



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs  
Registration Division (7505P)  
Ariel Rios Building  
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW  
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number:

2217-934

Date of Issuance:

APR 12 2010

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

- Registration
  - Reregistration
- (under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance: conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

EH-1475 Herbicide

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

PBI/Gordon Corporation  
1217 West 12<sup>th</sup> Street  
Kansas City, MO 64101

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

The 'Basic Formulation' and 'Alternate Formulation 1' dated 9/15/2009 are acceptable.  
This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration review/reregistration of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data.
2. Submit the data listed below:
  - a. Within one year of the date on this registration notice, Storage Stability (830.6317) and Corrosion Characteristics (830.6320) studies must be submitted. It is recommended that the observations be made at 0, 3, 6, 9, and 12 month intervals.
3. Make the following label revisions:
  - a. Revise "EPA REG. NO.2217-xxx" to "EPA REG. NO. 2217-934"
  - b. Delete "General" from "General Use Precautions and Restrictions" as this term is an implied safety claim and makes all associated text unenforceable.
  - c. Revise "This product may be applied as a single application or two applications in the spring, early summer, or fall." with "This product may be applied as a single application or two applications (at least 30 days apart) in either the spring, early summer or fall."

Continued on Page 2

Signature of Approving Official:

Kathryn V. Montague  
Project Manager 23  
Herbicide Branch  
Registration Division (7505P)

Date:

APR 12 2010

- d. Revise "Rainfall or irrigation (greater than 0.50 inches) within three days after application will optimize the performance (effectiveness) for crabgrass." On page 4 of 10 with the following: "Rainfall or irrigation (greater than 0.50 inches) **24-72 hours** after application **may** optimize the performance (effectiveness) for crabgrass. **Do not irrigate or water the turfgrass within 24 hours after application.**"
- e. The Agency is uncertain as to the meaning of the heading "Other States" on page 5 of 10 since no other heading of the same level involves specific states. Please revise with the appropriate heading or clarify.
- f. Revise the following advertisement claims:
  1. Remove the word 'anytime' from the first two claims, as this would contradict the 30 day interval required for reapplications.
  2. Remove the word 'specially' from the claim "(Product Name) is *specially* formulated to complement the phosphorus already present in some soils..." Words or phrases that imply a product possesses unique characteristics because of its composition are not acceptable.

NOTE: Marketing claims made on the pesticide label must be substantiated by data maintained in your files. If data supporting marketing claims made on the product label is not available then those claims must be removed.

- g. Place the New York State statement, "For residential use by homeowners: ..." in brackets.
4. Submit one (1) copy of the revised final printed label for the record.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

# EH-1475 HERBICIDE

**ACCEPTED**  
with **COMMENTS**  
In EPA Letter Dated:  
**APR 12 2010**

Under the Federal Insecticide,  
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act  
as amended, for the pesticide  
registered under EPA Reg. No.

## EPA Reg. No. 2217-XXX

2217-934

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

2,4-D, 2-ethylhexyl ester .....	1.118%
Mecoprop-p .....	0.177%
Dicamba .....	0.071%
Dithiopyr .....	0.207%

<b>OTHER INGREDIENTS:</b> .....	<b>98.427%</b>
<b>TOTAL</b> .....	<b>100.00%</b>

**THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:**

- 14.82 lb 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per ton or 0.741% (CAS 1928-43-4)
- 3.54 lb (+)-(R)-2-(2 methyl-4-chlorophenoxy)propionic acid equivalent per ton or 0.177% (CAS 16484-77-8)
- 1.42 lb 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per ton or 0.071% (CAS 1918-00-9)
- 4.14 lb dithiopyr per ton or 0.207% (CAS 97886-45-8)

Isomer Specific By AOAC Methods.

<b>GUARANTEED FERTILIZER ANALYSIS</b>	
Total Nitrogen (N) .....	x.x%
x.x% Ammoniacal Nitrogen	
x.x% Water Insoluble Nitrogen	
x.x% Urea Nitrogen	
x.x% Other Water Soluble Nitrogen	
Available Phosphate (P2O5) .....	x.x%
Soluble Potash (K2O) .....	x.x%
Iron (Fe) .....	x.x%
Nutrient Sources: [Guaranteed analysis and nutrient sources to be supplied based on fertilizer analysis used by manufacturer.]	

