle, blessed
Black medic	Fiddleneck	Pepperweed, perennial	Thistle, bull
Blood flower milkweed	Filaree, redstem	Pepperweed, Virginia	Thistle, Canada
Blue lettuce	Filaree, whitestem	(peppergrass)	Thistle, flodman (prairie)
Brassbuttons	Fleabane, daisy	Pigweed, prostate	Thistle, musk
Bristly oxtongue	(annual)	Pigweed, redroot	Thistle, platte
Broomweed	Fleabane, rough	Pigweed, Russian	Thistle, plumeless
Buckhorn	Foxtail, giant	Pigweed, smooth	Thistle, Russian
Bullnettle	Foxtail, green	Pigweed, tumble	Thistle, Scotch
Burclover	Foxtail, yellow	Pineappleweed	Thistle, wavyleaf
Burdock	Galinsoga, hairy	Plains coreopsis (tickseed)	Thistle, yellow (horrible)
Burweed, lawn (spurweed)	Galinsoga, smallflower	Plantain, blackseed	Trailing crownvetch
Buttercup, bulbous	Goldenrod	Plantain, bracted	Velvetleaf
Buttercup, creeping	Ground ivy	Plantain, broadleaf	Vervain, blue
Buttonweed, common	Groundsel	Plantain, buckhorn	Vervain, hoary
(poorjoe)	Gumweed	Plantain, hoary	Vervain, prostrate

WEEDS			
Buttonweed, Virginia	Hairy fleabane	Plantain, narrowleaf	Vervain, tall
Carolina geranium (wild)	Hawkweed, meadow	Plantain, slender	Vetch, bird
Carpetweed	Hawkweed, mouseear	Plantain, woolly	Vetch, hairy
Catnip	Hawkweed, orange	Poison ivy	Vetch, milk
Catsear, spotted (false dandelion)	Hawkweed, yellow	Poison oak	Vetch, narrowleaf
Chamber bitter	Healall	Pokeweed	Vetch, wild
Chickweed, common	Heartleaf drymary	Prairie sunflower	Virginia creeper
Chickweed, mouseear	Hemp	Prickly lettuce (compass plant)	Western clematis
Chickweed, sticky	Henbit	Prickly sida	Western salsify
Chicory	Hoary cress	Prostrate knotweed	Wild aster
Cinquefoil	Horsenettle	Puncturevine	Wild buckweed
Clover, crimson	Horseweed	Purslane, common	Wild carrot
Clover, alsike	Jimsonweed	Pusley, Brazil	Wild four-o'clock
Clover, hop	Johnny-Jumpup violet	Pusley, Florida	Wild lettuce
Clover, rabbit foot	Knawel	Pusley, large flower	Wild marigold
Clover, red	Knotweed, prostrate	Ragweed, bur	Wild mustard (yellow rocket)
Clover, strawberry	Kochia	Ragweed, common	Wild parsnip
Clover, yellow sweet	Lambsquarters	Ragweed, lanceleaf	Wild radish
Clover, white sweet	Lespedeza	Ragweed, western	Wild rape
Clover, white	Mallow, alkali	Redstem filaree	Wild strawberry
Cockle	Mallow, bristly	Rough cinquefoil	Wild sweet potato
Cocklebur	Mallow, common	Scarlet pimpernel	Woodsorrel, creeping
Cocklebur, oriental	Mallow, dwarf	Shepherdspurse	Woodsorrel, violet
Cocklebur, spiny	Mallow, Venice	Smartweed, ladythumb	Woodsorrel, yellow (Oxalis)
Common mullein	Marcela	Smartweed, pale	Woolly croton
Corn spurry	Matchweed	Smartweed, Pennsylvania	Wormseed
Crabgrass, large	Mexicanweed	Smooth chaff-flower	Yarrow, common
Crabgrass, smooth	Moneywort	Smooth dock	Yarrow, western
Creeping beggarweed	Morningglory, bigroot	Sorrel, red (sheep)	Yarrow, yellow
	Morningglory, ivyleaf		

DOCUMENT CONTROL INFORMATION

- 1. Unique Label Identifier:** 002217-00XXX.20110418.new-proposed-EH1482-clean.doc
- 2. Reason for Issue:** New Product . Revised per EPA comments.