

2217-941

8-6-2010

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U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention
Registration Division (7505P)
Ariel Rios Building
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number:

Date of Issuance:

2217-941

AUG - 6 2010

Term of Issuance:

Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

EH-1483 Herbicide

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

Registration
 Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

PBI / Gordon Corporation
1217 West 12th Street
Kansas City, MO 64101

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

- 1) Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data. If required, failure to submit acceptable data to fulfill these requirements may result in registration cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e).
- 2) Add the phrase "EPA Reg. No. 2217-941" to the labeling and assure that the EPA Establishment Number and Net Contents are also on the label.
- 3) Generate one-year storage stability (830.6317) and corrosion characteristics (830.6320) data on the product. The observations should be made at 0, 3, 6, 9, and 12 month intervals. The results must be submitted to the Agency in electronic and hard copy format within 15 months of the date on this notice.
- 4) NOTE: The IF SWALLOWED statement in the First Aid box is not required for this product. The statement may remain on the label as additional safety information or it may be removed from the label.

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

Signature of Approving Official:
Kathryn V. Montague
Product Manager 23
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)

Date:

AUG - 6 2010

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5) Add the phrase "Wear long-sleeved shirts, long pants, socks, shoes, and rubber gloves." to the statement under Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals for it to read as follows:

"Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wear long-sleeved shirts, long pants, socks, shoes, and rubber gloves. Wear protective eyewear. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco."

6) NOTE: While no additional data is being requested at this time, marketing claims made on the pesticide label must be substantiated by data maintained in your files. If data supporting marketing claims made on the product label is not available then those claims must be removed.

7) NOTE: Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated:

AUG - 6 2010
Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under EPA Reg. No.

2217-941

EH-1483 HERBICIDE

EPA Reg. No. 2217-XXX

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

MCPA, dimethylamine salt	7.47%
Mecoprop-p, dimethylamine salt	2.65%
Dicamba, dimethylamine salt	0.70%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>89.00%</u>
TOTAL	100.00%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

- 0.52 lb 2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per gallon or 6.10%
- 0.19 lb (+)-(R)-2-(2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxy)propionic acid equivalent per gallon or 2.19%
- 0.05 lb 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per gallon or 0.58%

CAS Numbers: MCPA dimethylamine salt (2039-46-5), Mecoprop-p dimethylamine salt (66423-09-4), Dicamba dimethylamine salt (2300-66-5) [may be presented at end of label]

[NOTE: If the design, format, or small size of the container labels makes it impractical to present the entire ingredient statement on the front panel, then we ask to add a referral statement and present the substatement on the back panel: See back panel for substatement of ingredient statement.]

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

STOP! READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wear protective eyewear. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco.

First Aid	
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. • Do not give anything to an unconscious person.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-800-5556 for emergency medical treatment advice.	

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and may adversely affect non-target plants. Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

[Environmental Hazards (alternate per PRN 2008-1)

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and may adversely affect non-target plants. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems. This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.]

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact any person or pet, either directly or through drift. Keep people and pets out of the area during application.
- Do not allow people or pets to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.
- Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use such as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING.

<p>PRODUCT FACTS [optional info box]</p> <p>What It Does: Kills all Major Broadleaf Weeds Including Dandelion, Chickweed and Clover (See inside for complete list)</p> <p>Where to Use: (icon weeds) Lawns: Kills the Weeds not the Lawn</p> <p>When to Use: Apply when daytime temperatures are between 50° and 85°F.</p> <p>Questions & Comments: (icon phone) (icon computer) Call 1-800-xxx-xxxx or Visit our Website at www.companyname.com</p>
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BROADLEAF WEEDS CONTROLLED:

EH-1483 Herbicide will control or suppress the following broadleaf weeds. A partial list is presented below:

Broadleaf Weeds			
Bedstraw	Ground ivy	Peppergrass	Sheep sorrel
Black medic	Healall	Pigweed	Shepherdspurse
Buckhorn	Henbit	Plantain	Speedwell

Broadleaf Weeds			
Burdock	Knotweed	Poison ivy	Spurge
Chicory	Lambsquarters	Poison oak	Wild carrot
Chickweed	Lawn burweed	Purple cudweed	Wild garlic
Clover	Lespedeza	Purslane	Wild lettuce
Corn speedwell	Mallow	Ragweed	Wild onion
Dandelion	Morningglory	Redweed	Yarrow
Dock			

WHERE TO USE:

This product is intended for use by homeowners on residential lawns including:

Cool season turfgrass:

- Kentucky bluegrass
- Perennial ryegrass
- Fescue spp., including tall, red and fine leaf fescues
- Bentgrass

Warm season turfgrass:

- Bermudagrass
- Bahiagrass
- Zoysiagrass
- St. Augustinegrass *
- Centipedegrass

***NOTE:** Do not use on 'Floritam' or other improved varieties of St. Augustinegrass grown in Florida. Do not use this product on carpetgrass, dichondra, legumes, or lawns containing desirable clovers.