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

### CAUTION

**New York State:**  
**For residential use by homeowners:** Do not exceed one application at the use rate of 2.8 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per year (0.89 lb 2,4-D ae, 0.21 lb MCPP-p acid equivalent, 0.09 lb dicamba acid equivalent, and 0.25 lb dithiopyr per acre per year)

**STOP! READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.**



## **PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

### **Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals**

**CAUTION:** Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

<b>First Aid</b>	
<b>If in eyes:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes.</li> <li>• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
<b>If swallowed:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For additional information in case of emergency, call toll free 1-877-800-5556.	

### **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and may adversely affect non-target plants. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Sweeping any product that lands on a driveway, sidewalk, or street, back onto the treated area of the lawn or garden will help to prevent run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed or for research purposes.

### **GENERAL PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact any person or pet, either directly or through drift. Keep people and pets out of the area during application.
- Do not allow people or pets to enter the treated area until dusts have settled.

### **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

EH-1475 Herbicide is formulated (designed) to provide control of most annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds commonly found in home lawns.

EH-1475 Herbicide contains three components: a preemergent herbicide, a lawn fertilizer, and a post emergent broadleaf weed killer.

- The preemergent herbicide can be applied to established turfgrass to control crabgrass, goosegrass, foxtails, and other undesirable annual grasses.
- The fertilizer contains slow release nutrients that may extend the availability for turfgrass uptake.

- The post emergent broadleaf herbicide will control over 250 lawn weeds including dandelion, chickweed, thistle and clover. A partial list of broadleaf weeds is presented on this label.

**WHERE TO USE**

**EH-1475 Herbicide may be used on the following established turf species:**

**Established Cool Season Turfgrass:**

- Kentucky bluegrass
- perennial ryegrass
- fine fescues
- tall fescue

**Established Warm Season Turfgrass:**

- bahiagrass
- bermudagrass
- buffalograss
- zoysiagrass

**Susceptible (not tolerant) turfgrass:**

- Do not use EH-1475 Herbicide on dichondra, carpetgrass or colonial bentgrass.
- Do not use EH-1475 Herbicide on St. Augustinegrass in Florida.
- Do not use this product on turfgrass where desirable clovers are present.

**Guidelines to follow:**

The use of EH-1475 Herbicide on lawns and ornamental turfgrasses that are not well established, or have been weakened by stress due to mechanical operations, chemical injury, disease, insects, pests, excessive temperatures, or lack of moisture may increase the chances for turfgrass injury. Allow turfgrass weakened by these stresses to recover before application of this product.

**Other Use Precautions:**

- Do not use this product on or near desirable plants, including within the drip line of the roots of desirable trees and shrubs, since injury may result.
- Do not apply directly to or near water, storm drains, gutters, sewers, or drainage ditches.
- Do not apply within 25 feet of rivers, fish ponds, lakes, streams, reservoirs, marshes, estuaries, bays, and oceans.
- Do not apply when windy.
- Apply this product directly to your lawn, and sweep any product landing on the driveway, sidewalk, gutter, or street back onto the treated area. To prevent product run-off, do not over water the treated area(s) to the point of runoff or apply when raining or when rain is expected that day.
- Do not use clippings from treated areas for composting or for mulching vegetables or fruit trees.

**Mowing:**

Delay mowing for 3 days after application.

**Reseeding:**

- Reseeding or overseeding treated areas may occur at 8 to 10 weeks after application of this product.

<b>WEEDS CONTROLLED</b>			
When applied as directed, this product will control and/or suppress* the following weeds:			
<b>Annual Grass Weeds:</b>			
Annual bluegrass* ( <i>Poa annua</i> ) Annual ryegrass	Barnyardgrass* Crabgrass	Foxtail (green and yellow)	Goosegrass* (crowfoot)
<b>A partial listing of established broadleaf weeds:</b> [see appendix for complete list or include here]			
Bedstraw Beggarticks Black medic Broadleaf plantain Buckhorn plantain Burclover Burdock Carpetweed Chickweed, common Chickweed, mouseear Chicory Clover, hop Clover, strawberry Clover, white	Curly dock Daisy, oxeye Dandelion Dichondra False dandelion Ground ivy Healall Henbit Knotweed Lambsquarters Lespedeza Mallow Matchweed Morningglory	Mustard Narrowleaf plantain Oxalis Parsley-piert Pearlwort Pennycress Pepperweed Pigweed Plantain Poison ivy Poison oak Pokeweed Purslane, common Ragweed	Red sorrel Redroot pigweed Sheep sorrel Shepherdspurse Slender plantain Smooth dock Smooth pigweed Spurge Thistle Woodsorrel Yarrow and other broadleaf weeds
* for acceptable control of barnyardgrass and goosegrass, two applications made at a 6 to 10 week interval are needed			

**WHEN TO APPLY**

**A. Established lawns:**

This product may be applied as a single application or two applications in the spring, early summer, or fall.

For the best results in the spring, apply this product one to two (1 to 2) weeks before the expected germination of crabgrass. When the period of germination for crabgrass and other weeds listed on this label extends into early summer, then a second application can be made at 6 to 10 weeks after the initial application.

A uniform broadcast distribution of product on the treated area is essential.

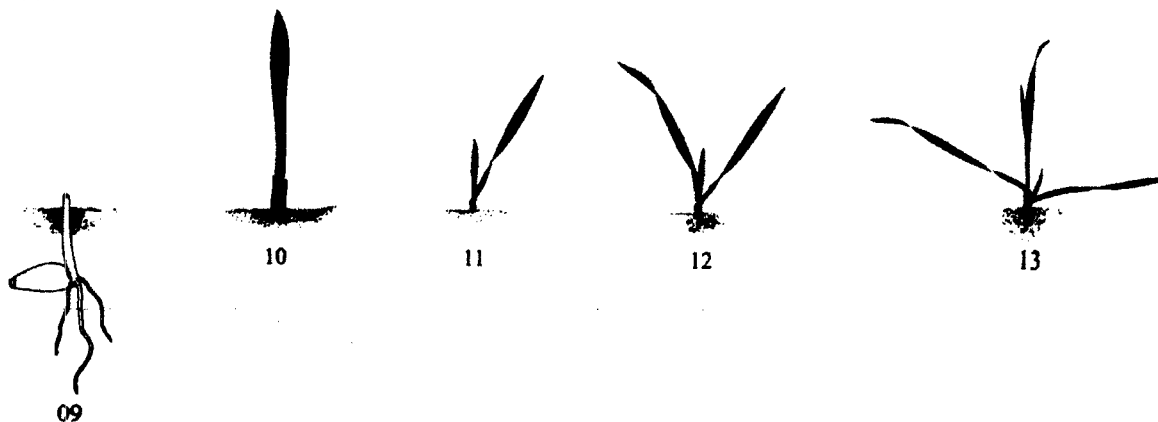
**For crabgrass and other listed grasses:** This product is a preemergent herbicide to control crabgrass (smooth, southern and large) and other susceptible annual grasses. This product may also provide early post emergent control of seedling crabgrass. However, post emergent crabgrass control will be obtained only when this product is applied before the first tiller stage of crabgrass.

**Rainfall or irrigation:**

Rainfall or irrigation (greater than 0.50 inches) within three days after application will optimize the performance (effectiveness) for crabgrass.

[start optional growth stage description]

The graphics below indicate the growth stages of crabgrass, and the optimum timing for application of this product to assure control:



BEST Grass weed control	GOOD Grass weed control	POOR Grass weed control
1 to 2 weeks before germination	Stages 10, 11, or above	Stage 12 or greater

[end optional growth stage description]

**For broadleaf weed control:**

Best results are obtained during the spring and fall when broadleaf weeds are present, young and actively growing under adequate soil moisture and favorable temperatures (50° to 80°F).