WHEN TO USE

Apply when daytime temperatures are between 50° and 85°F

SPRING: Spray when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture for best results.

FALL: Spray when broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture for best results. Fall applications will control weeds that over-winter and flower the following spring.

HOW MUCH TO USE

I. SPOT TREATMENT

To treat small areas or individual weeds use a pressure sprayer for better control. Do not use a hose-end sprayer for spot treatments. Mix the indicated Amount of Product listed below with 1 gallon of water for each 500 sq.ft. to be treated. Shake well before spraying. Spray the target weeds thoroughly. Nozzle adjustments may be necessary to deliver small spray droplets of the target weeds for uniform coverage.

Amount of product to be diluted in one (1.0) gallon water required to treat 500 sq.ft. of lawn with pressure sprayers.		
Turfgrass	Amount of Product fl.oz. (Tbsp.)	Approximate Treated Area
St. Augustinegrass*	0.75 fl.oz. (1.5 Tbsp)	500 sq.ft.
Bermudagrass, Bentgrass, and Centipedegrass	1.0 fl.oz. (2 Tbsp.)	500 sq.ft.

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Kentucky bluegrass, Fescue spp., Perennial ryegrass, Zoysiagrass and Bahia grass	2.0 fl.oz. (4 Tbsp.)	500 sq.ft.
* Do not use on 'Floritam' or other improved varieties of St. Augustinegrass grown in Florida.		

Limitations on spot treatments:

Spot treatment is defined as a treatment area no greater than 1,000 sq.ft. per acre. The maximum application rate is 2.0 fl.oz. per 500 sq.ft. per application (0.26 lb MCPP-p acid equivalent per acre per application). The maximum number of spot treatments is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications.

II. ENTIRE LAWN TREATMENTS

Three easy steps to mix and apply with hand-operated sprayers:

1. Calculate (measure) the total lawn area to be treated. This is done by multiplying the length of the area by the width to obtain total square feet. Prepare only enough spray solution to treat the area calculated.
2. Select the application rate from the Table below. Carefully measure the proper amount of product to treat 500 sq.ft. If more or less than 500 sq.ft. is to be treated, adjust the amount of product accordingly.
3. Shake the spray solution before and during application. Use a spray pattern that gives small droplets without any fine mist.

Limitations on broadcast applications to residential turfgrass

The maximum application rate is 4.0 fl.oz. of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application (0.73 lb MCPA ae, 0.26 lb MCPP-p ae and 0.07 lb dicamba ae per acre per application). The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. The maximum seasonal rate is 8.0 fl.oz. of product per 1,000 sq.ft. (1.47 lb MCPA ae, 0.52 lb MCPP-p ae and 0.14 lb dicamba ae per acre).

[OPTION 1] – PRESSURE SPRAYERS (OPTIONAL DIRECTIONS)

Table 1. Amount of product to be diluted in one (1.0) gallon water required to treat 500 sq.ft. of lawn with pressure sprayers.	
Turfgrass	Amount of Product fl.oz. (Tbsp.)
St. Augustinegrass*	0.75 fl.oz (1.5 Tbsp)
Bermudagrass, Bentgrass, and Centipedegrass	1.0 fl.oz.(2 Tbsp.)
Kentucky bluegrass, Fescue spp., Perennial ryegrass, Zoysiagrass and Bahia grass	2.0 fl.oz. (4 Tbsp.)
* Do not use on 'Floritam' or other improved varieties of St. Augustinegrass grown in Florida.	

For pressure sprayers, mix the indicated amount of product listed above with 1 gallon of water for each 500 sq.ft to be treated.