This product needs to stick to the leaves of broadleaf weeds and should be applied when the grass is wet from dew or rain; poor results will occur if it is applied to dry lawns.

**Rainfall or irrigation:**

Rainfall or irrigation within 24 hours after application may reduce the effectiveness. Do not irrigate or water the turfgrass within 24 hours after application.

Apply this product when the wind is calm. Avoid spreading granules onto flowers, vegetables, and ornamental shrubbery or desirable plants.

**HOW MUCH TO USE**

Use a drop or rotary spreader designed to apply granular fertilizers. Avoid skips or excessive overlaps as poor weed control or turfgrass injury may result.

**For Kentucky bluegrass, fescue spp., perennial ryegrass, common bermudagrass, and zoysiagrass:**

Apply 2.5 to 3.6 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of established turfgrass. [This [XX] pound bag will treat [XXXX to YYYY] sq.ft. of turfgrass.]

**For hybrid bermudagrass, bahiagrass and buffalograss:**

Apply 2.0 to 3.6 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of established turfgrass. [This [XX] pound bag will treat [XXXX to YYYY] sq.ft. of turfgrass.]

Do not exceed one application at the use rate of 2.8 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per year (0.89 lb 2,4-D ae, 0.21 lb MCP-P acid equivalent, 0.09 lb dicamba acid equivalent, and 0.25 lb dithiopyr per acre per year)

**Other States:** The maximum broadcast application rate is 3.6 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application (1.16 lb 2,4-D ae, 0.28 lb MCP-P acid equivalent, 0.11 lb dicamba acid equivalent, and 0.32 lb dithiopyr per acre per application). The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per

year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. The maximum seasonal rate is 7.2 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. (2.32 lb 2,4-D acid equivalent, 0.56 lb MCP-p acid equivalent, 0.22 lb dicamba acid equivalent, and 0.65 lb dithiopyr per acre per year).

Typically a lawn utilizes [xx] pounds of nitrogen per 1,000 sq.ft. per growing season. When applied as directed, this product provides [yy] pounds of nitrogen per 1,000 sq.ft. Contact your local Extension Service for information specific to your geographic region.

**SPREADER SETTINGS**

Note to reader: A listing of spreaders and suggested settings for the application rate of 2.0 to 3.6 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft. will be presented on the container labels.

The above spreader settings are approximate. The age and condition of spreader, speed of operation and evenness of terrain may require slightly different settings for desired coverage.

**CALIBRATION INSTRUCTIONS**

Calibrate the spreader according to the manufacturer's directions

To provide proper distribution, calibrate spreader before application.

- For 2.0 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 500 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 500 square feet.
- For 2.5 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 400 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 400 square feet.
- For 3.0 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 330 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 330 square feet.
- For 3.2 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 310 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 310 square feet.
- For 3.4 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 300 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 300 square feet.
- For 3.6 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 275 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 275 square feet.

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Keep in original container in a cool, dry area, away from extreme heat and direct sunlight. Do not store near food feed, seeds or other pesticides.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. **If empty:** Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. **If partly filled:** Call your local solid waste agency or [www.website.com](http://www.website.com) for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

**LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER**

FOR USE ONLY AS DIRECTED.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. If these terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price



will be refunded in full. The terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere.

## **APPENDIX**

### **1. Statements which may appear on different label components depending on packaging configuration.**

- See next panel for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid
- Net Weight \_\_\_\_\_
- EPA Est. No. \_\_\_\_\_

### **2. Advertising claims that may be presented on container labeling, advertisements, brochures, and other marketing/sales promotional materials:**