[OPTION 2] – FOR DIAL-IN HOSE END SPRAYERS WITH NO PRE-MIXING (OPTIONAL DIRECTIONS)

1. From the Table [chart] below, determine amount of EH-1483 to be applied for each 1,000 sq.ft. of lawn.

2. Fill sprayer jar with enough concentrate to cover area to be treated. Do not add additional water to the sprayer jar.
3. Set dial on sprayer to the "Rate per Gallon" setting from the Table [chart] below.
4. Attach sprayer to hose. Extend hose to the farthest area of lawn to be treated and work back toward faucet so that you do not walk over treated areas. Apply evenly to lawn.
5. Unused product can be returned to the original container when completed.

Turfgrass	Dial settings or Rate per gallon	Amount of herbicide applied per 1,000 sq.ft.
St. Augustinegrass*	(4.0 teaspoons)	1.3 fl.oz.
Bentgrass, Bermudagrass, and centipedegrass	2 Tablespoons or (6 teaspoons) or (1 ounce)	2.0 fl.oz
Kentucky bluegrass, Fescue spp., Perennial ryegrass, Zoysiagrass and Bahia grass	4 Tablespoons or (12 teaspoons) or (2 ounces)	4.0 fl.oz.

* Do not use on 'Floritam' or other improved varieties of St. Augustinegrass grown in Florida.

An example for a hose-end sprayer is shown below:

- For Kentucky bluegrass: To treat 1,000 sq.ft. of lawn, measure 4.0 fl.oz. of product into sprayer jar. **Do not add water.** Set dial on 4 Tbsp. and spray uniformly
- **To BEGIN spraying:** Attach hose to sprayer. Extend the garden hose to the farthest section of lawn to be treated. Rotate sprayer nozzle tip to direct spray up or down. Turn on water and squeeze trigger or rotate on/off knob to begin.
- **AFTER spraying:** Unused product or concentrate can be poured back into the original container. Keep the dial setting and clean the sprayer by rinsing the sprayer jar with water for one minute.

Check the directions you received when you purchased your sprayer for further details on the proper use of your dial sprayer.

[Directions are calculated assuming hose-end sprayer is used to spray about 2 gallons of water/herbicide mixture per 1,000 square feet]

[OPTION 3] - FOR CONCENTRATE-PLUS-WATER SPRAYERS OR HOSE-END SPRAYERS WITH PRE-MIXING (OPTIONAL DIRECTIONS)

For sprayers that require [the] addition of water as well as concentrate prior to application [treating]:

1. From the following Table 3 [chart below], determine amount of concentrate required to treat each 1,000 sq.ft. of lawn.
- 2) Pour concentrate into sprayer jar to the required "fl.oz." level.
- 3) Then add the appropriate amount of water to the "gals." level. Replace sprayer top on jar and shake well before spraying.
- 4) Attach sprayer to hose. Extend hose to the farthest area of lawn to be treated and work back toward faucet so that you do not walk over treated areas. Apply evenly to lawn.

Table 3. Application rates for turfgrass with hose-end sprayers that require pre-mixing.

Size of area to be treated, Sq. ft.	St. Augustinegrass*	Bermudagrass, Bentgrass, Centipedegrass	Kentucky bluegrass, Fescue spp., Perennial ryegrass, Zoysiagrass and Bahiagrass	Gallons of water
1,000 sq.ft.	1.5 fl.oz.	2.0 fl.oz.	4.0 fl.oz.	2.0 gal
5,000 sq.ft.	7.5 fl.oz.	10.0 fl.oz.	20.0 fl.oz.	10.0 gal
8,000 sq.ft.	12.0 fl.oz.	16.0 fl.oz.	32.0 fl.oz.	16.0 gal

* Do not use on 'Floritam' or other improved varieties of St. Augustinegrass grown in Florida.

EXAMPLE: To treat 1,000 sq.ft. of fescue pour in concentrate to the 4 fl.oz. mark and add water to the 2 gallon mark. Check the directions you received when you purchased your sprayer for further details on the proper use of your sprayer.

[OPTION 4] – FOR READY SPRAY NOZZLE (Dial Button) (OPTIONAL DIRECTIONS)

Marketing Phrase: Just connect to your garden hose and spray!

HOSE END SPRAYER INSTRUCTIONS [Dial Button]

1. Shake container well before using.
2. Connect a garden hose to the Ready-Spray nozzle. Make sure the dial on the nozzle is in the "OFF" position with the [green] safety tab in the valve notch.
3. Turn on water at faucet. Extend hose to the farthest area to be treated and work back toward the faucet so that you do not walk over treated areas.
4. To BEGIN spraying, point nozzle toward lawn or plants to be treated and a) bend the green safety tab (located at right of [yellow] dial) back and hold, b) using your other hand, QUICKLY turn the dial clockwise until it stops. Water will automatically mix with the product.
5. Spray until wet to control weeds. Walk at a steady pace while spraying using an even sweeping motion, slightly overlapping treated areas. One quart will treat up to 21,333 sq.ft. of St. Augustinegrass, 16,000 sq.ft. of other warm season grasses, and 8,000 sq.ft. of cool season grasses. Calculate square feet by multiplying length by width. Refer to sight gauge to guide coverage (example: when bottle is half empty, you should have covered half the area).
6. To STOP spraying, QUICKLY turn the dial in the opposite direction of "ON" (counter clockwise) until it stops and the safety tab engages into the notch. Turn water off at faucet. To relieve pressure before removing nozzle from hose, bend the safety tab back and turn dial "ON" until water stops spraying.
7. To STORE unused product, make sure the dial is in the "OFF" position with the [green] safety tab in the valve notch.

Table 4. Application rates for lawns using the Ready Spray Nozzle.

Turfgrass	Total Treated Area for 1.0 quart (32 fl.oz.) sprayer jar or retail container, sq.ft.	Amount of Herbicide applied per 1,000 sq.ft.
St. Augustinegrass*	Up to 21,333 sq.ft.	1.5 fl.oz.
Bermudagrass, Bentgrass, and Centipedegrass	Up to 16,000 sq.ft.	2.0 fl.oz.
Kentucky bluegrass, Fescue spp., Perennial ryegrass, Zoysiagrass and Bahiagrass	Up to 8,000 sq.ft.	4.0 fl.oz.

* Do not use on 'Floritam' or other improved varieties of St. Augustinegrass grown in Florida.

[OPTION 5]- DIRECTIONS FOR REFILLING A EH-1483 Herbicide POWER PUMP (OPTIONAL DIRECTIONS)

[Easy to mix • Just add water • Makes one gallon • Single-use refill • No measuring required • Power Sprayer Refill]

To refill the EH-1483 herbicide Power Pump: [Mix 6 ozs.] [pour in the entire contents of this 6 oz. bottle] and dilute to a gallon with the water. See the Power Pump label for complete directions.

The Power Pump can be refilled up to 5 times with EH-1483 Herbicide .

IMPORTANT: Do not refill more than 5 times. Do not use any product other than EH-1483 Herbicide in this Power Pump. Incompatible chemicals may damage the pump making it unsafe to use.

[OPTION 6] - DIRECTIONS FOR REFILLING The Spectracide Weed Stop EZSPRAY (OPTIONAL DIRECTIONS)

To refill the EZSPRAY applicator, measure 6 fl. oz. of EH-1483 into a one gallon container and mix with enough water to make 1 gallon of solution. Mix thoroughly before using. See EZSPRAY label for complete directions.

The EZSPRAY applicator can be refilled up to 5 times with EH-1483.

IMPORTANT: Do not refill more than 5 times. Do not use any product other than EH-1483 Herbicide in the EZSPRAY Applicator. Incompatible chemicals may damage the applicator making it unsafe to use.

USE TIPS:

1. Spray during growing season when weeds are actively growing.
2. For best results, mow lawn 2 to 3 days before treating weeds.
3. To avoid risk of lawn injury, do not spray drought-stressed lawns.
4. Do not water within 6 hours after treatment. Poor weed control may result if rainfall occurs within 3 hours of application.
5. Do not apply this product to newly seeded grasses until well-established or after the third mowing.
6. Treated areas may be reseeded 3 to 4 weeks after application.
7. Adjust nozzle to produce a coarse sprays. Coarse sprays are less likely to drift.
8. If certain tough weeds are not dead within 30 days, repeat application using spot treatment directions.

PROHIBITIONS:

- Do not use on 'Floritam' or other improved varieties of St. Augustinegrass grown in Florida.
- Do not use this product on carpetgrass, dichondra, legumes, or lawns containing desirable clovers.
- Do not treat when air temperatures exceed 85°F as damage to grass may occur.
- Application at rates above specified on this label may cause injury to turfgrass.
- Do not apply this product to food crops (gardens), forage crops, or ornamental plants including flowers, trees, shrubs, hedges, woody ornamentals, or groundcovers established in landscape plantings.