- Use [Apply] where [anytime] weeds are actively growing.
- Use [Apply] anytime [when] crabgrass [weed] seeds are germinating.
- Prevents [Stops] crabgrass and certain broadleaf weeds [weed seed] [from germinating] [for up to XXX months]
- Kills [Controls] crabgrass and prevents crabgrass seed germination
- Prevents [crabgrass] [weed seed germination] [and] kills existing weeds, [and feeds your lawn] in one step
- Apply Spring and Fall
- Controls [kills] desired weed species [from attached listing may be inserted here] and other grass and broadleaf weeds [and many other listed broadleaf weeds].
- Controls major [listed] weeds [as listed] for XX [weeks] [months]
- Kills lawn weeds as listed pre and post emergent control of [crabgrass] [grassy and broadleaf weeds]
- Control of grass and broadleaf weeds [as listed]!
- 3 in 1: Prevents crabgrass, kills existing grass and broadleaf weeds and fertilizes [in one step]
- Kills [Controls] over XXX grass and broadleaf weeds
- Kills the weeds present in your lawn & prevents more from growing
- Kills two types of weeds with one product
- Kills and prevents major lawn weeds
- Kills and prevents dandelion, clover and crabgrass!
- Kills existing weeds & prevents new ones from growing
- Kills dandelion, crabgrass and more
- Feeds your lawn with timed-released nitrogen for extended greening
- High-Performance fertilizer contains 5% iron for deep greening.
- Contains 5% iron [for deep greening.]
- Greens Quickly and Feeds longer.
- Time-release nitrogen feeds and enriches the soil resulting in a thick, green, strong lawn.
- Northern and Southern Grasses, Bluegrass, Fescue, Zoysia, Bermuda, Perennial Ryegrass
- Treats Northern and Southern Grasses
- Kills [Over] [XXX] [+] Weeds [Weed Types], Even [Including] the Roots.
- Especially effective on hard-to-kill weeds
- Kills broadleaf weeds in lawns
- Kills major broadleaf weeds, even the roots. And [brand name] is formulated to kill only the weeds, not the lawn. Use as directed to kill major broadleaf weeds in your lawn.
- Kills dandelion and many other broadleaf weeds.
- Use on Lawns to Kill the Toughest Weeds like Clover and dandelion.
- Tough weed killer
- Kills [Destroys] [even] the tough[est] [hard-to-kill] broadleaf weeds [like clover, dandelion, oxalis]
- Kills [major] broadleaf weeds [like clover, dandelion, oxalis]
- Provides broadleaf control

- Controls [Kills] clover, dandelion, plantain, chickweed and [other broadleaf,weeds] [others as listed]
- Clobbers clover
- Kills tough lawn weeds
- Consistently fast on: tough weeds like clover, plantain, ground ivy and spurge [various other weeds listed]
- For home lawn care
- For a beautiful lawn
- Kills the weeds, not the lawn
- Kills weeds, not lawn grasses
- Kills [down to] the root, [not the lawn]
- For use on lawns
- Targets weeds, leaves [grasses][the lawn] unharmed
- Controls Dandelion, White Clover, Plantain, Chickweed, Spurge and Many Other Listed Weeds
- Greens in 72 Hours & Promotes Thick, Green Growth
- Kills Weeds While Feeding Your Lawn
- Encourages Quick Greening & Provides Extended Nitrogen Feeding up to 2 Months
- Especially Effective on Hard-to-Kill Weeds
- Kills major broadleaf weeds including roots. And (brand name) is formulated to kill only the weeds, not the lawn. Use as directed to kill major broadleaf weeds in your lawn.
- For use on: Kentucky bluegrass, fescue spp., perennial ryegrass, common bermudagrass, zoysiagrass, hybrid bermudagrass
- [brand name] Turf Note – Control Those Pesky Weeds
  - Many broadleaf weeds [chickweed, henbit] germinate in the fall but are not visible in your lawn until spring. Applying (product name) in the fall can provide effective results. If needed, you can make a follow-up application in the spring.
- Project Guide – For a thicker, greener, more beautiful lawn, follow (Product Program). It's easy to follow and can be started at anytime by simply applying the product that corresponds with the current season!
- (Product Name) is specially formulated to complement the phosphorus already present in some soils and give your turf the additional primary nutrients needed for a good turf feeding. A soil test can help you determine if your soil has an adequate supply of phosphorus and if this is the best product for your soil type. Proper watering and mowing practices along with regular feedings will help promote a beautiful green lawn.
- Prevents Crabgrass and Fertilizes
- Weed 'N Feed Plus Crabgrass Preventer
- [brand name] PROJECT GUIDE
  - 3 Simple Steps to a Lush, Green Lawn
    1. SELECT THE RIGHT FERTILIZER  
[product name] are specifically formulated to provide both a quick and long lasting feeding. One application provides the lawn nutrients needed to grow thick and green. It is formulated with 5% iron for deep greening and coated nitrogen for an extended, even feeding.
    2. CONTROL UNSIGHTLY LAWN NUISANCES  
[product name], such as XXX deliver the same superior greening results while controlling unsightly lawn nuisances such as weeds and insects. [name] combination products are not available in all areas.
    3. FERTILIZE REGULARLY  
Track your fertilizer applications on a calendar and apply a [product name] fertilizer to your lawn every 4 to 6 months. Regular feeding is a key step to a healthy, thick and green lawn-all season long!