Do not apply as a fine mist because of potential for injury to desirable plants.

Do not use this product on or near desirable plants, including within the drip line of the roots of desirable trees and shrubs, since injury may result.

Do not apply directly to or near water, storm drains, gutters, sewers, or drainage ditches. Do not apply within 25 feet of rivers, fish ponds, lakes, streams, reservoirs, marshes, estuaries, bays, and oceans. Do

not apply when windy. To prevent product run-off, do not over water the treated area(s) to the point of runoff or apply when raining or when rain is expected that day. Rinse applicator over lawn area only.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container in a locked storage area inaccessible to children or pets.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. **If empty:** Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. **If partly filled:** Call your local solid waste agency or www.website.com for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

FOR USE ONLY AS DIRECTED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT.

If these terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full. The terms of this Limited Warranty and Disclaimer cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere.

[Optional Warranty Statement]

NOTICE: Buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

APPENDIX

1. Statements which may appear on different label components depending on packaging configuration.

- See next panel for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid
- Net Contents: _____ [6, 16, 32, 40 fl.oz., 1 gal]
- EPA Est. No. _____

2. Advertising claims that may be presented on container labeling, advertisements, brochures, and other marketing/sales promotional materials:

- Warm Season and Cool Season Grasses: Bluegrass, Fescue, Zoysia, Bermuda, St. Augustine, Bentgrass, Centipede, Bahia, Perennial Ryegrass
- Kills the Weeds, not the Lawn
- Kills xx+ [Listed] Weed Types [As Listed] Roots and All.
- Kills xx+ [Listed] Weeds [As Listed]
- Kills [more than][over] 250 [listed] weeds [as listed], including Clover and Dandelion
- Kills weed roots
- Kills Dandelion, Chickweed, Wild onion, Plantain, Poison ivy and many others. Weed details on back.
- Rainproof in hours
- Rainproof in as little as 3 hours - won't wash away.
- Economical Concentrate

- Water-Based
- 1 quart treats up to 21,333 square feet. Treats up to 21,333 sq.ft. of St. Augustinegrass, 16,000 sq.ft. other Warm Season grasses, or 8,000 sq.ft. of Cool Season grasses
- Especially effective on types of hard-to-kill weeds
- Kills xx+ types of [listed] weeds [as listed] • Kills weed roots! • Kills major broadleaf weeds
- Dilutable concentrate
- Clear-view measuring window
- For home lawn care
- Kills over xx [listed] weed types [as listed] including dandelion, chickweed, wild onion, plantain and poison ivy.
- Kills broadleaf weeds in lawns
- Kills major broadleaf weeds, roots and all. And [brand name] is formulated to kill only the weeds, not the lawn. Use as directed to kill major broadleaf weeds in your lawn.
- Kills dandelion and many other broadleaf weeds
- [Brand name] controls more than xx [listed] troublesome weeds [as listed] including dandelion, clover, plantain and wild onion. It kills even woody weeds like poison ivy and poison oak in both northern and southern lawns.
- This formula covers up to 21,333 sq.ft. of St. Augustinegrass, 16,000 sq.ft. of other Warm Season grasses or 8,000 sq.ft. of Cool Season grasses per quart.
- This formula covers up to 21,333 sq.ft. per quart. See specific directions for St. Augustine and other Southern grasses.
- Now cover up to 21,333 sq.ft.
- Use on Lawns to Kill the Toughest Weeds like Clover and Dandelion.
- Won't Harm Lawns**
 - **When used as directed – Do not use on 'Floritam' or other improved varieties of St. Augustinegrass grown in Florida.
- Guaranteed Results Or Your Money Back*
 - *If you are not satisfied with this product for any reason, send your written request for a refund to the address at left, together with the original dated store receipt showing the price you paid. Please allow 6 to 8 weeks for processing.
- [Bonus] 25% More Free!
 - 40 fl.oz. at 32 fl.oz. price
- Connect to hose [graphic]
- Mix with water [graphic]
- Made in the USA