Why [product name]?

When it comes to your lawn, we know what matters -- lush, green grass all season long. With 5% iron and a high level of controlled release nitrogen, [product name] premium lawn fertilizers provide

your lawn with the deepest and longest greening on the market. ~~Sta-Green-Ultra~~ fertilizers, performance you can trust, guaranteed.

- Guaranteed [Results] or Your Money Back\*
  - If you are not satisfied with this product for any reason, send your written request for a refund to the address at left, together with the original dated store receipt showing the price you paid. Please allow 6 to 8 weeks for processing.

**3. Trademark acknowledgement statements:**

- TRIMEC® is a registered trademark of PBI/GORDON CORPORATION.

**4. Fertilizer Labeling Requirements in States:**

- Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the internet at: <http://www.aapfco.org/metals.htm>.
- Typically a lawn will utilize 1 to 4 pounds of nitrogen per 1,000 square feet per growing season. When used as directed this product will supplement your regular fertilizer program by providing XX pounds of nitrogen per 1,000 square feet. Consult your local Extension office for questions regarding a fertilizer program suitable to your geographical region.
- If the use rate applies less than 1 pound nitrogen per 1,000 sq.ft. per application, the following statement may appear: Supplemental applications of lawn fertilizer are needed to achieve a minimum of 1 pound nitrogen per 1,000 sq.ft.

[Controls][Kills][253][more than ###] weeds! (List of weeds may include the following):

Amaranth, purple	Cupid shaving Brush	Mustard, ball	Speedwell, common
Amaranth, slender	Cudweed	Mustard, black	Speedwell, corn
Aster, heath	Daisy, English	Mustard, blue	Speedwell, ivyleaf
Aster, white heath	Daisy, oxeye	Mustard, hedge	Speedwell, persian
Aster, purple	Dandelion, common	Mustard, indian,	Speedwell, purslane
Aster, white prairie	Dandelion, false	Mustard, tansy	Speedwell, slender
Artichoke	Day flower	Mustard, tumble	Speedwell, snow
Austrian fieldcress	Deadnettle	Mustard, white	Speedwell, thymeleaf
Bedstraw, Catchweed	Dichondra	Mustard, wormseed	Spiny amaranth
Bedstraw, smooth	Dock, broadleaf	Nettle, stinging (burning)	Spurge, spotted
Bedstraw, Northern	Dock, curly	Nettle, tall	Spurge, prostrate
Bedstraw, pineywoods	Dogbane	Nettle, wood	Spurweed
Beggarticks, hairy	Dogfennel	Parsley-piert	Star of Bethlehem
Betony, Florida	Dollarweed	Parsnip	Strawberry, India mock
Bindweed, Field	(Pennywort)	Pearlwort	Tansy ragwort
Bindweed, Hedge	Dove weed	Pennycress (frenchweed)	Tanweed
Bitter Wintercress	Elderberry	Pepperweed, perennial	Thistle, blessed
Bittercress, hairy	Falseflax	Pepperweed, virginia	Thistle, bull
Bitterweed	False sunflower	(Peppergrass)	Thistle, canada
Black-eyed Susan	Fiddleneck	Pigweed, prostate	Thistle, flodman (prairie)
Black Medic	Filaree, redstem	Pigweed, redroot	Thistle, musk
Blood flower milkweed	Filaree, whitestem	Pigweed, russian	Thistle, platte
Blue lettuce	Fleabane, daisy	Pigweed, smooth	Thistle, plumeless
Brassbuttons	(annual)	Pigweed, tumble	Thistle, russian
Bristly oxtongue	Fleabane, rough	Pineapple weed	Thistle, scotch
Broomweed	Galinsoga, hairy	Plains coreopsis (tickseed)	Thistle, wavyleaf
Buckhorn	Galinsoga, smallflower	Plantain, blackseed	Thistle, yellow (horrible)
Bullnettle	Goldenrod	Plantain, bracted	Trailing crownvetch
Burclover	Ground ivy	Plantain, broadleaf	Velvetleaf
Burdock	Groundsel	Plantain, buckhorn	Vervain, blue
Burweed, lawn (spurweed)	Gumweed	Plantain, hoary	Vervain, hoary
Buttercup, bulbous	Hairy fleabane	Plantain, narrowleaf	Vervain, prostrate
Buttercup, creeping	Hawkweed, meadow	Plantain, slender	Vervain, tall
Buttonweed, common	Hawkweed, mouseear	Plantain, woolly	Vetch, bird
(poorjoe)	Hawkweed, orange	Poison ivy	Vetch, hairy
Buttonweed, virginia	Hawkweed, yellow	Poison oak	Vetch, milk
Carolina geranium (wild)	Healall	Pokeweed	Vetch, narrowleaf

Carpetweed	Heartleaf drymary	Prairie Sunflower	Vetch, wild
Catnip	Hemp	Prickly lettuce (compass plant)	Virginia creeper
Catsear, spotted (false dandelion)	Henbit	Prickly sida	Western clematis
Chamber bitter	Hoary cress	Prostrate knotweed	Western salsify
Chickweed, common	Horsenettle	Puncturevine	Wild aster
Chickweed, mouseear	Horseweed	Purslane, common	Wild buckweat
Chickweed, sticky	Jimsonweed	Pusley, brazil	Wild carrot
Chicory	Johnny-Jumpup violet	Pusley, florida	Wild four-o'clock
Cinquefoil	Knawel	Pusley, large flower	Wild garlic
Clover, crimson	Knotweed, prostrate	Ragweed, bur	Wild lettuce
Clover, alyce	Kochia	Ragweed, common	Wild marigold
Clover, hop	Lambsquarters	Ragweed, lanceleaf	Wild mustard (yellow rocket)
Clover, rabbit foot	Lespedeza	Ragweed, western	Wild onion
Clover, red	Mallow, alkali	Redstem filaree	Wild parsnip
Clover, strawberry	Mallow, bristly	Rough cinquefoil	Wild radish
Clover, yellow sweet	Mallow, common	Scarlet pimpernel	Wild rape
Clover, white sweet	Mallow, dwarf	Shepardspurse	Wild strawberry
Clover, white	Mallow, venice	Smartweed, ladythumb	Wild sweet potato
Cockle	Marcela	Smartweed, pale	Wild violet
Cocklebur	Matchweed	Smartweed, pennsylvania	Woodsorrel, creeping
Cocklebur, oriental	Mexicanweed	Smooth chaff-flower	Woodsorrel, violet
Cocklebur, spiny	Moneywort	Smoothdock	Woodsorrel, yellow (Oxalis)
Common mullein	Momingglory, bigroot	Sorrel, red (sheep)	Woolly croton
Corn Spurry	Momingglory, ivyleaf	Sowthistle, annual	Wormseed
Creeping Beggarweed	Momingglory, mexican	Sowthistle, spiny	Yarrow, common
Creeping Jenny (creeping charlie)	Momingglory, red	Spanish needles	Yarrow, western
	Momingglory, tall	Speedwell, bi-lobed	Yarrow, yellow
	Momingglory, wolly		
	Mugwort		

**DOCUMENT CONTROL INFORMATION**

- 1. Unique Label Identifier: 002217-00XXX.20090918.new-proposed-EH1475.doc
- 2. Reason for Issue: New Registration