EFFICACY

- Tough weed killer
- Kills even the tough[est] broadleaf weeds [like clover, dandelion, oxalis]
- Treats Warm Season and Cool Season Grasses
- Treats Bluegrass, Fescue, Zoysia, Bermuda, St. Augustine, Bentgrass, Centipede, Bahia, Perennial ryegrass
- Destroys the hard-to-kill broadleaf weeds [like clover, dandelion, oxalis]
- Kills major broadleaf weeds [like clover, dandelion, oxalis]
- Kills dandelion, chickweed, wild onion, oxalis, plantain, poison ivy and many others. [See Weed details on back.]
- Kills [major] broadleaf weeds
- Kills broadleaf weeds in lawns
- Kills poison ivy and poison oak
- Provides broadleaf control
- Controls [Kills] clover, dandelion, plantain, chickweed and [other broadleaf weeds] [others as listed]
- Clobbers clover
- [Complete] clover control [in as little as one week]
- Controls clover in one week

- Kills XX [types of] [listed] [brush and] weeds [as listed] [roots and all]
- Kills weed roots
- Kills the root
- Kills weed roots!
- Kills more weeds
- Kills tough lawn weeds
- Especially effective on all types of hard-to-kill weeds [Superior results] [Kills more weeds] than the competition [Our toughest formula [ever] [for the toughest weeds]

SPEED

- Starts working on contact

WEATHER

- [Cool][all] weather performance
- Proven [all] [cool] weather performance
- Performs in both hot and cold weather

RAINPROOF

- Rainproof
- [Rainfast][Rainproof] [in hours]
- [Rainproof] [Rainfast] in [as little as] 3 hours

OTHER

- Water-based
- Guaranteed [results] or your money back
- Clear-view measuring window
- For home lawn care
- For a beautiful lawn
- Helps keep lawns weed-free
- Ideal for spot treating individual lawn weeds
- Kills the weeds, not the lawn
- Kills weeds, not lawn grasses
- Kills [down to] the root, [not the lawn]
- For use on lawns
- Targets weeds, leaves [grasses] [the lawn] unharmed
- Covers up to 21,333 sq.ft.
- 1 quart covers up to 21,333 sq.ft.
- Treats 21,333 sq.ft. of Warm Season grasses or 8,000 sq.ft. of Cool Season grasses
- Economical concentrate
- Dilutable concentrate

MEASUREMENT CALCULATIONS:

- Total lawn area in square feet = length x width.

EQUAL MEASURES:

- 1 fl.oz. = 2 Tablespoons = 6 Teaspoons (tsp.)
- 2 fl.oz. = 4 Tablespoons
- 4 fl.oz. = 1/2 cup
- 8 fl.oz. = 1 cup
- 16 fl.oz. = 1 pint;
- 32 fl.oz. = 1 quart

[Controls][Kills][253][more than ###] weeds! List of weeds may include the following:

WEEDS			
Amaranth, purple	Cupid shaving Brush	Mugwort	Speedwell, common
Amaranth, slender	Cudweed	Mustard, ball	Speedwell, corn
Aster, heath	Daisy, english	Mustard, black	Speedwell, ivyleaf
Aster, white heath	Daisy, oxeye	Mustard, blue	Speedwell, persian
Aster, purple	Dandelion, common	Mustard, hedge	Speedwell, purslane
Aster, white prairie	Dandelion, false	Mustard, indian,	Speedwell, slender
Artichoke	Day flower	Mustard, tansy	Speedwell, snow
Austrian fieldcress	Deadnettle	Mustard, tumble	Speedwell, thymeleaf
Bedstraw, Catchweed	Dichondra	Mustard, white	Spiny amaranth
Bedstraw, smooth	Dock, broadleaf	Mustard, wormseed	Spurge, prostrate
Bedstraw, Northern	Dock, curly	Nettle, stinging (burning)	Spurweed
Bedstraw, pineywoods	Dogbane	Nettle, tall	Star of Bethlehem
Beggarticks, hairy	Dogfennel	Nettle, wood	Strawberry, India mock
Betony, Florida	Dollarweed	Parsley-piert	Tansy ragwort
Bindweed, Field	(Pennywort)	Parsnip	Tanweed
Bindweed, Hedge	Dove weed	Pearlwort	Thistle, blessed
Bitter Wintercress	Elderberry	Pennycress (frenchweed)	Thistle, bull
Bittercress, hairy	Falseflax	Pepperweed, perennial	Thistle, canada
Bitterweed	False sunflower	Pepperweed, virginia	Thistle, flodman (prairie)
Black-eyed Susan	Fiddleneck	(Peppergrass)	Thistle, musk
Black Medic	Filaree, redstem	Pigweed, prostate	Thistle, platte
Blood flower milkweed	Filaree, whitestem	Pigweed, redroot	Thistle, plumeless
Blue lettuce	Fleabane, daisy	Pigweed, russian	Thistle, russian
Brassbuttons	(annual)	Pigweed, smooth	Thistle, scotch
Bristly oxtongue	Fleabane, rough	Pigweed, tumble	Thistle, wavyleaf
Broomweed	Galinsoga, hairy	Pineapple weed	Thistle, yellow (horrible)
Buckhorn	Galinsoga, smallflower	Plains coreopsis (tickseed)	Trailing crownvetch
Bullnettle	Goldenrod	Plantain, blackseed	Velvetleaf
Burclover	Ground ivy	Plantain, bracted	Vervain, blue
Burdock	Groundsel	Plantain, broadleaf	Vervain, hoary
Burweed, lawn (spurweed)	Gumweed	Plantain, buckhorn	Vervain, prostrate
Buttercup, bulbous	Hairy fleabane	Plantain, hoary	Vervain, tall
Buttercup, creeping	Hawkweed, meadow	Plantain, narrowleaf	Vetch, bird
Buttonweed, common	Hawkweed, mouseear	Plantain, slender	Vetch, hairy
(poorjoe)	Hawkweed, orange	Plantain, woolly	Vetch, milk
Buttonweed, virginia	Hawkweed, yellow	Poison ivy	Vetch, narrowleaf
Carolina geranium (wild)	Healall	Poison oak	Vetch, wild
Carpetweed	Heartleaf drymary	Pokeweed	Virginia creeper
Catnip	Hemp	Prairie Sunflower	Western clematis
Catsear, spotted (false	Henbit	Prickly lettuce (compass plant)	Western salsify
dandelion)	Hoary cress	Prickly sida	Wild aster
Chamber bitter	Horsenettle	Prostrate knotweed	Wild buckweat
Chickweed, common	Horseweed	Puncturevine	Wild carrot
Chickweed, mouseear	Jimsonweed	Purslane, common	Wild four-o'clock
Chickweed, sticky	Johnny-Jumpup violet	Pusley, brazil	Wild garlic
Chicory	Knawel	Pusley, florida	Wild lettuce
Cinquefoil	Knotweed, prostrate	Pusley, large flower	Wild marigold
Clover, crimson	Kochia	Ragweed, bur	Wild mustard (yellow rocket)
Clover, alyce	Lambsquarters	Ragweed, common	Wild onion
Clover, hop	Lespedeza	Ragweed, lancleaf	Wild parsnip
Clover, rabbit foot	Mallow, alkali	Ragweed, western	Wild radish
Clover, red	Mallow, bristly	Redstem filaree	Wild rape
Clover, strawberry	Mallow, common	Rough cinquefoil	Wild strawberry
Clover, yellow sweet	Mallow, dwarf	Scarlet pimpernel	Wild sweet potato
Clover, white sweet	Mallow, venice	Shepardspurge	Wild violet
Clover, white	Marcela	Smartweed, ladysthumb	Woodsorrel, creeping
Cockle	Matchweed	Smartweed, pale	Woodsorrel, violet
Cocklebur	Mexicanweed	Smartweed, pennsylvania	Woodsorrel, yellow (Oxalis)
Cocklebur, oriental	Moneywort	Smooth chaff-flower	Woolly croton
Cocklebur, spiny	Morningglory, bigroot	Smoothdock	Wormseed
Common mullein	Morningglory, ivyleaf	Sorrel, red (sheep)	

WEEDS			
Corn Spurry	Morningglory, mexican	Sowthistle, annual	Yarrow, common
Creeping Beggarweed	Morningglory, red	Sowthistle, spiny	Yarrow, western
Creeping Jenny (creeping charlie)	Morningglory, tall	Spanish needles	Yarrow, yellow
	Morningglory, wolly	Speedwell, bi-lobed	

DOCUMENT CONTROL INFORMATION

1. **Unique Label Identifier:** 002217-00XXX.20100311.new-proposed-EH1483.doc

2. **Reason for Issue:** new registration